

ASX RELEASE

30 September 2025

DIRECTORS / MANAGEMENT

Russell Davis
Chairman

Daniel Thomas Managing Director

David ChurchNon-Executive Director

James Croser
Non-Executive Director

Mark Pitts
Company Secretary

Mark Whittle
Chief Operating Officer

Greg Amalric
Manager Exploration & Discovery

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

ASX Code: HMX

 Share Price (29/09/2025)
 \$0.037

 Shares on Issue
 893m

 Market Cap
 \$33m

 Options Unlisted
 24.5m

 Performance Rights
 8.5m

 Cash (30/06/2025)
 \$2.6m

For

30 JUNE 2025 FINANCIAL REPORT

Hammer Metals Limited (ASX:HMX) ("Hammer" or the "Company") attaches the Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

This announcement has been authorised for issue Mark Pitts, Company Secretary, Hammer Metals Limited in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 15.5.

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HAMMER METALS LIMITED

ABN 87 095 092 158

FINANCIAL REPORT

30 JUNE 2025





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Competent Person Statements

The information in this report as it relates to exploration results and geology was compiled by Mr. Mark Whittle, who is a Fellow of the AusIMM and an employee of the Company. Mr. Whittle, who is a shareholder and option-holder, has sufficient experience which is relevant to the styles of mineralisation and types of deposit under consideration and to the activities which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr. Whittle consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Where reference is made to previous announcements of mineral resource estimates, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in those announcements and all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the mineral resource estimates included in those announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of Hammer Metals Limited ("the Company" or "Hammer") and of the Group, comprising the Company and its subsidiaries, for the year ended 30 June 2025 and the auditor's report thereon.

1. DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the financial year or since the end of the financial year are set out below.

Russell Davis – Non-Executive Chairman BSc (Honours) MBA MAusIMM

Russell Davis is a Geologist with over 40 years' experience in the mineral resources business. He has worked on the exploration and development of a range of commodities for a number of international and Australian companies, holding senior technical and corporate positions including Chief Mine Geologist, Exploration Manager and Managing Director. Mr Davis was a founding Director of Gold Road Resources Limited in 2005 and continued as an Executive then Non-executive Director until June 2016. Mr Davis was also founding Director of Syndicated Metals Limited in 2007 and Managing Director up to March 2012. Mr Davis has been a Director of Hammer Metals (Australia) Pty Ltd since its inception in 2012.

Daniel Thomas – Managing Director BSc, MBA

Daniel Thomas has over 20 years' experience in operations, corporate development, project management and project finance having completed undergraduate studies in Chemistry and Geology as well as attaining an MBA from the Melbourne Business School. During his career, Mr Thomas has worked across Australia, North America, Asia and Africa, in a wide range of commodities, including base and precious metals. Mr Thomas' most recent role before joining the Company was as Business Development Manager at Sandfire Resources (ASX:SFR), where he was instrumental in utilising cash-flows generated by the DeGrussa Copper-Gold Mine to grow the Company both organically through exploration and through business development initiatives, including several acquisitions, investments and joint ventures. Prior to his time at Sandfire Resources Limited, Mr Thomas held roles with Wesfarmers, PTT Asia Pacific Mining and Mitsui E&P Australia.

David Church – Non-Executive Director LLB, BEc

David Church is currently a Partner in the national legal firm Thompson Geer. Mr Church is a qualified solicitor and has previously practiced in England and Wales and Hong Kong with Linklaters. Mr Church was also the head of mergers and acquisitions for Regent Pacific Group Limited, a Hong Kong listed investment company, for over 13 years.

James Croser – Non-Executive Director BEng (Mining Engineering)

James Croser has over 25 years of experience in operational and executive roles with a strong track record in guiding junior ASX companies through periods of significant growth. Most recently, Mr Croser was a founding Director in the establishment of Red Dirt Metals (now Delta Lithium – ASX:DLI) and the discovery of the Mt Ida lithium deposit in WA.



2. DIRECTORSHIPS OF OTHER LISTED COMPANIES

Directorships of other ASX listed companies held by Directors in the 3 years immediately before the end of the financial year are as follows:

Name	Company	Period of Directorship
Russell Davis	M3 Mining Limited	July 2022 – April 2025 ¹
Daniel Thomas	None	-
David Church	Caprice Resources Limited	October 2019 – February 2024
James Croser	Delta Lithium Limited	December 2021 – current
	Greenstone Resources Limited	November 2023 – June 2024

^{1 –} Mr Davis was a director of M3 Mining Limited prior to its listing on the Australian Securities Exchange in July 2023.

3. COMPANY SECRETARY

Mark Pitts – Company Secretary B.Bus, FCA, GAICD

Mr Pitts is a Chartered Accountant with over 35 years' experience in statutory reporting and business administration. He has been directly involved with, and consulted to, a number of public companies holding senior financial management positions.

4. DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' meetings held, and the number of meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during their term in office in the financial year is as follows.

Director	Meetings held while in office	Meetings attended
Mr R Davis	6	6
Mr D Thomas	6	6
Mr D Church	6	6
Mr J Croser	6	6

The Company does not have any committees. Matters usually considered by an audit, remuneration or nomination committee were dealt with by the whole Board during regular Board meetings.

5. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Group during the course of the financial year was mineral exploration in Australia.

6. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group incurred an after-tax loss for the year of \$2,923,316 (2024: profit of \$6,270,584).

Corporate:

The following issues of ordinary shares were completed during the year:

• 28 October 2024 - a total of 1,351,351 ordinary shares at a deemed price of \$0.04 per share were issued in partial satisfaction of the consideration to acquire an option over the Lady Jenny prospect.



During the financial year 9,100,000 options lapsed unexercised and 10,500,000 new options were issued. No options were converted.

During the financial year, 4,500,000 performance rights were granted and 3,000,000 expired. No rights were converted.

Since the end of the financial year, no options or rights have been granted or expired, and 5,000,000 vested performance rights have been converted into ordinary shares.

Exploration Activities:

Hammer is currently exploring in two world-class minerals provinces, focused on the discovery of copper and gold deposits. In the Mount Isa region, the Group continued an aggressive exploration program unearthing a number of encouraging copper/gold exploration targets. Hammer continues to advance its exploration activities in the Yandal Belt in WA, with the emergence of several prospective gold targets near the former Bronzewing gold mine.

Queensland - Mount Isa Region Projects

In the Mount Isa base metals district, Hammer has five projects with established copper-gold-molybdenum JORC resources. The Group is committed to growing its metal inventory near these existing resources, in addition to exploring the district for large iron oxide copper-gold (IOCG) deposits of the Ernest Henry style). The Group holds approximately 3,600 km² of tenure in the Mt. Isa region

In 2024, Hammer Metals reshaped its Mount Isa portfolio, entering four new Joint Ventures across a small portion of its exploration tenure. Hammer now has six joint venture interests covering ~940km² out of its ~3,600km² position in the Mount Isa region. Hammer has retained a 100% interest in ~1,900km² of tenure and a 100% interest in its JORC compliant Mineral Resources at Kalman, Overlander, Elaine and Lakeview.

New Joint Ventures over highly prospective terrain were established with Sumitomo Metals Mining Oceania ("SMMO") and South32. These projects have been established with the aim of defining a large Tier 1 mineral systems such as Ernest Henry and the Mount Isa Copper/Lead/Zinc systems. During the financial year, Hammer also secured an Option to acquire an 80% interest in the Lady Jenny Mining Leases.

Mount Isa Project – wholly-owned projects

Hammer's activities during the year focussed on the exploration of promising copper gold systems at Tourist Zone, Mascotte, Revenue and nearby Kalman. Key results achieved during the year include (refer ASX Announcement dated 17 June 2025):

Tourist Zone

- o 35m at 0.55% Cu and 0.10g/t Au from 35m in HMTZRC003, including 5m at 1.3% Cu and 0.18g/t Au from 63m; and
- 26m at 0.50% Cu and 0.12g/t Au from 133m in HMTZRC004

Mascotte

6m @ 1.25% Cu and 0.23g/t Au from 111m in HMMARC014, including 2m @ 2.80% Cu and 0.39g/t Au from 111m.

Hammer also completed broad ranging geochemistry programs identifying new targets at the Sisters, Green Creek, Keyser and around the Kalman deposit. New tenure at Dipvale and Fort William were also acquired during the year.



Joint Ventures and Earn-in Programs

Lady Jenny (Hammer Option to Earn up to an 80% interest)

The Lady Jenny Mining Leases (ML2701 and ML90601) cover an area of approximately 26Ha with the Lady Jenny copper trend appearing to plunge shallowly to moderately north-north-east into Hammer's surrounding exploration permit. Hammer's initial exploration program at Lady Jenny intersected copper and gold mineralisation in all holes drilled under the historical pit, confirming a strike extent of ~180m. Highlights from these first intercepts include (refer ASX Announcement dated 20 February 2025):

- 32m at 1.05% Cu and 0.22g/t Au from 14m in HMLJRC005 estimated true width ~25m, including 20m at 1.35%
 Cu and 0.30g/t Au from 16m;
- \circ 26m at 0.67% Cu and 0.34g/t Au from 37m in HMLJRC008 estimated true width ~21m, including 1m at 9.08% Cu and 4.4g/t Au from 42m; and
- 15m at 1.10% Cu and 0.11g/t Au from 11m in HMLJRC003 estimated true width 10m.

Mount Hope JV (Hammer -49% interest)

Hammer retains a 49% interest in the three Mount Hope sub-blocks that have granted to Carnaby. Upon a decision to mine, Carnaby will pay Hammer \$5million in cash. Hammer will retain a 30% equity interest and will be free carried by Carnaby to production from the three Sub-Blocks. Exploration activities continued throughout the year on the sub-blocks.

Bullrush JV (SMMO earning up to a 60-80% interest)

The Bullrush Project has geophysical signatures that are suggestive of IOCG mineralisation beneath cover. Hammer completed a 4-hole, 2,262m drill program testing IOCG targets in the Malbon region ~60km south of Cloncurry. Favourable zones of brecciation and alteration observed through numerous zones within the granite which provides a proof-of-concept drill test of the Wimberu Intrusive Complex to host a large Iron Oxide Copper-Gold (IOCG) system. Geophysical programs are ongoing with further drilling planned in the December quarter.

Mt Isa East Joint Venture ("MIEJV") (Hammer's Current Ownership ~40%)

Work on the MIEJV continued throughout the year with soil sampling and geological reviews along the Jimmy Creek, Dronfield and Malbon. A number of potential drilling targets have been identified.

<u>Isa Valley JV (South32 Option to Earn up to an 80% interest)</u>

An ionic leach soil sampling program was completed along the highly prospective Mount Isa fault structure with anomalous zinc and lead geochemistry appearing coincident with a stratigraphic VTEM conductor. South32 has elected to continue in the Joint Venture with a drilling program scheduled for October.

Western Australia - Bronzewing South Project

Hammer's tenements cover prospective structural trends in the core of the Yandal Greenstone Belt. This region has reported greater than 24Moz of current and historical gold production from deposits such as Bronzewing, Jundee, Mt McClure, Darlot and Thunderbox. The company successfully applied for new tenure in the region increasing its footprint in the Yandal gold province to ~730km² of tenure. The new tenements are located between the Bronzewing and Thunderbox mining projects and been subjected to minimal levels of gold exploration.

Hammer's comprehensive exploration and geological review of its Yandal Gold Project in WA resulted in the definition of several new drilling targets at Bronzewing South and Ken's Bore. Hammer's review focused on the significant potential of the Bronzewing South Project, where effective exploration has been restricted prior to Hammer's acquisition of the ground primarily due to a protracted legal dispute and depressed gold prices.

