

# AMA Group Limited (ABN 50 113 883 560) and controlled entities

## **Appendix 4E** Preliminary Final Report For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

## **Company information**

Name of entity:	AMA Group Limited
ABN:	50 113 883 560
Reporting Period:	Year ended 30 June 2013
Previous Corresponding Period:	Year ended 30 June 2012

## Results for announcement to the market

Revenues from ordinary activities	Up	3.2%	to	\$64,908,959
Profit after tax attributable to members from continuing operations	Down	6.3%	to	\$7,415,319
Net profit for the period attributable to members	Down	6.2%	to	\$7,189,954

## Comments

The results for the period show a profit before tax from continuing operations of \$9.248 million and this represents a decrease of 7.4% against the comparative period, however, the comparative period included the one-off benefit of a legal settlement.

## Dividends

A Dividend (Fully Franked at 30%) of 1.6 cent per security was declared on 28 September 2012 and paid on 15 November 2012. Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend was 15 October 2012.

In the corresponding period a Dividend (Fully Franked at 30%) of 1.0 cent per security was declared on 30 September 2011 and paid on 30 November 2011. Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend was 31 October 2011.

## 3. Net tangible assets per security

Net Tangible Assets / (Liabilities) per Ordinary Security (in cents)

As at 30 June 2013	4.47 cents per security
As at 30 June 2012	(1.70) cents per security

# 4. Details of entities over which control has been gained during the period None.

## Details of entities over which control has been lost during the period

Previously discontinued operations entity that was not trading, A.C.N. 003 178 327 Pty Ltd (formerly known as Autolac Pty Ltd, A.C.N. 003 178 327) was de-registered on 07/11/2012 at the request of the directors of the company.

## Details of individual and total dividends

A dividend, fully franked at 30%, of 1.6 cent per security was declared on 28 September 2012 with a payment date of 15 November 2012.

Dividend Declared

\$4,571,066

## **Dividend reinvestment plan**

Not applicable.

## Details of associates and joint venture entities

Not applicable.

## **Foreign entities**

Not applicable.

## Audit qualification or review

This report is based on the consolidated financial statements which have been audited by Moore Stephens. The audit report is attached as part of the Annual Report.

## Attachments

Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2013 for AMA Group Limited is attached.

## Signed

Duncan Fischer Chairman AMA Group Limited

Dated: This 28<sup>th</sup> Day of August 2013





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Operating Specialised Automotive Aftercare and Accessory Companies

# AMA GROUP LIMITED

ABN: 50 113 883 560

# ANNUAL REPORT 2013











Mr.Gloss Victoria's Leading Prestige Smash Repairer

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This document contains some statements which are by their very nature forward looking or predictive. Such forward looking statements are by necessity at least partly based on assumptions about the results of future operations which are planned by the Company and other factors affecting the industry in which the Company conducts its business and markets generally. Such forward looking statements are not facts but rather represent only expectations, estimates and/or forecasts about the future and thereby need to be read bearing in mind the risks and uncertainties concerning future events generally.

There are no guarantees about the subjects dealt with in forward looking statements. Indeed, actual outcomes may differ substantially from that predicted due to a range of variable factors.

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# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2013













# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

A review of the Company's Corporate Governance Framework was undertaken during the 2012/13 year and a new framework was adopted which is appropriate for the size, complexity and operations of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Unless otherwise stated all Policies and Charters meet the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Best Practice Recommendations. All Charters and Policies are available from the Company or on its website at www.amagroupltd.com

## **Role of the Board and Management**

The Board's role is to govern the Company rather than to manage it. In governing the Company, the Directors must act in the best interests of the Company as a whole. It is the role of senior management to manage the Company in accordance with the direction and delegations of the Board and the responsibility of the Board to oversee the activities of management in carrying out these delegated duties. The Board's responsibilities are detailed in its Board Charter.

## Structure and Composition of the Board

The Board has been formed so that it has an effective mix of personnel who are committed to discharging their responsibilities and duties and being of value to the Company.

The names of the Directors, their independence, qualifications and experience are stated on page 9 along with the term of office held by each.

The Board believes that the interests of all Shareholders are best served by:

- Directors having the appropriate skills and experience;
- ho A majority of Directors being independent as defined in the ASX Corporate Governance Guidelines; and

Some major Shareholders being represented on the Board.

Where any Director has a material personal interest in a matter, the Director will not be permitted to be present during discussion or to vote on the matter. The enforcement of this requirement is in accordance with the Corporations Act and aims to ensure that the interests of Shareholders, as a whole, are pursued and that their interest or the Director's Independence is not jeopardised.

Directors collectively or individually have the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, up to specified limits, to assist them to carry out their responsibilities. All advice obtained is made available to the full Board.

## Ethical and Responsible Decision-Making

As part of its commitment to recognising the legitimate interests of stakeholders, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct to guide compliance with legal and other obligations to legitimate stakeholders.

The Company has a share trading policy that regulates the dealings by Directors, Officers and Employees, in shares, options and other securities issued by the Company. The policy has been formulated to ensure that Directors, Officers, Employees and Consultants who work on a regular basis for the Company are aware of the legal restrictions on trading in Company securities while in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information.

## Integrity in Financial Reporting

In accordance with the Board's policy, the CEO and Group Accountant have made attestations recommended by the ASX Corporate Governance Council as to the Company's financial condition prior to the Board signing this Annual Report.

The Company has a duly constituted Audit Committee currently consisting of two Non-Executive Directors, with the Committee Chairman being an Independent Non-Executive Director. The current members of the Committee, as at the date of this report, and their qualifications are detailed in the Directors' Profiles on page 9.

The ASX Corporate Governance Council's Best Practice Recommendations are that an Audit Committee consists of at least 3 members. The company cannot comply with this due to the small number of Board members.

The Committee holds a minimum of two meetings a year. Details of attendance of the members of the Audit Committee are contained on page 10.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

## **Timely and Balanced Disclosure**

The Board has designated the Company Secretaries as the person responsible for overseeing and co-ordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX. In accordance with ASX Listing Rules, the Company immediately notifies the ASX of information concerning the Company:

That a reasonable person would or may expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities; and

2 That would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities.

## **Rights of Shareholders**

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The Company respects the rights of its Shareholders, and to facilitate the effective exercise of the rights, the Company is committed to:

Communicating effectively with Shareholders through ongoing releases to the market via ASX information and General Meetings of the Company;

- Giving Shareholders ready access to balanced and understandable information about the Company and Corporate Proposals;
- angle Making it easy for Shareholders to participate in General Meetings of the Company; and
- Requesting the External Auditor to attend the Annual General Meeting and be available to answer Shareholder's questions about the conduct of the audit, and the preparation and content of the Auditor's Report.

Any Shareholder wishing to make inquiries of the Company is advised to contact the registered office. All public announcements made by the Company can be obtained from the ASX's website www.asx.com.au

## Recognise and Manage Risk

The Audit Committee operates pursuant to a charter which provides for risk oversight and management within the Company. This is periodically reviewed and updated. Management reports risks identified to the Committee on a periodic basis.

The Chief Executive Officer and Group Accountant have given a statement to the Board that the integrity of the financial statements is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and controls based on the Company's Risk Management policies.

## **Encourage Enhanced Performance**

The performance of the Board, individual Directors and Executive Officers of the Company is monitored and evaluated by the Board. The Board is responsible for conducting evaluations on a regular basis in line with these policy guidelines.

A formal performance evaluation was conducted by the Board during the year. The evaluation has provided the board with valuable feedback for future development.

During the year, all Directors have full access to all company records and receive Financial and Operational Reports at each Board Meeting.

All new Directors undergo an induction program.

## **Remunerate Fairly and Responsibly**

Profiles of the members and details of meetings of the Remuneration Committee are detailed on pages 9 & 10 within the Director's Report. The Committee's responsibilities are detailed in the Remuneration Committee Charter.

The Company is committed to remunerating its Senior Executives in a manner that is market-competitive and consistent with "Best Practice" as well as supporting the interests of Shareholders. Senior Executives may receive a remuneration package based on fixed and variable components, determined by their position and experience. Shares and/or Options may also be granted based on an individual's performance, with those granted to Directors subject to Shareholder approval.

Non-Executive Directors are paid their fees out of the maximum aggregate amount approved by Shareholders for the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors. Non-Executive Directors do not receive performance based bonuses and do not participate in Equity Schemes of the Company without prior Shareholder approval.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

Current remuneration is disclosed in the Remuneration Report and in Note 22: Key Management Personnel Disclosures.

The Company currently has no Nomination Committee as it believes that due to the size of the Company and its current activities, this function is best served by the full Board.

Key Management Personnel or closely related parties of Key Management Personnel are prohibited from entering into hedge arrangements that would have the effect of limiting the risk exposure relating to their remuneration.

## Diversity

The company is committed to increasing diversity amongst its employees, not just gender diversity. Our workforce is employed based on the right person for the right job regardless of their gender, age, nationality, race, religious beliefs, cultural background, sexuality or physical ability.

Executive and board positions are filled by the best candidates available without discrimination. The company is committed to increasing gender diversity within these positions when appropriate appointments become available. It is also committed to identifying suitable persons within the organisation and where appropriate opportunities exist, advance diversity and to support promotion of talented employees into management positions.

The Company has not set any gender specific diversity objectives as it believes that all categories of diversity are equally as important within its organisation.

The following table demonstrates the company's gender diversity amongst employees and contractors as at 30 June 2013.

	Board	Executive Team	Employees
Women (Qty.)	0	1	31

## Legitimate Interests of Stakeholders

As a good Corporate Citizen, the Company encourages compliance with and commitment to appropriate corporate practices that are fair and ethical, via its Code of Conduct.

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# **DIRECTORS' REPORT** 2013













The directors present their report on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'Company', 'consolidated entity' or 'Group') consisting of AMA Group Limited and the entities it controlled for the year ended 30 June 2013.

## Directors

The following persons were directors of AMA Group Limited during the financial year and up to the date of this report:



## **Principal Activities**

AMA Group's principal activity and purpose is the management of the Company's investments in the wholesale vehicle aftercare and accessories market, including smash repair panel shops, vehicle protection equipment, brakes and transmission service workshops and the wholesale distribution of automotive and electrical accessories.

During the financial year the Company focused on building existing businesses and shareholder wealth.

## **Dividends – AMA Group Limited**

A fully franked dividend of 1.6 cent per security (2012: 1.0 cent per security) was declared on 28 September 2012 with a payment date of 15 November 2012.

**Dividend Declared** 

\$4,571,066

## **Corporate Structure**

AMA Group Limited is a company limited by shares that is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

## **Review of Operations, Likely Developments & Expected Results of Operations**

The net result for the consolidated entity after providing for income tax and minority interests amounted to a profit of \$7.190 million (2012: \$7.665 million).

We have improved the consolidated entity's financial position by:

- Continuing to aggressively retire debt by reducing the bank bills by a further 42.8% in the last 12 months.
- Increasing Net Assets by 76.4% to \$43.356m.
- Achieving modest growth in normal trading revenues and underlying profits in a challenging trading period.

## Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

On 25 January 2013 the company issued 43.1m shares at 35 cents each to raise \$15.085m before costs. There have been no other significant changes in the state of affairs during the financial year.

## Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

On 31 July 2013 the \$1.55m bank guarantee relating to the onerous leases expired without issue.

On 6 August 2013 the existing Westpac Bank Bills facility and the \$12m Loan Note were fully repaid and these debts have been valued in this report at the amounts actually paid in full and final settlement being \$5,448,157.42 and \$5,435,879.00 respectively. The company has negotiated a new facility which will allow the company to draw-down up to \$6m on normal commercial terms which can be used to help fund earnings accretive acquisitions or other working capital needs.

On 23 August 2013 the company issued 798,910 ordinary shares to employees to satisfy employment arrangements.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2013 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations in future financial years, the results of those operations in future financial years, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

## **Environmental Regulation**

Management continues to work with local regulatory authorities to achieve, where practical, best practice environmental management so as to minimise risk to the environment, reduce waste and ensure compliance with regulatory requirements.

The consolidated entity had no adverse environmental issues during the year.

## **Information on Directors**

	•	
Duncan Fischer	—	Non-Executive Chairman
Appointed to the Board	_	14 October 2009
Qualifications	_	FCA, FAICD
Experience and expertise	_	Mr Fischer has many years professional, business and board experience in Australia and overseas.
		He practiced as a Chartered Accountant in Australia from 1977 to 1992 retiring from the profession and joining Tattersall's where he went on to become Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer, a position he retired from in 2006.
		His experience covers all aspects of management, strategy, mergers, new business start-ups and leading a major listing and IPO process and has held a number of board positions. He is a past member of the Australia Day Committee (Victoria) and has held a number of committee and not for profit board roles, including Committee for Melbourne and the Arts Angels Council.
Interest in Shares and Options*	_	9,133,334 shares and Nil options
Directorships held in other listed entities	_	Nil
Special responsibilities	_	Member of the Audit Committee and Member of the Remuneration Committee
Simon Doyle	_	Non-Executive Director
Appointed to the Board	_	14 October 2009
Qualifications	_	BA, LLB
Experience and expertise	_	Mr Doyle has many years of experience in Australia and overseas in commercial law, company executive roles and non-executive director roles with an emphasis on strategic direction, governance and compliance.
		Previous executive roles include responsibility for legal functions, compliance, corporate affairs, human resources and company secretarial as well as specific leadership roles in mergers, acquisitions, corporate restructures, due diligence and initial public offering.
		Previous non-executive roles include board positions in start-ups, mature businesses, businesses in transition and Board member and Chairman in the not for profit sector.
Interest in Shares and Options*	_	4,062,899 shares and Nil options
Directorships held in other listed entities	_	Nil
Special responsibilities	_	Chairman of the Audit Committee and Chairman of the Remuneration Committee

Ray Malone	—	Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director
Appointed to the Board	_	23 January 2009
Experience and expertise	_	Over 30 years work experience in the Panel industry
Interest in Shares and Options*	—	79,417,619 shares and Nil options
Directorships held in other listed entities	_	Nil
Special responsibilities	_	Nil

\*The relevant interest of each Director in the shares or options over shares issued by the companies within the economic entity and other related body corporate as notified by the Directors to the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with s 205G(1) of the Corporations Act 2001, as at the date of this report.

