

DY6METALS

ABN 91 663 592 318

ANNUAL REPORT
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025



Share Registry

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Registered Office

Executive Chairman

Mr Daniel Smith	Level 8	Computershare Investor Services
	99 St Georges Terrace	Level 17
Non-Executive Directors	Perth WA 6000	221 St Georges Terrace
Dr Nannan He		Perth WA 6000
Mr Myles Campion	Telephone: (08) 9486 4036	
Mr John Kay	Facsimile: (08) 9486 4799	Auditors
	Email: info@dy6metals.com	Moore Australia Audit (WA)
Chief Executive Officer	Website: www.dy6metals.com	Level 15
Mr Clifford Fitzhenry		2 The Esplanade
	Postal Address:	Perth WA 6000
Company Secretary	PO Box 5638	
Mr John Kay	St Coorgos Torraco	Colicitors

Mr John Kay

St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6831

HWL Ebsworth
Level 20
240 St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6000



CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

Dear Shareholders,

The past year has been a pivotal one for DY6 Metals. We have successfully repositioned the Company as an emerging leader in critical minerals with the acquisition of a world-class rutile asset in Cameroon. This project is already demonstrating its potential to be a globally significant deposit, comparable to Tier-1 operations that sit at the very top of the rutile industry.

Rutile is a strategic mineral, essential to industries powering modern economies — from aerospace and defence through to renewable energy and electric vehicles. Global demand for high-grade natural rutile continues to outstrip supply. With our Central Rutile Project spanning nearly 6,000km² across Central Cameroon, we believe DY6 is uniquely placed to deliver one of the next major rutile developments worldwide.

Exploration results to date have been highly encouraging, with reconnaissance auger and channel sampling confirming high-grade mineralisation across broad strike lengths. Importantly, these results not only validate our geological model but also confirm the scale of opportunity. With historical artisanal production and new data pointing to significant rutile endowment, we are confident in the Project's ability to emerge as a globally relevant asset.

DY6 enters this next phase of growth from a position of strength. Post 30 June 2025, we raised \$4.6 million from institutional and sophisticated investors, ensuring the Company is well-funded to accelerate exploration and development activities across Cameroon and Malawi.

To drive this next chapter, we welcomed Mr Cliff Fitzhenry as Chief Executive Officer. Cliff brings deep operational and technical experience in Cameroon and will play a central role in executing our strategy on the ground. Alongside his appointment, we have further expanded our management team with of Dr Moses Ndasi as In-Country Manager for Cameroon, alongside Mr Troth Saindi's new role as Exploration Manager, Africa. These leadership additions provide DY6 with the skills, experience, and local knowledge required to deliver projects efficiently and responsibly.

Looking ahead, we are focused on generating shareholder value through three clear priorities:

- 1. Advancing the Central Rutile Project towards resource definition and development.
- 2. Unlocking the broader potential of our diversified exploration portfolio across Cameroon and Malawi.
- 3. Maintaining disciplined capital management to ensure that every dollar invested translates into long-term value creation.

I would like to thank our shareholders for their continued support. The opportunity before DY6 is both rare and exciting: to establish a world-class rutile project that contributes to global critical mineral supply chains, while delivering value to shareholders.

Yours sincerely,

Dan Smith

Executive Chairman DY6 Metals Ltd



Your directors present their report together with the financial statements of the Group consisting of DY6 Metals Ltd ("DY6" or "the Company") and its controlled entities for the year ending 30 June 2025, the notes to the financial statements and the auditor's report thereon.

DIRECTORS

The following persons were Directors of DY6 Metals Ltd during the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise stated:

Mr Daniel Smith – Executive Chairman (transitioned on 13 June 2025)

Mr John Kay - Non-Executive Director

Dr Nannan He – Non-Executive Director

Mr Myles Campion - Non-Executive Director

MANAGEMENT

Mr Cliff Fitzhenry — Chief Executive Officer (appointed 14 July 2025) Mr John Kay — Company Secretary

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company's strategy is centered on unlocking shareholder value through the discovery and development of world-class mineral deposits in Cameroon and Malawi. Our exploration portfolio targets minerals critical to global growth sectors such as defence, aerospace, electric vehicles, and renewable energy sectors — markets forecast to experience long-term demand growth.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

For the year ended 30 June 2025, the Group recorded a net loss of \$1,887,749 (2024: net loss \$1,536,145), reflecting a period of significant investment in project acquisition and exploration. There were no dividends paid or recommended during the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (2024: nil), and capital was strategically allocated to advance projects expected to deliver shareholder value in the medium to long term.

CORPORATE

Leadership transitions were successfully managed to strengthen execution capacity. On 10 July 2024, Mr Lloyd Kaiser stepped down as CEO, with Mr Cliff Fitzhenry recently appointed to lead the Company as Chief Executive Officer (transitioning from the role of Cameroon Technical Consultant), bringing deep operational expertise in Cameroon.

A major milestone for DY6 during the year (and post the reporting period) was the acquisition of 100% interests in highly prospective rutile and heavy mineral sands (HMS) projects in Cameroon, positioning the Company in one of the world's most attractive emerging rutile provinces. These projects significantly expand our growth pipeline and align with the strategic focus on critical minerals.



To support this growth, DY6 has strengthened its management team with key appointments:

- Dr Moses Ndasi appointed In-Country Manager to oversee Cameroon operations.
- **Mr Troth Saindi** DY6's Senior Exploration Geologist and In-Country Manager for Malawi, elevated to **Exploration Manager, Africa**, with responsibility for overseeing regional exploration initiatives.

These additions deepen our on-the-ground operational leadership, enhancing project delivery capability and positioning DY6 to rapidly unlock shareholder value across Africa.

The Company entered into binding agreements to acquire 100% of highly prospective rutile and HMS projects in Cameroon. Full terms of the agreements are set out in the following ASX announcements: "Highly Prospective Rutile & HMS Project Acquisition" dated 24 April 2025 and "Significant expansion to Central Rutile Project" dated 8 July 2025. The Company also applied for additional licences adjacent to existing ground to its Central Rutile Project, refer to ASX announcement "DY6 further expands licence holding at Central Rutile Project" dated 21 July 2025 and the recent acquisition of the Yaounde West Project, adjacent to the existing Central Rutile Project licences, "DY6 Acquires Previous Rutile Mining Site Expanding Project" as announced on 15 September 2025.

FUNDING & CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

DY6 strengthened its balance sheet during the year through a combination of equity initiatives, including;

- A fully underwritten loyalty option entitlement offer raising approximately \$204,750
- A strategic share placement tied to the Cameroon acquisition, raising \$400,000
- A post-year-end placement to institutional and sophisticated investors (including participation by the entire Board) raising \$4.625m

The Company also received A\$261,459 from the Australian Taxation Office as a research and development (R&D) rebate for expenditure on the Company's Machinga and Tundulu projects over the 2024 financial year period.

During the year and post reporting period to 30 September 2025, the Company issued a total of 40,048,950 shares, 73,049,978 options and 37,675,000 performance rights. By the end of June 2025, all remaining ASX imposed escrowed securities were released from their trading restrictions.

DY6 METALS

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Cameroon

Central Rutile Project

The Central Rutile Project spans 14 exploration permits under valid applications covering 5,901km² in Central Cameroon- an emerging globally significant rutile province (Figure 1). Early results confirm the project's Tier-1 potential, comparable to world-leading deposits such as Sovereign Metal's Kasiya deposit in Malawi (the world's largest primary rutile deposit at 1.8 billion tons at 1.0% rutile).

Post year-end reconnaissance programs returned high-grade rutile intercepts, confirming broad mineralisation over 41km of strike. These results highlight DY6's ability to rapidly demonstrate scale and quality, strengthening the investment case.

The Central Rutile Project borders Lion Rock Mineral's Minta Rutile Project where initial sampling has revealed widespread, high-value mineral assemblages with valuable heavy minerals (VHM) up to 93% of total heavy minerals (THM) and with the dominant VHM's being rutile (up to 69.8%), monazite (up to 35.6%) and zircon (up to 21.5%) (see Lion Rock Mineral's Announcement "First systematic exploration programme discovers significant rutile province in Cameroon" dated 4 February 2025).

High-grade rutile results from the reconnaissance auger, channel and grab sample campaign at the Central Rutile Project included:

- High-grade mineralisation of up to 2.1% rutile over 1m at Nsimbo and 1.57% rutile over 1m at Alamba
- XRD analysis confirms that rutile is the dominant titanium bearing mineral, highlighting low levels of ilmenite and no leucoxene present
- Significant channel sample intercepts include:
 - o **3.5m @ 0.78% rutile** (5.29% HM) from 0m, including **1m @ 2.1% rutile** from 1m (GRMGB0007)
 - 5.8m @ 0.47% rutile (6.98% HM) from 0m, including 1m @ 1.57% rutile from surface (GRMGB0005)
 - 4.8m @ 0.3% rutile (4.99% HM) from 0m, including 2m @ 0.46% rutile from surface (GRMGB0006)
- Significant auger intercepts include:
 - 2.25m @ 0.6% rutile (8.7% HM), including 0.95m @ 0.96% rutile from surface (GRMAU0004)
 - 0.8m @ 0.66% rutile (2.81% HM) from surface (GRMAU0010)
 - o **1.35m @ 0.84% rutile** (1.23% HM) from 0m (GRMAU0013)
- High-grade saprolite-hosted rutile mineralisation confirmed over 41km southeast northwest strikelength between Nsimbo and Alamba tenements (Figure 2)

Geological Background

The project area is predominantly underlain by kyanite-bearing mica schist bedrock, which is considered the primary source of rutile. During in-situ weathering, rutile is liberated from the bedrock and progressively concentrated and upgraded within the overlying saprolite layer. This forms an in-situ, eluvial saprolite hosted rutile deposit target type deposit analogous to Sovereign Metal's Tier 1 Kasiya deposit in Malawi.

The exploration model further proposes that subsequent erosion and fluvial transport rework these materials, concentrating rutile and other valuable heavy minerals into alluvial deposits. Historical production figures from the area between 1935 and 1955 have recorded some 15,000 tons of high purity (>95 %) rutile being produced from artisanal mining of the alluvial deposits around Nanga-Eboko.



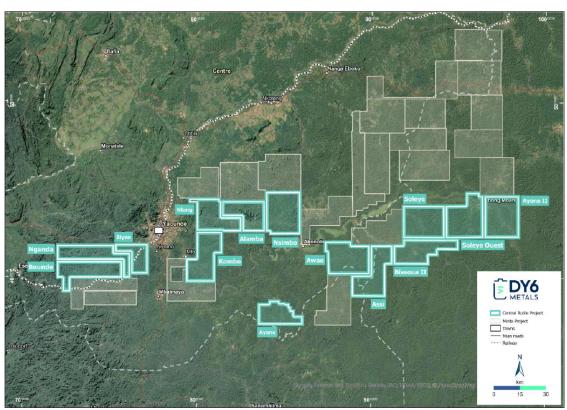


Figure 1: Map of Central Cameroon showing DY6's Central Rutile Project which encompasses 5,901km² of prime geological terrain highly prospective for residual, natural rutile mineralisation.

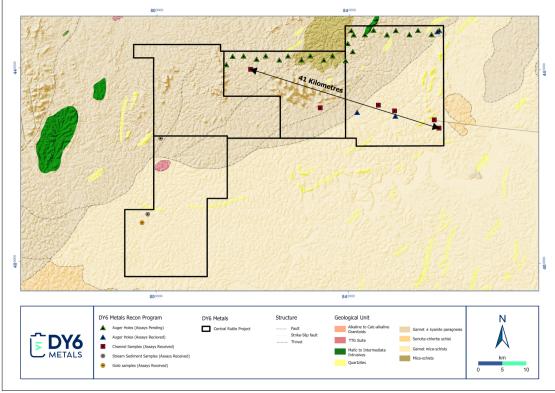


Figure 2: Zoomed in geological map of the Nsimbo and Alamba licences showing the recently completed reconnaissance sampling campaign.