A detailed air core program was completed at Hammer's targets at Sword, Bower and Harrier during the period with several gold anomalies identified in drilling with key intercepts including (refer ASX Announcement dated 1 October 2024):

- o 1m at 0.84g/t Au from 31m within an outer envelope of 32m at 0.07g/t Au from 16m in BWSAC0942; and
- o 1m at 0.66g/t Au from 25m with an outer envelope of 49m at 0.07g/t Au from 25m in BWSAC0937.
- 8 metres at 0.12g/t Au from surface in BWSAC0890;



Metallurgical test work of ore from Hammer's Orelia gold deposit was completed during the year with gold recoveries ranging between 90% and 96% with an average of 94.5% from the test work (refer ASX Announcement dated 21 October 2024). High recoveries and low tail grades are encouraging and indicate that Orelia North gold mineralisation will respond well during cyanide hydrometallurgical processing.

Risk Management:

The Company takes a proactive approach to risk management. The Board is responsible for ensuring that risks, including emerging risks, and also opportunities, are identified on a timely basis and the Company's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks and opportunities identified by the Board.

Given the size of the Company and its stage of development all Board members are involved and have responsibility for management of risk. Day to day management of risks are delegated to the Managing Director.

Material business risks

There are inherent risks associated with the exploration for minerals. The Group faces the usual risks encountered by companies engaged in the exploration, evaluation and development of minerals. The material business risks for the Group include:

External Risks

Environmental risks

The Company's operations and projects are subject to the laws and regulations of the jurisdictions in which it has interests and carries on business (Queensland and Western Australia) regarding environmental compliance and relevant hazards. There is also a risk that the environmental laws and regulations may become more onerous, making the Group's operations more expensive which may adversely affect the financial position and /or performance of the Group. The Directors are not aware of any environmental law that is not being complied with.

The Company may be impacted by climate related risks including reduced water availability, extreme weather events and changes to legislation and regulation in relation to climate.

Government regulations and claims risks

Changes in law and regulations or government policy may adversely affect the Group's operations. There is no guarantee that current or future exploration claim applications or existing claim renewals will be granted, that they will be granted without undue delay, or that the Company can economically comply with any conditions imposed on any granted exploration claims. Loss of claims may adversely affect the financial position and /or performance of the Group. Management maintains close contact with relevant Departments and industry bodies to monitor changes and proposed changes in regulation and policy.

Cyber risk

The Group uses various IT systems and cloud based software. Should a cyber event occur, there is a risk of business disruption or data breach that may adversely affect the financial position and/or performance of the Group.

Operating Risks

Exploration and development risk

The exploration for and development of mineral deposits involves significant risks that even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. While the discovery of an ore body may result in substantial rewards, not all exploration activity will lead to the discovery of economic deposits. Major expenditure may be required to locate and establish Ore Reserves, to establish rights to mine the ground, to receive all necessary operating permits, to develop metallurgical processes and to construct mining and processing facilities at a particular site.

Mineral Resources

The Group's estimates of Mineral Resources are based on different levels of geological confidence and different degrees of technical and economic evaluation, and no assurance can be given that anticipated tonnages and grades will be achieved or could be mined or processed profitably.

In addition to the risks described above, the Group's ability to successfully develop projects is contingent on the Group's ability to fund those projects through debt or equity raisings.



7. DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared by the Company during the financial year.

8. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

Subsequent to year end the following events have occurred:

- On 17 September 2025, 5,000,000 vested performance rights were converted into ordinary shares in the Company.
- During September 2025 the Company sold 6,366,001 of the shares held in Carnaby Resources Limited (ASX:CNB), raising approximately \$1.9m.

Other than the above, there has not been any other matter or circumstance that has arisen after balance date that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial periods.

9. LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

The Company will continue planning and executing exploration and development work on its existing projects in Australia as well as reviewing projects in Australia to complement and expand on existing tenement holdings.

10. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interest of each Director in the shares and options of the Company as notified by the Directors to the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with S205G(1) of the Corporations Act 2001, at the date of this report is as follows:

Director	Ordinary shares	Unlisted options	Performance Rights
Mr R Davis	45,500,000	4,000,000	-
Mr D Thomas	9,833,334	4,000,000	7,000,000
Mr D Church	1,052,631	4,000,000	-
Mr J Croser	-	4,000,000	-

The above table includes indirect shareholdings held by related parties to the directors.

11. ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

In the course of its normal mining and exploration activities Hammer adheres to environmental regulations imposed on it by the various regulatory authorities, particularly those regulations relating to ground disturbance and the protection of rare and endangered flora and fauna.

Hammer has complied with all material environmental requirements up to the date of this report. The Board believes that Hammer has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements and is not aware of any breach of these environmental requirements as they apply to it.

12. REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

12.1 Principles of compensation

Remuneration levels for key management personnel and other staff of Hammer are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced personnel and therefore includes a combination of cash paid and the issuance of options and rights. Key management personnel comprise the directors of the Company and senior executives for Hammer. Staff remuneration is reviewed annually.

Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth

In establishing performance measures and benchmarks to ensure incentive plans are appropriately structured to align corporate behaviour with the long-term creation of shareholder wealth, the Board has regard for the stage of development of the Company's business, share price, operational and business development achievements (including results of exploration activities) that are of future benefit to the Company.



In considering Hammer's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the Board have regarded the following indices in respect to the current and previous four financial years:

	2025	2024	2023	2021	2019
Gain/(Loss) per share (cents)	(0.33)	0.71	(0.16)	(0.08)	(0.08)
Net (loss)/profit (\$)	(2,923,316)	6,270,584	(1,285,536)	(645,270)	(611,525)
Share price at 30 June	\$0.028	\$0.037	\$0.061	\$0.045	\$0.092

Service contracts

Daniel Thomas – Managing Director:

The Company entered into an Executive Service agreement with Mr Thomas on 1 August 2022, which was revised on 1 July 2024. An Executive service fee of \$300,000 (plus superannuation) per annum is payable with an indefinite term. Either Party can terminate the agreement subject to a three-month notice period. Mr Thomas is not entitled to any termination payments other than for services rendered at time of termination.

Mark Pitts - Company Secretary

Mr Pitts is a Principal in the Company Secretarial and CFO advisory divisions of the Automic Group providing secretarial support and corporate and compliance advice, pursuant to a contract with the Company. The contract has no fixed term with the option of termination by either party with two months' written notice. Mr Pitts is not entitled to any termination payments other than for services rendered at time of termination.

Non-executive directors

Effective from 1 July 2024, all non-executive Directors receive a fixed annual Directors' fee of \$50,000 (plus superannuation benefits as required under the applicable legislation). The Chair receives a fixed annual fee of \$75,000 (plus superannuation benefits as required under the applicable legislation).

The maximum aggregate amount of non-executive Directors' fees payable by the Company as approved by the shareholders at the 2011 annual general meeting is \$300,000 per annum.

Share trading policy

In December 2010, Hammer introduced a share trading policy which sets out the circumstances in which directors, executives, employees and other designated persons may deal with securities held by them in the Company. This includes any shares or any other securities issued by the Company such as options. The policy includes restriction on key management personnel and other employees from entering into arrangements that limit their exposure to losses that would result from share price decreases. Entering into such arrangements has been prohibited by law since 1 July 2011.



12.2 Directors' and senior executives' remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of the remuneration of each director of the Company and other key management personnel of the Group are:

Year Ended 30 June 2025		Short term		Long term			Proportion of	Value of options and
Directors	Salary & fees \$	Consulting fees \$	Movement in leave accruals ¹	Superannuation benefits	Options and Rights \$	Total \$	remuneration performance related %	rights as proportion of remuneration %
Executive								
Mr D Thomas	304,568	-	(1,786)	29,932	192,346	525,060	36.6%	36.6%
Non-executive								
Mr R Davis	75,000	-	-	8,625	36,100	119,725	-	30.2%
Mr D Church	50,000	-	-	5,750	15,100	70,850	-	21.3%
Mr J Croser	50,000	-	-	5,750	-	55,750	-	-
Total - Directors	479,568	-	(1,786)	50,057	243,546	771,385	24.9%	31.6%
Other Key Management Personnel Executives								
Mr M Pitts (Company Secretary)	66,100	-	-	-	-	66,100	-	-
Total – all key management personnel	545,668	-	(1,786)	50,057	243,546	837,485	23.0%	29.1%

^{1 –} Represents the accounting value of the movement in accrued leave liabilities, and not amounts paid to the member of Key Management Personnel.





Year Ended 30 June 2024		Short term Long term			Proportion of	Value of options and		
Directors	Salary & fees \$	Consulting fees \$	Movement in leave accruals ¹	Superannuation benefits \$	Options and Rights \$	Total \$	remuneration performance related %	rights as proportion of remuneration %
Executive								
Mr D Thomas	277,851	-	9,260	28,711	218,004	533,826	33.4%	40.8%
Non-executive								
Mr R Davis	67,568	-	-	7,432	-	75,000	-	-
Mr D Church	45,045	-	-	4,955	29,850	79,850	-	37.4%
Mr J Croser ²	36,787	-	-	4,047	103,200	144,034	-	71.6%
Mr Z Lubieniecki ³	8,383	3,000	-	922	-	12,305	-	-
Total - Directors	435,634	3,000	9,260	46,067	351,054	845,015	21.1%	41.5%
Other Key Management Personnel								
Executives Mr M Pitts (Company Secretary)	69,975	-	-	-	-	69,975	-	-
Total – all key management personnel	505,609	3,000	9,260	46,067	351,054	914,990	19.5%	38.4%

^{1 –} Represents the accounting value of the movement in accrued leave liabilities and not amounts paid to the member of Key Management Personnel.

^{2 –} Appointed 8 September 2023

^{3 –} Resigned 7 September 2023



12.3 Value of options to key management personnel

The value of options will only be realised if and when the market price of the Company shares, as quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange, rises above the Exercise Price of the options. Further details of the options are contained below.

12.4 Options and rights over equity instruments granted as compensation

During the current financial year, 4,000,000 options were granted to Non-Executive Directors, and 3,000,000 performance rights were granted to the Managing Director. The terms of these options and rights are noted in the tables below.

12.5 Analysis of options and rights over equity instruments granted as compensation

Granted during the current financial year

The following options were granted as remuneration to key management personnel during the year.

	Number of options granted	Date granted	% Vested	% Forfeited / Lapsed	Financial year in which grant vested / will vest
Key Management Personnel					
Related Party Options – Tranche 1 – Russell Davis	1,000,000	15 November 2024	100%	-	-
Related Party Options – Tranche 2 – Russell Davis	1,500,000	15 November 2024	100%	-	-
Related Party Options – Tranche 1 – David Church	1,000,000	15 November 2024	100%	-	-

The fair value of the options issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Related Party Options –	Related Party Options –
	Tranche 1	Tranche 2
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.035	\$0.035
Exercise price	\$0.07	\$0.08
Grant date	15/11/2024	15/11/2024
Expiration date	2/12/2028	2/12/2028
Vesting date	Immediate	Immediate
Life (years)	4	4
Volatility	75%	75%
Risk free rate	4.214%	4.214%
Dividend Yield	Nil	Nil
Number of options	2,000,000	1,500,000
Valuation per option	\$0.0151	\$0.0140
Remaining life (years)	3.4	3.4
Total value	\$30,200	\$21,000
Value recognised to date	\$30,200	\$21,000
Value still to be recognised	-	-



The following performance rights, which all expire on 15 November 2027, were issued to the Company's Managing Director during the year:

- 1,000,000 Tranche 1 Related Party Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 50,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.
- b) 1,000,000 Tranche 2 Related Party Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 100,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.
- c) 1,000,000 Tranche 3 Related Party Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 200,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board

The fair value of the Related Party Performance Rights issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the underlying security on the date of issue, being \$0.035 each.