## **Company Secretarial**

The name and details of the Company Secretaries in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows. Secretaries were in office for the entire period unless otherwise stated.

Phillip Hains	_	Joint Company Secretary
Appointed	_	9 December 2009
Experience	_	Mr Hains is a Chartered Accountant and specialist in the public company environment. He has served the needs of a number of public company boards of directors and related committees. He has over 22 years' experience in providing accounting, administration, compliance and general management services. He holds a Masters of Business Administration from RMIT and a Public Practice Certificate from the Institute of Chartered Accountants.
Terri Bakos	_	Joint Company Secretary
Appointed	_	2 March 2010
Experience	_	Ms Bakos is a Chartered Secretary and holds a B.Bus (Accounting) from RMIT University. She has over 19 years' experience providing accounting and compliance services to listed and unlisted public companies.

## **Meetings of Directors**

The number of meetings of the Company's board of directors and of each board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2013, and the numbers of meetings attended by each director were:

				Committee	e Meetings	
$\bigcirc$	Board M	leetings	Audit Co	mmittee	Remuneration	n Committee
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Duncan Fischer	10	10	6	6	2	2
Simon Doyle Ray Malone	10 10	10 10	6 NA	6 NA	2 NA	2 NA

## **Remuneration Report**

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- B Details of remuneration
- C Share-based compensation
- D Service agreements

This remuneration report has been prepared by the Directors of AMA Group Limited to comply with the Corporations Act 2001 and the Key Management Personnel (KMP) disclosures required under AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.

## $^{ar{>}}$ Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

#### Key Management Personnel

The following were Key Management Personnel of the entity at any time during the reporting period and unless otherwise indicated were Key Management Personnel for the entire period:

## Directors

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- Duncan Fischer Chairman and Non-executive Director
- Simon Doyle Non-executive Director
- Ray Malone CEO and Executive Director

## Senior Executives

A

Ray Smith Roberts – COO of AMA Group Limited

## **Remuneration policies**

The Board is responsible for reviewing the remuneration policies and practices of the Company, including the compensation arrangements of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Senior Executives.

The objective of these policies is to:

Make AMA Group Limited and its subsidiaries an employer of choice.

- Attract and retain the highest calibre personnel.
- Encourage a culture of reward for effort and contribution.

Set incentives that reward short and medium term performance for the Company as a whole.

Encourage professional and personal development.

In the case of senior executives, any recommendation for compensation review will be made by the Chief Executive Officer to the Remuneration Committee.

There is no direct link between remuneration of Executive Directors and other Key Management Personnel and the share price movement. Remuneration is based on management key performance indicators, targets and other benchmarks as determined by the Board or the Chief Executive Officer.

## Non-executive Directors

The Board determines the Non-executive Director remuneration based on independent market data for comparative companies.

The remuneration payable from time to time to Non-executive Directors shall be in an amount not exceeding in aggregate a maximum sum that is from time to time approved by resolution of the Company, currently \$400,000 per annum.

Non-executive Directors' retirement payments are limited to compulsory employer superannuation.

## Executive Directors and Senior Management remuneration

The Company's remuneration policy directs that the remuneration packages appropriately reflects the executives' duties and responsibilities and that remuneration levels attract and retain high calibre executives with the skills necessary to successfully manage the Company's operations and achieve its strategic and financial objectives.

The total remuneration packages of Executive Directors and Senior Management is comprised of a base salary plus short term and long term incentives. The Company has a policy of rewarding extraordinary contribution to the growth of the Company with the grant of an annual discretionary cash bonus, shares or options under the Company's Employee Share Option Plan.

Executives are also entitled to be reimbursed for their reasonable travel, accommodation and other expenses incurred in the execution of their duties.

Remuneration packages for Executive Directors and Senior Executives generally consist of three components:

- Fixed remuneration which is made up of cash salary, salary sacrifice components and superannuation
- Short term incentives which include the issue of shares or options or a cash bonus; and
- Long term incentives which include issuing options.

#### Fixed remuneration

Senior Executives who possess a high level of skill and experience are offered a competitive base salary. The performance of each executive will be reviewed annually. Following the review, the Board may in its sole discretion increase the salary based on that executive's performance, productivity and such other matters as it considers relevant.

Superannuation contributions by the Company are limited to the statutory level of 9% of wages and salaries.

#### Short-term incentives

The remuneration of AMA Group Ltd Senior Executives includes short-term incentive bonuses, payable as cash or equity, as part of their employment conditions based on achieving specific measured objectives. The Board may however approve discretionary bonuses to executives in relation to certain milestones being achieved.

#### Long-term incentives

The Company has adopted a Share Option Plan for the benefit of Executive Directors, full-time and part-time staff members employed by the Company.

In accordance with the Plan, the exercise price is based on a minimum of 100% of the average ASX closing price for the 5 days prior to the offer/acceptance of the options. Each option is issued for a maximum period of 5 years.

Subject to shareholder approval where necessary, the Board, at its discretion, may approve the issue of options under the Employee Share Option Plan to Directors and Senior Executives. The vesting of options issued may be conditional upon the achievement of performance hurdles determined by the Board from time to time.

Independent data from applicable sources may be requested by the Board to assess if the performance hurdles have been met.

#### Performance based remuneration

Performance based remuneration is issued to reward individual performance in line with Group objectives. Consequently, performance based remuneration is paid to an individual where the individual's performance clearly contributes to a successful outcome for the Group. This is regularly measured in respect of performance against key performance indicators (KPI's) and incentive bonuses are paid monthly, quarterly and yearly to reflect this. KPI's used to measure performance include:

- Completion of set milestones.
- Budgeted EBIT.
- Sales targets.

KPI's are set in advance in conjunction with Group budgets and in consultation with Executives & employees. The KPI's chosen reflect the Group's goals for the year and endeavour to increase shareholder wealth.

Assessment of KPI's is undertaken by the Remuneration Committee and Management based on management accounts and year end audited financial results.

All Executives and employees are eligible to receive incentives whether through employment contracts or by recommendation of the Chief Executive Officer or Board. Performance based incentive payments are based on a set monetary value or number of shares or options. There is no fixed portion between incentive and base remuneration.

#### Remuneration policy versus Group Performance

Over the past five years, the Group's performance has been burdened by heavy debt as a consequence of going through an acquisition phase. Many of the businesses acquired did not meet expectations and consequently this was reflected in the Group's net profit results and share price.

Over the last 4.5 years, the Board has undergone a program to restructure the business which has involved refinancing the debt structure and selling or placing into administration several non-performing businesses. This has been reflected in the difference in the net profit results and total equity between 2009 and 2013.

The Group's remuneration policy is based on industry practice. Executive performance based remuneration issued during the 2013 financial year has been measured against the KPI's set at the start of the year by the Board and/or management to reflect the Group's objectives for the year. The Board believes that the performance based remuneration issued to executives during the year reflects the contribution that they have made to the Group's performance over the past 12 months.

#### Service agreements

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The Group has entered into service agreements with Key Management Personnel.

No Executive during the term of their employment agreement shall perform work for any other person, corporation or business without the prior written consent of the Company.

## Termination of other Executives

Generally, the Company or the executive may terminate employment at any time by giving the other party appropriate contractual notice in writing.

If either the Company or the Executive gives notice of termination, the Company may, at its discretion, choose to terminate the Executive's employment immediately or at any time during the notice period and pay the executive an amount equal to the salary due to him for the residual period of notice at the time of termination.

The employment of each executive may be terminated immediately without notice or payment in lieu in the event of any serious or persistent breach of the agreement, any serious misconduct or wilful neglect of duties, in the event of bankruptcy or any arrangement or compensation being made with creditors, on conviction of a criminal offence, permanent incapacity of the executive or a consistent failure to carry out duties in a manner satisfactory to the Company.

## Details of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of the Directors, the Key Management Personnel of the consolidated entity (as defined in AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures) are set out in the following tables:

2013			erm emplo benefits	oyee	Long-term employee benefits	Post- employment benefits	Equity Settled Share based payments	
	Note	Salary \$	Bonus \$	Other \$	Long service leave <sup>1</sup> \$	Superannuation \$	Shares <sup>c</sup> \$	Total \$
Non-Executive Directors		·	·	·			·	·
Duncan Fischer		130,800	-	-	-	-	-	130,800
Simon Doyle		100,000	-	-	-	9,000	-	109,000
Executive Directors								
Ray Malone	2	743,254	-	-	13,985	19,750	116,000°	892,989
Other Key Management								
Ray Smith-Roberts		89,378	234,648	-	1,537	18,566	207,122	551,251
		1,063,432	234,648	-	15,522	47,316	323,122	1,684,040

<sup>1</sup> Represents movement in the provision for long service leave for amounts accrued and not paid

<sup>2</sup> Sign-on bonus vested in current period – refer to section C and D (page 14 & 15)

2012		Short-term employe benefits		oyee	Long-term employee benefits	Post- employment benefits	Equity Settled Share based payments		
	Note	Salary \$	Bonus \$	Other \$	Long service leave <sup>1</sup> \$	Superannuation \$	Shares <sup>c</sup> \$	Total \$	
Non-Executive Directors									
Duncan Fischer		130,800	-	-	-	-	-	130,800	
Simon Doyle		100,000	-	-	-	9,000	-	109,000	
Executive Directors Ray Malone		700,004	-	-	13,985	63,000	-	776,989	
Other Key Management									
Ray Smith-Roberts		102,024	181,383	-	1,638	22,324	224,814	532,183	
Mark Jacobs	3	111,208	-	-	-	8,926	-	120,134	
7		1,144,036	181,383	-	15,623	103,250	224,814	1,669,106	

<sup>1</sup> Represents movement in the provision for long service leave for amounts accrued and not paid

<sup>2</sup> Sign-on bonus vested in current period – refer to section C and D (below & page 15)

<sup>3</sup> Resigned 10 February 2012

## Share-based compensation

## Ordinary shares

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Ray Malone, one of AMA's Key Management Personnel, was issued 2,000,000 ordinary shares as consideration for him committing to an amendment and extension of his employment contract. As these shares are conditional to him remaining employed and are being expensed over the 5 year term, the value of \$116,000 has been included in the 2013 remuneration table and a further \$116,000 will be shown in each of the remuneration tables for 2014-2017. These shares were issued in December 2012.

Ray Smith-Roberts, one of AMA's Key Management Personnel, was issued 507,614 ordinary shares as consideration for him committing to an extension of his employment contract. As these shares are conditional to him remaining employed and are being expensed over the 5 year term, the value of \$20,000 has been included in the 2013 remuneration table and a further \$20,000 will be shown in each of the remuneration tables for 2014-2017. These shares were issued in September 2012.

Ray Smith-Roberts also elected to receive his bonus entitlement for the 2013 year by the way of ordinary shares to the value of \$187,122, as included in the 2013 remuneration table. These shares were issued on 23 August 2013.

Ray Smith-Roberts also elected to receive his bonus entitlement for the 2012 year by the way of ordinary shares to the value of \$224,814, as included in the 2012 remuneration table. These shares were issued in September 2012.

## Options

There were no options issued to Key Management Personnel during the year or the previous year as part of their compensation.