Douala Rutile Project

The Douala Basin HMS Project consists of three granted exploration permits and three exploration permits under valid applications. The Edea Sud licence is a fully granted permit covering an area of 440km² whilst the five licence applications (Mbanga, Maleke, Mungo, Diwong, and Mbongo) cover an area of 2,140km² giving the total project package a land endowment of 2,580km² across the Douala Basin of Western Cameroon. The tenements are all located within 50km of the deep-water port city of Douala.

Geologically the Douala Basin is a coastal sedimentary basin consisting of a package of mainly marine sedimentary formations of Cretaceous to Quaternary in age. Thick, preserved sequences of sandy material are known to exist across the tenement package and these are thought to represent palaeo-placer coastline dune deposits. These sedimentary environments are prospective for classic aeolian placer HMS deposits which normally host accumulations of valuable heavy minerals such as ilmenite, zircon, rutile and monazite. The Diwong licence was previously known as the Missole Project was held by the French multinational Eramet. Eramet drilled some 60 sonic holes on the Project for 1,080m (582 samples) with 39 hand auger holes for 190m (39 samples) specially targeting rutile and zircon. The drilling intersected thick sequences of sands and confirmed the presence of rutile and zircon within the valuable heavy mineral assemblage. Eramet discontinued the Project when it exited Cameroon in 2023 primarily due to the unsuitable setting of the mineralisation within its core Central Cameroon project Akonalinga (which targeted alluvial placer rutile deposits within the lower lying river systems).

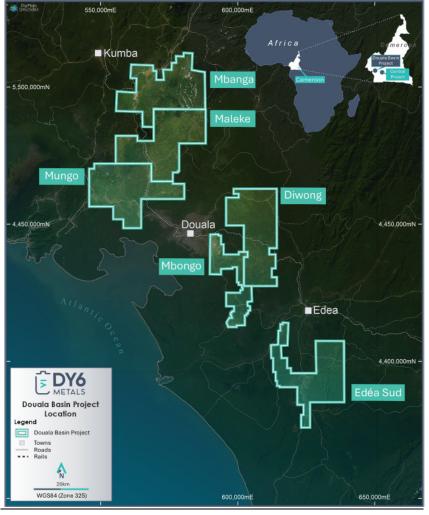


Figure 3: DY6's Douala Basin Project comprises 6 licence blocks proximal to the port city of Douala along Cameroon's coast.



Malawi

Tundulu (REE, Phosphate and Gallium)

During the year, the Company announced a review of historical drilling at the Tundulu Rare Earth and Phosphate project, Malawi, uncovering high-grade gallium mineralisation from surface.

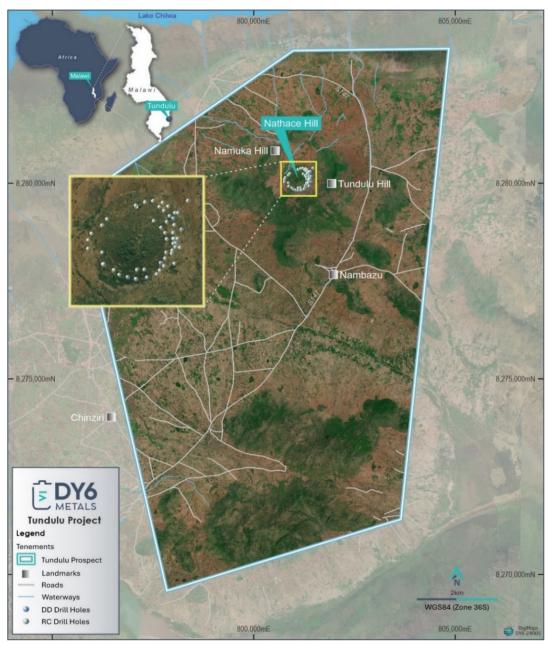


Figure 4: Tundulu Project Location Map and Historical Drill Hole locations over Nathace Hill

Significant intercepts include:

- **74m** at **93.26g/t** Ga₂O₃, 1.56% TREO from 72m, including 14m at **202.79g/t** Ga₂O₃ from 89m (TU043), and the highest grade in all assays intersected within this interval at **310.46 g/t** Ga₂O₃, 5.68% TREO from 97m to 98m;
- 53m at 72.79g/t Ga₂O₃, 1.02% TREO from surface, including 12m at 145.07g/t Ga₂O₃ from 25m (TU011);
- **30m** at **94.63g/t** Ga₂O₃, 4.03% TREO from surface (TU014);



- 41m at 64.98g/t Ga₂O₃, 1.61% TREO from 67m, including 8m at 178.94g/t Ga₂O₃ from 100m (TU033);
 and
- 25m at 64.63g/t Ga₂O₃, 1.03% TREO from 45m, including 9m at 81.85g/t Ga₂O₃ from 61m (TU008).

Only ~40% of the highly prospective area has ever been drill-tested. The target areas include Nathace and Tundulu hills (Figures 1 & 2). Gallium mineralisation is open at depth. Though some of the elevated Ga_2O_3 responses occur within the saprolite clays (TU014: 0-30m; 30m @ 94.63ppm Ga_2O_3), others occur at depth within fresh rock (TU043: 72-146m; 74m @ 93.26ppm) or TU043: 89-103m; 14m @ 202.79ppm Ga_2O_3 . Deeper gallium potential has not yet been assayed for.

Historical diamond and RC drilling, conducted during 2014 by Mota Engil Minerals & Mining was assayed for gallium. A total of 4901 assays for gallium were completed with 27.7% of the assays containing >40 g/t Ga_2O_3 . Samples from drillholes JMT01 to JMT024 (Figure 2) from previous drilling by Japanese International Cooperation Agency (JICA) in 1980 were not analysed for Gallium. Significant intersections have been calculated from the significant TREO intersections of grade of >5,000ppm over 5 metres in DY6 announcement of 27^{th} May 2024, and the Ga_2O_3 results in conjunction with the TREO intersections are set out in Appendix 1 of the Company's announcement "Updated Announcement - High Grade Gallium Potential" dated 1 May 2025.

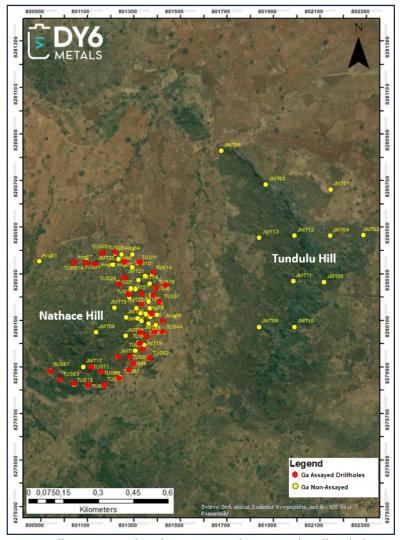


Figure 5: Gallium assayed and non-assayed Historical Drill Hole locations



In addition, during the year the Company commissioned preliminary metallurgical test work on select bulk samples from Tundulu to determine the suitability of the Tundulu deposit to produce a separate rare earth and phosphate concentrate.

Mazimba & Karonga (Base Metals)

During the year, a small reconnaissance sampling and geological mapping programs were undertaken at Mzimba and Karonga projects. In addition, the Karonga licence area was formally granted.

The Karonga licence covers an area of approximately 36km² and has the potential for copper mineralisation, as confirmed from preliminary reconnaissance/surveillance work. Preliminary reconnaissance/ surveillance sampling work conducted on the licence area during the quarter revealed the occurrence of elevated Cu grades, with initial portable XRF results ranging from 1.4 to 7.8% Cu in rock. Results are to be verified using standard laboratory-based XRF analytical assaying methods.

DY6 acquired and completed reprocessing of historic hyperspectral survey data, which has been used to map areas with high probability for copper mineralisation. The results from this exercise correlate well to the mineralisation identified in the sampling work. Historic anomalies from regional airborne geophysical radiometric and magnetic data appear to correlate with both the hyperspectral probability copper mineralisation mapping and the preliminary sampling reconnaissance work conducted. Exploration for Cu and other minerals will continue on the licence area.

Ngala Hill (PGE, Cu & Ni)

The Company undertook a reconnaissance soil and rock chip program at the Ngala Hill PGE, Cu & Ni Project to follow up on known high grade areas and to expand the zone of mineralisation. A total of 52 samples including soil and rock chips were taken. Assays included: 2.5g/t 2PGE+Au on a pyroxenite sample NGE002, 23% of the samples returned 0.2 g/t 2PGE+Au. Mineralisation is hosted in variants of pyroxenites in the licence area. Elevated zinc grade at 3.5% Zn with associated 0.7% Cu on a meta-pyroxenite sample NGE011.

Machinga & Salambidwe

No substantive work was conducted on these Projects during the year. Post financial year end, the Company announced the commencement of a soil and rock chip sampling program at Machinga to follow up on priority targets identified through radiometrics.





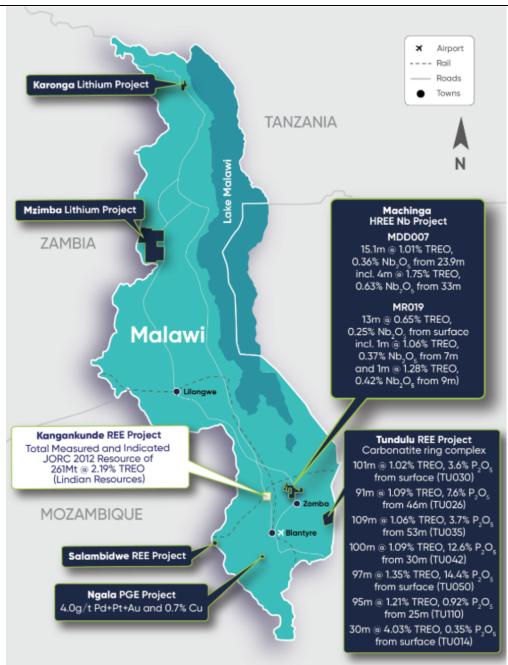


Figure 6: Location of the Company's Projects in Malawi

OUTLOOK

Looking ahead, DY6 is uniquely positioned to deliver shareholder value through a high-quality pipeline of rutile, HMS, rare earth, gallium, and base metals projects. Ongoing exploration in Cameroon and Malawi is expected to yield further catalysts in the coming financial year, supported by a strong cash position and an experienced leadership team.



SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the Directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial period not otherwise disclosed in this report.

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The Company reporting the acquisition and the application for additional ground expanding the landholding of its Central Rutile Project in Cameroon. The Company also reported initial results of select sampling and auger drilling at the Central Rutile Project.

The Company also announced a share placement raising \$4.625m and various management and in-country appointments, as noted above.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's Corporate Governance Statement is available on its website www.dy6metals.com.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Likely future developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in subsequent financial years are consistent with those reported for the current period.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

The Company is required to carry out its activities in accordance with the Mining Laws and regulations in the areas in which it undertakes its exploration activities. The Company is not aware of any matter which requires disclosure with respect to any significant environmental regulation in respect of its operating activities.

COMPETENT PERSON STATEMENT - CAMEROON

The information contained in this report that relates to geological information and exploration results at the Central Rutile and Douala Basin Projects, is based on information compiled by Mr Clifford Fitzhenry, a Competent Person who is a Registered Professional Natural Scientist with the Council for Natural Scientific Professionals (SACNASP). Mr Fitzhenry is the Company's CEO and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Fitzhenry consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The exploration results contained in this report were first announced by the Company on 11 June 2025, 23 June 2025, 11 August 2025, and 2 September 2025. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in these announcements.

