



ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

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Corporate Directory

Managing Director/CEO

Bryan Dixon

Non-Executive Chairman

Adrian Griffin

Non-Executive Directors

Terry Gardiner

Tim Armstrong

Company Secretary

Jonathan Whyte

Chief Financial Officer

Silfia Morton

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West Perth Western Australia 6005
T: +61 8 9322 6283**Auditors**Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd
Level 4, 88 William Street
Perth WA 6000**Share Registry**Automatic Registry Services
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Stock ExchangeAustralian Securities Exchange (ASX)
ASX Code: CHR**Website**www.chargermetals.com.au

Directors' Report (continued)

Directors' Report

Your Directors present their financial report on Charger Metals NL (the 'Company' or 'Charger') for the year ended 30 June 2025.

Directors

The names of Directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

- Bryan Dixon – Managing Director/CEO (Appointed 2 September 2025);
- Aidan Platel – Managing Director/CEO (Resigned on 2 September 2025);
- Adrian Griffin – Non-Executive Chairman;
- Terry Gardiner – Non-Executive Director; and
- Tim Armstrong – Non-Executive Director (Appointed 2 September 2025)

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There were no significant changes in the Company's state of affairs that occurred during the financial year.

Operating Results

The loss of the Company for the financial year after providing for income tax amounted to \$2,252,524 (2024: \$2,379,811).

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company during the financial year was exploration at its various projects, primarily at the Lake Johnston Lithium Project in Western Australia and Bynoe Lithium Project in the Northern Territory, as well as seeking out further exploration, acquisition and joint venture opportunities.

Review of Operations

Charger Metals NL listed on the ASX on 9 July 2021 to explore for battery metals in three emerging mineral provinces.

Lake Johnston Lithium Project, WA (100%)

The Lake Johnston Lithium and Gold Project is located 450km east of Perth, in the Yilgarn Province of Western Australia. Lithium prospects occur within a 50km long corridor along the southern and western margin of the Lake Johnston granite batholith. Key target areas include the Medcalf and Medcalf West Spodumene Prospects, the Mt Gordon Lithium Prospect and much of the Mount Day lithium, caesium, tantalum (LCT) pegmatite field, prospective for lithium and tantalum minerals. The Lake Johnston Lithium Project is located approximately 70km east of the large Earl Grey (Mt Holland) Lithium Project where Covalent Lithium Pty Ltd (manager of a joint venture between subsidiaries of Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. and Wesfarmers Limited) began mining and commissioning of the concentrator in March 2024. Mt Holland is understood to be one of the largest hard-rock lithium projects in Australia with Ore Reserves for the Earl Grey Deposit estimated at 189 Mt at 1.5% Li₂O.

During January 2024, the Company executed a farm-in agreement with Rio Tinto Exploration Pty Ltd ("RTX"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Rio Tinto Limited (ASX: RIO) at Lake Johnston ("RTX Agreement"). RTX can earn 51% by sole funding

Directors' Report (continued)

\$10 million in exploration expenditure and paying Charger minimum further cash payments of \$1.5 million. RTX can earn 75% by sole funding \$40 million in exploration expenditure or completing a Definitive Feasibility Study.