## D Service agreements

The following Key Management Personnel have formalised service agreements in place as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2013:

Name:	Ray Malone
Title:	Chief Executive Officer
Agreement commenced:	4 July 2010
Agreement extended:	1 July 2012
Term of original agreemen	t:5 Years
Term of extension:	5 Years to 30 June 2017
Termination period	Mr Malone agreed not to resign within the first 2 years of the term. After 4 July 2012 Mr Malone may terminate the agreement with 6 months' notice.

and payout:	Where the company terminates the agreement prior to the expiration of the term on grounds other than serious misconduct, it must give notice of the balance of the term or make payment in lieu of notice equal to the total fixed remuneration plus superannuation and existing bonus that accrues over that period.
Other terms:	As part of the employment agreement variation, the clause in Mr Malone's employment agreement, dated 4 July 2010, allowing him the option from 4 July 2012 to transition to the role of Strategic Executive Director with a base remuneration of not less than 50% of his remuneration at the date of transition, has been deleted.
	As part of Mr Malone's contract extension, he was granted 2,000,000 shares that were issued following shareholder approval at the AGM held on 27 November 2012. There is a claw-back clause in relation to these shares, which reads
	"In the event that the Employee resigns from his employment prior to the end of the Extended Term (which does not include where the Employee dies or becomes incapacitated) or the Company terminates this Agreement because of breach on the part of the Employee prior to the end of the Extended Term, the Employee shall (at his election) either:
	(i) Consent to the redemption or cancellation of the following number of shares (in the event only that the Share Issue has taken place) : Number of full years remaining in the Extended Term at the Termination Date / 5 x 2,000,000; or
	(ii) Pay to the Company the following amount in cash : Share Issue Value x number of full years remaining in the Extended Term at the Termination Date / 5."
Name:	Ray Smith-Roberts
Title:	Chief Operations Officer
Agreement commenced:	1 September 2010
Agreement extended:	1 July 2012
Term of original agreemen	nt:No fixed term
Term of extension:	5 Years
Termination Period:	6 months' notice period
Termination payout:	6 months' base salary
Other terms:	As part of Mr Smith-Roberts' contract extension, he was granted \$100,000 in shares that were issued in September 2012 and this issue was subsequently ratified by the shareholders at the AGM held on 27 November 2012. There is a claw-back clause in relation to these shares, which reads
	"In the event that the Employee resigns from his employment prior to the end of the Extended Term (which does not include where the Employee dies or becomes incapacitated) or the Company terminates this Agreement because of breach on the part of the Employee prior to the end of the Extended Term, the Employee shall (at his election) either:
	(i) Consent to the redemption or cancellation of the following number of shares : Number of full years remaining in the Extended Term at the Termination Date / 5 x no of shares issued pursuant to the Share Issue; or
	(ii) Pay to the Company the $100,000 \times 1000$ number of full years remaining in the Extended Term at the Termination Date / 5."

## **Shares Under Option**

There were no unissued ordinary shares of AMA Group Limited under option at the date of this report.

## **Shares Issued on the Exercise of Options**

No shares were issued on the exercise of options in the financial year ended 30 June 2013 or 30 June 2012.

## **Insurance of Officers**

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors of the Company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of coverage and the amount of the premium.

## **Proceedings on Behalf of the Company**

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility, on behalf of the Company, for all or part of those proceedings.

## **Non-Audit Services**

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor are outlined in note 23 in the financial report.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services, during the year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on the auditor's behalf) is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are of the opinion that the services as disclosed in note 23 in the financial report do not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

All non-audit services have been reviewed and approved to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor, and

none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Code of Conduct APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risks and rewards.

## **Rounding of Amounts**

The Company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the 'rounding-off' of amounts in the directors' report. Amounts in the directors' report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest dollar.

## Auditors' Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 18.

## Auditor

Moore Stephens continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

For And On Behalf Of The Board

Duncan Fischer Chairman AMA Group Limited Dated this 28<sup>th</sup> day of August 2013

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50<sup>60</sup>80<sup>10</sup>12

140

160

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Operating Specialised Automative Aftercare and Accessory Companies

# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION 2013

20













## AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION



Level 10, 530 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

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www.moorestephens.com.au

# Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of AMA Group Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2013, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit, and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

MOORE STEPHENS Chartered Accountants

Rami Eltchelebi Partner

Melbourne, 28 August 2013

Moore Stephens ABN 39 533 580 331. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. An independent member of Moore Stephens International Umited – members in principal cities throughout the world. The Malbourne Moore Stephens firm is not a partner or agent of any other Moore Stephens firm. And is a separate partnership in Victoria.



50<sup>60</sup>80<sup>10</sup>012

Operating Specialised Automative Aftercare and Accessory Companies

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS













## FINANCIAL REPORT

for the year ended 30 June 2013

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## **General Information**

These financial statements cover the consolidated entity consisting of AMA Group Limited and its controlled entities. The financial statements are presented in Australian currency.

AMA Group Limited is a listed public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Suite 1 1233 High Street Armadale VIC 3143

A description of the nature of the consolidated entity's operations and its principal activities is included in the Directors' Report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 22 August 2013.

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## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

for the year ended 30 June 2013

		30 June 2013	30 June 2012
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue from continuing operations	4	64,909	62,925
Raw materials and consumables used		(31,186)	(29,070)
Employee benefits expense		(17,615)	(16,170)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(397)	(406)
Advertising and marketing		(789)	(632)
Insurance		(342)	(290)
Travel and motor vehicle		(802)	(723)
Occupancy expenses		(2,701)	(2,657)
Professional services		(761)	(739)
Research and development		(152)	(148)
Communication expenses		(162)	(175)
Bad and doubtful debts expense		(32)	(25)
· //			
Other expenses		(762)	(826)
Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT)	33	9,208	11,064
Finance costs		(431)	(794)
Profit from continuing operations before impairment, fair value adjustments and vendor payments		8,777	10,270
Fair Value adjustments to loan note and vendor loans		471	(288)
Profit before tax from continuing operations		9,248	9,982
Income tax (expense)/benefit	6	(1,833)	(2,067)
Profit after tax from continuing operations		7,415	7,915
Profit/(Loss) after tax from discontinued operations	34(b)	(225)	(250)
Profit after tax		7,190	7,665
Total comprehensive income for the period		7,190	7,665
Profit attributable to members of AMA Group Limited		7,190	7,665
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of AMA Group Limited		7,190	7,665
Earnings per share		Cents	Cents
From continuing operations			
		2.44	2.81
Basic earnings per share			-
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share		2.44	2.81
Diluted earnings per share From continuing and discontinued operations			
Diluted earnings per share		2.44 2.36 2.36	2.81 2.72 2.72

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

as at 30 June 2013

	Note	30 June 2013	30 June 2012	
		\$'000	\$'000	
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	7	19,125	3,777	
Trade and other receivables	8	9,035	11,005	
Inventories	9	5,741	4,869	
Other	10	543	446	
Total current assets		34,444	20,097	
Non-current assets			4 000	
Property, plant and equipment	11	1,561	1,926	
Intangibles	12	27,271	27,256	
Deferred tax assets	13	3,700	4,287	
Trade and other receivables	8	-	38	
Other	10	441	-	
Total non-current assets		32,973	33,507	
Total assets		67,417	53,604	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	14	7,495	8,490	
Borrowings	15	5,448	3,511	
Income tax payable	6	981	-	
Provisions	16	1,812	1,544	
Total current liabilities		15,736	13,545	
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings	15	5,436	12,022	
Deferred tax liabilities	17	2,438	2,157	
Provisions	16	257	2,137	
Other	14	194	1,091	
79				
Total non-current liabilities		8,325	15,477	
Total liabilities		24,061	29,022	
Net assets		43,356	24,582	
		-3,550	24,302	
Equity				
Contributed equity Reserves	18 19	73,971	57,816 47	
Accumulated losses	19	(30,615)	(33,281)	
			74 697	
Total equity		43,356	24,582	

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Contributed equity \$'000	Option Reserve \$'000	Accumulated Losses \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2011	57,221	47	(38,124)	19,144
Shares issued net of costs	595	-	-	595
Dividends recognised for the period	-	-	(2,822)	(2,822)
Profit attributable to members of AMA Group Limited	-	-	7,665	7,665
Balance at 30 June 2012	57,816	47	(33,281)	24,582
Shares issued net of costs	16,155	-	-	16,155
Dividends recognised for the period	-	-	(4,571)	(4,571)
Uption reserve transferred back to retained earnings	-	(47)	47	-
Profit attributable to members of AMA Group Limited	-	-	7,190	7,190
Balance at 30 June 2013	73,971	-	(30,615)	43,356

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

for the year ended 30 June 2013

		30 June 2013	30 June 2012	
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	
CASH FLOWS RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers		73,665	65,187	
Payments to suppliers and employees		(62,561)		
Interest received		322	(30,310) 85	
Interest and other costs of finance paid		(431)	(796)	
NET OPERATING CASH FLOWS		10,995	7,928	
CASH FLOWS RELATED TO INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sales of plant and equipment		14	6	
Payment for purchases of plant and equipment		(100)	(249)	
Payment for purchases of equity investments, net of cash acquired		(785)	(785)	
Payments for intangible assets		(18)	-	
NET INVESTING CASH FLOWS		(889)	(1,028)	
CASH FLOWS RELATED TO FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issue of shares	18	15,085	-	
Costs relating to issue of shares		(567)	-	
Repayment of borrowings		(4,705)	(4,051)	
Dividends paid	20	(4,571)	(2,822)	
NET FINANCING CASH FLOWS		5,242	(6,873)	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		15,348	27	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the Financial year		3,777	3,750	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	7	19,125	3,777	

for the year ended 30 June 2013

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## Note 1. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

## Basis of accounting

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The Group is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

## Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified where applicable by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and certain classes of property, plant and equipment.

## Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the consolidated entity's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 2.

## New accounting standards for application in future periods

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods and which the Group has decided not to early adopt. The Standards and Interpretations relevant to the Group were in issue but not yet effective as at 30 June 2013:

	Standard/Interpretation	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after
7	AASB 9: Financial Instruments (December 2010)	1 January 2015
	AASB 10: Consolidated Financial Statements (August 2011)	1 January 2013
1	AASB 11: Joint Arrangements (August 2011)	1 January 2013
	AASB 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (August 2011)	1 January 2013
	AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement (September 2011)	1 January 2013
9	AASB 119: Employee Benefits (September 2011)	1 January 2013
	AASB 127: Separate Financial Statements (August 2011)	1 January 2013
	AASB 128: Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (August 2011)	1 January 2013
$\int M / L$	AASB 2010-7: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 120, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 137, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 5, 10, 12, 19 & 127]	1 January 2015
	AASB 2011-4: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards to Remove Individual Key Management Personnel Disclosure Requirements [AASB 124]	1 July 2013
	AASB 2011-7: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Consolidation and Joint Arrangements Standards [AASB 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2009-11, 101, 107, 112, 118, 121, 124, 132, 133, 136, 138, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 5, 9, 16 & 17]	1 January 2013
	AASB 2011-8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 13 [AASB 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 2009-11, 2010-7, 101, 102, 108, 110, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 1004, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 4, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 131 & 132]	1 January 2013
	AASB 2011-10: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 119 [AASB 1, AASB 8, AASB 101, AASB 124, AASB 134, AASB 1049 & AASB 2011-8 and Interpretation 14]	1 January 2013
	AASB 2012-2: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities [AASB 7 & AASB 132]	1 January 2013
	AASB 2012-3: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities [AASB 132]	1 January 2014
	AASB 2012-5: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Annual Improvements 2009–2011 Cycle [AASB 1, AASB 101, AASB 116, AASB 132 & AASB 134 and Interpretation 2]	1 January 2013

These Standards and Interpretations will be first applied in the financial report of the Group that relates to the annual reporting period beginning after the effective date of each pronouncement.

## for the year ended 30 June 2013

The Directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material financial impact on the financial statements of the Group.

## **Principles of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of AMA Group Limited ('company' or 'parent entity') as at 30 June 2013 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. AMA Group Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in these financial statements as the 'consolidated entity' or 'group'.

The separate financial statements of the parent entity, AMA Group Limited, have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by amendments made to the Corporations Act 2001 effective as at 28 June 2011. Parent information has been disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the consolidated entity has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the consolidated entity. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between companies in the consolidated entity are eliminated in full.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment, in the separate financial statements of the parent entity.

## Foreign currency transactions and balances

## Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the Group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

## Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Nonmonetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

## **Revenue recognition**

Sales revenue represents revenue earned from the sale of the consolidated entity's products and services, net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid.

In the majority of cases the simple process of delivery of goods or service to a customer, where the risks and rewards of ownership pass to the customer, give rise to the recognition of income.

The revenue recognition policy follows AASB 118 and revenue is recognised when all of the following criteria are met:

- -- the consolidated entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- the consolidated entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the consolidated entity.
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method. It includes amortisation of any discount or premium.

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Grants and subsidies are recognised as income over the period to which they relate. ANNUAL REPORT 2013

for the year ended 30 June 2013

## Income tax

The income tax expense (income) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at the end of the reporting period. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

Eurrent and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates, and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists, the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

## Tax consolidation

AMA Group Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under tax consolidation legislation. Each entity in the Group recognises its own current and deferred tax assets and liabilities. Such taxes are measured using the 'stand-alone taxpayer' approach to allocation. Current tax liabilities (assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits in the subsidiaries are immediately transferred to the head entity. The Group notified the Australian Taxation Office that it had formed an income tax consolidated group to apply from 1 September 2006.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

## **Trade receivables**

All trade receivables are recognised at the amounts receivable as they are due for settlement by no more than 90 days.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for impairment of receivables is raised when some doubt as to collection exists.

## for the year ended 30 June 2013

## Inventories

Raw materials, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts received or receivable.

#### Investments and other financial assets

Investments and other financial assets are stated at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. For unlisted investments, the consolidated entity establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arms-length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less any accumulated depreciation. The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets.

Depreciation is calculated on either a straight line or diminishing value basis (class or asset must have either a straight line or diminishing value not both) as considered appropriate to write off the net cost or re-valued amount of each item of plant and equipment over its expected useful life to the consolidated entity. The expected useful lives are as follows:-

#### Leasehold improvements

The cost of improvements to or on leasehold properties is amortised over the unexpired life of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvement to the consolidated entity, whichever is the shorter. The diminishing value method of depreciation was used.