COMPETENT PERSON STATEMENT - MALAWI

The information in this report that relates to exploration results, mineral resources or ore reserves at the Malawian projects is based on information compiled by Mr Allan Younger, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Younger is a consultant of the Company. Mr Younger has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity that he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the `Australian Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves' (the JORC Code). Mr Younger consents to the inclusion of this information in the form and context in which it appears in this report. Mr Younger holds shares in the Company.

The exploration results contained in this report were first reported by the Company in its prospectus dated 3 April 2023 and announced to ASX on 27 June 2023, 6 July 2023, 12 September 2023, 3 October 2023, 10 October 2023, 26 October 2023, 4 December 2023, 11 December 2023, 15 December 2023, 29 December 2023, 3 January 2024, and 29 April 2025. The results were reported in accordance



with the 2012 edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the Prospectus or these subsequent announcements.

With respect to the Tundulu Project, Mr Younger has not yet visited the site or conducted an in-depth due diligence of the data presented in this announcement. Mr Younger confirms the information in this market announcement is an accurate representation of the available data for the exploration areas mentioned herein, but that further investigation is ongoing. The Information in this report that relates to Exploration Results for the Tundulu Project is extracted from the Company's announcement titled: "Additional historical drilling results confirms Tundulu REE potential", dated 27 May 2024 and announcement dated 29 April 2025. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the above original market announcement.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT – TUNDULU PROJECT

Information is this release is considered as historical by nature, and while all care has been taken to review previous reports and available literature, ground testing and confirmation work is yet to be completed by the Company. The historical laboratory analysis was conducted on a range of drill core by reputable laboratories in South Africa. However, there is no guarantee that these results are representative of the Tundulu deposit until further sampling, drilling, assaying and processing test work is conducted by the Company. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in this release.

Drilling results (Exploration Results) presented in this release have not been reported previously by the former owners and operators of the Tundulu project. As a result, the reported Exploration Results have not been reported in accordance with the JORC Code 2012 and may not conform with the JORC Code 2012. A Competent Person has not done sufficient work to disclose the Exploration Results in accordance with the JORC Code 2012. It is possible that following further evaluation and/or exploration work that the confidence in the prior reported Exploration Results may be reduced when reported under the JORC Code 2012.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Company that causes it to question the accuracy or reliability of the former owner's Exploration Results; but The Company has not independently validated the former owner's Exploration Results and therefore is not to be regarded as reporting, adopting or endorsing those results.

Abbreviations

- HMS = Heavy Mineral Sands
- TREO = Total Rare Earth Oxides La₂O₃, CeO₂, Pr₆O₁₁, Nd₂O₃, Sm₂O₃, Eu₂O₃, Gd₂O₃, Tb₄O₇, Dy₂O₃, Ho₂O₃, Er₂O₃, Tm₂O₃, Yb₂O₃, Lu₂O₃, Y₂O₃
- HREO = Heavy Rare Earth Oxides $-\text{Tb}_4\text{O}_7$, Dy_2O_3 , Ho_2O_3 , Er_2O_3 , Tm_2O_3 , Yb_2O_3 , Lu_2O_3 , Y_2O_3
- HREO% = HREO/TREO * 100
- DyTb:TREO = (Dy₂O₃ + Tb₄O₇)/TREO * 100
- P2O5 = Phosphorus pentoxide



Current directorships

three years

Former directorships held in past

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

-	Executive Chairman
-	BA, GradDipACG, FCIS, FGIA, RG146
	Mr Smith is a chartered governance professional with over 17 years' primary and secondary capital markets expertise. He is a director and co-founder of Minerva Corporate, a boutique corporate services and advisory firm. He has advised on and been involved in over a dozen IPOs/RTOs on the ASX and AIM.
-	12,115,689 ordinary shares 16,225,000 options (ex \$0.08 and ex \$0.25) 4,250,000 performance rights (various milestones)
	Europa Metals Ltd (AIM:EUZ), QX Resources Ltd (ASX:QXR), Nelson Resources Ltd (ASX:NES), Rapid Critical Minerals Ltd (ASX:RCM)
-	Alien Metals Ltd (AIM:UFO), Artemis Resources Ltd (ASX:ARV), Lachlan Star Ltd (ASX:LSA), Oceana Lithium Ltd (ASX:OCN), White Cliff Minerals Ltd (ASX:WCN)
-	Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary
_	LLB, RG146
	Mr Kay is admitted to practice as a lawyer in Western Australia and England & Wales. He is an experienced corporate lawyer and corporate adviser with over 17 years' experience in equity capital markets, M&A and resources gained through both private practice and inhouse roles in Australia and the UK. He has previously held a number of non-executive and company secretarial roles for ASX listed mining and energy companies and has advised on over a dozen IPOs/RTOs on the ASX.
	-

Nil

Nil

750,000 performance rights (various milestones)



INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

Former directorships held in past

three years

Dr Nannan He	- Non-Executive Director
Qualifications	- PhD Geochemistry
Experience	Dr He has over 10 years' experience in geosciences, chemical material trading, exploration and resources investment. Via her investment vehicle, Woodsouth Asset Management, she has been actively examining exploration and resource projects worldwide and has built strong networks, particularly in the Southeast Asian market.
Interest in Shares and Options	- 1,592,223 ordinary shares 4,611,496 options (ex \$0.08 and ex \$0.25) 500,000 performance rights (various milestones)
Current directorships	Nil

Nil

Mr Myles Campion	-	Non-Executive Director
Qualifications	-	BSc Geology (Hons), MSc Minex
Experience		Mr Campion has over 30 years' experience in the natural resources sector, including exploration geology, resource analysis, fund management, equities research and project and debt financing.
		He started his career as an exploration and mining geologist in Australia covering base metals and gold, that included being the Project Geologist at LionOre responsible for the exploration, discovery and BFS completion of the Emily Ann Nickel Sulphide Mine. Mr Campion's financial experience ranges from Australian and UK equities research through to project and debt financing in London and Fund Manager for the OEIC Australian Natural Resources Fund for 5 years in Perth.
Interest in Shares and Options	-	1,915,000 ordinary shares 3,185,237 options (ex \$0.08 and ex \$0.25) 500,000 performance rights (various milestones)
Current directorships		Europa Metals Ltd (AIM:EUZ)
Former directorships held in past three years	-	Katoro Gold PLC (LON:KAT)

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Mr Clifford Fitzhenry - Chief Executive Officer (appointed 14 July 2025)

Mr Fitzhenry is a seasoned exploration geologist with a solid track record spanning over 20 years of critical minerals and precious metals exploration throughout Africa and the Middle East. He has held senior management positions, successfully leading teams across all aspects of exploration, development and feasibility studies. Mr. Fitzhenry holds MSc and BSc Honours (cum laude) degrees from the University of KwaZulu Natal (South Africa) and is a Registered Professional Natural Scientist in South Africa.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' meetings and number of meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during the financial period (and the number each Director was entitled to attend):

	Directors' Meetings		
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
Daniel Smith	5	5	
John Kay	5	5	
Nannan He	5	5	
Myles Campion	5	5	

Given the size of the company, there are no separate committees of Directors.

REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited)

The information in this remuneration report has been audited as required by s.308 (3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

(a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The objective of the Group's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. As there is no remuneration committee the role is assumed by the full Board of Directors. The Board ensures that director and executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- competitiveness and reasonableness;
- acceptability to shareholders;
- transparency; and
- capital management.

The Group has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and complementary to the reward strategy of the organisation.

Alignment to shareholders' interests:

- has economic profit as a core component of plan design;
- focuses on sustained growth in share price and delivering constant return on assets as well as focusing the executive on key non-financial drivers of value;
- attracts and retains high calibre executives;
- rewards capability and experience;
- reflects competitive reward for contribution to shareholder growth;
- provides a clear structure for earning rewards; and
- provides recognition for contribution.



REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (continued)

(a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration (continued)

Relationship between remuneration and Group performance

During the past year and since listing on 1 July 2023 the Group has generated losses as it is still involved in mineral exploration, not in production.

Given that the remuneration is commercially reasonable / appropriate / benchmarked, the link between remuneration, Group performance and shareholder wealth generation is tenuous, particularly in the exploration stage of a minerals company. Since listing the Group has recorded losses as it carries out exploration activities on its tenements, and no dividend has been paid. Share prices are subject to the influence of international metal prices and market sentiment toward the sector, and increases or decreases may occur quite independent of executive performance or remuneration. Share prices, largely unrelated to profit and loss, have descended to \$0.05 since listing.

Directors' fees

Non-Executive Directors' fees are determined within the Non-Executive Directors' fee pool limit, which is periodically recommended for approval by shareholders. The pool currently stands at \$300,000 per annum for Non-Executive Directors was adopted in the Company's Constitution dated 27 January 2023.

Retirement allowances for Directors

The Company provides no retirement allowances for Non-Executive Directors.

Executive pay

The executive pay and reward framework has four components:

- base pay and benefits;
- short-term incentives;
- long-term incentives through Directors options and/or performance rights (refer Note 19); and
- other remuneration such as superannuation.

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

Base pay

Structured as a total employment cost package which may be delivered as a mix of cash and prescribed non-financial benefits at the executive's discretion.

Executives are offered a competitive base pay that comprises the fixed component of pay and rewards. Base pay for senior executives is reviewed annually by the Board to ensure the executive's pay is competitive with the market. An executive's pay is also reviewed on promotion.

There are no guaranteed base pay increases fixed in any senior executives' contracts.

Benefits

Executives receive no benefits outside of the base pay, options and superannuation disclosed in this report.

Retirement benefits

Other than statutory superannuation contributions, no retirement benefits are provided for executives except statutory entitlements.



REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (continued)

(a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration (continued)

Short-term incentives

Key management personnel are entitled to short term incentives (STI's) based on performance that is agreed by the board from time to time.

Performance Conditions

Performance conditions are attached to the performance rights issued to directors as remuneration.

(b) Details of remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each element of the emoluments of each of the key management personnel of the Group are set out in the following tables:

Key management personnel and other executives of the Group

Short-term employee benefits		Post-employment benefits		Share-based payments		
Cash salary and fees	Termination benefits	Super- annuation pensions	Retirement benefits	Options	Performance Rights	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
54,083	-	-	=	=	298,259	352,342
54,083	-	-	-	-	298,259	352,342
47,000	-	-	-	-	59,652	106,652
42,152	-	4,848	-	-	59,652	106,652
47,000	-	-	=	=	59,652	106,652
136,152	-	4,848	-	-	178,956	319,956
18,823	79,500	10,303	=	=	$(14,392)^2$	94,234
18,823	79,500	10,303	-	-	(14,392)	94,234
209,058	79,500	15,151	-	-	462,823	766,532
	\$ 54,083 54,083 47,000 42,152 47,000 136,152 18,823 18,823	Cash salary and fees Termination benefits \$ \$ 54,083 - 54,083 - 47,000 - 42,152 - 47,000 - 136,152 - 18,823 79,500 18,823 79,500	benefits Cash salary and fees Termination benefits Superannuation pensions \$ \$ \$ 54,083 - - 54,083 - - 47,000 - - 42,152 - 4,848 47,000 - - 136,152 - 4,848 18,823 79,500 10,303 18,823 79,500 10,303	benefits Cash salary and fees Termination benefits Superannuation pensions Retirement benefits \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 54,083 - - - - 47,000 - - - - 42,152 - 4,848 - - - 47,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<	benefits Cash salary and fees Termination benefits Superannuation pensions Retirement benefits Options \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 54,083 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	benefits Cash salary and fees Termination benefits Superanuation pensions Retirement benefits Options Performance Rights \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{Mr}\,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{Kay},$ a Non-Executive Director, also provides company secretarial services to the Group.