Granted during previous financial years

The following options were granted as remuneration to key management personnel during the previous financial year.

	Number of options granted	Date granted	% Vested	% Forfeited / Lapsed	Financial year in which grant vested / will vest
Key Management Personnel					
Daniel Thomas – Management Options Tranche 1 Daniel Thomas –	2,000,000	17 November 2023	100%	-	-
Management Options Tranche 2	2,000,000	17 November 2023	100%	-	30 June 2025
David Church	1,500,000	17 November 2023	100%	-	-
James Croser	4,000,000	7 September 2023	100%	-	-

The fair value of the options issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Management – T1	Management – T2	D Church	J Croser
Underlying security	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.055
spot price on grant date				
Exercise price	\$0.08	\$0.08	\$0.08	\$0.08
Grant date	17 November 2023	17 November 2023	17 November 2023	7 September 2023
Expiration date	30 November 2026	30 November 2026	30 November 2026	30 November 2026
Vesting date	Immediate	15 December 2024	Immediate	Immediate
Life (years)	3	3	3	3.25
Volatility	75%	75%	75%	75%
Risk free rate	4.172%	4.172%	4.172%	3.841%
Dividend Yield	-	-	-	-
Number of options	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,500,000	4,000,000
Valuation per option	\$0.0199	\$0.0199	\$0.0199	\$0.0258
Remaining life (years)	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Total value	\$39,200	\$39,200	\$29,850	\$103,200
Value recognised to	\$39,200	\$39,200	\$29,850	\$103,200
date (as at 30 June				
2025)				
Value still to be	-	-	-	-
recognised (as at 30				
June 2025)				



The following performance rights, which all expire on 15 December 2027, were issued to the Company's Managing Director during the previous year:

- 500,000 Tranche 1A Management Performance Rights, vesting upon the continuous service for a period of 12 months from the date of issue;
- 500,000 Tranche 1B Management Performance Rights, vesting upon the continuous service for a period of 12 months from the date of issue and the share price of the Company's shares listed on the ASX achieving a premium of 50% over the 15-day VWAP prior to the issue date, or \$0.078;
- 500,000 Tranche 2A Management Performance Rights, vesting upon the continuous service for a period of 24 months from the date of issue;
- 500,000 Tranche 2B Management Performance Rights, vesting upon the continuous service for a period of 24 months from the date of issue and the share price of the Company's shares listed on the ASX achieving a premium of 100% over the 15-day VWAP prior to the issue date, or \$0.104; and
- 7,000,000 Tranche 3 Management Performance Rights, vesting upon the completion (to the Board's satisfaction) of a material transaction to the value of a minimum of 30% of the Company's market capitalisation, determined based on the 30-day VWAP immediately prior to the completion or announcement of the transaction.

The fair value of the Management Performance Rights issued during the previous year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the underlying security on the date of issue. With respect to Tranches 1A, 2A and 3, these fair values have not been adjusted as there exist no market-based performance conditions attached to the rights. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Management Performance	Management Performance	Management Performance
	Rights - Tranche	Rights – Tranche	Rights - Tranche 3
	1A	2A	
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.052	\$0.052	\$0.052
Grant date	17 Nov 2023	17 Nov 2023	17 Nov 2023
Expiration date	15 Dec 2027	15 Dec 2027	15 Dec 2027
Vesting date (estimated)	15 Dec 2025	15 Dec 2025	15 Dec 2027
Life (years)	4.1	4.1	4.1
Discount applied {a}	-	-	-
Number of rights	500,000	500,000	7,000,000
Value per right	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.05
Remaining life (years) {b}	2.5	2.5	2.5
Total value	\$26,000	\$26,000	\$364,000
Value recognised to date (as at 30 June 2025)	\$26,000	\$20,245	\$144,475
Value still to be recognised (as at 30 June 2025)	-	\$5,755	\$219,525

[{]a} – all the above three tranches of Management Performance Rights issued during the year contain no market-based vesting conditions and therefore no discount has been applied.

Options or rights expired or exercised during the year

3,500,000 options held by key management personnel expired unexercised during the year.

5,000,000 performance rights held by Mr Daniel Thomas (or their nominee) expired unexercised during the year.

[{]b} – the remaining life represents the time, in years, left until the expiry of the right.



12.6 Option holdings

The movement during the reporting period in the number of options over ordinary shares in Hammer Metals Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their personally-related entities, is as follows:

	Held at					Held at end	Vested and
	beginning of					of period /	exercisable
Key Management	period/on				Lapsed or	on	at end of
Personnel	appointment	Granted	Purchased	Exercised	Expired	resignation	period
Mr R Davis	3,500,000	2,500,000	-	-	(2,000,000)	4,000,000	4,000,000
Mr D Thomas	4,000,000	-	-	-	-	4,000,000	4,000,000
Mr D Church	4,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	(1,000,000)	4,000,000	4,000,000
Mr J Croser	4,000,000	-	-	-	-	4,000,000	4,000,000
Mr M Pitts	500,000	-	-	-	(500,000)	-	-

12.7 Equity holdings and transactions

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares in Hammer Metals Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their personally related entities, is as follows:

	Held at				Exercise of	
	beginning of period/on			Granted in	Options and Performance	Held at end of period/on
	appointment	Purchases	Sales	lieu of fees	Rights	resignation
Mr R Davis	43,744,013	1,755,987	-	-	-	45,500,000
Mr D Thomas	4,833,334	-	-	-	-	4,833,334
Mr D Church	1,052,631	-	-	-	-	1,052,631
Mr J Croser	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr M Pitts	1,729,459	-	-	-	-	1,729,459

12.8 Performance right holdings

The movement during the reporting period in the number of performance rights over ordinary shares in Hammer Metals Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their personally-related entities, is as follows:

	Held at beginning of period/on			Other movements /	Held at end of period / on	Vested and exercisable at
	appointment	Granted	Exercised	Expiry	resignation	end of period
Mr R Davis	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr D Thomas	12,000,000	9,000,000	-	(5,000,000)	12,000,000	5,500,000
Mr D Church	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr J Croser	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr M Pitts	_	_	-	_	_	_



12.9 Key management personnel transactions

The following table provides the total amount of transactions which have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year exclusive of GST:

		Transaction val	ue year ended	Balance outstanding as at		
Key management		30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	
Personnel	Transaction	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Mr Z Lubieniecki	Consulting Fees	-	3,000	-	-	
Mr M Pitts	Accounting services	38,109	43,700	2,754	3,900	

The Company paid fees to Zbigniew Lubieniecki as consulting fees for geological services provided.

The Company paid fees to Endeavour Corporate / Automic, an entity associated with Mark Pitts, for accounting and financial reporting services provided to the Group.

Mr Lubieniecki resigned on 7 September 2023.

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT

13. SHARE OPTIONS

Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option are:

	Expiry Date	Exercise price	Number of options	
Non-Executive Director Options	30 November 2026	\$0.07	4,500,000	
Non-Executive Director Options	30 November 2026	\$0.08	5,500,000	
Management Options – Tranche 1	30 November 2026	\$0.08	2,000,000	
Management Options – Tranche 1	30 November 2026	\$0.08	2,000,000	
Employee Incentive Options 2024	28 October 2028	\$0.06	7,000,000	
Related Party Options – Tranche 1	2 December 2028	\$0.07	2,000,000	
Related Party Options – Tranche 2	2 December 2028	\$0.08	1,500,000	
			24,500,000	

These options do not entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

Shares issued on exercise of options

No shares were issued during the year upon the exercise of options.

On 6 July 2023, a total of 3,000,000 options exercisable at 3.5 cents each (\$0.035) were exercised. The funds for these were received prior to 30 June 2023 and therefore the increase in share capital was recognised during the previous financial year.



14. PERFORMANCE RIGHTS

Unissued shares under performance rights

At the date of this report unissued ordinary shares of the Company under performance rights are:

30	June	2025
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	Expiry Date	Number of rights
Management Performance Rights – 1A	15 December 2027	500,000
Management Performance Rights – 1B	15 December 2027	500,000
Management Performance Rights – 2A	15 December 2027	500,000
Management Performance Rights – 2B	15 December 2027	500,000
Management Performance Rights – 3	15 December 2027	2,000,000
Related Party Performance Rights – T1	15 November 2027	1,000,000
Related Party Performance Rights – T2	15 November 2027	1,000,000
Related Party Performance Rights – T3	15 November 2027	1,000,000
		7,000,000

The terms of these rights are summarised in section 12.5 above.

Shares issued on exercise of performance rights

During the year, no performance rights were exercised.

15. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In recognising the need for the highest standards of corporate behaviours and accountability, the Directors support and have adhered to the principles of sound corporate governance. The Board recognises the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council and considers the Company is in compliance with those guidelines which are of importance to the operations of the Company. Where a recommendation has not been followed, that fact has been disclosed together with the reasons for the departure.

The Company's Corporate Governance Statement and disclosures available on the Company's website at www.hammermetals.com.au.

16. INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

The Company has entered into Deeds of Access and Indemnity (Deed) with each Director and the Company Secretary (officers). Under the Deed, the Company indemnifies the officers to the maximum extent permitted by law and the Constitution against legal proceedings, damage, loss, liability, cost, charge, expense, outgoing or payment (including legal expenses on a solicitor/client basis) suffered, paid or incurred by the officers in connection with the officers being an officer of the Company, the employment of the officer with the Company or a breach by the Company of its obligations under the Deed.

Also pursuant to the Deed, the Company must insure the officers against liability and provide access to all board papers relevant to defending any claim brought against them in their capacity as officers of the Company.

The Company has paid insurance premiums during the year in respect of liability for any past, present or future Directors, secretary, officers and employees of the Company or related body corporate. The insurance policy does not contain details of the premium paid in respect of individual officers of the Company. Disclosure of the nature of the liability cover and the amount of the premium is subject to a confidentiality clause under the insurance policy.

The Company has not provided any insurance or indemnification for the Auditor of the Company.



17. NON-AUDIT SERVICES

During the year PKF Perth, the Company's auditor, provided no non-audit services to the Company.

18. LEAD AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 17 and forms part of the Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

19. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of Directors, other than that disclosed elsewhere in this report, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial year under review.

This report is made with a resolution of the Directors:

R Davis Chairman

Perth

30 September 2025



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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

TO THE DIRECTORS OF HAMMER METALS LIMITED

In relation to our audit of the financial report of Hammer Metals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 or any applicable code of professional conduct.