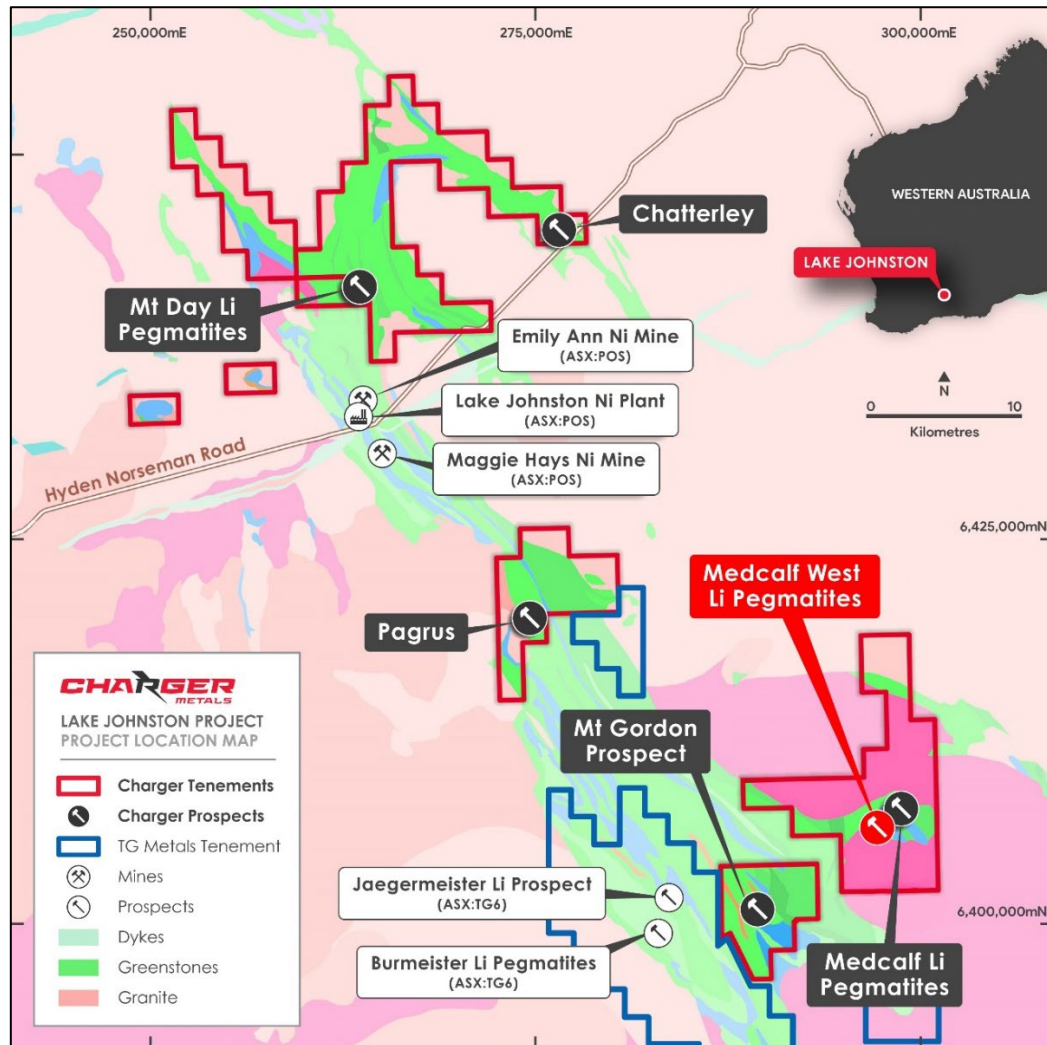


Figure 1. Location of key prospect areas within the Lake Johnston Lithium Project.

The exploration programmes totalling \$3 million were committed for the 2024 calendar year at Lake Johnston as part of RTX minimum commitment requirements for that year under the Farm-in Agreement. In March 2025 the Company announced that it has agreed with RTX an exploration program with a budget of \$1.1 million to be spent over the following 9 months at Lake Johnston. RTX continues to sole fund exploration of additional untested lithium targets at the Lake Johnston Lithium Project, with \$1.1 million and at least 5,000m of drilling budgeted for the 2025 calendar year.

During the financial year, the Charger as manager of the of the RTX joint venture completed 6,421m of drilling at Lake Johnston across the Medcalf, Medcalf West, Mt Gordon, Mt Day and Pagrus lithium prospects. The planned work programmes for a further 4,000m drilling is planned to be completed in the December quarter.

A maiden Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate ("MRE") for the Medcalf Lithium Deposit of 8.2Mt @ 1.0% Li₂O at a 0.5% Li₂O cut-off was completed by Ashmore Advisory Pty Ltd ("Ashmore") in August 2025.

Directors' Report (continued)