² Mr L Kaiser resigned on 10 July 2024. The credit expense refers to the lapse of his performance rights and resulting true-up adjustment for the period ended following his resignation in July 2024.

	Short-term employee benefits		Post-emplo	ost-employment benefits		Share-based payments	
	Cash salary and fees	Non- monetary benefits	Super- annuation pensions	Retirement benefits	Options	Performance Rights	Total
30 June 2024	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-Executive Directors							
Daniel Smith	54,000	-	-	-	-	19,015	73,015
John Kay¹	54,000	-	-	-	-	19,015	73,015
Nannan He	48,649	-	5,351	-	-	-	54,000
Myles Campion	54,000	-	-	-	-	-	54,000
Total Non-Executive Directors	210,649	-	5,351	-	-	38,030	254,030
Other Key Management							
Lloyd Kaiser ²	246,071	-	23,227	-	-	164,392	433,690
	246,071	-	23,227	-	-	164,392	433,690
Total key management personnel compensation	456,720	_	28,578	_	_	202,422	687,720
			-,				, -

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Mr J Kay, a Non-Executive Director, also provides company secretarial services to the Group.

² Mr L Kaiser resigned on 10 July 2024.



REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (continued)

(c) Service agreements

There are service agreements in place for each executive and non-executive Director.

(d) Share-based Compensation

Performance rights

On 13 June 2025, the Company issued a total of 8,000,000 performance rights to its directors. The rights were valued using a binomial valuation model. These performance rights were issued in equal tranches, each with different performance milestones. Each performance right will convert into 1 ordinary share of DY6 Metals Limited upon achievement of the performance milestone.

The company has assessed the probability of achievement of each class being achieved as 100% and have recognised an expense accordingly. The details of each class are tabled below:

Tranche	Number of Performance	Issued Date	Exercise Price	Expiry Date of Performance	Expected Date of Milestone	Underlying Share Price	Total Fair Value
	Shares			Right	Achievements		
1	2,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	13/06/28	30/06/25	\$0.11	\$220,000
2	2,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	13/06/28	30/06/25	\$0.11	\$220,000
3	2,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	13/06/28	31/12/25	\$0.11	\$220,000
4	2,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	13/06/28	31/12/25	\$0.11	\$220,000

Tranche 1 to 4 performance rights were valued at their issue dates and the expense recognised over the life of expected achievement of the milestone, resulting in an expense during the year of \$477,215. This expense has been expensed as managements benefits expense.

Details of performance milestones as follows:

(i) Milestone 1

the Company achieving a market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$12,500,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;

(ii) Milestone 2

the Company achieving a market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$20,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;

(iii) Milestone 3

the Company achieving a market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$30,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;

(iv) Milestone 4

the Company achieving a market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$40,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days.

(e) Equity Instrument disclosures relating to KMP

(i) Options provided as remuneration and shares issued on exercise of such options

Details of options over ordinary shares in the Company provided as remuneration and shares issued on the exercise of such options, together with terms and conditions of the options, can be found in the Remuneration Report, if applicable.



REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (continued)

(e) Equity Instrument disclosures relating to KMP (continued)

(ii) Option holdings

The number of options over ordinary shares held by each KMP of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

2025	Balance at the start of the	start of the during the changes		Balance at the end of the	Vested and exercisable at	
Name	year	year as remuneration	year	during the year	year	the end of the year
Directors						_
Daniel Smith	2,225,000	-	(912,500)	15,855,358	17,167,858	17,167,858
John Kay	2,140,000	-	-	1,802,500	3,942,500	3,942,500
Nannan He	225,278	-	-	4,386,218	4,611,496	4,611,496
Myles Campion	562,500	-	-	3,122,737	3,685,237	3,685,237
Total	5,177,778	-	(912,500)	25,166,813	29,407,091	29,407,091

(iii) Performance rights

The number of performance rights over ordinary shares held by each KMP of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

nd of the year
-
-
-
-
_

(iv) Share holdings

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director of DY6 Metals Ltd and other key management personnel of the consolidated group are set out below.

2025	Balance at the start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Shares acquired during the year	Balance at the end of the year
Directors				
Daniel Smith	4,035,000	912,500	3,261,998	8,209,498
John Kay	3,605,000	-	-	3,605,000
Nannan He	925,556	-	-	925,556
Myles Campion	665,000	-	-	665,000
Total	9,230,556	912,500	3,261,998	13,405,054

(f) Loans to Directors and executives

No loans were made to Directors DY6 Metals Ltd or other key management personnel of the consolidated group, including their personally-related entities.



REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (continued)

(g) Other transactions with Directors and other key management personnel

Other transactions with Directors and other key management personnel, including amounts paid and owing at 30 June 2025, are set out below:

Key management personnel or their related party	Nature of transactions	30 June 2025
Minerva Corporate Pty Ltd / Daniel Smith	Accounting services	\$51,000
Minerva Corporate Pty Ltd / Daniel Smith	Consulting fees	\$24,375
Arcadia Corporate Pty Ltd / John Kay	Company secretarial services	\$51,000
Virico (IOM) Limited / Myles Campion	Consulting fees	\$11,000

(h) Additional information

The Company has a share trading policy which imposes basic trading restrictions on all employees of the Company with 'insider information', and additional trading restrictions on the Directors of the Company.

Full details of the Share Trading Policy can be found on the Company's website.

No options provided as remuneration were exercised during the year.

Relationship between remuneration and the Group's performance

The following table shows key performance indicators for the Group over the last five years:

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Loss for the year	\$1,887,749	\$1,536,145	\$804,162	n/a	n/a
Closing Share Price	\$0.11	\$0.07	\$0.20	n/a	n/a
KMP Incentives	\$462,823	\$202,422	\$124,405	n/a	n/a
Total KMP Remuneration	\$462,823	\$202,422	\$124,405	n/a	n/a

Remuneration Consultants

The Group did not engage the services of any remuneration consultants during the year.

END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

SHARES UNDER OPTION

The following unissued ordinary shares of DY6 Metals Ltd under option are on issue as at the date of this report:

- 1. 3,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.30 expiring 23 June 2026
- 2. 2,750,000 options exercisable at \$0.25 expiring 28 December 2026
- 3. 500,000 options exercisable at \$0.25 expiring 28 February 2027
- 4. 26,434,362 options exercisable at \$0.08 expiring 21 January 2029
- 5. 2,750,000 options exercisable at \$0.25 expiring 12 December 2026
- 6. 21,900,000 options exercisable at \$0.60 expiring 17 September 2028

SHARES ISSUED ON THE EXERCISE OF OPTIONS

During the financial period ended 30 June 2025, 962,500 ordinary shares of DY6 Metals Ltd issued upon the exercise of options. 23,269,783 ordinary shares has issued since the end of the financial year.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

INSURANCE OF OFFICERS

Since the end of the previous financial year the consolidated group has paid insurance premiums in respect of directors' and officers' legal expenses and liability insurance. The policies prohibit disclosure of details of the policies or the premiums paid. The Company has not otherwise, during or since the end of the year, except at the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the company or any of its controlled entities against a liability incurred as such an officer or auditor.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company and/or the Consolidated Group are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Moore Australia Audit (WA)) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

The Board of Directors has considered the position and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services have been reviewed by the Board in its capacity as the Audit Committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- None of the services undermine the general principles relating to the auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 25.

During the period the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Assurance services		
Audit Services		
Moore Australia Audit (WA)	32,789	31,788
Total remuneration for audit services	32,789	31,788
Non-Assurance services		
Other Services		
Moore Australia (WA) Pty Ltd	5,350	5,000
Total remuneration for other services	5,350	5,000

DY6 METALS

DIRECTORS' REPORT

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsible on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Daniel Smith

Executive Chairman

30 September 2025



Auditor's Independence Declaration Under Section 307c of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of DY6 Metals Limited

Moore Australia Audit (WA)

Level 15, Exchange Tower, 2 The Esplanade, Perth, WA 6000 PO Box 5785, St Georges Terrace, WA 6831

T +61 8 9225 5355 F +61 8 9225 6181

www.moore-australia.com.au

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2025, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit, and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Suan Lee Tan

Partner – Audit and Assurance Moore Australia Audit (WA)

Perth

30th day of September 2025

MODRE AUSTRALIA

Moore Australia Audit (WA)
Chartered Accountants

FINANCIAL REPORT – 30 JUNE 2025

This financial report includes the consolidated financial statements and notes of DY6 Metals Ltd and its controlled entities ('Consolidated Group' or 'Group') for the financial year 30 June 2025. The financial report is presented in the Australian currency.

DY6 Metals Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its principal place of business and registered office are both:

DY6 Metals Ltd Level 8, 99 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000

A description of the nature of the Group's operations and principal activities is included in the Review of Operations in the Directors' report.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 30 September 2025. The Company has the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

Through the use of the internet, we have ensured that our corporate reporting is timely, complete, and available globally at minimum cost to the Company. All press releases, financial reports and other information are available on our website: www.dy6metals.com.

For queries in relation to our reporting please call +61 8 9486 4036 or email dan.smith@dy6metals.com

DY6 METALS LTD CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	\$	
	*	\$
4	·	99,058
	35,233	99,058
	(617.202)	(614.770)
-		(614,770)
		(298,929)
5		(66,980)
		(14,053)
		(44,204)
	(71,266)	(120,363)
5	(273,057)	(269,373)
5	(483,379)	(206,531)
	(1,887,749)	(1,536,145)
6	-	-
	(1,887,749)	(1,536,145)
	(1 887 749)	(1,536,145)
	(1,007,743)	(1,550,145)
d to profit or loss:		
	79,287	(23,657)
	-	-
butable to	(1,808,462)	(1,559,802)
	Cents	Cents
	(3.09)	(2.68)
15	(3.09)	(2.68)
	5 d to profit or loss:	35,233 (617,392) (327,240) (91,013) (16,910) (42,725) (71,266) (71,266) (71,266) (71,266) (71,267) (483,379) (1,887,749) (1,887,749) (1,887,749) (1,887,749) (1,887,749) thutable to (1,808,462) Cents (3.09)

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

DY6 METALS LTD CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

	Notes	2025	2024
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,534,502	2,586,813
Trade and other receivables	8	74,611	90,164
Total Current Assets		1,609,113	2,676,977
Non-Current Assets			
Motor vehicle, plant & equipment		88,430	45,252
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	9	7,028,837	4,784,695
Total Non-Current Assets		7,117,267	4,829,947
Total Assets		8,726,380	7,506,924
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	332,270	259,659
Total Current Liabilities		332,270	259,659
Total Liabilities	_	332,270	259,659
Net Assets		8,394,110	7,247,265
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	13	9,653,963	9,036,783
Reserves	14	2,968,205	550,789
Accumulated losses	14	(4,228,058)	(2,340,307)
Total Equity		8,394,110	7,247,265

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

DY6 METALS LTD CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Contributed equity	Accumulated Losses	Performance rights reserve	Options reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Total
	Ś	\$	\$	Ś	Ś	\$
Balance at 1 July 2024	9,036,783	(2,340,307)	168,501	405,098	(22,810)	7,247,265
Total comprehensive loss	_	(1,887,749)	-	-	-	(1,887,749)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation	_	-	-	-	79,287	79,287
Total comprehensive loss for	-	(1,887,749)	-	-	79,287	(1,808,462)
the year						
Transaction with owner,						
directly recorded in equity						
Shares issued during the year						
via placement	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000
Shares issued during the year						
via acquisitions	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
Options issued during the						
year	-	-	-	204,750		204,750
Options converted	77,000					77,000
Share based payments -						
vendors	-	-	1,650,000	-	-	1,650,000
Share based payments –						
directors & management	-	-	483,379	-	-	483,379
Share issue costs	(59,820)	-	-	-	-	(59,820)
Foreign currency translation						
reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2025	9,653,963	(4,228,058)	2,301,880	609,848	56,477	8,394,110
=						
Balance at 1 July 2023	8,559,823	(804,162)	450,342	405,098	847	8,611,948
Total comprehensive loss	-	(1,536,145)	-	-	-	(1,536,145)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	(23,657)	(23,657)
Total comprehensive loss for	-	(1,536,145)	-	-	(23,657)	(1,559,802)
the year						
Transaction with owner,						
directly recorded in equity						
Share issue costs	(11,412)	-	-	-	-	(11,412)
Performance rights converted						
to shares	488,372	-	(281,841)	-	-	206,531
Foreign currency translation						
reserve	-		-	-		
Balance at 30 June 2024	9,036,783	(2,340,307)	168,501	405,098	(22,810)	7,247,265

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

DY6 METALS LTD CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	2025	2024
		\$	\$
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(957,368)	(1,499,370)
Interest received	-	35,233	99,058
Net cash used in operating activities	21	(922,135)	(1,400,312)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Payments for motor vehicle, plant & equipment		-	(56,675)
Payments for exploration and evaluation expenditure		(727,776)	(2,312,144)
Net cash used in investing activities	- -	(727,776)	(2,368,819)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Proceeds from the issue of shares and options		681,750	-
Transaction costs related to issue of shares		(59,820)	(460,347)
Repayment of borrowings	_	(24,330)	-
Net cash received/(used) from financing activities		597,600	(460,347)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,052,311)	(4,229,478)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,586,813	6,816,291
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	7	1,534,502	2,586,813

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. The financial report includes the consolidated financial statements and notes of DY6 Metals Ltd and its controlled entities ('Consolidated Group' or 'Group).

Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*. DY6 Metals Ltd is a for profit entity for the purposes of preparing the financial statements.

Compliance with IFRS

These consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Going Concern

This report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group recorded a net loss of \$1,887,749 for the year ended 30 June 2025 (2024: \$1,536,145 loss) and had a net cash outflow from operating and investing activities of \$1,649,911 (2024: \$3,769,131) for the year ended 30 June 2025. The Group had cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2025, of \$1,534,502 (2024: \$2,586,813) and has net current assets of \$1,276,843 (2024: \$2,417,318).

The Directors have prepared a cash flow forecast, which indicates that the Group will have sufficient cash flows to meet all currently forecasted commitments and working capital requirements for the 12 month period from the date of signing this financial report. The forecast includes substantial equity raised subsequent to balance date as announced by the Company.

Based on the cash flow forecasts, the directors are satisfied that the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate. In particular, the Directors are confident of the Company's ability to control expenditures and raise additional funds as and when they are required, should the need arise.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate all of the assets, liabilities and results of the parent (DY6 Metals Ltd) and all of the subsidiaries (including any structured entities). Subsidiaries are entities the parent controls. The parent controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. A list of the subsidiaries is provided in Note 22.

The assets, liabilities and results of all subsidiaries are fully consolidated into the financial statements of the Group from the date on which control is obtained by the Group. The consolidation of a subsidiary is discontinued from the date that control ceases. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between group entities are fully eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed and adjustments made where necessary to ensure uniformity of the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

For statement of cash flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(c) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Evaluation and evaluation expenditures incurred are capitalised in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only capitalised to the extent that they are expected to be recovered through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit or loss in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made. When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to capitalise costs in relation to that area.

Any changes in the estimates for the costs are accounted for on a prospective basis. In determining the costs of site restoration, there is uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of the restoration due to community expectations and future legislation. Accordingly, the costs have been determined on the basis that the restoration will be completed within one year of abandoning the site.

(d) Impairment of assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Group's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Group's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The Group's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on corporate bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Group's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

Defined contribution superannuation benefits

All employees of the Group receive defined contribution superannuation entitlements, for which the Group pays the fixed superannuation guarantee contribution (currently 12% of the employee's average ordinary salary) to the employee's superannuation fund of choice. All contributions in respect of employees' defined contribution entitlements are recognised as an expense when they become payable. The Group's obligation with respect to employees' defined contribution entitlements is limited to its obligation for any unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions at the end of the reporting period. All obligations for unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled and are presented as current liabilities in the Group's statement of financial position.

Equity-settled compensation

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortised over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to equity. The fair value of options and performance rights are determined using the Black-Scholes and/or binomial pricing models respectively. Where there are non-market performance conditions attached the number of performance rights and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Revenue recognition

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(g) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

(h) Income tax

The income tax expense (benefit) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at the end of the reporting period. Current tax diabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates, and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists, the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flow.

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will results and that outflow can be reliably measured.

(k) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share

Potential shares as a result of options outstanding at the end of the year are not dilutive and therefore have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

(I) Foreign currency transactions and balances

The functional currency of each of the group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

(m) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Foreign currency transactions and balances (continued)

Group companies

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date;
- b. Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period; and
- c. Share capital and retained earnings are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the group's foreign currency translation reserve in the statement of financial position. These differences are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which the operation is disposed.

(n) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors.

(o) New, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Group has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. The Directors have determined that these new standards do not materially impact the Group.

(p) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Group for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2024. Management is currently assessing the impact if these standards on the Group's financial statements in the year of initial application.

(q) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is the date that the Company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments (except for trade receivables) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component or if the practical expedient was applied as specified in AASB 15.63.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Financial Instruments (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Financial assets are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost;
- fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- fair value through profit or loss.

Measurement is on the basis of two primary criteria:

- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset; and
- the business model for managing the financial assets.

A financial asset that meets the following conditions is subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is managed solely to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates.
- A financial asset that meets the following conditions is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates;
- the business model for managing the financial assets comprises both contractual cash flows collection and the selling of the financial asset.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised at settlement date in accordance with the Company's accounting policy.

NOTE 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group is engaged in mineral exploration and evaluation, and does not currently sell product and derives only limited revenue from interest earned.

Risk management is carried out by the board as a whole and no formal risk management policy has been adopted but is in the process of development.

NOTE 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposures to the Malawian Kwacha and the United States Dollar. Since the Group has not yet commenced mining operations or to sell products the exposure is limited to the movement in loan accounts between the Parent and the Subsidiary located in Malawi.

The Group limits its foreign currency risk by limiting funds held in overseas bank accounts and paying its creditors promptly. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk on Malawian Kwacha and United Stated Dollars, translated into Australian Dollars at 30 June, was as follows:

	2025	2024
	AUD	AUD
Foreign currency assets and liabilities		
Cash and cash equivalents	227,389	156,288
Trade and other payables	-	-

(ii) Interest rate risk

From time to time the Group has significant interest bearing assets, but they are as a result of the timing of equity raising and capital expenditure rather than a reliance on interest income. Exposure to interest rates is limited to the cash and cash equivalents balances.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates, and the effective weighted average interest rate for each class of financial assets and financial liabilities comprises:

2025	Floating Interest Rate	Non-interest bearing	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,534,502	-	1,534,502
Trade and other receivables		74,611	74,611
	1,534,502	74,611	1,609,113
Weighted average interest rate			
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables		332,270	332,270
		332,270	332,270
Net financial assets	1,534,502	(257,659)	1,276,843

NOTE 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

2024	Floating Interest Rate	Non-interest bearing	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2,586,813	-	2,586,813
Trade and other receivables		90,164	90,164
	2,586,813	90,164	2,676,977
Weighted average interest rate			
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	-	259,659	259,659
	-	259,659	259,659
Net financial assets	2,586,813	(169,495)	2,417,318

Sensitivity analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities of the Group's exposure to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact on how profit reported at balance date would have been affected by changes in the interest rate risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Net financial assets subject to variable interest rates	1,534,502	2,586,813
Increase in profits and equity resulting from a 1%		
pa increase in variable interest rates	15,345	25,868
Decrease in profits and equity resulting from a 1%		
pa decrease in variable interest rates	(15,345)	(25,868)

The following table illustrates sensitivities of the Group's exposure to changes in foreign exchange rates. The table indicates the impact on how profit and loss reported at balance date would have been affected by changes in the foreign exchange rate variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Decrease in profit and loss income resulting from a	57,139	30,292
10% increase in Australian Dollar against the		
Kwacha/Rand/USD		
Increase in profit and loss income resulting from a	(57,139)	(30,292)
10% decrease in Australian Dollar against the		
Kwacha/Rand/USD		

The entity is not exposed to material price risk.

Net Fair Value

Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables are short-term investments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value.

NOTE 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk exposure represents the extent of credit related losses that the Group may be subject to on amounts to be received from financial assets. Credit risk arises principally from trade and other receivables and cash. The objective of the Group is to minimise the risk of loss from credit risk. Although revenue from operations is minimal, the Group trades only with creditworthy third parties. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is insignificant. The Group has no concentrations of credit risk, other than holding all its cash with Westpac Bank. The Group's maximum credit risk exposure is limited to the carrying value of its financial assets as indicated on the statement of financial position.

Credit risk exposures

Credit risks related to balances with bank and other financial institutions is managed by the Board in accordance with Board policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a Standard and Poor's rating of at least AA-. Cash is held with Westpac Bank, which is AA Rated.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is as follows:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Current Assets:	·	·
Cash and cash equivalents	1,534,502	2,586,813
Trade and other receivables	74,611	90,164
Non-Current Assets:		
Trade and other receivables	-	
	1,609,113	2,676,977

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Group might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities.

The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and ensuring sufficient cash and marketable securities are available to meet the current and future commitments of the Group. Due to the nature of the Group's activities, being mineral exploration, the Group does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. The Board of Directors constantly monitor the state of equity markets in conjunction with the Group's current and future funding requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required. Any surplus funds are invested with major financial institutions.

The Group's current financial assets and liabilities are summarised as follows:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	1,534,502	2,586,813
Trade and other receivables	74,611	90,164
Trade and other payables	(332,270)	(259,659)
	1,276,843	2,417,318

The financial liabilities of the Group are confined to trade and other payables as disclosed in the statement of financial position. All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and due within 30 days from the reporting date.

The contractual amounts payable are equal to the carrying amounts in the accounts.

NOTE 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes assumptions concerning the future. All judgments, estimates and assumptions made are believed to be reasonable based on the most current set of circumstances available to management. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The judgments, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts and assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

a) Impairment of assets

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

(b) Share based payments

The Group measures the cost of equity settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a Black-Scholes or Binomial option pricing model, using the assumptions detailed in Note 19.

(c) Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditures

Determining the recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy (refer Note 1(c)), requires estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular, whether successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest will be achieved. The Company applies the principles of AASB 6 and recognises exploration and evaluation assets when the rights of tenure of the area of interest are current, and the exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area. If, after having capitalised the expenditure under the Company's accounting policy in Note 1(c), a judgment is made that recovery of the carrying amount is unlikely, an impairment loss is recorded in profit or loss in accordance with the Company's accounting policy in Note 1(c). The carrying amounts of exploration and evaluation assets are set out in Note 9.