#### Plant and equipment

The expected useful life of purchased plant and equipment is two to fifteen years. Where items of plant and equipment have separately identifiable components which are subject to regular replacement, those components are assigned useful lives distinct from the item of plant and equipment to which they now relate. The diminishing value method of depreciation was used.

#### Furniture and equipment

The cost of furniture and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less any accumulated depreciation. The expected useful life of furniture and equipment is two to ten years. The diminishing value method of depreciation was used.

## Motor vehicles

The cost of motor vehicles is carried at cost or fair value less any accumulated depreciation. The expected useful life of motor vehicles is four to eight years. The diminishing value method of depreciation was used.

## Leases

A distinction is made between finance leases which effectively transfer from the lessor to the lessee substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of leased non-current assets, and operating leases under which the lessor effectively retains substantially all such risks and benefits.

Finance leases are capitalised. A lease asset and liability are established at the present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are allocated between the principal component of the lease liability and the finance costs.

The leased asset is depreciated on a straight line basis over the term of the lease, or where it is likely that the consolidated entity will obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset. Leased assets held at the reporting date are being amortised over periods ranging from three to five years.

Other operating lease payments are charged to the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred, as this represents the pattern of benefits derived from the leased assets.

## Intangible assets

## Goodwill

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is calculated as the excess of the sum of:

- (i) the consideration transferred;
- (ii) any non-controlling interest; and
- (iii) the acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interest,

over the acquisition date fair value of net identifiable assets acquired.

## for the year ended 30 June 2013

The value of goodwill recognised on acquisition of each subsidiary in which the Group holds less than a 100% interest will depend on the method adopted in measuring the aforementioned non-controlling interest. The Group can elect to initially measure the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value (*full goodwill method*) or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the subsidiary's identifiable net assets (*proportionate interest method*). The Group determines which method to adopt for each acquisition based on the entitlement of non-controlling interest to a proportionate share of the subsidiary net assets.

Under the *full goodwill method*, the fair values of the non-controlling interests are determined using valuation techniques which make the maximum use of market information where available. Under this method, goodwill attributable to the non-controlling interests is recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisition of associates is included in investments in associates.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and is allocated to the Group's cash generating units or groups of cash generating units, which represent the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored but where such level is not larger than an operating segment. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill related to the entity sold.

Changes in the ownership interests in a subsidiary are accounted for as equity transactions and do not affect the carrying values of goodwill.

## Research and Development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of obtaining new or scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as an expense when it is incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, being the application of research findings or other knowledge to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products or services before the start of commercial product or use, is capitalised only when technical feasibility studies identify that the product or service will deliver future economic benefits and these benefits can be measured reliably. Expenditure on development activities have a finite life and are amortised on a systematic basis matched to the future economic benefits over the useful economic life of the product or service.

#### Patents and trademarks

Patents and trademarks are recognised at the cost of acquisition. Patents and trademarks have a finite life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Patents and trademarks are amortised over their estimated useful life of 5 years.

## Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

#### Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30-45 days of recognition. Other payables not due within a year are measured less cumulative amortisation calculated using the effective interest method.

#### **Onerous leases**

Represents contracts entered into in which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The excess of the lease obligations over the expected economic benefits is expensed in the period that the contract becomes onerous. The liability represents the present value of the minimum lease payments and is held on the statement of financial position until it is extinguished.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

#### Borrowings

Loans are carried at their principal amounts which represent the present value of future cash flows associated with servicing debt. Interest is accrued over the period it becomes due and unpaid interest is recorded as part of current payables.

Interest free loans are recorded at their fair value. Discounted cash flow models are used to determine the fair values of the loans. Refer to note 15 for further information regarding the interest free loans held by the Company.

#### Finance costs

Finance costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. Finance costs include interest on:

- Short term and long term borrowings
- Finance leases

#### Provisions

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Provisions are recognised when the consolidated entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable the consolidated entity will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

#### **Employee benefits**

#### Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are recognised in other payables and provisions in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

#### Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in provisions and is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date at present value. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

#### Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value at the date of grant. Fair value is measured by use of the Black Scholes option pricing model. The expected value used in the model is adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, other risk factors and behavioural considerations.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straightline basis over the vesting period, based on the consolidated entity's estimate of shares that will eventually vest.

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability equal to the portion of the goods or services received is recognised at the current fair value determined at the end of the reporting period.

#### **Contributed equity**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options, or for the acquisition of a business, are included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

#### Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Company, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

#### **Business combinations**

Business combinations occur where an acquirer obtains control over one or more businesses and results in the consolidation of its assets and liabilities.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

A business combination is accounted for by applying the acquisition method, unless it is a combination involving entities or businesses under common control. The acquisition method requires that for each business combination one of the combining entities must be identified as the acquirer (i.e. parent entity). The business combination will be accounted for as at the acquisition date, which is the date that control over the acquiree is obtained by the parent entity. At this date, the parent recognises, in the consolidated accounts, and subject to certain limited exceptions, the acquisition date fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. In addition, contingent liabilities of the acquiree will be recognised where a present obligation has been incurred and its fair value can be reliably measured.

The acquisition may result in the recognition of goodwill or a gain from a bargain purchase. The method adopted for the measurement of goodwill will impact on the measurement of any non-controlling interest to be recognised in the acquiree where less than 100% ownership interest is held in the acquiree.

The acquisition date fair value of the consideration transferred for a business combination plus the acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interest shall form the cost of the investment in the separate financial statements. Consideration may comprise the sum of the assets transferred by the acquirer, liabilities incurred by the acquirer to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the acquirer.

Fair value uplifts in the value of pre-existing equity holdings are taken to the statement of comprehensive income. Where changes in the value of such equity holdings had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income, such amounts are recycled to profit or loss.

Included in the measurement of consideration transferred is any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Any obligation incurred relating to contingent consideration is classified as either a financial liability or equity instrument, depending upon the nature of the arrangement. Rights to refunds of consideration previously paid are recognised as a receivable. Subsequent to initial recognition, contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured each reporting period to fair value through the statement of comprehensive income unless the change in value can be identified as existing at acquisition date.

All transaction costs incurred in relation to the business combination are expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

## Earnings per share

## Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

## Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

## Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included in other receivables or other payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the ATO, are presented as operating cash flows.

## **Financial instruments**

## Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted).

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Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

## Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or cost. *Fair value* represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- a. the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- b. less principal repayments;

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- plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised
- and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method; and

d. less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

The Group does not designate any interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint venture entities as being subject to the requirements of accounting standards specifically applicable to financial instruments.

## i. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at 'fair value through profit or loss' when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

## *ii.* Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets, except for those which are not expected to mature within 12 months after reporting date. (All other loans and receivables are classified as non-current assets.)

## iii. Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Group's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, except for those that are expected to mature within 12 months after reporting date, which are classified as current assets.

If during the period the Group sold or reclassified more than an insignificant amount of the held-to-maturity investments before maturity, the entire held-to-maturity investments category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

## iv. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those that are expected to be disposed of within 12 months after reporting date, which are classified as current assets.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

## v. Financial liabilities

All non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost except for the interest free loan, which is designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss. This is because the interest free loan:

- (a) contains an embedded derivative in the form of a put option; and
- (b) the embedded derivative has the potential to significantly modify the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the loan contract by permitting the entity to put the loan back to the lender at a significant discount to the original loan amount.

## Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted financial instruments, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

## Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

## Financial guarantees

Where material, financial guarantees issued, which require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due, are recognised as a financial liability at fair value on initial recognition.

The guarantee is subsequently measured at the higher of the best estimate of the obligation and the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation in accordance with AASB 118: Revenue. Where the entity gives guarantees in exchange for a fee, revenue is recognised under AASB 118.

The fair value of financial guarantee contracts has been assessed using a probability weighted discounted cash flow approach. The probability has been based on:

the likelihood of the guaranteed party defaulting in a year period;

- the proportion of the exposure that is not expected to be recovered due to the guaranteed party defaulting; and
- the maximum loss exposed if the guaranteed party were to default.

## De-recognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

## **Comparative figures**

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Group applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements, a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest comparative period will be disclosed.

## Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets and investment property that are carried at fair value and contractual rights under insurance contracts, which are specially exempt from this requirement.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognised at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and the assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the statement of financial position. The liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from other liabilities in the statement of financial position.

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the 'rounding-off' of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest dollar.

# Note 2. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the consolidated entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The consolidated entity makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equate with the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

### Impairment of Goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the consolidated entity to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. Refer to note 12 for details of key assumptions used to calculate the recoverable amount of goodwill.

### Critical judgements in applying the consolidated entity's accounting policies

We have applied a discount factor on the vendor payables to determine the amortised cost. We have applied a discount factor and a probability factor on the interest free loan note to determine the fair value. The interest expense and the fair value adjustment has been taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The carrying value of the deferred vendor payables and the \$12m loan note incorporate a number of assumptions. The current and non-current liability apportionment of the bank bills is estimated based on the targeted performance of the Company. Refer to note 15 for further details.

### Note 3. Segment information

### Identification of reportable segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Chief Executive Officer (chief operating decision maker) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

The Group is managed primarily on the basis of product category and service offerings since the diversifications of<br/>the Group's operations inherently have notably different risk profiles and performance assessment criteria.Operating segments are therefore determined on the same basis.AMA GROUP LIMITEDANNUAL REPORT 201335

### for the year ended 30 June 2013

Reportable segments disclosed are based on aggregating operating segments where the segments are considered to have similar economic characteristics with respect to the products sold and/or services provided by the segment.

#### Services Provided by Segments

- Motor Vehicle Accessory Distribution Distribution of motor vehicle accessories.
- •) Motor Vehicle Protection Products - Manufacture & distribution of motor vehicle protective bars.
- Panel Repair Motor vehicle and panel repairs. •
- Cables & Accessory Distribution Distribution of motor vehicle accessories.
- Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair Motor vehicle transmission repairs. •
- Other Segments Motor vehicle part repairs. •

### Basis of accounting for purposes of reporting by operating segments

#### Accounting policies adopted

Unless stated otherwise, all amounts reported to the Chief Executive Officer as the chief decision maker with respect to operating segments are determined in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

The gross margin of the panel repair segment, as presented to the Chief Executive Officer, does not include direct labour costs or an allocation of overheads.

#### Inter-segment transactions

All inter-segment transactions are eliminated on consolidation for the Group's financial statements.

#### Segment assets

Where an asset is used across multiple segments, the asset is allocated to the segment that receives the majority of economic value from the asset. In the majority of instances, segment assets are clearly identifiable on the basis of their nature and physical location.

### Segment liabilities

Liabilities are allocated to segments where there is direct nexus between the incurrence of the liability and the operations of the segment. Borrowings and tax liabilities are generally considered to relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocated. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables and certain direct borrowings.

### Unallocated items

The following items of revenue, expense, assets and liabilities are not allocated to operating segments, other than for direct labour for panel segment, as they are not considered part of the core operations of any segment:

- derivatives;
- impairment of assets and other non-recurring items of revenue or expense;
- income tax expense:
- deferred tax assets and liabilities;
- other financial liabilities;
- fixed manufacturing & service costs and other cost of sale adjustments;
  - finance costs;
  - dividend payments;
  - intangible assets; and
  - discontinuing operations.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

#### Business segments

30 June 2013	Motor Vehicle Accessory Distribution	Motor Vehicle Protection Products	Panel Repair	Cable & Accessory Distribution	Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair	All Other Segments	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue							
External Sales	12,961	20,348	14,291	8,413	5,250	2,758	64,021
Other Income	52	744	42	63	329	49	1,279
Total Sales & Other Income Unallocated Revenue	13,013	21,092	14,333	8,476	5,579	2,807	65,300 (391)
Total Revenue	_						64,909
Result	_						
Segment Gross Margin Unallocated Expenses Profit from continuing operations before impairment, fair value	4,184	10,103	8,584	3,512	2,076	792	29,251 (20,474)
Jadjustments and vendor payments Fair Value Adjustments							8,777 471
Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense							9,248
Other Acquisition of Non-Current Segment Assets Unallocated	-	(20)	-	39	20	15	54 54
Depreciation and Amortisation of Segment Assets Unallocated	32	98	91	73	78	16	388 39_ 397
Other Non-Cash Segment Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: Panel Repair Gross Margin does not include direct labour or an allocation for overheads. These costs are allocated to unallocated expenses.