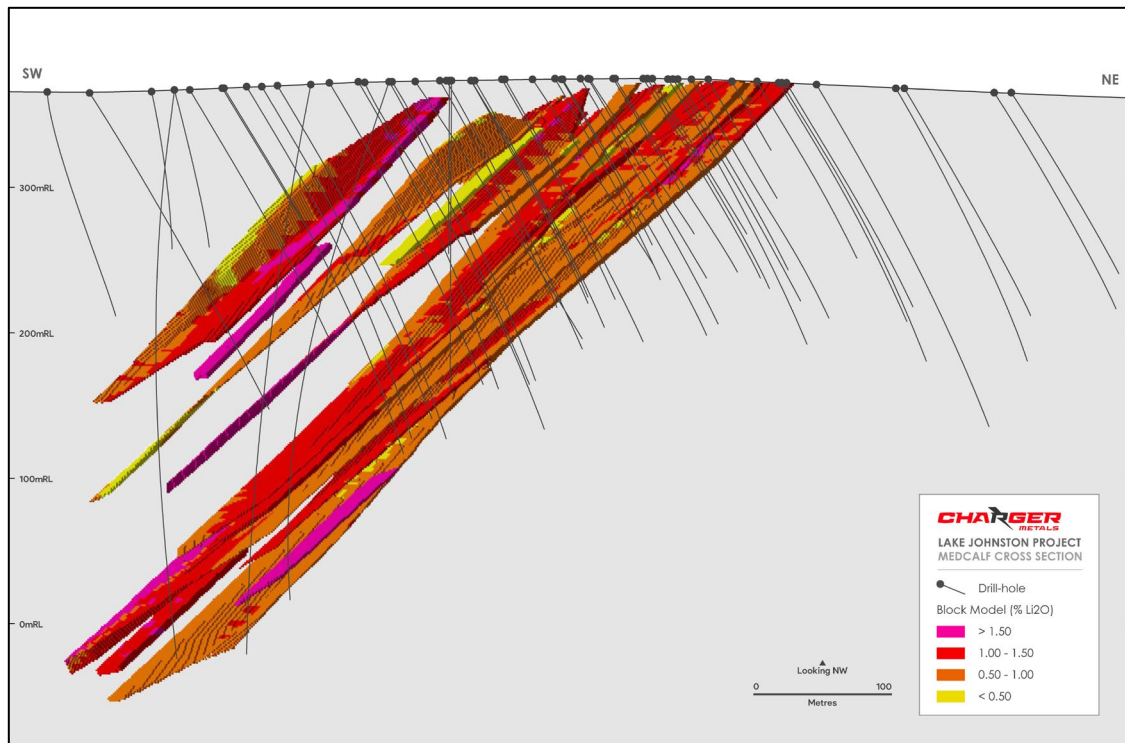


Figure 2. Cross sectional view of the Medcalf Lithium Mineral Resource 8.2Mt @ 1.0% Li₂O.

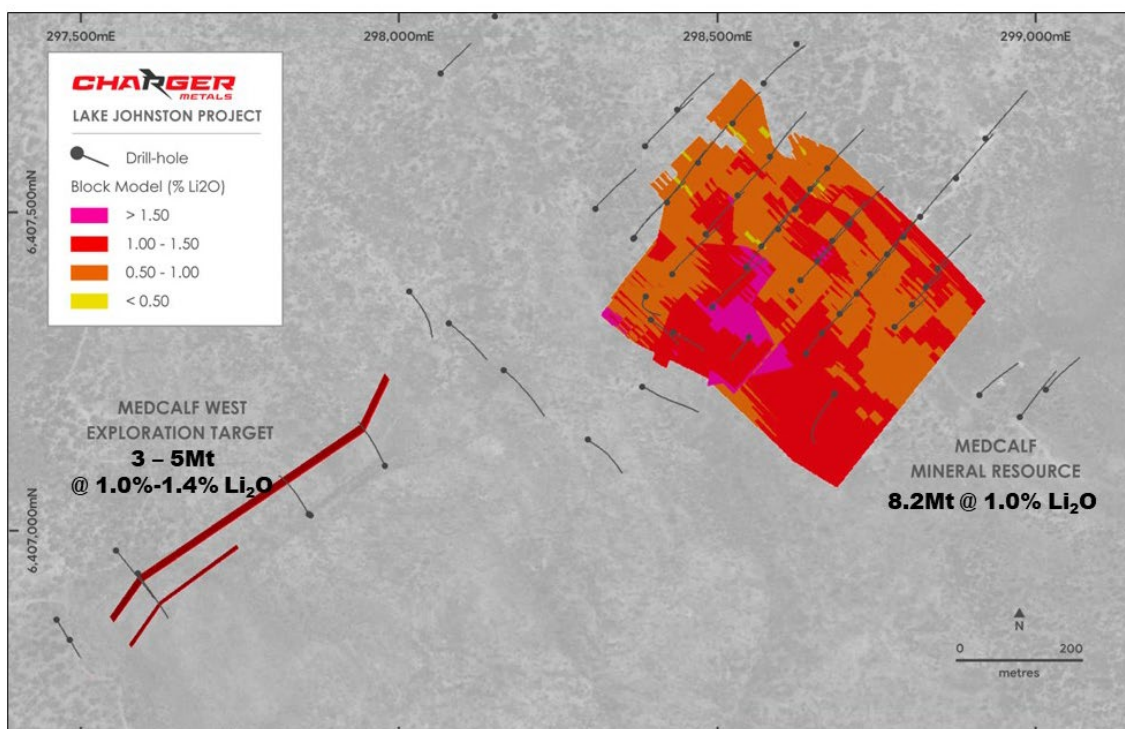


Figure 3. Plan of the Medcalf Lithium Mineral Resource and Medcalf West Lithium Exploration Target.

An **Exploration Target of 3 – 5Mt @ 1.0% - 1.4% Li₂O** has been defined at the adjacent Medcalf West Prospect approximately 400m to the west of Medcalf. The MRE and Exploration Target highlight the significant potential of the Medcalf target area and the upside prospectivity of the Lake Johnston Project.