		2025 \$	2024 \$
NOTE 4	REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME	,	•
From cont	inuing operations		
Interest –	bank	35,233	99,058
Total Reve	enue	35,233	99,058

NOTE 5 EXPENSES	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Consultants and advisors		
Accounting & secretarial	192,224	146,071
Legal costs	19,028	14,544
Others	115,988	138,314
Total consultant and advisors	327,240	298,929
Corporate costs		
ASX fees	22,932	4,150
ASIC fees	9,680	5,672
Audit fees	36,789	42,538
Share registry services	21,612	14,620
Total corporate costs	91,013	66,980
Other expenses		
Conferences	2,746	32,195
Motor vehicle	30,919	10,427
Şubscriptions	5,311	44,545
Travel	122,451	68,822
Other operating expenses	51,068	82,746
Rental	60,562	30,638
Total other expenses	273,057	269,373
Share-based payments		
Performance rights expensed	483,379	206,531
Total share-based payments	483,379	206,531
NOTE 6 INCOME TAX EXPENSE	2025	2024
	2023 \$	\$
a. The components of tax expense comprise:	•	•
Current income tax	-	-
Deferred tax		-
h. The naime feets toy hanglit on loss fuers and income estimates		-
b. The prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:		
Prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities before		
income tax at 30% (2024: 30%) from ordinary operations:	(566,325)	(460,844

NC	OTE 6 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)	2025	2024
		\$	\$
Ad	d/(less) tax effect of:		_
_	Other non-allowable items	347,117	196,410
-	Revenue losses not recognised	240,660	278,827
_	Other deferred tax balances not recognised	(21,452)	(14,393)
) Inc	come tax expense/(benefit) reported in the consolidated		, , ,
	itement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	-	-
	om ordinary operations		
Re	cognised deferred tax at 30% (2024: 30%)¹:		
De	ferred tax liabilities		
Un	realised foreign exchange	(110)	(443)
De	ferred tax assets		
Ca	rry forward revenue losses	110	443
		-	-
Un	recognised deferred tax assets at 30% (2024: 30%)1:		
Ca	rry forward revenue losses	587,047	425,294
Ca	pital raising costs	42,072	61,303
Pro	ovisions and accruals	7,509	12,485
Ot	her	1,329	9
		637,957	499,091

The tax benefits of the above Deferred Tax Assets will only be obtained if:

- (a) the company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefits to be utilised
- (b) the company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by law; and
- (c) no changes in income tax legislation adversely affect the company in utilising the benefits.

¹ The corporate tax rate for eligible companies is 25% providing certain turnover thresholds and other criteria are met. All other companies are taxed at 30%. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are required to be measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply in the future income year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. The Directors have determined that the deferred tax balances be measured at the tax rates stated.

NOTE 7	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2025 \$	2024 \$
Reconciliat Cash at the	ash equivalents ion of Cash e end of the financial year as shown in the statement of is reconciled to items in the statement of financial follows:	1,534,502	2,586,813
Cash at bar		1,534,502	2,586,813
Bank depos	sits at call	-	-
Cash on ha	nd		-
Cash and ca	ash equivalents	1,534,502	2,586,813

Cash at bank earns an interest rate up to 1.20%. Refer to note 2 for the Group's exposure to interest rate risk.

N	IOTE 8	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2025	2024
			\$	\$
С	URRENT			
> G	ST refund	able	29,646	74,092
P	repaymer	nts	13,153	8,990
	ther rece		31,812	7,082
			74,611	90,164
			74,011	30,104
			2025	2024
	IOTE 9	EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE	\$	\$
D)'	IOILS	EXI EGNATION AND EVALUATION EXI ENDITONE		
E:	xploration	n and evaluation assets		
	(a) Exp	ploration project acquisition cost		
	Оре	ning balance	2,160,097	2,137,597
	Acq	uisition cost – Green Exploration Limited (Malawi)	-	22,500
	Acq	uisition cost – Rhino Resources Limited (Cameroon)	2,200,000 ¹	
	Tota	al exploration project acquisition cost	4,360,097	2,160,097
	<i>(</i> 1.) =			
		ploration project expenditure costs		
		alawi projects:		
		ening balance	2,624,598	463,930
		penditure incurred	83,401	2,160,668
		D refundable offset	(261,460)	-
	Foi	reign translation movement	31,609	
	Tota	al exploration project expenditure cost	2,478,148	2,624,598
	Can	neroon projects:		
		ning balance	-	-
	•	enditure incurred	190,592	-
	-	al exploration project expenditure cost	190,592	_
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
\preceq	otal explo	ration and evaluation expenditure	7,028,837	4,784,695

¹The total acquisition cost also includes a \$150,000 deferred cash settlement amount which will be payable upon the successful granting of all licence applications.

On 23 April 2025, the Company entered into a binding agreement with Gondwana Capital Pty Ltd to acquire 100% of the issued capital of wholly owned Cameroonian subsidiary Gorilla Mining Ltd and Rhino Resources Ltd both are the legal and beneficial owner of exploration licences and valid exploration permit applications.

This is accounted for as an acquisition of an asset as management believes that this does not meet the definition of business acquisitions as per AASB3.

NOTE 9 EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE (continued)

The fair value of the consideration settled in equity, being 5,000,000 ordinary shares, was measured based on the share price of the company at acquisition date. The presumption that the fair value of the asset acquired can be reliably measured has been rebutted given the speculative nature of the asset being in early exploration phase.

The fair value of the total 15,000,000 tranche 1 to 3 performance rights that may be issued under the agreements of Acquisition was calculated at \$1,650,000, calculated with reference to the share price at date of issue of \$0.11 and the probability of conditions being met was assessed at 100% on acquisition date. Refer to note 19 for the terms of the performance rights.

The fair value of the purchase consideration has been allocated to the acquired asset as at the acquisition date as per the table below:

Consideration:	2025 \$	2024 \$
<u>Malawi:</u>		
Opening balance	2,160,097	2,137,597
Cash consideration	-	22,500
Total cost	2,160,097	2,160,097
<u>Cameroon:</u>		
Consideration shares	200,000	-
Tranche 1 & 2 performance rights	1,650,000	-
Cash consideration	200,000	-
Deferred cash consideration	150,000	-
Total cost	2,200,000	
Total exploration cost acquired	4,360,097	2,160,097

The recoverability of deferred project acquisition costs is dependent upon the successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternately the sale of the areas of interest.

NOTE 10 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2025 \$	2024 \$
NOTE 10 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
CURRENT		
Trade and sundry creditors	150,937	230,659
Accrued expenses	181,333	29,000
	332,270	259,659

All creditors are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 day terms.

Refer to note 2 for the Group's exposure to liquidity risk.

NOTE 11 **COMMITMENTS**

Exploration Expenditure Commitments

In order to maintain rights of tenure to exploration tenements the Group is required to perform exploration work to meet the minimum expenditure requirements as specified by various governments.

Outstanding obligations are not provided for in the accounts and are payable:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Not later than 1 year	357,687	131,315
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	82,532	99,571
Any greater than 5 years		-
	440,219	230,886

NOTE 12 **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period.

NOTE 13 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY	2025	2024
	\$	\$
(a) Paid Up Capital		
Ordinary shares – fully paid	9,653,963	9,036,783

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and in a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(b) Movement	s in ordinary share capital of the Company:			
		Number of	Issue Price	
Date	Details	Shares	\$	\$
1 Jul 2023	Opening balance	55,500,000		8,559,823
17 Nov 2023	Conversion of performance rights to shares	3,000,000		488,372
	Share issue costs			(11,412)
30 Jun 2024	Closing balance	58,500,000		9,036,783
23 April 2025	Consideration shares - acquisition of Rhino Resources Ltd (Cameroon) ^a	5,000,000	0.04	200,000
2 May 2025	Shares issued via placement	8,125,000	0.04	325,000
30 April 2025	Exercise of options	50,000	0.08	4,000
12 May 2025	Exercise of options	600,000	0.08	48,000
6 June 2025	Exercise of options	312,500	0.08	25,000
13 Jun 2025	Shares issued via placement	1,875,000	0.04	75,000
	Share issue costs			(59,820)
30 June 2025	Closing balance	74,462,500		9,653,963

 $^{^{\}rm a}\,$ Consideration shares were non-cash and deemed to be issued \$0.04 per share.

NOTE 13 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (continued)

(c) Performance rights	2025	2024
	Rights	Rights
Opening balance	5,300,000	4,500,000
Issue of performance rights to directors	8,000,000	-
Issue of performance rights to project vendors	15,000,000	-
Issue of performance rights to executives	-	3,800,000
Issue of performance rights to employees	1,175,000	-
Lapse of performance rights	(3,300,000)	-
Conversion of performance rights to shares		(3,000,000)
Balance at 30 June	26,175,000	5,300,000
(d) Option Issues		
Options to purchase ordinary shares	2025	2024
	Options	Options
Opening balance	9,000,000	9,000,000
Options issued via placement	29,249,978	_

(962,500)

37,287,478

(e) Option Exercise

Exercise of options

Balance at 30 June

During the financial year 962,500 options were exercised.

(f) Option Expiry

During the financial year no options expired unexercised.

(g) Option Cancellation and Lapse

During the financial year nil options lapsed.

(h) Capital Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to equity holders of the parent comprising issued capital, reserves and accumulative losses.

Due to the nature of the Group's activities, being mineral exploration, the Group does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of the Group's capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Group to meet exploration programmes and corporate overheads. The Group's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

9,000,000

NOTE 13 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (continued)

(h) Capital Management (continued)

Balance at 30 June

The working capital position of the Group was as follows:		
	2025	2024
	\$,
Cash and cash equivalents	1,534,502	2,586,81
Other receivables	74,611	90,16
Trade and other payables	(332,270)	(259,659
Working capital position	1,276,843	2,417,31
The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.		
Refer to note 2 for Financial Risk Management.		
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
NOTE 14 RESERVES AND ACCUMULATED LOSSES		
(a) Reserves		
Performance rights reserve	2,301,880	168,501
Options reserve	609,848	405,098
Foreign currency reserve	56,477	(22,810)
	2,968,205	550,789
Movements		
Performance rights reserve		
Opening balance	168,501	450,342
Performance rights expense – key management personnel	477,214	202,422
Performance rights expense – management (net of true up adjustment)	6,165	4,109
Performance rights issued – project acquisition	1,650,000	-
Performance rights converted to shares	-	(488,372)
Balance at 30 June	2,301,880	168,501
	, ,	
Options reserve		
Opening balance	405,098	405,098
Options issued via placement	204,750	-
Balance at 30 June	609,848	405,098
Foreign currency reserve		
Opening balance	(22,810)	847
Foreign currency translation	79,287	(23,657)

(22,810)

56,477

NOTE 14 RESERVES AND ACCUMULATED LOSSES

Movements (continued)	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Movements in accumulated losses were as follows:		
Opening balance	(2,340,307)	(804,162)
□ Net loss for the year	(1,887,749)	(1,536,145)
Balance at 30 June	(4,228,058)	(2,340,307)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

Performance rights reserve

This reserve is used to recognise the fair value of performance rights issued.

Options reserve

This reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued.

Foreign currency reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign controlled entity are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve, as described in Note 1(n). The reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the net investment is disposed of.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
NOTE 15 LOSS PER SHARE ("EPS")		
Earnings per share from continuing operations Loss after income tax	(1,887,749)	(1,536,145)
Weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of the basic EPS.	61,013,048	57,365,753
The number of potential ordinary shares relating to options not exercised at the end of the year. These potential ordinary shares are anti-dilutive and have not been included in the EPS calculations.	-	-
Basic and diluted loss cents per share	(3.09)	(2.68)

The Company's potential ordinary shares are not considered dilutive as the Company is in a loss position.

NOTE 16 DIVIDENDS

There were no dividends paid or recommended during the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

NOTE 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. Refer to Note 18 for additional disclosure.

Other transactions with related parties, including amounts paid and owing at 30 June 2025, are set out below:

Key management personnel or their related party	Nature of transactions	30 June 2025
Minerva Corporate Pty Ltd / Daniel Smith	Accounting services	\$51,000
Minerva Corporate Pty Ltd / Daniel Smith	Consulting fees	\$24,375
Arcadia Corporate Pty Ltd / John Kay	Company secretarial services	\$51,000
Virico (IOM) Limited / Myles Campion	Consulting fees	\$11,000

Other transactions with related parties, including amounts paid and owing at 30 June 2024, are set out below:

Key management personnel or their related party	Nature of transactions	30 June 2024
Minerva Corporate Pty Ltd / Daniel Smith	Accounting services	\$54,000
Minerva Corporate Pty Ltd / Daniel Smith	Consulting fees	\$23,125
Arcadia Corporate Pty Ltd / John Kay	Company secretarial services	\$54,000
Geosmart Consulting Pty Ltd / Nannan He ¹	Consulting fees	\$6,250

¹Geosmart International is an entity controlled by the spouse of Nannan He

Directors and specified executives

Disclosures relating to Directors and specified executives are set out in Directors' Remuneration Report.