Note: The Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair segment was identified as a reportable segment for the first time in 2013 reporting period, having met the relevant quantitative thresholds during the period. Consistent with AASB 8: Operating Segments, the comparative information for the 2012 reporting period has been restated to reflect Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair operating segment as a separate segment for the previous reporting period.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

30 June 2012	Motor Vehicle Accessory Distribution	Motor Vehicle Protection Products	Panel Repair	Cable & Accessory Distribution	Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair	All Other Segments	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue							
External Sales	12,949	17,498	14,870	7,877	4,412	2,605	60,210
Other Income	53	561	34	80	495	33	1,257
Total Sales & Other Income	13,002	18,059	14,904	7,957	4,907	2,638	61,467
Unallocated Revenue	_						1,458
Total Revenue	_					-	62,925
Result							
Segment Gross Margin	4,617	8,823	8,918	3,484	1,850	792	28,484
Unallocated Expenses	·						(18,214)
Profit from continuing operations before impairment, fair value adjustments and vendor payments Fair Value Adjustments							10,27( (288
Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense	_					_	9,982
Other Acquisition of Non-Current Segment Assets Unallocated	7	115	20	71	26	6	248
Depreciation and Amortisation of Segment Assets Unallocated	46	96	104	52	85	11	249 394 12
Other Non-Cash Segment Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	406

Note: Panel Repair Gross Margin does not include direct labour or an allocation for overheads. These costs are allocated to unallocated expenses.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

30 June 2013	Motor Vehicle Accessory Distribution	Motor Vehicle Protection Products	Panel Repair	Cable & Accessory Distribution	Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair	All Other Segments	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets							
Segment Assets	3,642	5,151	3,481	3,283	1,806	895	18,25
Unallocated Assets						_	49,15
Total Assets						-	67,41
Liabilities							
Segment Liabilities	1,149	2,255	2,161	951	723	388	7,62
Unallocated Liabilities							16,43
Total Liabilities						-	24,06
						-	
$\Box$	Motor	Motor		Cable &	Motor		
30 June 2012	Vehicle Accessory Distribution	Vehicle Protection Products	Panel Repair	Accessory Distribution	Vehicle Transmission Repair	All Other Segments	Total
30 June 2012	Vehicle Accessory	Protection		Accessory	Transmission		Total \$'000
30 June 2012 Assets	Vehicle Accessory Distribution	Protection Products	Repair	Accessory Distribution	Transmission Repair	Segments	
$\overline{\mathcal{O}}$	Vehicle Accessory Distribution	Protection Products	Repair	Accessory Distribution	Transmission Repair	Segments	
Assets	Vehicle Accessory Distribution \$'000	Protection Products \$'000	Repair <b>\$'000</b>	Accessory Distribution <b>\$'000</b>	Transmission Repair <b>\$'000</b>	Segments \$'000	\$'000
Assets Segment Assets	Vehicle Accessory Distribution \$'000	Protection Products \$'000	Repair <b>\$'000</b>	Accessory Distribution <b>\$'000</b>	Transmission Repair <b>\$'000</b>	Segments \$'000	<b>\$'000</b> 18,43
Assets Segment Assets Unallocated Assets	Vehicle Accessory Distribution \$'000	Protection Products \$'000	Repair <b>\$'000</b>	Accessory Distribution <b>\$'000</b>	Transmission Repair <b>\$'000</b>	Segments \$'000	<b>\$'000</b> 18,43 35,16
Assets Segment Assets Unallocated Assets Total Assets	Vehicle Accessory Distribution \$'000	Protection Products \$'000	Repair <b>\$'000</b>	Accessory Distribution <b>\$'000</b>	Transmission Repair <b>\$'000</b>	Segments \$'000	<b>\$'000</b> 18,43 35,16
Assets Segment Assets Unallocated Assets Total Assets Liabilities	Vehicle Accessory Distribution \$'000 4,171	Protection Products \$'000 4,952	Repair <b>\$'000</b> 3,120	Accessory Distribution \$'000 3,395	Transmission Repair \$'000 1,932	Segments \$'000 867	\$'000 18,43 35,16 53,60

for the year ended 30 June 2013

# Note 4. Revenue

	Note	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
From Continuing Operations			
Sales Revenue			
Sale of goods		49,112	44,651
Service and hire		14,291	14,871
		63,403	59,522
Other Revenue			
Interest Received		322	85
Other Revenue		1,184	3,318
5)		1,506	3,403
Revenue from Continuing Operations excluding fair			
value adjustments		64,909	62,925
Revenue from Discontinuing Operations	34c	_	

# Note 5. Expenses from continuing operations

(D)	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Profit/(Loss) before income tax includes the following specific expenses:		
Raw materials and consumables used	31,186	29,070
Finance costs Interest and finance charges paid/payable	431	794
Rental expense relating to operating leases Minimum lease payments	1,948	1,933
Defined contribution superannuation expense	1,168	1,090
Bad debts expense/(recovery)	32	25
Stock obsolescence expense/(recovery)	(59)	(50)
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of assets/investments	(8)	10

for the year ended 30 June 2013

### Note 6. Income tax expense

	Note	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Income tax expense			
Deferred tax		868	2,267
Deferred tax recognised directly to equity		170	-
Current tax payable		981	-
Aggregate income tax expense		2,019	2,267
Deferred income tax expense included in income tax expense comprises:			
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets	13	587	2,276
(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities	17	281	(9)
30		868	2,267
Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable:			
Profit/(Loss) before income tax (expense)/benefit		9,208	8,122
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30%		2,762	2,437
Tax effect amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:		2,702	2,737
Other non-deductible items		177	-
Income assessed as capital gains		(141)	(642)
Capital losses utilised in the current year		-	642
Recognition of DTL's not previously brought to account		-	(9)
Recognition of prior year losses not previously brought to account		(562)	(244)
(Over)/Under provision in respect of prior year		(217)	83
Income tax expense		2,019	2,267
Income tax expense attributable to continuing operations		1,833	2,067
Income tax expense attributable to discontinued operations	34c	186	2,007
Income tax expense	540	2,019	2,267
		2,013	2,207
The applicable weighted average effective tax rates are as follows:		21.8%	27.9%
The consolidated entity is part of a tax consolidation group. See the income tax accounting policy in note 1.			
	Note	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Amounts charged/(credited) directly to equity			
Deferred tax assets	13	(170)	-
Deferred tax liabilities	17	-	-
		(170)	-

AMA Group Limited lodged income tax amendment requests for the years ended 30 June 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011 as a result of an internal tax review. Those amendment requests were processed by the Australian Taxation Office during this year and have resulted in an increase in the carried forward tax losses by \$1,873,687 (tax effect of \$562,106). Accordingly, the additional tax losses have been recognised in the accounts for the year ended 30 June 2013 and as a result the income tax expense is significantly reduced.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

### Note 7. Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Cash on hand	4	4
Cash at bank	19,121	3,773
	19,125	3,777

Cash at the end of the period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Balances as above	19,125	3,777
Balance as per statement of cash flows	19,125	3,777

Note 8.

### 8. Trade and other receivables

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Current		
Trade receivables	7,415	8,425
Less provision for impairment of receivables	(53)	(25)
	7,362	8,400
Other receivables	1,673	2,605
	9,035	11,005
Non-current		
Other receivables	-	38
	-	38

### Bad and doubtful trade receivables

The consolidated entity has recognised a provision of \$53,000 (2012: \$25,000) in respect of bad and doubtful trade receivables during the year ended 30 June 2013.

### Impairment of receivables

The ageing of the provision for impairment of trade receivables recognised above is as follows:

30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
53	25
-	-
53	25
	<b>\$'000</b> 53 -

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Opening balance	25	23
Additional provisions recognised	32	25
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	(4)	(23)
Closing balance	53	25

### Past due but not impaired

Customers with balances past due but without provision for doubtful debts amount to \$421,000 at 30 June 2013 (2012: \$336,000). Management did not consider a credit risk on the aggregate balances after reviewing agency credit information and recognising a tacit extension to the recorded credit terms of customers based on recent collection practices.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

The balances of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

The ageing of the past due but not impaired receivables is as follows:

30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
410 11	268 68
-	-
421	336
	\$' <b>000</b> 410 11 -

## Inventories

Note 9. Inventories		
	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Raw materials - at cost	614	562
Work in progress - at cost	379	132
Einished goods - at cost	4,748	4,175
	5,741	4,869

### Note 10. Other assets

30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
543	446
543	446
441	-
441	-
	\$'000 543 543 441

# Note 11. Property, plant and equipment

D	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Leasehold improvements - at cost	257	257
less accumulated amortisation	(72)	(58)
	185	199
Plant & equipment - at cost	3,207	3,159
less accumulated depreciation	(2,070)	(1,771)
	1,137	1,388
Plant & equipment under lease - at cost	-	30
less accumulated depreciation	-	(13)
	-	17
Furniture & equipment - at cost	775	776
less accumulated depreciation	(596)	(560)
	179	216
Motor vehicles - at cost	429	449
less accumulated depreciation	(369)	(343)
	60	106
	1,561	1,926

### Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the fair values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out on the next page: AMA GROUP LIMITED

for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Leasehold improvements	Plant & Equipment	Plant under lease	Furniture & Equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 July 2011	213	1,454	49	264	123	2,103
Additions	-	221	-	6	21	248
Reclassification	-	12	(29)	-	17	-
Disposals	-	(10)	-	-	(6)	(16)
Depreciation expense	(14)	(273)	(3)	(58)	(61)	(409)
Balance at 30 June 2012	199	1,404	17	212	94	1,926
$\supset$	Leasehold improvements	Plant & Equipment	Plant under lease	Furniture & Equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 July 2012	199	1,404	17	212	94	1,926
Additions	-	24	-	3	8	35
Reclassification	-	17	(17)	-	-	-
Disposals	-	(6)	-	-	(1)	(7)
Depreciation expense	(14)	(302)	-	(36)	(41)	(393)
Balance at 30 June 2013	185	1,137	-	179	60	1,561

## Note 12. Intangible assets

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Goodwill - at cost	51,078	51,078
Less impairment	(23,828)	(23,828)
	27,250	27,250
Patents & Trademarks	24	6
Less amortisation	(3)	-
	21	6
(/)	27,271	27,256

### Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the carrying amounts at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Goodwill \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2011	27,250
Additions	-
Balance at 30 June 2012	27,250
Additions	-
Balance at 30 June 2013	27,250

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units (CGU) which are based on the consolidated entity's operating segments as follows:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Motor Vehicle Accessory Distribution	7,319	7,319
Motor Vehicle Protection Products	7,879	7,879
Panel Repair	10,196	10,196
Cable & Accessory Distribution	30	30
Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair	1,305	1,305
All Other Segments	521	521
	27,250	27,250

### for the year ended 30 June 2013

The recoverable amount of the consolidated entity's goodwill has been determined by a value-in-use calculation using a discounted cash flow model, based on 5-year cash projection budgets approved by the Board, using the key assumptions detailed below:

	Motor Vehicle Accessory Distribution	Motor Vehicle Protection Products	Panel Repair	Cable & Accessory Distribution	Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair	All Other Segments
Growth Rate %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pre-tax discount rate %	10.53	11.03	11.03	12.03	12.03	15.03

The value in use calculations use historical weighted average growth rates to project revenue & costs and management's best estimates of what it believes will occur in future years. Due to the current effects of the economic environment on the automotive industry, the Company has adopted a conservative approach and used growth rates of 0%.

The discount rates of 10.53% to 15.03% pre-tax reflect management's estimate of the time value of money and the consolidated entity's weighted average cost of capital adjusted for additional risk factors associated with each segment.

### Impact of possible changes in key assumptions

### Motor Vehicle Accessory Distribution Segment

If the base EBIT used in the value-in-use calculation for this CGU had decreased by 10% and then remained constant with no further growth applied, the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

If the estimated pre-tax discount rate for this CGU had been 1% higher than management's estimates (11.53% instead of 10.53%), the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

#### Motor Vehicle Protection Products Segment

If the base EBIT used in the value-in-use calculation for this CGU had decreased by 10% and then remained constant with no further growth applied, the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

If the estimated pre-tax discount rate for this CGU had been 1% higher than management's estimates (12.03% instead of 11.03%), the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

### Panel Repair Segment

If the base EBIT used in the value-in-use calculation for this CGU had decreased by 10% and then remained constant with no further growth applied, the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

If the estimated pre-tax discount rate for this CGU had been 1% higher than management's estimates (12.03% instead of 11.03%), the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

#### Cable & Accessory Distribution Segment

If the base EBIT used in the value-in-use calculation for this CGU had decreased by 10% and then remained constant with no further growth applied, the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

If the estimated pre-tax discount rate for this CGU had been 1% higher than management's estimates (13.03% instead of 12.03%), the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

#### Motor Vehicle Transmission Repair Segment

If the base EBIT used in the value-in-use calculation for this CGU had decreased by 10% and then remained constant with no further growth applied, the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

If the estimated pre-tax discount rate for this CGU had been 1% higher than management's estimates (13.03% instead of 12.03%), the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

### Other Segments

If the base EBIT used in the value-in-use calculation for this CGU had decreased by 10% and then remained constant with no further growth applied, the group would be required to recognise a further impairment of \$35,708 of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

If the estimated pre-tax discount rate for this CGU had been 1% higher than management's estimates (16.03% instead of 15.03%), the group would not be required to recognise any further impairment of goodwill in relation to this CGU.

### Note 13. Deferred tax asset

$\bigcirc$	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		
Amounts recognised in the statement of comprehensive income:		
Doubtful debts	16	8
Employee benefits	693	596
Accrued expenses	222	254
Inventory	97	101
Sundry items	59	31
Other S40-880 Blackhole expensed in a/cs	22	6
Legal fees	4	2
Onerous lease	47	232
Revenue losses	401	1,257
Capital losses	1,969	1,800
	3,530	4,287
Amounts recognised in equity:		
Transaction costs on share issue	170	-
	170	-
Deferred tax asset	3,700	4,287

At 30 June 2013 the consolidated entity has estimated un-recouped revenue losses of \$1,336,438 (2012: \$4,188,844) which have all been brought to account as a deferred tax asset.