PRF leth

PKF PERTH

Alexandra Sofia Baldeira Pereira Carvalho Partner

30 September 2025 PERTH, WESTERN AUSTRALIA

PKF Perth is a member of PKF Global, the network of member firms of PKF International Limited, each of which is a separately owned legal entity and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any individual member or correspondent firm(s). Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Current assets		•	·
Cash and cash equivalents	10	2,559,394	5,228,612
Trade and other receivables	11 _	145,815	172,227
Total current assets	_	2,705,209	5,400,839
Non-current assets			
Other financial assets	12	3,633,385	4,615,933
Plant and equipment		5,136	3,006
Right-of-use assets	13	141,368	177,663
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	14	27,901,337	26,540,119
Total non-current assets			31,336,721
Total assets	_	31,681,226	
Total assets	-	34,386,435	36,737,560
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	875,498	660,677
Lease liabilities	16	89,155	108,892
Total current liabilities		964,653	769,569
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	16	52,134	68,696
Total non-current liabilities		52,134	68,696
Total liabilities	_	1,016,787	838,265
	_	,, -	
Net assets	<u>_</u>	33,369,648	35,899,295
Equity			
Share capital	17	66,859,386	66,810,197
Reserves	18	748,748	787,618
Accumulated losses	_	(34,238,486)	(31,698,520)
Total equity	_	33,369,648	35,899,295

The consolidated statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		\$	\$
Other income	4	227,320	177,062
Sale of tenement	4	-	9,000,000
Marketing expenses		(122,119)	(81,454)
Administrative expenses		(524,250)	(969,253)
Employee benefits expense	5	(259,501)	(249,704)
Share based payments	5	(344,480)	(339,357)
Occupancy expenses		(61,551)	(43,636)
Depreciation and amortisation	5	(92,305)	(97,929)
Exploration written off	14	(907,190)	(599,610)
Fair value adjustment on financial assets		(978,158)	(611,596)
Other expenses	_	-	(1,026)
Profit / (Loss) from operating activities	_	(3,062,234)	6,183,497
Finance income		150,939	99,097
Finance expenses		(12,021)	(12,010)
Net finance income / (expense)	6	138,918	87,087
Duefit //Leas) hafaya inaayaa tay		(2.022.246)	6 270 504
Profit/(loss) before income tax	0	(2,923,316)	6,270,584
Income tax benefit	8 _	- (2.022.24.6)	
Net profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations		(2,923,316)	6,270,584
Other comprehensive income		-	-
	_		
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of income tax		-	-
Total Comprehensive profit/(loss) for the year	_	(2,923,316)	6,270,584
,	=	(-,,-	5,== 5,5 € 1
Loss per share:			
Basic gain/(loss) per share (cents per share)	9(a)	(0.33)	0.71
Diluted gain/(loss) per share (cents per share)	9(a)	(0.33)	0.71

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

		Share based	Accumulated	
	Share capital	payment reserve	losses	Total
Balance at 1 July 2023	66,593,958	1,382,293	(38,903,136)	29,073,115
Profit for the year	-	-	6,270,584	6,270,584
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	6,270,584	6,270,584
Shares issued for cash	220,000	-	-	220,000
Share based payments	-	339,357	-	339,357
Derecognition of share based payments previously expensed	-	(934,032)	934,032	-
Share issue costs	(3,761)	-	-	(3,761)
Balance at 30 June 2024	66,810,197	787,618	(31,698,520)	35,899,295
Balance at 1 July 2024	66,810,197	787,618	(31,698,520)	35,899,295
Loss for the year	-	-	(2,923,316)	(2,923,316)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	(2,923,316)	(2,923,316)
Shares issued to acquire tenements	50,000	-	-	50,000
Lapse of options	-	(251,350)	251,350	-
Lapse of performance rights	-	(132,000)	132,000	-
Share based payments	-	344,480	-	344,480
Share issue costs	(811)			(811)
Balance at 30 June 2025	66,859,386	748,748	(34,238,486)	33,369,648

The consolidated statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		Ψ	4
Interest received		150,939	99,097
Fuel rebate received		10,054	9,194
Management fees received from farm-in and joint		,	,
arrangement partners		169,310	173,676
Exploration incurred on behalf of farm-in partner		(1,285,014)	(1,430,271)
Reimbursement of exploration on behalf of farm-in		(, , , ,	, , , ,
partner received		1,540,933	1,531,461
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,142,911)	(1,614,991)
Net cash used in operating activities	23	(556,689)	(1,231,834)
Cash flows from investing activities		(0.000.00)	(0.1==0.0)
Payments for exploration expenditure		(3,353,403)	(3,157,246)
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(3,103)	-
Purchase of tenements		(100,000)	-
Proceeds from partial sale of tenements		-	4,000,000
Receipt of research and development grant		933,755	1,257,932
Security bonds paid		-	(102,000)
Farm-in fee received		100,000	-
Sale of investments		4,390	-
Net cash calls received on behalf of farm-in partners		110,000	-
Government exploration grants received	-	300,000	-
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities	-	(2,008,361)	1,998,686
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of share capital		-	220,000
Transaction costs from issue of shares and options		(811)	(3,761)
Lease payments made		(103,357)	(111,619)
Net cash from financing activities	-	(104,168)	104,620
	·		
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,669,218)	871,472
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	-	5,228,612	4,357,140
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	10	2,559,394	5,228,612

The consolidated statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



1. REPORTING ENTITY

Hammer Metals Limited (the "Company") is a company domiciled in Australia. The Company's registered office is Unit 1, 28-30 Mayfair Street, West Perth, Western Australia. The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The Group is a for profit entity and is primarily involved in the exploration and extraction of mineral resources.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The consolidated financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 30 September 2025.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial report is prepared on the historical cost basis except for share based payments and other financial assets which are measured at their fair value.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

(d) Parent entity information

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, these financial statements present the results of the consolidated entity only. Supplementary information about the parent entity is disclosed in note 26.

(e) Use of estimates and judgements

Set out below is information about:

- critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements; and
- assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year.

Critical judgements

i. Going concern

A key assumption underlying the preparation of the financial statements is that the Group will continue as a going concern. An entity is a going concern when it is considered to be able to pay its debts as and when they are due, and to continue in operation without any intention or necessity to liquidate or otherwise wind up its operations.



2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

(e) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

Estimates and assumptions

ii. Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources

Economically recoverable reserves represent the estimated quantity of product in an area of interest that can be expected to be profitably extracted, processed and sold under current and foreseeable economic conditions. The Group determines and reports ore reserves and mineral resources under the standards incorporated in the Australasian Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves, 2012 edition (the JORC Code). The determination of ore reserves or mineral resources includes estimates and assumptions about a range of geological, technical and economic factors, including: quantities, grades, production techniques, recovery rates, production costs, transport costs, commodity demand, commodity prices and exchange rates. Changes in ore reserves and mineral resources impact the assessment of recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets, provisions for site restoration and the recognition of deferred tax assets, including tax losses.

iii. Exploration and evaluation assets

Determining the recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy (refer note 3(I)), requires estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular, whether successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest will be achieved. Critical to this assessment is estimates and assumptions as to ore reserves (refer note 2(e)(ii)), the timing of expected cash flows, exchange rates, commodity prices and future capital requirements. Changes in these estimates and assumptions as new information about the presence or recoverability of an ore reserve becomes available, may impact the assessment of the recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets. If, after having capitalised the expenditure under accounting policy 3(I), a judgement is made that recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, an impairment loss is recorded in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income in accordance with accounting policy 3(e). The carrying amounts of exploration and evaluation assets are set out in note 14.

iv. Share based payments

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes model considering the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity. Refer to note 20 for further information.

(f) Adoption of new and revised standards

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.



2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

(g) Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Directors believe that the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet its minimum project development and administrative expenses in the next twelve months following the date of signing of the financial report.

For the year ended 30 June 2025, the Group has incurred a loss before tax of \$2,923,316 and net cash outflows from operating and investing activities of \$2,565,050. As at 30 June 2025 the Group had \$2,559,394 in cash and cash equivalents and an excess of working capital of \$1,740,556. Subsequent to year-end, the Group has sold 6,366,001 of the shares it holds in Carnaby Resources Limited, raising approximately \$1.9 million.

Whilst not immediately required, the Group may need to raise additional funds to meet its planned and budgeted exploration expenditure as well as regular corporate overheads.

The Group's capacity to raise additional funds will be impacted by the success of the ongoing exploration activities and market conditions. Additional sources of funding available to the Group include; capital raising via preferential issues to existing shareholders, placements to new and existing investors or the realisation of the value of the Group's investments. If necessary, the Group can delay exploration expenditure and the directors can also institute cost saving measures to further reduce corporate and administrative costs.

However, should the above planned activities to raise or conserve capital not be successful, there exists a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt surrounding the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, its ability to realise its assets and dispose of its liabilities in the ordinary course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

3. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group has consistently applied the accounting policies set out in note 3 to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

(a) Basis of consolidation

i. Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

ii. Investments in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Group holds between 20 percent and 50 percent of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognised initially at cost. The cost of the investments includes transaction costs. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of equity accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of the investment, including any long-term interest that form part thereof, is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.



3. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of consolidation (continued)

iii. Joint arrangements

The Group classifies its interests in joint arrangements as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the Group's rights to the assets and obligation for the liabilities of the arrangements. When making this assessment, the Group considers the structure of the arrangements, the legal form of any separate vehicles, the contractual terms of the arrangements and other facts and circumstances.

iv. Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intragroup balances, and any unrealised gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Plant and equipment

Items of plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (see below) and impairment losses (see accounting policy 3(f)). Depreciation is charged to the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives in the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Office equipment 3 to 4 years
 Plant and equipment 3 to 5 years

The residual value, if significant, is reassessed annually.

(c) Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with AASB 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.



3. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Financial instruments (continued)

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets to collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets that are held within a different business model other than 'hold to collect' or 'hold to collect and sell' are categorised at fair value through profit and loss. Further, irrespective of business model financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL.

The category also contains an equity investment. The Group accounts for the investment at FVTPL and did not make the irrevocable election to account for the investment in unlisted and listed equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The fair value was determined in line with the requirements of AASB 9, which does not allow for measurement at cost. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Trade and other receivables and contract assets

The Group makes use of a simplified approach in accounting for trade and other receivables as well as contract assets and records the loss allowance as lifetime expected credit losses. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial instrument. In calculating, the Group uses its historical experience, external indicators and forward-looking information to calculate the expected credit losses using a provision matrix.

The Group assess impairment of trade receivables on a collective basis as they possess shared credit risk characteristics they have been grouped based on the days past due.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss (other than derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedging instruments).

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.



3. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

(e) Impairment

The Group assesses at each balance date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Trade receivables are initially recognised at their transaction price and other receivables at fair value. Receivables that are held to collect contractual cash flows and are expected to give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest are classified and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Receivables that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The group assesses on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The Group always recognises the lifetime expected credit loss for trade receivables carried at amortised cost.

The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated based on the Group's historic credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as forecast conditions at the reporting date.

For all other receivables measured at amortised cost, the Group recognises lifetime expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to expected credit losses within the next 12 months.

The Group considers an event of default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due or external sources indicate that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group. A financial asset is credit impaired when there is evidence that the counterparty is in significant financial difficulty or a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event has occurred. The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets (see accounting policy 3(k)) are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit"). The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.



3. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(f) Share capital

Ordinary shares

Transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit.

(g) Interest bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

(h) Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income as incurred.

Share based payment transactions

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to employees is generally recognised as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcome.

Wages, salaries, annual leave, sick leave and non-monetary benefits

Liabilities for employee benefits for wages, salaries, annual leave and sick leave represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided to reporting date, calculated at undiscounted amounts based on remuneration wage and salary rates that the Group expects to pay as at reporting date including related on-costs, such as, workers compensation insurance and payroll tax.

(i) Finance income and expenses

Net finance income

Net finance income comprises interest payable on borrowings calculated using the effective interest method, interest receivable on funds invested and realised foreign exchange gains and losses. Interest income is recognised in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income as it accrues, using the effective interest method.



3. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Income tax

Income tax on the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

The Company and its Australian resident wholly owned subsidiaries adopted the tax consolidation legislation with effect from 1 July 2014 and are therefore taxed as a single entity from that date. Hammer Metals Ltd is the head entity within the tax-consolidated group. Any current tax liabilities (or assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses of the subsidiaries are assumed by the head entity in the tax-consolidated group.

(k) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors of the Company.

(I) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources is the search for mineral resources after the Group has obtained legal rights to explore in a specific area, as well as the determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resources. Accordingly, exploration and evaluation expenditures are those expenditures incurred by the Group in connection with the exploration for and evaluation of minerals resources before the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting mineral resources are demonstrable.

Accounting for exploration and evaluation expenditure is assessed separately for each area of interest. An area of interest is an individual geological area which is considered to constitute a favourable environment for the presence of a mineral deposit or has been proved to contain such a deposit.