Wholly-owned group

The consolidated group consists of DY6 Metals Ltd and its wholly-owned subsidiaries as set out in Note 22.

Other related parties

There were no transactions or balances with other related parties including director related entities during the year.

NOTE 18 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation

Refer to the Remuneration Report contained in the Director's Report for details of the remuneration paid to each member of the Group's KMP for the year ended 30 June 2025.

The totals of remuneration paid to KMP during the year are as follows:

2025 \$	2024 \$
Short term employee benefits 209,058	456,720
Termination benefits 79,500	-
Post-employment benefits 15,151	28,578
Share based payments 462,823	202,422
766,532	687,720

NOTE 19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The total expense arising from share-based payment transactions recognised during the period in relation to the performance rights was \$483,379 in share-based payment expenses for the year.

Performance Rights – Employees

On 5 June 2025, the Company issued 800,000 performance rights to its Malawian Senior Exploration Geologist. The rights were valued using a binomial valuation model. These performance rights were issued in equal tranches, each with different performance milestones. Each performance right will convert into 1 ordinary share of DY6 Metals Ltd upon achievement of the performance milestone.

The company has assessed the probability of achievement of each class being achieved and have recognised an expense accordingly. The details of each class are tabled below:

Tran	che	Number of Performance Shares	Grant Date	Exercise Price	Probability of achievement of milestone	Expiry Date of Performance Right	Expected Date of Milestone Achievements	Underlying Share Price	Total Fair Value
) 1	L	175,000	05/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	05/06/28	31/12/25	\$0.14	\$24,500
2	2	175,000	05/06/25	\$0.0001	80%	05/06/28	31/12/25	\$0.14	\$24,500
3	3	175,000	05/06/25	\$0.0001	60%	05/06/28	31/03/26	\$0.14	\$24,500
- 4	1	275,000	05/06/25	\$0.0001	40%	05/06/28	30/09/26	\$0.14	\$38,500

Tranche 1 to 4 performance rights were valued at their issue dates and the expense recognised over the life of expected achievement of the milestone, resulting in an expense during the year of \$9,907. This expense has been expensed as managements benefits expense.

Details of performance milestones as follows:

- (i) Milestone 1 upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$25,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;
- (ii) Milestone 2 upon the upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$35,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;
- (iii) Milestone 3 upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$50,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;
- (iv) Milestone 4 upon the Company successfully delineating a JORC or NI43-101 compliant Mineral Resource on the Tenements of a minimum of 50Mt having a minimum grade of at least 1% HMS within 36 months.

On 5 June 2025, the Company issue a 375,000 performance rights to its chief financial officer. The rights were valued using a binomial valuation model. These performance rights were issued in equal tranches, each with different performance milestones. Each performance right will convert into 1 ordinary share of DY6 Metals Ltd upon achievement of the performance milestone.

The company has assessed the probability of achievement of each class being achieved and have recognised an expense accordingly. The details of each class are tabled below:

Tranche	Number of	Grant	Exercise	Probability of	Expiry Date of	Expected Date	Underlying	Total Fair
	Performance	Date	Price	achievement of	Performance	of Milestone	Share Price	Value
	Shares			milestone	Right	Achievements		
1	125,000	05/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	05/06/28	31/12/25	\$0.14	\$17,500
2	125,000	05/06/25	\$0.0001	80%	05/06/28	31/12/25	\$0.14	\$17,500
3	125,000	05/06/25	\$0.0001	60%	05/06/28	31/03/26	\$0.14	\$17,500

NOTE 19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Tranche 1 to 3 performance rights were valued at their issue dates and the expense recognised over the life of expected achievement of the milestone, resulting in an expense during the year of \$5,650. This expense has been expensed as managements benefits expense.

Details of performance milestones as follows:

- (j) Milestone 1 upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$25,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;
- (ii) Milestone 2 upon the upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$35,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;
- (iii) Milestone 3 upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$50,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days.

Performance Rights – Vendors

On 13 June 2025, the Company issued 15,000,000 performance rights to the vendors. The rights were valued using the Company's share price on the date of issue. These performance rights were issued in equal tranches, each with different performance milestones. Each performance right will convert into 1 ordinary share of DY6 Metals Ltd upon achievement of the performance milestone.

The company has assessed the probability of achievement of each class being achieved and have recognised an expense accordingly. The details of each class are tabled below:

Tranche	Number of Performance Shares	Grant Date	Exercise Price	Probability of achievement of milestone	Expiry Date of Performance Right	Expected Date of Milestone Achievement	Underlying Share Price	Total Fair Value
1	5,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	13/06/28	13/12/25	\$0.11	\$550,000
2	4,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	13/06/28	13/12/26	\$0.11	\$440,000
3	6,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	13/06/28	13/06/28	\$0.11	\$660,000

Tranche 1 to 3 performance rights were valued at their issue dates at \$1,650,000 which has been recognised immediately. This has been included as capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure.

Details of performance milestones as follows:

- (i) Tranche 1 upon the successful granting of all licence applications into new exploration licences;
- (ii) Tranche 2 upon the Company achieving at least 5 drill intercepts of either 5m or greater at a minimum grade of 2% HMS or 10m or greater at a minimum grade of 1% HMS at the Projects;
- (iii) Tranche 3 upon the Company successfully delineating a JORC or NI43-101 compliant mineral resource at the Projects of a minimum of 50Mt having a minimum grade of at last 1% HMS.

Performance Rights - Directors

On 13 June 2025, the Company issued 8,000,000 performance rights to its directors. The rights were valued using a binomial valuation model. These performance rights were issued in equal tranches, each with different performance milestones. Each performance right will convert into 1 ordinary share of DY6 Metals Ltd upon achievement of the performance milestone.

The company has assessed the probability of achievement of each class being achieved and have recognised an expense accordingly. The details of each class are tabled below:

NOTE 19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Tranche	Number of Performance Shares	Grant Date	Exercise Price	Probability of achievement of milestone	Expiry Date of Performance Right	Expected Date of Milestone Achievements	Underlying Share Price	Total Fair Value
1	2,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	13/06/28	30/06/25	\$0.11	\$220,000
2	2,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	13/06/28	30/06/25	\$0.11	\$220,000
3	2,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	13/06/28	31/12/25	\$0.11	\$220,000
4	2,000,000	13/06/25	\$0.0001	100%	13/06/28	31/12/25	\$0.11	\$220,000

Tranche 1 to 4 performance rights were valued at their issue dates and the expense recognised over the life of expected achievement of the milestone, resulting in an expense during the year of \$477,214. This expense has been expensed as managements benefits expense.

Details of performance milestones as follows:

- (i) Milestone 1 upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$12,500,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;
- (ii) Milestone 2 upon the upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$20,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;
- (iii) Milestone 3 upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$30,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;
- (iv) Milestone 4 upon the Company achieving market capitalisation (on an undiluted basis) of no less than \$40,000,000 for 10 consecutive trading days;

(d) Expenses arising from share-based payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share-based payment transactions recognised during the year as part of director benefits or share based payment expense were as follows:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Options issued to directors	-	-
Performance rights issued to directors	477,214	38,030
Performance rights issued to managements (net of true up adjustment)	6,165	168,501
	483,379	206,531

NOTE 20 OPERATING SEGMENTS

Identification of reportable segments

The Group operates predominantly in the mining industry. This comprises exploration and evaluation of minerals and metals that are used in the power generation and electric vehicle sectors. Inter-segment transactions are priced at cost to the Consolidated Group.

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the board of directors (chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources. The financial statements presented above are the same as the reports the directors review. The Company operates exclusively in one segment, which is mineral exploration in Malawi and Cameroon whereby project assets in those countries amount to \$4,638,245 and \$2,390,592 respectively at 30 June 2025.

NOTE 21 RECONCILIATION OF LOSS AFTER INCOME TAX TO NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

a) Reconciliation of operating loss after income tax to the net cash flow from operations:	2025 \$	2024 \$
Operating loss after income tax	(1,887,749)	(1,536,145)
Adjustment for non-cash items:		
- Share-based payments expense	483,379	206,531
- Depreciation and amortisation	16,910	14,053
- Exploration expenses classified as investing	273,545	126,348
- Trade and other payables classified as financing	24,330	448,934
- Foreign currency translation reserve	79,287	(23,657)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
- Trade and other receivables	19,715	22,932
- Trade and other payables and provisions	72,611	(650,318)
- Prepayments	(4,163)	(8,990)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(922,135)	(1,400,312)

NOTE 22 SUBSIDIARIES

The Group's material subsidiaries are outlined below. The ownership interests reflect the Group's direct interest in the ordinary shares of the entity. The proportion of ownership interests held also equals the voting rights held by the Group. The country of incorporation is also the principal place of business unless otherwise noted.

			2025	2024
Name of Entity	Country of Incorporation	Class of Shares	%	%
Green Exploration (Australia) Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Green Exploration Limited	Malawi	Ordinary	100	100
Green Exploration SA (Pty) Ltd	South Africa	Ordinary	100	100
Aardvark Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	-
EKOM Metals Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	-
Gorilla Mining Ltd	Cameroon	Ordinary	100	-
Rhino Resources Ltd	Cameroon	Ordinary	100	-

Equity Holding

2025	2024
\$	\$

NOTE 23 PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the Company and has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards.

(a) Financial Position of DY6 Metals Ltd

(a) Financial Position of DTO Metals Ltu		
ASSETS		
Current Assets	2,715,883	3,154,663
Non Current Assets	6,828,873	4,677,985
TOTAL ASSETS	9,544,756	7,832,648
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	332,270	259,659
TOTAL LIABILITIES	332,270	259,659
EQUITY		
Contributed equity	9,653,962	9,036,783
Reserves	2,911,728	573,599
Accumulated losses	(3,353,204)	(2,037,393)
TOTAL EQUITY	9,212,486	7,572,989
(b) Financial Performance of DY6 Metals Ltd		
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Loss for the year	(1,315,811)	(1,233,279)

(c) Guarantees entered into by DY6 Metals Ltd to the debts of its subsidiaries

There are no guarantees entered into by DY6 Metals Ltd for the debts of its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

(1,315,811)

(1,233,279)

(d) Contingent liabilities of DY6 Metals Ltd

There are no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

(e) Commitments DY6 Metals Ltd

Total comprehensive loss

There are no commitments as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024 other than those disclosed in note 11.

NOTE 24 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the period the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the Group, their related practices and non-related audit firms.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Assurance services		
Audit Services		
Moore Australia Audit (WA)	32,789	31,788
Total remuneration for audit services	32,789	31,788
Non-Assurance services		
Other Services		
Moore Australia (WA) Pty Ltd	5,350	5,000
Total remuneration for other services	5,350	5,000

NOTE 25 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

The Company reporting the acquisition and the application for additional ground expanding the landholding of its Central Rutile Project in Cameroon. The Company also reported initial results of select sampling and auger drilling at the Central Rutile Project.

The Company also announced a share placement raising \$4.625m and various management and in-country appointments, as noted in the directors report.