At 30 June 2013, the consolidated entity has estimated un-recouped capital losses of \$10,458,444 (2012: \$9,679,759) of which \$6,564,121 (2012: \$6,000,204) have been brought to account as a deferred tax asset.

The benefit of these losses will only be obtained if:

- (i) The companies derive future assessable income of a nature and an amount sufficient to enable the benefits from the deductions for the losses to be realised.
- (ii) The companies continue to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by the law.
- (iii) No changes in tax legislation adversely affect the companies in realising the benefit from the deductions for the losses.

## Note 14. Trade and other payables

	Note	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Current			
Trade payables		4,600	5,177
Deferred cash consideration - key vendors	14a	749	699
Onerous lease		155	620
Other payables		1,991	1,994
		7,495	8,490
Non-current			
Deferred cash consideration - key vendors	14a	194	937
Onerous lease		-	154
		194	1,091

for the year ended 30 June 2013

a) The Company has a deferred cash consideration to Key Vendors for \$981,250 (2012: \$1,766,250) to be repaid quarterly over 5 years interest free. The present value of the liability is \$943,143 (2012: \$1,635,417). These loans are subordinated to the Group's banking facilities (refer note 15) and are secured by a registered second ranking fixed and floating charge over the assets of AMA Group Limited and its subsidiaries.

### Note 15. Borrowings

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Current		
Bank bills	5,448	3,500
Lease liability	-	11
	5,448	3,511
Non-current		
Bank bills	-	6,022
Bank loan note	5,436	6,000
	5,436	12,022

On 30 June 2009 the Company completed negotiations for a revised banking facility. This facility defers the due date on the bank bills until 30 June 2014 and the debt repayment is now considered as a current liability. The facility also requires 35% of the Company's EBIT and, should the gearing ratio (as defined under the agreement) be greater than a specified value, 75% of free cash flow annually (as defined under the agreement) to be paid towards the principal of the bills.

The revised banking facility includes the following covenants:

- achievement of EBIT Targets
- achievement of an interest cover target
- achievement of gearing target

As at the date of this report all the above covenants have been met.

### Total secured liabilities

The total secured liabilities (current and non-current) are as follows:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Bank bills and loan note	10,884	15,522
Lease liability	-	11
99	10,884	15,533

### Assets pledged as security

The bank bills are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all of the assets and uncalled capital of AMA Group Limited and all of its subsidiaries.

The lease liabilities were effectively secured as the rights to the leased assets recognised in the Statement of Financial Position revert to the lessor in the event of default.

### Financing arrangements

Unrestricted access was available at the end of the reporting period to the following lines of credit:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000	
Bank bills	5,448	9,522	
Loan notes	12,000	12,000	
Used at balance date	17,448	21,522	

The \$12 million loan note above was as part of the revised bank facility negotiated during the 2009 year. This \$12 million was recapitalised as interest free payable over 9 years and 9 months with an option to forego \$6 million in debt at any time by paying down the debt by \$6 million prior to maturity date.

The current fair value of the loan note is \$5.436 million (2012: \$6.000 million). This has been valued based on the actual settlement value repaid to Westpac on 6 August 2013 (2012: discount rate 5.34% and early repayment probability factor 49.25%).

for the year ended 30 June 2013

### Note 16. Provisions

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000	
Current			
Annual leave	1,120	965	
Long service leave	649	557	
Dividends	43	22	
	1,812	1,544	
Non-current			
Long service leave	257	207	
9	257	207	

#### Movements in provisions

Movements in each class of provision during the current financial year, other than employee benefits, are set out below:

<u>J</u> <u>J</u>	Dividends	Total
Carrying amount at beginning of year	22	22
Arising during the year	26	26
Utilised	(5)	(5)
Carrying amount at end of year	43	43

### Amounts not expected to be settled within the next 12 months

The current provision for annual leave is presented as current, since the consolidated entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However, based on past experience, the consolidated entity does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave within the next 12 months.

The current provision for long service leave includes all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also those where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances. The entire amount is presented as current, since the consolidated entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However, based on past experience, the consolidated entity does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued long service leave or require payment within the next 12 months.

The following amounts reflect leave that is classified as a current liability but is not expected to be taken within the next 12 months:

	Note	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Annual leave obligation expected to be settled after 12 months		415	318
Long service leave obligation to be settled after 12 months		380	179
<		795	497

# Note 17. Deferred tax liability

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000	
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:			
Amounts recognised in statement of comprehensive income:			
Sundry debtors	462	339	
Sundry items	7	18	
Loan note	1,969	1,800	
Deferred tax liability	2,438	2,157	

for the year ended 30 June 2013

## Note 18. Equity - issued capital & to be issued

	Note	30 June 2013 Shares	30 June 2012 Shares	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Ordinary Shares - fully paid	18a	331,438,776	282,181,291	73,971	57,816
		331,438,776	282,181,291	73,971	57,816

18a) Movements in ordinary share capital

Details	Date	Qty of Shares	Issue price	\$'000
Opening Balance 1 July 2011		277,529,305		57,221
Shares issued to employees	21/07/2011	2,950,000	\$0.1100	324
Shares issued to employees	28/09/2011	2,701,986	\$0.1004	271
Shares cancelled	24/11/2011	(1,000,000)	\$0.0000	-
Closing balance at 30 June 2012		282,181,291		57,816
Shares issued to employees	20/09/2012	1,507,938	\$0.2000	302
Shares issued to employees	21/09/2012	1,044,774	\$0.2010	210
Shares issued to employees	21/09/2012	450,000	\$0.2000	90
Shares issued to employees	21/09/2012	507,614	\$0.1970	100
Shares issued to employees	19/12/2012	2,000,000	\$0.2900	580
Shares issued for Capital Raising	25/01/2013	43,100,000	\$0.3500	15,085
Cost of Capital Raising				(567)
Share issue expenses (DTA)				170
Shares issued to employees	14/05/2013	490,909	\$0.2750	135
Shares issued to employees	14/05/2013	156,250	\$0.3200	50
Closing Balance at 30 June 2013		331,438,776		73,971

### Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy is entitled to one vote and, upon a poll, each share is entitled to one vote.

### Note 19. Equity - reserves

Option Reserve Transferred to retained earnings	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000	
Option Reserve	47	47	
Transferred to retained earnings	(47)	-	
	-	47	

Option reserve

The option reserve is used to record the fair value of equity benefits provided to employees and directors as part of their compensation. The remaining options lapsed during this reporting period, therefore the reserve was transferred back to retained earnings.

## Note 20. Equity - dividends

On 28 September 2012 the company declared a fully franked dividend and \$4.571 million was paid on 15 November 2012. (2012: On 30 September 2011 the company declared a fully franked dividend and \$2.8 million was paid on 30 November 2011)

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000	
Franking credits available for subsequent financial years based on tax rate of 30%	(78)	1,881	
The above amounts represent the balance of the franking account as at the	e end of the reportin	g period, adjusted	

for:franking credits that will arise from the payment of the amount of the provision for income tax

for the year ended 30 June 2013

- franking credits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the reporting date
- franking credits that will arise from the receipt of dividends recognised as receivables at the reporting date

### Note 21. Financial instruments

### Financial risk management objectives

The consolidated entity's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk. The consolidated entity's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate risk and ageing analysis for credit risk.

Risk management is carried out by senior management under policies approved by the board of directors. Management identifies, evaluates and mitigates financial risks within the consolidated entity's operating units.

### Market risk

### Foreign currency risk

The consolidated entity continues to make purchases in US Dollars and therefore is exposed to foreign currency risk through foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

The carrying amount of the consolidated entity's foreign currency denominated financial assets and financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Ass	sets	Liabilities		
Consolidated	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000	
US Dollar	-	67	74	187	
	-	67	74	187	

The consolidated entity had no assets denominated in US Dollars of as at 30 June 2013 (2012: AUD \$67,000). Based on this exposure, had the Australian Dollar weakened/strengthened by 10% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, the consolidated entity's result for the year and equity would have been unchanged.

The consolidated entity had liabilities denominated in US Dollars of AUD \$74,000 as at 30 June 2013 (2012: AUD\$187,000). Based on this exposure, had the Australian Dollar weakened/strengthened by 10% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, the consolidated entity's result for the year and equity would have been \$8,000 higher/lower.

The foreign exchange gain for the year ended 30 June 2013 was \$6,000 (2012: \$ 24,000).

The consolidated entity does not employ foreign currency hedges and has no official foreign currency policy. If the transactional value, net asset position and overall exposure were to increase it is likely that a policy will be adopted to mitigate risk.

### Price risk

The consolidated entity and parent entity are not exposed to any significant price risk.

#### Interest rate risk

The consolidated entity and parent entity's main interest rate risk arises from short and long-term borrowings. All borrowings are issued at variable rates and this exposes the consolidated entity and parent entity to interest rate risk. The consolidated entity and parent entity attempt to mitigate this interest rate risk exposure by maintaining an adequate interest cover ratio and gearing ratio that ensures financing costs are not significant costs.

The bank bills outstanding, totalling \$5,448,157 (2012: \$9,522,317), are principal and interest repayment bank bills. Quarterly cash outlays of approximately \$72,500 are required to service the interest payments. An official increase in interest rates of one hundred basis points would have an adverse effect on the result of \$54,482 per annum. An official decrease in interest rates of one hundred basis points would have a positive effect on the result of \$54,482 per annum.

In addition, principal repayments of 35% of EBIT or approximately \$875,000 per quarter are required.

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#### Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on a consolidated entity basis. Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity has a strict code of credit and obtains guarantees where appropriate to mitigate credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at the end of the reporting period to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements.

As at 30 June 2012 the consolidated entity had one large amount, within other receivables relating to a legal settlement, although this had an associated legally binding contract and was therefore deemed as low risk. Other than this, there was no significant concentration of credit risk.

#### Liquidity risk

The consolidated entity manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and available borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring actual and forecast cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The consolidated entity has a process of monitoring overall cash balances on a strategic long term basis and at an operational level on a weekly basis. This is to ensure ongoing liquidity, prompt decision making and allow proactive communication with its funders.

The consolidated entity's current focus is to ensure it meets debt covenants, reduces debt, reduces costs and focuses on its current operations in the automotive aftercare market.

#### Financing arrangements

In June 2009, the consolidated entity successfully negotiated a new bank bill facility of \$21,921,000 for 5 years and loan note of \$12,000,000 to expire on 31 March 2019. During the 2013 financial year, the consolidated entity has met all of the obligations under the financing arrangements.

#### Remaining contractual maturities

The following tables detail the consolidated entity's remaining contractual maturity for its financial instruments. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the consolidated entity can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows, disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and these totals differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position for interest-bearing liabilities due to the interest component.

2013	Weighted average interest rate	1 year or less	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual maturities
75	%	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Non-derivatives Non-interest bearing						
Trade payables		4,619	-	-	-	4,619
Other payables		1,981	-	-	-	1,981
Deferred cash consideration		785	196	-	-	981
Loan note Interest bearing -		-	-	-	12,000	12,000
variable rate Bank bills Interest bearing fixed	5.34	5,448	-	-	-	5,448
Interest bearing - fixed rate Lease liability	8.76	155	_	_	_	155
Total non-derivatives	0.70	12,988	196	-	12,000	25,184

for the year ended 30 June 2013

2012	Weighted average interest rate	1 year or less	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual maturities
	%	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Non-derivatives Non-interest bearing						
Trade payables		5,177	-	-	-	5,177
Other payables		1,994	-	-	-	1,994
Deferred cash consideration		785	785	196	-	1,766
Loan note Interest bearing -		-	-	-	12,000	12,000
<i>variable rate</i> Bank bills	7.27	3,993	6,286	-	-	10,279
Interest bearing - fixed rate						
Lease liability	8.76	631	154	-	-	785
Total non-derivatives		12,580	7,225	196	12,000	32,001

### Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

The financial instruments recognised at fair value in the statement of financial position have been analysed and classified using a fair value hierarchy reflecting the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial Liabilities				
Interest free loan	-	-	5,436	5,436
Vendor loan	-	943	-	943
16	-	943	5,436	6,379
2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial Liabilities				
Interest free loan	-	-	6,000	6,000
Vendor loan	-	1,635	-	1,635
	-	1,635	6,000	7,635

The fair value of the vendor loans included in Level 2 of the hierarchy has been determined using valuation techniques incorporating observable direct and indirect market data relevant to the company.

The fair value of the interest free loan included in Level 3 of the hierarchy has previously been determined using valuation techniques incorporating observable direct and indirect market data relevant to the company and an estimation of the probability on repaying the full amount of the loan. This has now been valued based on actual settlement value repaid to Westpac on 6 August 2013.