Expenditure incurred on activities that precede exploration and evaluation of mineral resources, including all expenditure incurred prior to securing legal rights to explore an area, is expensed as incurred.



3. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Exploration and evaluation expenditure (continued)

For each area of interest, the expenditure is recognised as an exploration and evaluation asset where the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) The rights to tenure of the area of interest are current; and
- b) At least one of the following conditions is also met:
 - i. The expenditure is expected to be recouped through successful development and commercial exploitation of an area of interest, or alternatively by its sale; and
 - ii. Exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not, at reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise 'economically recoverable reserves' and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing. Economically recoverable reserves are the estimated quantity of product in an area of interest that can be expected to be profitably extracted, processed and sold under current and foreseeable conditions.

Exploration and evaluation assets include

- Acquisition of rights to explore;
- Topographical, geological, geochemical and geophysical studies;
- Exploratory drilling, trenching, and sampling and
- Activities in relation to evaluating the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource.

General and administrative costs are allocated to, and included in, the cost of exploration and evaluation assets only to the extent that those costs can be related directly to the operational activities in the area of interest to which the exploration and evaluation assets relate. In all other instances, these costs are expensed as incurred.

Exploration and evaluation assets are transferred to Development Assets once technical feasibility and commercial viability of an area of interest is demonstrable. Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment, and any impairment loss is recognised prior to being reclassified.

The carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective area of interest.

Impairment testing of exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability or facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment when any of the following facts and circumstances exist:

- The term of exploration licence in the specific area of interest has expired during the reporting period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- Substantive expenditure on further exploitation for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area are not budgeted or planned;
- Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the decision was made to discontinue such activities in the specified are; or
- Sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely
 to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be
 recovered in full from successful development of by sale.

Where a potential impairment is indicated, an assessment is performed for each cash generating unit which is no larger than the area of interest. The Group performs impairment testing in accordance with accounting policy 3(e).



3. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Exploration and evaluation expenditure (continued)

Farm-in arrangements (in the exploration and evaluation phase)

For exploration and evaluation asset acquisitions (farm-in arrangements) in which the Group has made arrangements to fund a portion of the selling partner's (farmor's) exploration and/or future development expenditures (carried interests), these expenditures are reflected in the financial statements as and when the exploration work progresses.

Farm-out arrangements (in the exploration and evaluation phase)

The Group does not record any expenditure made by the farmee on its account. It also does not recognise any gain or loss on its exploration and evaluation farm-out arrangements but redesignates any costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest as relating to the partial interest retained.

Monies received pursuant to farm-in agreements are treated as a liability (advanced cash call) on receipt and until such time as the relevant expenditure is incurred.



		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
4.	OTHER INCOME	\$	\$
	Management fee from farm-in partners	169,310	166,843
	Other income	58,010	10,219
	Total other income	227,320	177,062
	-		
	Partial sale of tenement to Carnaby Resources Limited (ASX:CNB)		
	Proceeds received – cash	-	4,000,000
	Proceeds received – shares (9,090,090 ordinary shares in CNB)	-	5,000,000
	Total income from sale of tenement	-	9,000,000
	Total income	-	9,177,062
			_
		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
5.	RESULT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	\$
	Net loss for the year before tax has been arrived at after the charging		
	the following expenses:		
	Depreciation of plant and equipment	973	976
	Amortisation of right-of-use assets	91,332	96,953
	Total depreciation and amortisation	92,305	97,929
	Salary and wages	236,383	227,420
	Superannuation expense	23,118	22,134
	Share based payments	344,480	339,357
	Other employee expenses	-	150
	Total employee costs	603,981	589,061
		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
6.	FINANCE INCOME AND FINANCE COSTS	\$	\$
	Recognised in loss for the year:		
	Interest income	150,939	99,097
	Finance costs / lease interest expense	(12,021)	(12,010)
	Net finance income	138,918	87,087
		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
7.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	\$	\$
	Auditors of the Company – PKF		
	Audit services:		
	Audit and review of financial reports	40,000	37,500
	<u>-</u>	40,000	37,500



8.

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
INCOME TAX	\$	\$
(a) Income tax benefit		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	
Total income tax benefit	-	-
Numerical reconciliation of income tax benefit to pre-tax accounting		
profit / (loss):		
Profit / (loss) before income tax	(2,923,316)	6,270,584
Income tax expenses / (benefit) using the Company's domestic tax rate		
of 25% (2024: 25%)	(730,829)	1,567,646
Adjusted for:		
(Non-deductible expenses) / Non-Assessable Income	87,004	(85,891)
Over provision in respect of prior years	(1,542,863)	-
Temporary differences and tax losses not recognised	2,186,688	(1,481,755)
Income tax benefit	-	
(b) Unrecognised deferred tax assets / liabilities		
Deferred tax assets / liabilities have not been recognised in respect of		
the following items:		
Temporary timing differences related to:		
Property, plant and equipment	(1,284)	1,269
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	(5,944,819)	(6,635,030)
Investments	667,386	(792,096)
Right-of-use assets	(35,342)	-
Accrued expenses and provisions	46,430	29,834
Lease liabilities	35,322	-
Capital raising costs	21,397	46,670
Capital losses	23,450	23,450
Income tax losses	10,785,894	10,504,007
_	5,598,434	3,178,104

The deductible temporary differences and tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits from.

		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
9.	GAIN/(LOSS) PER SHARE		
	(a) Basic (loss) / gain per share calculated using the weighted average		
	number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue at the reporting date.	(0.33)	0.71 cents
	Dilutive (loss) / gain per share calculated using the weighted average		
	number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue at the reporting date.	(0.33)	0.71 cents
	(b) Weighted average number of shares used in calculation of basic		
	earnings per share	887,314,420	886,037,586
	(b) Weighted average number of shares used in calculation of dilutive		
	earnings per share	887,314,420	888,037,586



		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
10.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	\$
	Cash at bank and on hand	2,559,394	5,228,612
	The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and sensitivity analysis for findisclosed in Note 25.	nancial assets and fina	ancial liabilities are
		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
11.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	\$	\$
	Current		
	GST receivable	5,594	35,421
	Security deposit	23,956	119,392
	Other receivables	116,264	17,414
		145,815	172,227
	Trade and other receivables are non-interest bearing.		
12.	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
	Non - Current		
	Investments in other entities		
	Listed shares in TSXV and ASX-listed companies - at fair value	3,633,385	4,615,933
	Movements in other financial assets for the period:		
	Opening balance at the beginning of the period	4,615,933	227,529
	Additions – CNB shares received as part consideration for sale of		
	tenement	-	5,000,000
	Sale of investments	(4,390)	-
	Fair value adjustment on financial assets	(978,158)	(611,596)
	Closing balance at the end of the period	3,633,395	4,615,933

The Group's exposure to equity price risk and sensitivity analysis in disclosed in Note 25. Listed shares recognised as non-current assets have been recognised at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")



13.

14.

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS	\$	\$
Right-of-use assets	361,092	443,238
Less: accumulated depreciation	(219,724)	(265,575)
Total right-of-use assets	141,368	177,663
Movements in right-of-use assets for the period:		
Opening balance at the beginning of the period	177,663	162,012
Additions for the period	91,055	112,604
Depreciation and amortisation	(91,332)	(96,953)
Disposals	(36,018)	-
Closing balance at the end of the period	141,368	177,663
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July	26,540,119	24,678,290
Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred	3,452,163	3,719,371
Tenements acquired (a)	150,000	-
Exploration grants received	(300,000)	-
Exploration written-off (b)	(907,190)	(599,610)
Farm-in fee received (c)	(100,000)	·
Research and development grant received	(933,755)	(1,257,932)
Balance at 30 June	27.901.337	26.540.119

- (a) During the current financial year, the Group acquired an interest in the Lady Jenny prospect through the payment of \$100,000 cash and the issue of 1,351,351 shares. The Group has determined that, due to the nature of the asset acquired, it cannot obtain a reliable estimate of the fair value of the interest acquired and therefore, has measured the value of the interest acquired indirectly by reference to the fair value of the cash paid and the shares issued, being \$0.037 per share, or \$50,000.
- (b) During the current financial year, the Group has written off exploration expenditure relating to tenements that have been relinquished.
- (c) The Group received a farm-in fee related to the initial establishment of the Bullrush Joint Venture. Refer Note 22.

During the comparative period, the Group wrote-off exploration expenditure relating to its Mt. Frosty joint venture, as a result of the Group no longer meeting the requirements for carrying the expenditure forward. The Group maintains that this project retains significant value, however the Group has adopted a conservative approach in accordance with the accounting standards in this instance.

The ultimate recovery of costs carried forward for exploration and evaluation phases is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective areas of interest at an amount greater than or equal to carrying value. Refer note 3 (I).

Expenses capitalised to Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure assets for the year include direct exploration costs (drilling, rock chip programs and geophysical surveys), laboratory costs (assaying, analysis and review), geological and geochemical consultants as well as allocated administration costs (including salary and wages) where those costs can be directly attributed to the exploration or evaluation activities upon a given area of interest.



15.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$	
	Trade payables and accruals	740,140	556,245	
	Employee leave accruals	135,358	104,432	
		875,498	660,677	

All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and payable on normal commercial terms.

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in Note 25.

16.	LEASE LIABILITIES	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$	
	Current lease liabilities	89,155	108,892	
	Non-current lease liabilities	52,134	68,696	
		141,289	177,588	

The nature of the Group's leasing activities includes office leases and the lease of motor vehicles.

		30 June 2025	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2024
17.	ISSUED CAPITAL	No.	\$	No.	\$
(a)	Share capital				
	Ordinary shares				
	On issue at 1 July	886,407,349	66,810,197	879,740,682	66,593,958
	Shares issued for cash at \$0.06 per share			3,666,667	220,000
	Funds for unlisted options – unexercised ¹			3,000,000	-
	Issue of shares to acquire tenements	1,351,351	50,000		
	Share issue costs		(811)	-	(3,761)
	On issue at 30 June – fully paid	887,758,700	66,859,386	886,407,349	66,810,197

1 – During the year ended 30 June 2023 the Company received a valid exercise notice for 3,000,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.035 each on or before 30 June 2024, however the exercise of these options and the issue of shares was only completed on 6 July 2023, and therefore the issue of shares and receipt of funds were recorded across the two financial years.

Terms and conditions

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings.

The company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares.

In the event of winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

Dividends

No dividends were paid or declared for the year (2024: Nil).



17.	ISSUED CAPITAL (CONTINUED)	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
(b)	Options outstanding over ordinary shares	No.	No.
	Unlisted options (Share-based payment reserve)		
	Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.05 expiring 30 Jun 2024	-	2,600,000
	Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.05 expiring 30 Nov 2024	-	4,500,000
	Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.04 expiring 13 May 2024	-	2,000,000
	Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.07 expiring 30 Nov 2026	4,500,000	4,500,000
	Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.08 expiring 30 Nov 2026	5,500,000	5,500,000
	Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.08 expiring 30 Nov 2026 -		
	Management Tranche 1	2,000,000	2,000,000
	Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.08 expiring 30 Nov 2026 -		
	Management Tranche 2	2,000,000	2,000,000
	Employee Incentive Options - exercisable at \$0.06 expiring 25 Oct 2028	7,000,000	-
	Related Party Options – Tranche 1 - exercisable at \$0.07 expiring 2		
	December 2028	2,000,000	-
	Related Party Options – Tranche 2 - exercisable at \$0.08 expiring 2		
	December 2028	1,500,000	-
	_	24,500,000	23,100,000

10,500,000 unlisted options were granted to directors, executives, and employees during the year (2024: 9,500,000). Refer to Note 20.

No unlisted options were exercised during the year (2024: 3,000,000).