Other than the above no matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2025 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the Group's operations in future financial years; or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (iii) the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

CONSOLIDATED ENTITY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

				Body corpoi ownership in	
Entity name	Entity type	Country of	Country of	2025	2024
		Incorporation	tax residence	%	%
Legal parent					
DY6 Metals Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	Australia		
Legal Subsidiaries					
Green Exploration Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	Australia	100	100
Green Exploration Ltd	Body corporate	Malawi	Malawi	100	100
Green Exploration SA (Pty) Ltd	Body corporate	South Africa	South Africa	100	100
Aardvark Minerals Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	Australia	100	-
EKOM Metals Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	Australia	100	-
Gorilla Mining Ltd	Body corporate	Cameroon	Cameroon	100	-
Rhino Resources Ltd	Body corporate	Cameroon	Cameroon	100	-

Basis of preparation

This consolidated entity disclosure statement (CEDS) has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and includes information for each entity that was part of the consolidated entity at the end of the financial year in accordance with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements.

Determination of tax residency

Section 295 (3A)(vi) of the Corporation Act 2001 defines tax residency as having the meaning in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997. The determination of tax residency invoices judgement as there are different interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency.

In determining tax residency, the consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations:

Australian tax residency

The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Tax Commissioner's public guidance in Tax Ruling TR 2018/5

Foreign tax residency

Where necessary, the consolidated entity has used independent tax advisers in foreign jurisdictions to assist in its determination of tax residency to ensure applicable foreign tax legislation has been complied with (see section 295(3A)(vii) of the Corporations Act 2001).

DIRECTOR'S DECLARATION FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

The directors of the company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements, comprising the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, statement of changes in equity and accompanying notes, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - a. comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001, and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of the performance of the year ended on that date of the consolidated group.
- 2. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 3. In the directors' opinion, the financial statements and notes are prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.
- 4. The consolidated entity disclosure statement for DY6 Metals Ltd and its controlled entities as at 30 June 2025 is true and correct.
- 5. The remuneration disclosures included in pages 17 to 22 within the directors' report (as part of the audited Remuneration Report), for the year ended 30 June 2025, comply with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.
- 6. The directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the directors by:

Daniel Smith

Executive Chairman

30 September 2025



Independent Auditor's Report To the members of DY6 Metals Limited

Moore Australia Audit (WA)

Level 15, Exchange Tower 2 The Esplanade, Perth, WA 6000 PO Box 5785, St Georges Terrace, WA 6831

T +61 8 9225 5355 F +61 8 9225 6181

www.moore-australia.com.au

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of DY6 Metals Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration. The Group consists of the Company and the entities it controlled at the year-end or from time to time during the financial period

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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Key audit matter

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Exploration and Evaluation

Refer to Notes 1(c) Exploration and evaluation expenditure, 3(c) – Critical Accounting Estimates & Judgment and 9 – Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

The Group's total exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalized for the year was \$7.03 million at balance date, being its single largest asset.

The ability to recognise and defer exploration and evaluation assets under AASB 6: Exploration and Evaluation ("E & E") for Mineral Resources is impacted by the Group's ability and intention to continue to explore the tenements or its ability to realise this value through development or sale.

Due to the significance of these assets and the subjectivity involved in assessing the ability to continue to defer these assets, this is considered a key audit matter Our audit procedures included:

- Assessing the Group's accounting policy for compliance with AASB 6.
- Agreeing additions to supporting documentation such as acquisition agreements & tested a sample of E & E expenditures capitalised during the year to supporting invoices.
- Reviewed tenement registers/licenses & other documents to ensure the Group has ongoing tenement rights.
- Assessing & evaluating management's assessment on capitalised E & E expenditure recognition and that no indicators of impairment existed at the reporting date.
- Assessing and evaluating management's assessment that exploration and evaluation activities have not yet reached a stage where the existence of an economically recoverable mineral reserve may be assessed.
- Enquiring with management and reviewing budgets and other supporting documentation such as subsequent ASX announcements as evidence that active and significant operations in, or relation to, the area of interest will be continued in the future.
- Assessing the carrying value of these assets for any indicators of impairment including reviewing management's assessment of their carrying values against the Company's market capitalisation.
- Assessing the appropriateness of the relevant disclosures in the financial statements



Share-Based Payments

Refer to Remuneration Report, Note 1(e) Accounting policies, Note 3(b) Critical Accounting Estimates & Judgements, Note 9 Exploration & Evaluation Expenditure, and Note 19 Share Based Payments

During the financial year, the Group transacted with Key Management Personnel, employees and other parties including:

- Awarded share-based payments amounting to \$0.48 million in the form of performance rights to directors, and employees/consultants.
- Awarded \$200,000 in ordinary shares and \$1.65 million in performance rights respectively to vendors as consideration for the purchase of interests in companies holding various mining tenements or permits.

Transactions with related parties carry additional inherent risks including the potential for them to be made on terms and conditions more favorable than if they had been with an independent third party.

The value of share-based payments is a key audit matter due to it being key material transactions, the valuation of which involves significant judgement and accounting estimation.

Our audit procedures included:

- Enquiring and obtaining confirmation from Key Management Personnel regarding related party transactions occurring during the period.
- Reviewing minutes of meetings, ASX announcements and agreements, and considered other transactions undertaken during the period.
- Reviewing payments, receipts and general journals throughout the period, and examining transactions with known related parties, or those that appear large or unusual for the Group.
- Critically evaluating the valuation methodology used by management to estimate fair value of shares and performance rights issued, including testing the integrity of the information provided and assessing the appropriateness of key assumptions built into the valuation model such as management's assessment of the likelihood of vesting.
- Assessing whether share-based payments have been appropriately classified and accounted for in the financial statements in accordance with AASB 2 Share-Based Payment.
- Assessing the appropriateness of the relevant disclosures in the financial statements

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard. When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the directors and will request that it is corrected. If it is not corrected, we will seek to have the matter appropriately brought to the attention of users for whom our report is prepared.



Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- a) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and
- c) for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:
 - i. the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true & fair view & is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; &
 - ii. the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located on the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: https://www.auasb.gov.au/media/bwvjcgre/ar1_2024.pdf . This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report as included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of DY6 Metals Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2025 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

SUAN LEE TAN

Partner – Audit and Assurance Moore Australia Audit (WA)

Perth

30 September 2025

MOORE AUSTRALIA

Moore Australia Audit (WA) Chartered Accountants

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Information required by Australian Securities Exchange Limited and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows:-

a) The following is the distribution of equity security holders as at 22 September 2025.

Distribution of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	No. of Units
Size of Holding		
1-1,000	30	5,042
1,001 – 5,000	103	324,075
5,001 – 10,000	112	986,587
10,001 – 100,000	292	11,281,037
100,001 and over	113	85,135,542
Total	650	97,732,283
Number of holders of less than marketable parcels at \$0.275 per unit:	42	24,676

The following shareholders hold 5% or more of the issued capital of the Company as per substantial shareholder notices lodged with ASX:

Name	Units	% Units
ORWELLIAN INVESTMENTS PTY LTD & BRIDGE THE GAP TRADING PTY LTD	12,115,689	12.40
ZHENSHI GROUP (HK) HESHI COMPOSITE MATERIALS CO LIMITED	7,500,000	7.67

Twenty largest shareholders as at 22 September 2025:

Rank	Name	Units	% Units
1	ZHENSHI GROUP (HK) HESHI COMPOSITE MATERIALS CO LIMITED	7,500,000	7.67
2	ORWELLIAN INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	6,908,830	7.07
3	BRIDGE THE GAP TRADING PTY LTD	5,206,859	5.33
4	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	5,034,947	5.15
5	FIRST ARROW INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <the a="" arrow="" c="" first=""></the>	4,171,667	4.27
5	MR ELIAS PUNGONG PROMBO PUPESIE	3,500,000	3.58
7	EVOLUTION CAPITAL ADVISORS PTY LTD	2,714,071	2.78
7	UBS NOMINEES PTY LTD	2,659,820	2.72
9	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	2,547,089	2.61
10	GONDWANA CAPITAL PTY LTD	2,500,000	2.56
11	MUHAMMED AASIN HASSAM	2,500,000	2.56
12	MR ANDRIES WILLEM KRUGER	2,175,000	2.23
13	QUPIT PTY LTD	1,925,584	1.97
14	MISHTALEM PTY LTD	1,833,152	1.88
15	VIRICO (IOM) LTD	1,650,000	1.69
16	WOODSOUTH ASSET MANAGEMENT PTY LTD	1,592,223	1.63
17	FILMRIM PTY LTD <majufe a="" c="" super=""></majufe>	1,570,000	1.61
18	CHRISTIAN JACOBUS LE LOUX	1,397,500	1.43
19	BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD	1,397,051	1.43
20	RTW CAPITAL PTY LTD	7,500,000	1.30
Totals: Top 20 holders of ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHARES (Total) 60,056,101			
Total Remaining Holders Balance 37,676,182			

d) Voting Rights

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Registered holders of ordinary shares in the capital of the Company may attend and vote at general meetings of the Company in person or by proxy and may exercise one vote for each share held. Every person present at a general meeting as an ordinary shareholder shall have one vote on a show of hands.

e) There are currently no on-market buybacks in process.

As at 22 September 2025 the following class of unquoted securities had a holder with greater than 20% of the class on issue:

Class/Name	Number of Securities Held	% Held				
Options exercisable at \$0.30 each on or before 23 June 2026						
CHALEYER HOLDINGS PTY LTD < RUBBEN FAMILY A/C>	1,050,000	35%				
QINGTAO ZENG	1,000,000	33.33%				
Options exercisable at \$0.25 each on or before 12 December 2026						
BRIDGE THE GAP TRADING PTY LTD	1,375,000	50%				
FIRST ARROW INVESTMENT PTY LTD	1,375,000	50%				
Options exercisable at \$0.25 each on or before 28 December 2026						
BRIDGE THE GAP TRADING PTY LTD	850,000	41.41%				
FIRST ARROW INVESTMENT PTY LTD	765,000	37.27%				
Options exercisable at \$0.08 each on or before 21 January 2029						
BRIDGE THE GAP TRADING PTY LTD	14,000,000	52.96%				
Options exercisable at \$0.60 each on or before 17 September 2028						
EVOLUTION CAPITAL PTY LTD	10,500,000	47.95%				
ZENIX NOMINEES PTY LTD	10,500,000	47.95%				

SCHEDULE OF TENEMENTS

Malawi:

Project	Tenement Details	Status	Acquired during year	Disposed of during year	Held at end of year
Machinga (Main)	EPL0529	Granted	-	-	100%
Machinga (Extended Area)	EPL0705	Granted	-	-	100%
Salambidwe	EPL0518	Granted	-	-	100%
Ngala Hill	EPL0510	Granted	-	-	100%
Tundulu	EL0731	Granted	-	-	100%
Mzimba (West)	EL0784	Granted	-	-	100%
Mzimba (Central)	EL0732	Granted	-	-	100%
Mzimba (South)	EL0783	Granted	-	-	100%
Karonga	EL0782/24	Granted	-	-	100%

Cameroon:

Project	Tenement Name	Status	Acquired during year (and post reporting)	Disposed of during year	Held at end of year
Douala	Mungo	Granted	100%	-	100%
Douala	Mbanga	Granted	100%	-	100%
Douala	Maleke	Application	100%	-	100%
Douala	Diwong	Application	100%	-	100%
Douala	Mbongo	Application	100%	-	100%
Douala	Edea Sud	Granted	100%	-	100%
Nganda	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Nsimbo	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Kombo	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Bounde	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Alamba	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Biyan	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Nlong	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Awae	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Ayene II	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Assi	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Bissoua _II	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Soleye	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Soleye_W	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Ayene	Central	Application	100%	-	100%
Matomb	Central	Application	100% ¹	-	100%
Makak	Central	Application	100% ¹	-	100%
Mapan	Central	Application	100% ¹	-	100%
Lobo	Central	Application	100%¹	-	100%
Lipombe	Central	Application	100%¹	-	100%
Dibang	Central	Application	100%¹	-	100%
Ekoundindi	Central	Application	100% ¹	-	100%

¹ The Company has entered into a binding agreement to acquire these tenements subject to Shareholder approval.