Level 3 interest free loans are reconciled below

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Carrying amount at beginning of year	6,000	5,956
Fair Value adjustment	(564)	44
Carrying amount at end of year	5,436	6,000

for the year ended 30 June 2013

The fair value calculation of the interest free loan included in Level 3 incorporates a probability factor that the loan will be repaid prior to maturity date (refer to note 15). Changing this assumption affects the fair value. For the year ended 30 June 2013 if the probability factor had been 10% higher, profit for the year and equity at the reporting date would have been \$444,877 higher for the consolidated group. If the probability factor had been 10% lower, profit for the year and equity at the reporting date would have been \$444,877 lower for the consolidated group. This sensitivity assumes that the movement in the probability factor is independent of other variables

### Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The consolidated entity's capital includes ordinary share capital, bank bills and loan note, vendor loans and lease liabilities supported by financial assets. There are no externally imposed capital requirements.

	Note	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Borrowings	15	10,884	15,533
Interest free vendor loans	14a	943	1,635
Less: Cash & cash equivalents	7	(19,125)	(3,777)
Net (cash) / debt		(7,298)	13,391
Ordinary Shares (market price)		92,803	40,916
Total capital		85,505	54,307
Gearing ratio		-	25%

Ordinary share value calculated using closing share prices as at 30 June each year.

The consolidated entity may issue new shares or sell assets to either reduce debt or to invest in income producing assets. This is decided on the basis of maximising shareholder returns over the long term.

### Note 22. Key management personnel disclosures

### Directors

The following persons were directors of AMA Group Limited during the financial year:

Duncan Fischer
Simon Doyle
Ray Malone

Non-Executive Chairman Non-Executive Director Executive Director

### Other key management personnel

The following persons also had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the consolidated entity, directly or indirectly, during the financial year:

Ray Smith-Roberts

Chief Operating Officer

### Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity is set out below:

	Short-term benefits \$'000	Long-term benefits \$'000	Post employment benefits \$'000	Share based payments \$'000	Total \$'000
2013 Aggregate	1,298	16	47	323	1,684
2012 Aggregate	1,325	16	103	225	1,669

for the year ended 30 June 2013

### Shareholdings

The number of shares in the parent entity held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

2013	Balance as at 1 July 2012	Received as remuneration	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes	Balance as at 30 June 2013
Duncan Fischer	9,133,334	-	-	-	9,133,334
Simon Doyle	4,062,899	-	-	-	4,062,899
Ray Malone	93,097,619	2,000,000	-	(15,680,000)	79,417,619
Ray Smith-Roberts	7,703,931	1,631,684	-	(1,648,200)	7,687,415
	113,997,783	3,631,684	-	(17,328,200)	100,301,267

2012	Balance as at 1 July 2011	Received as remuneration	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes	Balance as at 30 June 2012
Duncan Fischer	9,133,334	-	-	-	9,133,334
Simon Doyle	4,062,899	-	-	-	4,062,899
Ray Malone	96,943,772	-	-	(3,846,153)	93,097,619
Ray Smith-Roberts	8,748,169	1,996,205	-	(3,040,443)	7,703,931
	118,888,174	1,996,205	-	(6,886,596)	113,997,783

### Options holding

None of the directors or other members of Key Management Personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, held any options over ordinary shares in the parent entity.

### Further disclosures

The consolidated entity has applied the relief outlined in AASB 2008-4, by disclosing the full key management personnel disclosures in the directors' report only, thus not duplicating that information in the financial report. These transferred disclosures have been audited.

### Note 23. Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the Company's auditors or its related practices:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
_Audit or review of the financial reports - Moore Stephens	204	185
	204	185
Taxation Services - Moore Stephens	-	43
	-	43

# Note 24. Contingent liabilities

Unsecured guarantees, indemnities and undertakings have been given by the parent entity in the normal course of business in respect of financial trade arrangements entered into by its discontinuing subsidiaries and a Deed of Cross Guarantee (note 35) was entered into with its continuing subsidiaries during the financial year ended 30 June 2009. It is not practicable to ascertain or estimate the maximum amount for which the parent entity may become liable in respect thereof. At 30 June 2013 no subsidiary was in default in respect of any arrangement guaranteed by the parent entity and all amounts owed have been brought to account as liabilities in the financial statements.

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Bank guarantees	1,858	1,858
	1,858	1,858

On 31 July 2013 the \$1.55m bank guarantee relating to the onerous leases expired without issue. AMA GROUP LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT 2013

for the year ended 30 June 2013

### Note 25. Commitments for expenditure

	Note	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Capital commitments - property, plant & equipment Committed at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities, payable:			
Within one year		-	-
		-	-
Lease commitments – operating			
Committed at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities, payable:			
Within one year		1,899	1,967
One to five years		3,960	2,590
After more than five years		23	-
		5,882	4,557
Lease commitments – finance			
Committed at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities, payable:			
Within one year		-	12
One to five years		-	-
		-	12
less future finance charges		-	(1)
		-	11
Represented as:			
Current commitment	15	-	11
Non-current commitment	15	-	-
		-	11

Property leases periods 1 to 5 years (shown as operating leases) are non-cancellable with rent payable monthly in advance. Contingent rental provisions within lease agreements generally require minimum lease payments be increased by CPI or a percentage factor. Certain agreements have option arrangements to renew the lease for an additional term and an option to purchase the premises at the market price at time of option exercise.

Operating leases of \$154,637 have been recognised as onerous lease liabilities at 30 June 2013 (2012: \$774,968).

Finance leases related to a fork lift which was leased over a five year period with a 20% residual on completion. The lease was secured by a charge over the respective asset financed and this debt has now been fully discharged.

# Note 26. Related party transactions

### Parent entity

The parent and ultimate holding entity is AMA Group Limited.

Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 27.

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 22 and the directors' report.

Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000	
Payment for other expenses:			
Payments were made during the year to the following director			
Silvan Bond Pty Ltd - Rental fees	141	141	
Malone Superannuation Fund - Rental fees	33	33	
Shildplex Pty Ltd - Rental fees	10	10	
Mr Gloss Pty Ltd - Vendor payments & incentives*	656	711	
· · ·	840	898	

### for the year ended 30 June 2013

\*\$Nil was paid and \$70,100 was payable at the reporting date to a director related entity of Ray Malone for employee incentive payments for Mr Gloss Holdings Pty Ltd (excluding any Key Management Personnel), a wholly owned subsidiary of AMA Group Limited. \$600,000 was paid to Mr Gloss Pty Ltd during the year in satisfaction of the outstanding vendor loan liability.

Trade Receivable from and trade payable to related parties

There are no trade receivables from or trade payables to related parties at the end of the reporting period.

#### Loans to/from related parties

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to loans with related parties:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Loans to/from related parties:		
Loan to Mr Gloss Pty Ltd	(750)	(1,350)
715	(750)	(1,350)

The loan from Mr Gloss Pty Ltd, a related entity to Mr Ray Malone, is the total value of outstanding vendor payments payable to Mr Gloss Pty Ltd for the acquisition of the Mr Gloss panel beating business. Security for the vendor loan is outlined at note 14a.

#### Terms and conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates, except for loans to subsidiaries which are non-interest bearing.

## Note 27. Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1:

	<b>O</b> and <b>O</b> and <b>O</b>		Equity	holding
Name of entity	Country of incorporation	Note	2013 %	2012 %
ACN 003 178 327 Pty Ltd	Australia	(b)	-	100
Alanco Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	. ,	100	100
Diesel Test Pty Ltd	Australia	(a)	100	100
ECB Pty Ltd	Australia		100	100
Emission Services Pty Ltd	Australia	(a)	100	100
FluidDrive Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia		100	100
KT Cable Accessories Pty Ltd	Australia		100	100
Mr Gloss Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia		100	100
Perth Brake Parts Pty Ltd	Australia		100	100

(a) Companies are no longer trading

(b) De-registered 07/11/2012

### Note 28. Events occurring after the reporting period

On 31 July 2013 the \$1.55m bank guarantee relating to the onerous leases expired without issue.

On 6 August 2013 the existing Westpac Bank Bills facility and the \$12m Loan Note were fully repaid and these debts have been valued in this report at the amounts actually paid in full and final settlement being \$5,448,157.42 and \$5,435,879.00 respectively. The company has negotiated a new facility which will allow the company to draw-down up to \$6m on normal commercial terms which can be used to help fund earnings accretive acquisitions or other working capital needs.

On 23 August 2013 the company issued 798,910 ordinary shares to employees to satisfy employment arrangements.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2013 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations in future financial years, the results of those operations in future financial years, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

# Note 29. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net operating cash flows

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Profit after income tax	7,190	7,665
Depreciation expense	397	409
Net loss/(profit) on sale of non-current assets	(8)	10
Equity issued in consideration of employment obligations	1,467	596
Doubtful debts	28	2
Stock Obsolescence	59	50
Fair value adjustments	(471)	288
(Increases)/Decreases in Accounts receivable	1980	(3,401)
(Increases)/Decreases in inventories	(930)	(443)
(Increases)/Decreases in tax receivable	-	-
(Increases)/Decreases in deferred tax assets	587	2,277
(Increases)/Decreases in prepayments	(538)	(59)
(Increases)/Decreases in other assets	-	(1)
${\mathbb Z}$ Increases/(Decreases) in Accounts payable	(581)	1,022
Increases/(Decreases) in provision for income tax	981	-
Increases/(Decreases) in deferred tax liabilities	281	(9)
Increases/(Decreases) in employee benefits	298	291
Increases/(Decreases) in other provisions	22	20
Increases/(Decreases) in other liabilities	235	(789)
Net operating cash flows	10,995	7,928

# Note 30. Earnings per share

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Profit after income tax attributable to members of AMA Group Ltd	7,190	7,665
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic	Number	Number
earnings per share Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share	304,459,199	281,749,245
25	304,459,199	281,749,245
SD/		
Earnings from consolidated operations:	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	2.36 2.36	2.72 2.72
Discontinued operations:	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	(0.07) (0.07)	(0.09) (0.09)

Options expired in the 2012 year and were anti-dilutive and thus were not included in the diluted earnings per share calculation for the prior year.

# Note 31. Share-based payments

### Options

The Company has adopted an Employee Share Option Plan for the benefit of executive and non-executive Directors and full-time or part-time staff members employed by the Company. At the date of this report options had been issued pursuant to the Employee Share Option Plan. Each option was issued for a period of 3 years and vest over 3 years or quarterly in arrears over 3 years.

The exercise price is based on a minimum of 100% of the average ASX closing price for the 5 days prior to offer/acceptance of the options.

No options were issued under the plan during the financial year ended 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2012.

Set out on the next page are summaries of options granted under the plan:

for the year ended 30 June 2013

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited	Balance at the end of the year
2013			-			-	-
				-	-	-	-
<b>2012</b> 30/03/2007	30/04/2012	\$ 0.46	48,000			(48,000)	-
			48,000	-	-	(48,000)	-

At the date of this report no options under the plan remain.

Reconciliation of outstanding share based payment of options.

65	2013		2012			
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	ave exe	ghted rage rcise ice	
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-	48,000	\$	0.46	
Lapsed during the year	-	-	(48,000)	\$	0.46	
Balance at the end of the year	-	-	-		-	
Exercisable at the end of the year	-	-	-		-	

There were no options outstanding at the end of the year. (2012: remaining contractual life of 0 years).

The fair value of options lapsed were measured using "Black-Scholes" option pricing model and the inputs to it were as follows:

Exercise Price	\$0.40 to \$0.57
Expected Volatility	45.00 - 65.00%
Option Life	5 years
Dividend Yield	0.00 - 8.00%
Risk-free interest rate	6.30%

### Shares

At 30 June 2013, the Company had accrued a bonus entitlement for employees to the value of \$253,992, which appeared under employee benefits expense in the statement of comprehensive income. Subsequent to 30 June 2013, the employees elected to receive this bonus entitlement in ordinary shares, which were issued on 23 August 2013. The quantity of shares to be issued, 798,910 was based on a ten day weighted average market price of the Company's shares up to 21 August 2013.

At 30 June 2012, the Company had accrued a bonus entitlement for employees to the value of \$301,588, which appeared under employee benefits expense in the statement of comprehensive income. Subsequent to 30 June 2012, the employees elected to receive this bonus entitlement in ordinary shares, which were issued during the month of September 2012. The quantity of shares to be issued, 1,507,938 was based on a ten day weighted average market price of the Company's shares up to 19 September 2012.

## Note 32. Parent Information

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent and has been prepared in accordance with accounting standards.

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Assets		
Current assets	17,743	3,612
Total assets*	43,386	30,191
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	8,041	4,945
Total liabilities*	46,133	41,039

for the year ended 30 June 2013

Equity		
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		
Contributed equity	73,971	57,816
Reserves	-	47
Accumulated losses	(76,718)	(68,711)
Total equity	(2,747)	(10,848)

\*Total assets & total liabilities in the comparative period figures have been adjusted to re-assign intercompany balances owed by the parent entity to show them as non-current liabilities. They had previously been netted against intercompany loans owed to the parent entity in non-current assets.

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	(3,477)	(607)
Total comprehensive income /(loss)	(3,477)	(607)

### Guarantees and contingent liabilities

Refer to note 24 for details of guarantees and contingent liabilities.

### **Contractual commitments**

Refer to note 25 for details of contractual commitments.