No unlisted options were granted to consultants during the year (2024: Nil)

9,100,000 fully vested unlisted options expired unexercised during the period (2024: Nil).

Options carry no voting rights until converted to fully paid ordinary shares. All unlisted options were granted for no cash consideration.

		30 June 2025 No.	30 June 2024 No.
(c)	Performance rights outstanding		
	Performance rights (Share-based payment reserve)		
	Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 6	-	1,000,000
	Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 7	-	1,000,000
	Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 8	-	1,000,000
	Management Performance Rights – Tranche 1A	500,000	500,000
	Management Performance Rights – Tranche 1B	500,000	500,000
	Management Performance Rights – Tranche 2A	500,000	500,000
	Management Performance Rights – Tranche 2B	500,000	500,000
	Management Performance Rights – Tranche 3	7,000,000	7,000,000
	Employee Incentive 2024 Performance Rights – Tranche 1	500,000	-
	Employee Incentive 2024 Performance Rights – Tranche 2	500,000	-
	Employee Incentive 2024 Performance Rights – Tranche 3	500,000	-
	Related Party Performance Rights – Tranche 1	1,000,000	-
	Related Party Performance Rights – Tranche 2	1,000,000	-
	Related Party Performance Rights – Tranche 3	1,000,000	-
		13,500,000	12,000,000

The following performance rights were granted during the current financial year (refer note 20):

	Number of rights	Vesting Date	Vesting Condition	Expiry Date
Employee Incentive 2024 P	erformance Rights	5		
- Tranche 1	500,000	Refer below	Refer below	25/10/2027
- Tranche 2	500,000	Refer below	Refer below	25/10/2027
- Tranche 3	500,000	Refer below	Refer below	25/10/2027



17. ISSUED CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Related Party Performance Rights

-	Tranche 1	1,000,000	Refer below	Refer below	15/11/2027
-	Tranche 2	1,000,000	Refer below	Refer below	15/11/2027
-	Tranche 3	1,000,000	Refer below	Refer below	15/11/2027

All performance rights require the recipient to remain employed until vesting date. Each tranche of Employee Incentive and Related Party performance rights contains the same vesting conditions as follows:

- Tranche 1 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 50,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board;
- Tranche 2 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 100,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board; and
- Tranche 3 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 200,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.

The following performance rights were granted during the previous financial year (refer note 20):

		Number of options	Vesting Date	Vesting Condition	Expiry Date
Mai	nagement Performan	ce Rights			
-	Tranche 1A	500,000	15/12/2024	Refer below	15/12/2027
-	Tranche 1B	500,000	15/12/2024	Refer below	15/12/2027
-	Tranche 2A	500,000	15/12/2025	Refer below	15/12/2027
-	Tranche 2B	500,000	15/12/2025	Refer below	15/12/2027
-	Tranche 3	7,000,000	N/A	Refer below	15/12/2027

All performance rights require the recipient to remain employed until vesting date. The tranches outstanding at balance date contain the following vesting conditions:

- Tranche 1A Management Performance Rights vest upon the continuous service for a period of 12 months from the date of issue;
- Tranche 1B Management Performance Rights vest upon the continuous service for a period of 12 months from
 the date of issue and the share price of the Company's shares listed on the ASX achieving a premium of 50%
 over the 15-day VWAP prior to the issue date, or \$0.078;
- Tranche 2A Management Performance Rights vest upon the continuous service for a period of 24 months from the date of issue;
- Tranche 2B Management Performance Rights vest upon the continuous service for a period of 24 months from
 the date of issue and the share price of the Company's shares listed on the ASX achieving a premium of 100%
 over the 15-day VWAP prior to the issue date, or \$0.104; and
- Tranche 3 Management Performance Rights vest upon the completion (to the Board's satisfaction) of a material transaction to the value of a minimum of 30% of the Company's market capitalisation, determined based on the 30-day VWAP immediately prior to the completion or announcement of the transaction.



	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
RESERVES	\$	\$
-1 (4)		
Share-based payment reserve ⁽¹⁾		
Balance at beginning of period	787,618	1,382,293
Options issued to Employees, Directors and executives	159,000	195,680
Performance rights issued to Employees	14,430	-
Performance rights issued to Managing Director	26,178	99,596
Expiry of options	(251,350)	(75,440)
Lapse of performance rights	(132,000)	-
Reversal of previously recognised value relating to historic options		
which expired in previous financial periods	-	(858,592)
Further vesting expense of options and rights issued in previous		
periods	144,872	44,081
	748,748	787,618

⁽¹⁾ The share-based payment reserve is used to record the fair value of options and rights issued to Directors and employees and consultants under various share-based payment schemes and options issued for the acquisition of assets.

19. COMMITMENTS

18.

a) Exploration Expenditure Commitments

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration tenements the Company is required to perform minimum exploration work to meet the minimum expenditure requirements specified by various State Governments within Australia. These obligations may be reset when application for a mining lease is made and at other times. As a result, exploration expenditure commitments beyond twelve months cannot be reliably determined.

The Group has a minimum expenditure commitment on tenure under its control.

The Group can apply for exemption from compliance with the minimum exploration expenditure requirements.

These obligations are not provided for in the financial report and are payable:

	Consolidated		Company			
	30 June 2025 30 June 2024		30 June 2025 30 June 2024 30 Ju		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Annual minimum exploration expenditure	4,208,207	4,197,111	-	-		

The annual minimum exploration expenditure commitments disclosed above includes \$2,141,130 which falls under tenements related to the farm-in arrangements as set out in note 22. These commitments, while ultimately the responsibility of the Group, are expected to be met either partially or in-full by the other partner, based on their earn-in interest.

The relevant commitment for each project with a farm-in arrangement are as follows:

- Mt Frosty Joint Venture \$172,000
- Mount Isa East Joint Venture \$1,815,530
- Isa Valley Joint Venture \$101,800
- Bullrush Joint Venture \$51,800



20. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

Employee Incentive Plan

The Hammer Metals Employee Incentive Plan was approved by shareholders on 17 November 2023. The key features of this plan are:

- (a) The plan will be available to directors, employees and other permitted persons of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- (b) Performance Rights or Options are granted for no consideration.
- (c) Where options are issued an exercise price will be determined by the Board from time to time.
- (d) The number of shares the subject of Performance Rights or Options issued under this plan and other similar plans will not exceed 5% of the Company's issued capital from time to time.
- (e) If a holder ceases to be an eligible participant of the plan during the exercise period of a vested Performance Right or Option, the holder may exercise the options within 30 days of ceasing to be an eligible participant and thereafter the options will lapse.
- (f) The Performance Rights or Options issued under this plan shall not be quoted on ASX.
- (g) The Performance Rights or Options' terms are at the discretion of the Directors.

Options

The number and weighted average exercise price of unlisted share options on issue is as follows:

	30 June 2025		30 Jun	e 2024
		Weighted		Weighted
	No of unlisted	average	No of unlisted	average
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price
Outstanding at 1 July	23,100,000	\$0.065	23,600,000	\$0.053
Granted during the period	10,500,000	\$0.065	9,500,000	\$0.08
Exercised during the period	-	-	(3,000,000)	\$0.035
Expired / lapsed during the period	9,100,000	\$0.048	(7,000,000)	\$0.056
Outstanding at 30 June	24,500,000	\$0.072	23,100,000	\$0.065
Exercisable at 30 June	24,500,000		21,100,000	

The options outstanding at year end have exercise prices ranging from \$0.06 to \$0.08 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.25 years.

Options granted during current financial year

The following options were granted during the year.

	Number of options granted	Date granted	% Vested	% Forfeited / Lapsed	Financial year in which grant vested / will vest
Key Management Personnel					
Related Party Options – Tranche 1 – Russell Davis	1,000,000	15 November 2024	100%	-	-
Related Party Options – Tranche 2 – Russell Davis	1,500,000	15 November 2024	100%	-	-
Related Party Options – Tranche 1 – David Church	1,000,000	15 November 2024	100%	-	-
Other Employees					
Employee Incentive Options	7,000,000	28 October 2024	100%	-	-



20. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The fair value of the options issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Related Party Options - Tranche 1	Related Party Options – Tranche 2	Employee Incentive Options
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.035	\$0.035	\$0.034
Exercise price	\$0.07	\$0.08	\$0.06
Grant date	15/11/2024	15/11/2024	28/10/2024
Expiration date	2/12/2028	2/12/2028	25/10/2028
Vesting date	Immediate	Immediate	Immediate
Life (years)	4	4	4
Volatility	75%	75%	75%
Risk free rate	4.214%	4.214%	4.025%
Dividend Yield	Nil	Nil	Nil
Number of options	2,000,000	1,500,000	7,000,000
Valuation per option	\$0.0151	\$0.0140	\$0.0154
Remaining life (years)	3.4	3.4	3.3
Total value	\$30,200	\$21,000	\$107,800
Value recognised to date	\$30,200	\$21,000	\$107,800
Value still to be recognised	-	-	-

Options granted during previous financial year

The following options were granted during the prior year.

	Number of options			% Forfeited	Financial year in which grant
	granted	Date granted	% Vested	/ Lapsed	vested / will vest
Key Management Personnel					
Daniel Thomas –					
Management Options	2,000,000	17 November 2024	100%	-	-
Tranche 1					
Daniel Thomas –					
Management Options	2,000,000	17 November 2024	100%	-	30 June 2025
Tranche 2					
David Church	1,500,000	17 November 2024	100%	-	-
James Croser	4,000,000	7 September 2024	100%	-	-

The fair value of the options issued during the year to Directors was determined by reference to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20. **SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Underlying security spot price on grant date	Management – T1 \$0.05	Management – T2 \$0.05	D Church \$0.05	J Croser \$0.055
Exercise price	\$0.08	\$0.08	\$0.08	\$0.08
Grant date	17 November 2024	17 November 2024	17 November 2024	7 September 2024
Expiration date	30 November 2026	30 November 2026	30 November 2026	30 November 2026
Vesting date	Immediate	15 December 2025	Immediate	Immediate
Life (years)	3	3	3	3.25
Volatility	75%	75%	75%	75%
Risk free rate	4.172%	4.172%	4.172%	3.841%
Dividend Yield	-	-	-	-
Number of options	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,500,000	4,000,000
Valuation per option	\$0.0199	\$0.0199	\$0.0199	\$0.0258
Remaining life (years)	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Total value	\$39,200	\$39,200	\$29,850	\$103,200
Value recognised to date (at 30 June 2025) Value still to be recognised (at 30 June 2025)	\$39,200 -	\$39,200 -	\$29,850 -	\$103,200 -

Performance Rights

The number of performance rights on issue is as follows:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	No.	No.
Outstanding at 1 July	12,000,000	8,000,000
Granted during the period	4,500,000	9,000,000
Exercised during the period	-	-
Expired / lapsed during the period	(3,000,000)	(5,000,000)
Outstanding at 30 June	13,500,000	12,000,000
Vested and exercisable at 30 June	-	-

Performance Rights granted during current financial year

The following performance rights, which all expire on 25 October 2027, were issued to Employees during the year:

- 500,000 Tranche 1 Employee Incentive 2024 Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 50,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.
- b) 500,000 Tranche 2 Employee Incentive 2024 Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 100,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion
- 500,000 Tranche 3 Employee Incentive 2024 Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 200,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.

The fair value of the Employee Incentive 2024 Performance Rights issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the underlying security on the date of issue, being \$0.034 each.



20. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following performance rights, which all expire on 15 November 2027, were issued to the Company's Managing Director during the year:

- d) 1,000,000 Tranche 1 Related Party Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 50,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.
- e) 1,000,000 Tranche 2 Related Party Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 100,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.
- f) 1,000,000 Tranche 3 Related Party Performance Rights will vest subject to the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 200,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.