# Note 33.Reconciliation of EBIT from Continuing Operations to Total GroupEBIT from Continuing and Discontinued Operations

(0)	Note	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
EBIT from continuing operations Loss after tax from discontinued operations	34b	9,208 (225)	11,064 (250)
Income tax expense on discontinued operations	34c	186	200
Total Group EBIT from continuing and discontinued operations		9,169	11,014

## Note 34. Discontinued Operations

(a) The following entities were classified as discontinued operations for the years ended 30 June 2013 and 2012:

Diesel Test Pty Ltd

Emission Services Pty Ltd

ACN 003 178 327 Pty Ltd (formerly Autolac Pty Ltd) – De-registered 07/11/2012

Dyno Dynamics Pty Ltd (administration) – De-registered 20/01/2013

(b) The loss for the year from discontinued operations is analysed as per the schedule below:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Loss after tax from discontinued operations for the financial year		
(note 34c)	225	250
□	225	250

(c) The following were the results for the discontinued operations for the financial year:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Revenue	-	-
Direct costs and overheads	39	47
Depreciation and impairment expense	-	3
Loss before tax	39	50
Income tax expense	186	200
Loss after tax from discontinued operations for the financial year	225	250

for the year ended 30 June 2013

The net cash flows of the discontinued operations which have been incorporated into the statement of cash flows are as follows:

	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(39)	(46)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	659	521
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	(620)	(649)
Net cash increase/(decrease) in cash generated by the discontinuing		(174)
division	(0)	(174)

# Note 35. Class order disclosures

### **Closed group class order disclosures**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1:

Name of ontity	Country of	Equity holding	
Name of entity	incorporation	2013 %	2012 %
Alanco Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	100.0	100.0
ECB Pty Ltd	Australia	100.0	100.0
FluidDrive Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia	100.0	100.0
KT Cable Accessories Pty Ltd	Australia	100.0	100.0
Mr Gloss Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia	100.0	100.0
Perth Brake Parts Pty Ltd	Australia	100.0	100.0

The trustee to this deed of cross guarantee is AMA 1 Pty Ltd which is not a member of the consolidated group.

### Entities subject to class order relief

Pursuant to Class Order 98/1418, relief has been granted to the above entities from the Corporations Act 2001 requirements for preparation, audit and lodgement of their financial reports.

As a condition of the Class Order the above entities entered into a Deed of Cross Guarantee on 16 March 2009. The effect of the deed is that AMA Group Limited has guaranteed to pay any deficiency in the event of winding up of a controlled entity or if they do not meet their obligations under the terms of overdrafts, loans, leases or other liabilities subject to guarantee. The controlled entities have also given a similar guarantee in the event that AMA Group Limited is wound up or if it does not meet its obligations under the terms of overdrafts, loans, leases, or other liabilities subject to the guarantee.

If the Deed of Cross Guarantee and the subsequent closed group disclosures were contained in the accounts of AMA Group Limited, then an assessment would need to be made as to the fair value of the Deed of Cross Guarantee (as a financial guarantee to the Parent) and the details of the valuation and significant assumptions, estimate and judgements used within that valuation would need to be disclosed. Please refer to the disclosure surrounding financial guarantees in the financial statements of AMA Group Limited (see note 24) for further information on financial guarantees.

The continuing entities and only the continuing entities are included in the deed of cross guarantee. The Statement of Comprehensive Income of the entities that are members of the Closed Group is reflected in the continuing entities Statement of Comprehensive Income. The consolidated statement of financial position of the entities that are members of the Closed Group is as shown on the next page:

for the year ended 30 June 2013

# **Statement of Financial Position**

As at 30 June 2013

	Closed g	
	30 June 2013 \$'000	30 June 2012 \$'000
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	19,125	3,77
Trade and other receivables	9,035	11,04
Inventories	5,741	4,86
Current tax assets	-,	.,
Other	543	44
Total current assets	34,444	20,13
Non-current assets		
Receivables from related entities	2,135	3,64
Property, plant and equipment	1,561	1,92
Deferred tax assets	3,700	4,28
Intangibles	27,271	27,25
Other	441	
Total non-current assets	35,108	37,11
Total assets	69,552	57,25
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	7,169	7,71
Borrowings	5,448	3,51
Current tax payable	981	-,
Provisions	1,812	1,54
Total current liabilities	15,410	12,77
Non-current liabilities		
Borrowings	5,436	12,02
Deferred tax Liabilities	2,438	2,15
Provisions	257	20
Other	194	93
Total non-current liabilities	8,325	15,32
Total liabilities	23,735	28,09
Net assets	45,817	29,15
Equity		
Contributed equity	73,971	57,81
Reserves	, _	. 4
Accumulated losses	(28,154)	(28,70
Total equity	45,817	29,15

AMA GROUP LIMITED

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Operating Specialised Automative Aftercare and Accessory Companies

# DIRECTORS' DECLARATION













# **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 19 to 61 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
  - (a) comply with Accounting Standards, which as stated in accounting policy note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
  - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the consolidated entity;
  - the Chief Executive Officer and Group Accountant have each declared that:
  - (a) the financial records of the consolidated entity for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;
  - (b) the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and
  - (c) the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view.

in the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The company and a number of its subsidiaries have entered into a deed of cross guarantee under which the company and those subsidiaries guarantee the debts of each other. At the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the parties to this deed of cross guarantee will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are or may become, subject to by virtue of the deed.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Duncan Fischer Chairman Dated this 28<sup>th</sup> day of August 2013 Melbourne



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Operating Specialised Automative Aftercare and Accessory Companies

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT













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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMA GROUP LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

#### Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of AMA Group Limited and Controlled Entities (the "consolidated entity"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company AMA Group Limited and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial period.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of AMA Group Limited are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Moore Stephens ABN 39 533 589 333. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. An independent member of Moore Stephens International Limited – members in principal cities throughout the world. The Melbourne Moore Stephens firm is not a partner or agent of any other Moore Stephens firm. And is a separate partnership in Victoria.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial report of AMA Group Limited and Controlled Entities is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and

MOORE STEPHENS

- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

### Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 11 to 15 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2013. The directors of AMA Group Limited are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

#### Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion the remuneration report of AMA Group Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013 complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

### Matters relating to the Electronic Presentation of Audited Financial Report

The audit report relates to the financial report of the consolidated entity for the year ended 30 June 2013 included on the website of AMA Group Limited. The directors of AMA Group Limited are responsible for the integrity of the website and we have not been engaged to report on its integrity.

This audit report refers only to the financial report identified above and its does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to or from the financial report. If users of this financial report are concerned about the inherent risks arising from the electronic data communications, they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report presented on the consolidate entity's website.

MOORE STEPHENS Chartered Accountants

Rami Eltchelebi Partner

Melbourne 28 August 2013

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Operating Specialised Automative Aftercare and Accessory Companies

# **SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION** 2013

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### Number of holders of equity securities

331,438,776 fully paid ordinary shares are held by 1,333 individual holders. There are no unquoted options over ordinary shares held.

### **Distribution of equitable securities**

Analysis of number of equitable security holders by size of holding:

				Holders	Ordinary Shares
$\bigcirc$	1	to	1,000	61	18,826
	1,001	to	5,000	207	662,301
	5,001	to	10,000	176	1,433,474
	10,001	to	100,000	676	25,185,766
	100,001	and ov	er	213	304,138,409
Tota	I			1,333	331,438,776
Hold	ing less thar	n a marke	etable parcel	77	37,728

## **Equity security holders**

### Twenty largest quoted equity security holders

The names of the twenty largest security holders of quoted equity securities are listed below:

Ordinary Shareholder	Number held	% of total shares held
Mr Gloss Pty Limited	67,961,015	20.50%
National Nominees Limited	22,936,491	6.92%
RBC Investor Services Australia Nominees Pty Ltd <pi a="" c="" pooled=""></pi>	22,474,649	6.78%
UBS Nominees Pty Ltd	21,126,060	6.37%
J P Morgan Nominees Australia Limited	9,175,890	2.77%
Mr Raymond Malone & Mrs Leona Malone < The Malone Super Fund A/c>	8,490,335	2.56%
Mr Stephen Shostak	7,782,500	2.35%
Aust Executor Trustees SA Ltd <tea custodians="" limited=""></tea>	7,614,726	2.30%
Jorgen Pty Ltd <fischer a="" c="" fund="" super=""></fischer>	7,333,334	2.21%
Mr Richard Calver	7,210,000	2.18%
Mr Lachlan McGillivray	7,129,796	2.15%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Ltd	5,586,468	1.69%
SRFE Pty Ltd <srfe a="" c="" family=""></srfe>	5,500,000	1.66%
Yerrus Holdings Pty Ltd <surrey a="" c="" panels="" pension=""></surrey>	4,802,404	1.45%
Atlas Capital Pty Ltd < Doyle Superannuation A/c>	4,062,899	1.23%
BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd <drp></drp>	3,963,933	1.20%
Jese Pty Ltd <the a="" c="" family="" leadbetter=""></the>	3,674,669	1.11%
Mr Ian Lindeman & Mrs Margaret Lindeman <ic &="" a="" c="" lindeman="" m="" super=""></ic>	3,577,230	1.08%
Mr Peter Heard	2,750,000	0.83%
Stirling Crescent Pty Ltd <stirling a="" c="" crescent="" unit=""></stirling>	2,637,000	0.80%
	225,789,399	68.12%

## Substantial holders

The Company does not hold any current substantial holder notifications in accordance with section 671B of the Corporations Act.

# SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION as at 20 August 2013

# **Voting rights**

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares are set out below:

### **Ordinary shares**

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

There are no other classes of equity securities.

### Listing rule 14.10.19

The entity used the cash and assets in a form readily convertible to cash that it had at the time of admission consistently with its business objectives.

# **Shareholder enquiries**

Shareholders with enquiries about their shareholdings should contact the share registry:

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Yarra Falls, 452 Johnston Street, Abbotsford, Victoria 3067 Phone: +61 3 9415 4000 Fax: +61 3 9473 2500 Email: <u>essential.registry@computershare.com.au</u>

## Change of address, change of name, consolidation of shareholdings

Shareholders should contact the Share Registry to obtain details of the procedure required for any of these changes.

## **Annual report**

Shareholders do not automatically receive a hard copy of the Company's Annual Report unless they notify the Share Registry in writing. An electronic copy of the Annual Report can be viewed on the Company's website www.amagroupltd.com

# **Tax file numbers**

It is important that Australian resident shareholders, including children, have their tax file number or exemption details noted by the Share Registry.

### **CHESS (Clearing House Electronic Sub-register System)**

Shareholders wishing to move to uncertified holdings under the Australian Stock Exchange CHESS system should contact their stockbroker.

### **Uncertified share register**

Shareholding statements are issued at the end of each month that there is a transaction that alters the balance of an individual/company's holding.

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50<sup>60</sup> 80<sup>10</sup> 12

Operating Specialised Automative Aftercare and Accessory Companies

# CORPORATE DIRECTORY













# **CORPORATE DIRECTORY**

### Directors

Duncan Fischer Ray Malone Simon Doyle

Non-Executive Chairman **Executive Director** Non-Executive Director

### **Company Secretarial**

Phillip Hains Terri Bakos

### **Registered Office**

Suite 1, 1233 High Street, Armadale, Victoria, 3143

### Solicitors

Foster Nicholson Jones Lawyers Level 6, 406 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, 3000

### Auditors

Moore Stephens Level 10, 530 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, 3000

### Share Register

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Yarra Falls, 452 Johnston Street, Abbotsford, Victoria, 3067 P: +61 3 9415 4000 F: +61 3 9473 2500 W: www.computershare.com.au

### Bankers

Westpac Banking Corporation GPO Box 4045, Sydney, New South Wales, 2001

### **Quoted Securities**

Ordinary Shares - ASX Code: AMA

### Website and Email

W: www.amagroupltd.com E: info@amagroupltd.com

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**Operating Specialised Automotive Aftercare and Accessory Companies** 



ECB Pty Ltd 29 Snook Street, Clontarf, QLD 4019 07 3897 5700 www.ecb.com.au



Mr Gloss Holdings Pty Ltd 8-14 Kilpa Road, Moorabbin, VIC 3189 03 9555 8997



FluidDrive Holdings Pty Ltd 70 Raglan Street, Preston, VIC 3072 03 9480 0988 www.fluiddrive.com.au

Focused on the wholesale vehicle aftercare and accessories market, including smash repair shops, automotive and electrical components, vehicle protection bullbars and servicing workshops for brakes and transmissions, AMA Group Ltd (ASX:AMA) was listed on the Australian Stock Exchange on 31 August, 2006.

The Company is a leader in this sector, Operating Specialised Automotive Aftercare and Accessory Companies, each with a commitment to excellence in customer service, cost effective operations, and sector leading brands.

The Company is intensely focused on investing in its people and customers, delivering strong organic growth, and maintaining a focus on shareholder value.



Connecting Through Innovation!

KT Cable Accessories Pty Ltd 34 Notar Drive, Ormeau, QLD 4208 07 5540 7877 www.ktcables.com.au



Alanco Australia Pty Ltd Unit 2, 83-85 Welshpool Road, Welshpool, WA 6106 08 9358 7000 www.alanco.com.au



Perth Brake Parts Pty Ltd 20 Bellows Street, Welshpool, WA 6106 08 9451 9455 www.perthbrakeparts.com.au



IAMA