The fair value of the Related Party Performance Rights issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the underlying security on the date of issue, being \$0.035 each.

	Employee Incentive 2024 Performance Rights – all tranches	Related Party Performance Rights – all tranches
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.034	\$0.035
Grant date	28 Oct 2024	15 Nov 2024
Expiration date	25 Oct 2027	15 Nov 2027
Vesting date (estimated)	25 Oct 2027	15 Nov 2027
Life (years)	3.0	3.0
Discount applied {a}	-	-
Number of rights	1,500,000	3,000,000
Value per right	\$0.034	\$0.035
Remaining life (years) {b}	2.3	2.4
Total value	\$51,000	\$105,000
Value recognised to date (as at 30 June 2025)	\$14,431	\$26,178
Value still to be recognised (as at 30 June 2025)	\$36,569	\$78,822

Performance Rights granted during previous financial year

The fair value of the Management Performance Rights issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the underlying security on the date of issue. With respect to Tranches 1A, 2A and 3, these fair values have not been adjusted as there exist no market-based performance conditions attached to the rights. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Management Performance Rights - Tranche	Management Performance Rights – Tranche	Management Performance Rights - Tranche 3
	1A	2A	
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.052	\$0.052	\$0.052
Grant date	17 Nov 2024	17 Nov 2024	17 Nov 2024
Expiration date	15 Dec 2027	15 Dec 2027	15 Dec 2027
Vesting date (estimated)	15 Dec 2025	15 Dec 2025	15 Dec 2027
Life (years)	4.1	4.1	4.1
Discount applied {a}	-	-	-
Number of rights	500,000	500,000	7,000,000
Value per right	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.05
Remaining life (years) {b}	2.5	2.5	2.5
Total value	\$26,000	\$26,000	\$364,000
Value recognised to date (as at 30 June 2025)	\$14,914	\$7,742	\$55,248
Value still to be recognised (as at 30 June 2025)	\$11,086	\$18,258	\$308,752



20. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

{a} – all the above three tranches of Management Performance Rights issued during the year contain no market-based vesting conditions and therefore no discount has been applied.

{b} – the remaining life represents the time, in years, left until the expiry of the right.

With respect to Tranches 1B and 2B, the fair values of these rights have been adjusted to recognise the existence of market-based performance conditions attached to the rights. This valuation has been determined by reference to a Monte Carlo Simulation model. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	ivianagement	ivianagement
	Performance	Performance
	Rights - Tranche	Rights – Tranche
	1B	2B
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.052	\$0.052
Grant date	17 Nov 2024	17 Nov 2024
Expiration date	15 Dec 2027	15 Dec 2027
Vesting date (estimated)	15 Dec 2025	15 Dec 2025
Life (years)	4.1	4.1
Share price barrier	\$0.0708	\$0.104
Expected volatility	103%	103%
Risk-free rate	4.098%	4.098%
Expected dividend yield	-	-
Number of rights	500,000	500,000
Fair value per right	\$0.0502	\$0.049
Remaining life (years) {a}	3.5	3.5
Total value	\$25,100	24,500
Value recognised to date (as at 30 June 2025)	\$14,397	\$7,295
Value still to be recognised (as at 30 June 2025)	\$10,703	\$17,205

{a} – the remaining life represents the time, in years, left until the expiry of the right.

21. RELATED PARTIES

Key Management Personnel Compensation:

The following were key management personnel of the Group at any time during the reporting period and unless otherwise indicated were key management personnel for the entire period:

Executive Directors

Mr D Thomas

Non-executive Directors

Mr R Davis

Mr D Church

Mr J Croser

Executives

Mr M Pitts (Company Secretary)

Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	543,882 50,057	517,869 46,067
Share-based payments	243,546	351,054
	837,485	914,990



21. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Remuneration levels are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced Directors and executives. Remuneration packages include a mix of fixed remuneration and equity-based remuneration.

Information regarding individual Directors and executive's compensation and some equity instruments disclosures as permitted by Corporations Regulations 2M.3.03 and 2M.6.04 is provided in the remuneration report section of the Directors' report.

Certain key management personnel, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of those entities. Some of these entities (as detailed below) transacted with the Group during the reporting period.

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to this entity were as follows:

		Transaction value year ended		Balance outs	tanding as at
		30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	Transaction	\$	\$	\$	\$
Mr Z Lubieniecki	Consulting Fees	-	3,000	-	-
Mr M Pitts	Accounting services	38,109	43,700	2,754	3,900

The Company paid fees to Zbigniew Lubieniecki as consulting fees for geological services provided.

The Company paid fees to Endeavour Corporate, a company associated with Mark Pitts, for accounting and financial reporting services provided to the Group.

Mr Lubieniecki resigned on 7 September 2023.

22. INTEREST IN OTHER ENTITIES

A - SUBSIDIARIES

	Country of	Percentage held	Percentage held
Name	Incorporation	2025	2024
Parent and ultimate controlling entity			
Hammer Metals Limited			
Subsidiaries			
Hammer Metals Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Mt. Dockerell Mining Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Mulga Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Carnegie Exploration Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Hammer Bulk Commodities Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Midas Metals Asia Pty Ltd (i)	Australia	85%	85%

⁽i) This subsidiary is dormant and has not traded during the year.

The investments held in controlled entities are included in the financial statements of the parent at cost.



22. INTEREST IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED) B – FARM-IN ARRANGEMENTS

The Group has the following farm-in / farm-out arrangements:

Mt Frosty - Mt Isa Mines (Glencore)

During a previous financial year the Group (through its wholly owned subsidiary Mulga Minerals Pty Ltd ('Mulga')) completed the acquisition of a 51% interest in the Mt. Frosty prospect and agreed terms for a new joint venture agreement with Mount Isa Mines Limited ('MIM') (a 100% owned subsidiary of Glenore PLC). Each party to the joint arrangement contributes exploration expenditure according to their participating interest (Hammer - 51% and MIM - 49%). Dilution provisions apply if a party elects not to contribute to a programme. If a party's participating interest falls below 10% their interest will convert to a 3% Net Profits Royalty. Mulga acts as the initial manager of the joint arrangement.

During the comparative financial year, the Group wrote-off exploration expenditure relating to its Mt. Frosty joint venture, as a result of the Group no longer meeting the requirements for carrying the expenditure forward.

Mt Isa East - JOGMEC/SMMO

The Agreement with Japan Oil, Gas and Metals National Corporation ("JOGMEC") was signed in November 2019 and covers sections of the Even Steven, Mount Philp, Dronfield West and Malbon targets for a total area of approximately 290km² of the 2,200km² Mount Isa Project. The arrangement is referred to as the Mount Isa East Joint Venture ("Mt Isa East JV" or "MIEJV"), however in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards is a farm-in arrangement by nature.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2023, JOGMEC and Sumitomo Metal Mining Oceania Pty Ltd. ("SMMO") signed an agreement whereby JOGMEC would transfer its position within the Mt Isa East JV to SMMO. The terms of the agreement remain unchanged.

The agreement allowed for SMMO to achieve a 60% interest in the project areas by expending \$6,000,000 by 31 March 2024 through five stages (Farm-In Periods). During the prior year, SMMO completed its fifth stage of the Farm-In, and therefore earned the 60% interest. The Agreement also allows for, subsequent to the completion of the Fifth Farm-in Period, each company to elect to contribute its pro-rata share of future funding. If either party does not contribute and is diluted to an ownership of less than 10% of the Mt Isa East JV, the Group's equitable interest will convert to a 2% Net Smelter Return Royalty. At any time, the Net Smelter Royalty Return Rate can be reduced to 1% via the payment of A\$2,000,000.

The areas of interest subject to the Agreement are held by the Company's subsidiaries Mt Dockerell Mining Pty Ltd and Mulga Minerals Pty Ltd.

Isa Valley Project - South32 Limited

On 27 May 2024, the Group announced a farm-in arrangement with South32 Limited ("South32"), whereby South32 can earn an 80% interest in the Isa Valley Project as follows:

- An initial commitment to earn 70% through the completion of a 900m drilling campaign within 18 months of entering into the agreement (for an estimated cost of \$150,000), and the expenditure of an additional \$3 million within 3 years. South32 can extend this earn-in period by up to 1 year by spending an additional \$1 million (therefore, \$4 million over 4 years).
- Once South32 has earned the 70% interest, this can be increased to an 80% interest through the agreement to free-carry the Group's interest in the project through to a Pre-Feasibility Study.

South 32 is responsible for managing and operating the exploration program.

Bullrush Project - Sumitomo Metal Mining Oceania Pty Ltd ("SMMO")

On 27 June 2024, the Group announced a farm-in arrangement with SMMO whereby SMMO can earn an 80% interest in the Bullrush Project as follows:

- An initial commitment to earn 51% through the completion of a 2,000m drilling campaign within 12 months of entering into the agreement, and the expenditure of an additional \$4.5 million within 4 years.
- An additional 9% interest (to 60% total) through the expenditure of \$2 million in a further 2-year period.



22. INTEREST IN OTHER ENTITIES (continued)

Bullrush Project - Sumitomo Metal Mining Oceania Pty Ltd ("SMMO") - continued

Subsequently, the Group can maintain its 40% interest in the project by contributing its pro-rata share of exploration expenditure. Should the Group elect to not contribute its share, SMMO can increase its interest from 60% to 80% by electing to free-carry the Group's interest in the project through to a Pre-Feasibility Study.

The Group will act as the manager an operator of the project until at least the end of the first earn-in period.

		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
23.	RECONCILIATION OF CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	\$
	(Loss) / profit for the year	(2,923,316)	6,270,584
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	92,305	97,929
	Share based payments	344,480	339,357
	Fair value adjustment on financial assets	978,158	611,596
	Partial sale of tenements	-	(9,000,000)
	Interest expense	12,021	12,010
	Exploration expenditure written-off	907,190	599,610
	Movements attributable to operating activities:		
	Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	(83,588)	182,422
	Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	116,061	(345,342)
	Net cash used in operating activities	(556,689)	(1,231,834)

24. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has three reportable segments, being mineral exploration in Queensland and Western Australia, and corporate activities. The Group's operating segments have been determined with reference to the monthly management accounts, program budgets and cash flow forecasts used by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions regarding the Group's operations and allocation of working capital.

Segment information

The following tables represent revenue and profit information and certain asset and liability information regarding geographical segments for the year ended 30 June 2025.

	Queensland Exploration	Western Australia Exploration	Corporate	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2025				
Segment income	-	-	227,320	227,320
Segment profit / (loss)	(1,682,812)	(321)	(1,240,183)	(2,923,316)
before income tax expense				
_				
Segment assets	20,022,661	7,878,676	6,485,098	34,386,435
Segment liabilities	(33,770)	(36,565)	(946,452)	(1,016,787)
20 100 - 2024				
30 June 2024			477.062	477.062
Segment income		-	177,062	177,062
Segment loss before	(2,911)	(310)	6,273,805	6,270,584
income tax expense				
Segment assets	19,333,058	7,207,061	10,197,441	36,737,560
9			(827,567)	(838,265)
Segment liabilities	(2,545)	(8,153)	(827,367)	(030,203)



25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES

Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

Credit risk

Liquidity risk

Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through regular reviews of the risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investment securities.

Trade and other receivables

As the Company operates in the mining exploration sector it does not have significant trade receivables and is therefore not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables. The Group receives advanced cash calls from its farm-in / joint arrangement partner which are classified as liabilities. The cash call amounts are reduced as and when expenditure in terms of the farm-in/joint arrangement agreement is incurred.

Presently, the Group undertakes exploration and evaluation activities in Australia. At the balance sheet date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

		Carrying amount		
	Note 30 June 2025		30 June 2024	
		\$	\$	
Cash and cash equivalents	10	2,559,394	5,228,612	
Trade and other receivables	11	145,815	172,227	

Impairment losses

None of the Group's trade and other receivables are past due and impaired (2024: Nil).

Liauidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due (refer Note 2(h)). The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows. Typically, the Group ensures it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 90 days, this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.



25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

The expected settlement of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

Consolidated	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash-Flows	< 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years
30 June 2025						
Trade and Other Payables	875,498	875,498	875,498	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	141,289	151,333	45,840	44,420	37,977	23,096
	1,016,787	1,026,831	921,338	44,420	37,977	23,096
30 June 2024						
Trade and Other Payables	660,677	660,677	660,677	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	177,588	177,989	54,444	47,274	72,938	3,333
	838,265	838,666	715,121	47,274	72,938	3,333

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Currency risk

The Group has no exposure to currency risk on investments and transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities. The Group has not entered into any derivative financial instruments to hedge such transactions and anticipated future receipts or payments that are denominated in a foreign currency.

Interest rate risk

The Group is not exposed to interest rate risk on borrowings as it has no borrowings subject to variable interest. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash balances.

Profile

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's and the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	Carrying amount		
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	
	\$	\$	
Fixed rate instruments			
Cash and cash equivalents	24,358		
Weighted average interest rates	3.20%	4.70%	
Variable rate instruments			
Cash and cash equivalents	2,535,037	5,205,348	
Weighted average interest rates	3.28%	3.78%	

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss or equity (2024: Nil)

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A sensitivity of 50 basis points has been used and considered reasonable given current interest rates. A 0.5% movement in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis for 2024 was performed on the same basis.



25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Consolidated	Loss	Loss		ty
Consolidated	50bp increase	50bp decrease	50bp increase	50bp decrease
30 June 2025 Variable rate instruments	\$12,797	(\$12,797)	\$12,797	(\$12,797)
30 June 2024 Variable rate instruments	\$26,143	(\$26,143)	\$26,143	(\$26,143)

Carrying amounts versus fair values

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities materially equates to the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position.

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss		
Equity securities – listed on ASX and TSXV at quoted prices	3,633,385	4,615,933
Financial assets carried at amortised costs		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,559,394	5,228,612
Trade and other receivables	145,815	172,227
Financial liabilities carried at amortised costs		
Trade and other payables	(875,498)	(660,677)
Lease liabilities	(141,289)	(177,588)

There are no off-balance sheet financial asset and liabilities at year-end.

All financial assets and liabilities were denominated in Australian dollars during the years ended 30 June 2025 and 2024.

Fair value risk

The group uses three different methods in estimating the fair value of a financial investment. The methods comprise:

- Level 1 the fair value is calculated using quoted prices in active markets; and
- Level 2 the fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices)
- Level 3 the fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices.

Quoted market price represents the fair value determined based on quoted prices on active markets as at the reporting date without any deduction for transaction costs.

The fair value of derivatives that do not have an active market are based on valuation techniques. Level 2 derivatives include market observable inputs whilst level 3 derivatives do not include market observable inputs.

Transfer between categories

There were no transfers between levels during the year.

The fair value of financial instruments as well as the methods used to estimate the fair value are summarised in the table below.



25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

	Quoted Market Price	Valuation Technique: Market Observable Inputs	Valuation Technique: Non-market Observable Inputs	
Consolidated	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2025				
Equity securities – listed on ASX and				
TSXV at quoted prices	3,633,385	-	-	3,633,385
	3,633,385	-	-	3,633,385
30 June 2024				
Equity securities – listed on ASX and				
TSXV at quoted prices	4,615,933	-	-	4,615,933
	4,615,933	-	-	4,615,933

Other Market Price Risk

Other Equity price risk is the risk that the value of the instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. Investments are managed on an individual basis and material buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board of Directors. The primary goal of the Group's investment strategy is to maximise investment returns.

Fair value sensitivity analysis for equity securities (listed investments)

A sensitivity of 10% has been used and considered reasonable given current market rates. A 10% movement in market prices at the reporting date would have increased equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis for 2024 was performed on the same basis.

	Loss		Equity	
Consolidated				
	10%	10%	10%	10%
30 June 2025	increase	decrease	increase	decrease
Equity securities – listed on TSXV	\$363,339	(\$363,339)	\$363,339	(\$363,339)
30 June 2024				_
Equity securities – listed on TSXV	\$461,593	(\$461,593)	\$461,593	(\$461,593)

Commodity Price Risk

The Group operates primarily in the exploration and evaluation phase and accordingly the Group's financial assets and liabilities are subject to minimal commodity price risk at this stage.

Capital Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain a strong capital base sufficient to maintain future exploration and development of its projects. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group's focus has been to raise sufficient funds through equity to fund exploration and evaluation activities.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. Risk management policies and procedures are established with regular monitoring and reporting.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.



Company

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

26.

Total comprehensive income	(2,539,966)	7,204,616		
Other comprehensive income		-		
Loss for the year	(2,539,966)	7,204,616		
Financial Performance	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$		
	Comp	any		
Total equity	33,369,648	35,899,295		
Reserves	748,748	787,618		
Accumulated losses	(34,238,486)	(31,698,520)		
Issued capital	66,859,386	66,810,197		
Equity				
Net assets	33,369,648	35,899,295		
Total liabilities	872,460	749,647		
Non-current liabilities	30,956	30,956		
Current liabilities	841,504	718,691		
Liabilities				
Total assets	34,242,108	36,648,942		
Non-current assets	10,712,280	10,713,566		
Current assets	23,529,828	25,935,376		
Financial Position Assets	\$	\$		
51	30 June 2025	30 June 2024		
	Соптрану			

There were no contingent liabilities of the parent entity at 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil), nor where there any commitments of the parent entity (2024: Nil).

27. CONTINGENCIES

The Group has no contingencies as at 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil).

28. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

Subsequent to year end the following events have occurred:

- On 17 September 2025, 5,000,000 vested performance rights were converted into ordinary shares in the Company.
- During September 2025 the Company sold 6,366,001 of the shares held in Carnaby Resources Limited (ASX:CNB), raising approximately \$1.9m.

Other than the above, there has not been any other matter or circumstance that has arisen after balance date that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial periods.



CONSOLIDATED ENTITY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

		Body Corp	oorates	Tax Resi	dency
Entity Name	Entity Type	Place of	% Share	Australian or	Foreign
		Incorporation	Capital Held	Foreign	Jurisdiction
Hammer Metals	Body	Australia	N/a	Australian	N/a
Limited	Corporate	Australia	IN/ a	Australian	IN/ a
Hammer Metals	Body	Australia	100%	Australian	N/a
Australia Pty Ltd	Corporate	Australia	100%	Australian	IN/ d
Mt. Dockerell	Body	Australia	100%	Australian	N/a
Mining Pty Ltd	Corporate	Australia	100%	Australian	IN/ a
Mulga Minerals Pty	Body	Australia	100%	Australian	N/a
Ltd	Corporate	Australia	100%	Australian	IN/ a
Carnegie	Body	Australia	100%	Australian	N/a
Exploration Pty Ltd	Corporate	Australia	100%	Australian	IN/ a
Hammer Bulk	Body				
Commodities Pty	Corporate	Australia	100%	Australian	N/a
Ltd	Corporate				
Midas Metals Asia	Body	Australia	85%	Australian	N/a
Pty Ltd	Corporate	Australia	63%	Australian	IN/ a

All entities except for Midas Metals Asia Pty Ltd are members of the Hammer Metals Limited consolidated tax group. Midas Metals Asia Pty Ltd is a dormant entity with no trading and no assets.

None of the abovementioned entities acts as a trustee of a trust within the Group, nor is a partner in partnership with the Group, nor is a participant in a joint venture within the Group.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated entity disclosure statement (CEDS) has been prepared in accordance with subsection Section 295 (3A) of the Corporations Act 2001. The entities listed in the statement are Hammer Metals Limited and all the entities it controls in accordance with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements.

Key assumptions and judgements Determination of tax residency

Section 295 (3A) Corporations Act requires that the tax residency of each entity which is included in the Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS) be disclosed. In the context of an entity which was an Australian resident, "Australian resident" has the meaning provided in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (Cth). The determination of tax residency involves judgment as the determination of tax residency is highly fact dependent and there are currently several different interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency.

In determining tax residency, the Group has applied the following interpretations:

Australian tax residency

The Group has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Commissioner of Taxation's public guidance in Tax Ruling TR 2018/5.



DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

- 1. In the opinion of the Directors of Hammer Metals Limited ("the Company"):
 - (a) the consolidated financial statements and notes and the remuneration report in the Directors' report, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2. The Directors have been given the declarations by the managing director and company secretary for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 pursuant to Section 295A of the Corporation Act 2001.
- **3.** The Directors draw attention to Note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements, which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.
- 4. The Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement as set out on page 53 is true and correct.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

R Davis Chairman

Perth

Dated 30 September 2025



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF HAMMER METALS LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Hammer Metals Limited (the "Company"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement, and the directors' declaration of the Company and the consolidated entity comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Hammer Metals Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- i) Giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2(g) in the financial report, which indicates that the consolidated entity incurred a loss of \$(2,923,316) (2024: profit of \$6,270,584) and operating cash outflows of \$981,918 (2024: \$1,506,700) during the year ended 30 June 2025. This condition, along with other matters as set out in note 2(g), indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the consolidated entity may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The financial report of the consolidated entity does not include any adjustments in relation to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the consolidated entity not continue as going concern.

Independence

We are independent of the consolidated entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

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Key Audit Matter

A key audit matter is a matter that, in our professional judgement, was of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter. For the matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

Carrying value of capitalised exploration expenditure

Why significant

As at 30 June 2025 the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets was \$27,901,337 (2024: \$26,540,119), as disclosed in note 14. Exploration and Evaluation assets written off during the year amounted to \$907,190.

The consolidated entity's accounting policy in respect of exploration and evaluation expenditure is outlined in notes 2(e) iii and 3(l).

Significant judgement is required:

- in determining whether facts and circumstances indicate that the exploration and evaluation assets should be tested for impairment in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 6 - Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources ("AASB 6"); and
- in determining the treatment of exploration and evaluation expenditure in accordance with AASB 6, and the consolidated entity's accounting policy. In particular:
 - whether the particular areas of interest meet the recognition conditions for an asset; and
 - which elements of exploration and evaluation expenditures qualify for capitalisation for each area of interest.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our work included, but was not limited to, the following procedures:

- conducting a detailed review of management's assessment of impairment trigger events prepared in accordance with AASB 6 including:
 - assessing whether the rights to tenure of the areas of interest remained current at reporting date as well as confirming that rights to tenure are expected to be renewed for permits that will expire in the near future;
 - holding discussions with the Directors and management as to the status of ongoing exploration programmes for the areas of interest, as well as assessing if there was evidence that a decision had been made to discontinue activities in any specific areas of interest; and
 - obtaining and assessing evidence of the consolidated entity's future intention for the areas of interest, including reviewing future budgeted expenditure and related work programmes.
- considering whether exploration activities for the areas of interest had reached a stage where a reasonable assessment of economically recoverable reserves existed:
- testing, on a sample basis, exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred during the year for compliance with AASB 6 and the consolidated entity's accounting policy; and
- assessing the appropriateness of the related disclosures in notes 2(e) iii, 3(l) and 14.



Other Information

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the consolidated entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors' for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:-

- a) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001; and
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001;
 and

for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:-

- i) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statements) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the consolidated entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.



As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the consolidated entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the consolidated entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the consolidated entity to express an opinion on the group financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Hammer Metals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

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PKF PERTH

Alexandra Sofia Baldeira Pereira Carvalho Partner

30 September 2025 PERTH, WESTERN AUSTRALIA