Directors' Report (continued)

Bynoe Lithium Project, NT (Charger 100%)

The Bynoe Lithium Project is located approximately 35 km southwest of Darwin, Northern Territory, with excellent access and nearby infrastructure. Charger has drilled 3 diamond drill-holes and 66 RC drill-holes across seven prospective target areas at Bynoe, with the results confirming lithium and tantalum mineralisation at three of the prospects: Enterprise, Utopia and 7Up. More than 20 identified lithium prospects within the Bynoe Project are yet to be drill tested.

Exercise of Pre-Emptive Right

On 7 November 2024, Charger announced it had exercised its pre-emptive right to acquire the remaining 30% of the Bynoe Lithium Project from Livium Limited (ASX:LIT; "Livium") for \$0.5M cash consideration.¹ The exercise of the pre-emptive right was on the same terms as, but subsequent to, a sale agreement between Core Lithium Limited (ASX:CXO; "Core") and Livium for Core to acquire the 30%.² Core retains a 9.8% interest in Charger.

On 6 November 2024 Core announced to the ASX "New high-grade Lithium drill results within 20km of the Grants processing facility" which stated "Excellent new lithium drilling results at the Blackbeard Prospect, including 63m @ 1.67% Li₂O". The high-grade Blackbeard mineralisation trends to the northeast towards Charger's Bynoe Project and is modelled to within 50m of the tenement boundary.

Competent Person Statement – Exploration Strategy

The information in this report that relates to exploration strategy and geological results is based on information provided to or compiled by Francois Scholtz BSc. Hons (Geology), who is a Member of The Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Scholtz is a consultant to Charger Metals NL.

Mr Scholtz has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and exploration processes as reported herein to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'.

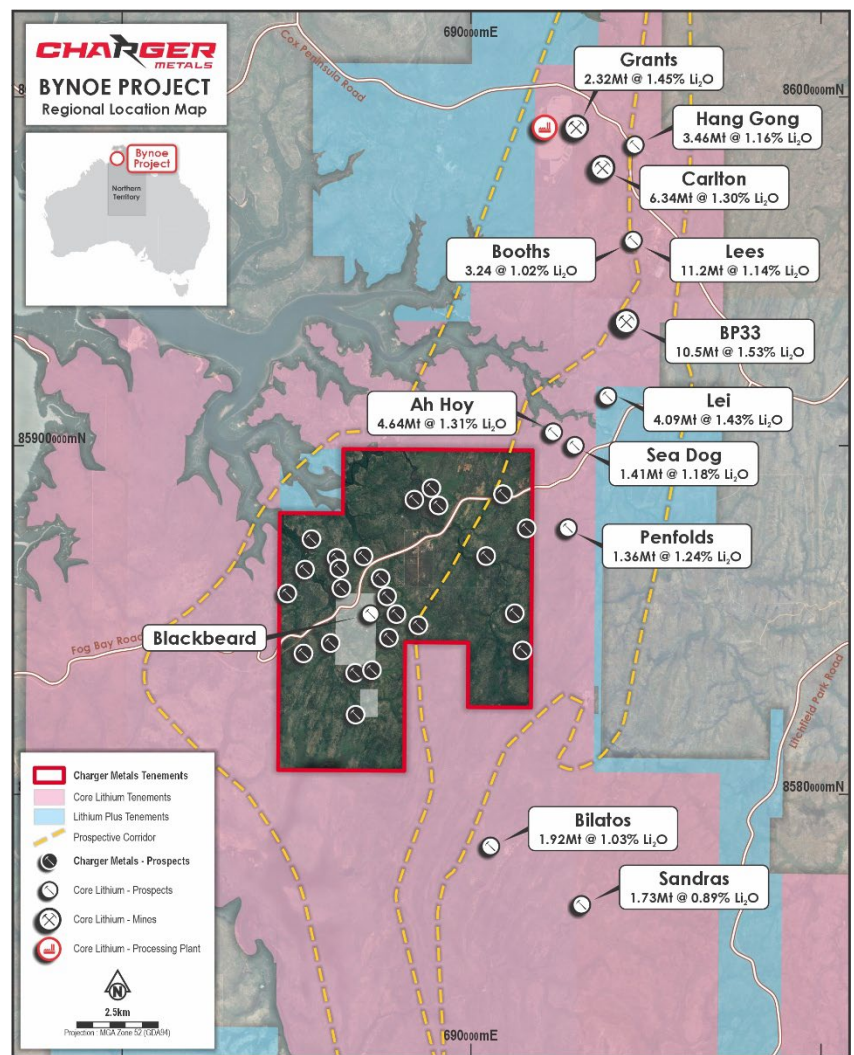


Figure 4. Location map of the Bynoe Lithium Project (red outline) which is along trend from Core Lithium's Finnis Lithium Mine and surrounded by Core's tenements (pink).

¹ Refer Charger ASX Announcement dated 7 Nov 2024 "Charger to Acquire 100% of the Bynoe Lithium Project"

² Refer to [Core's ASX Announcement dated 9 September 2024](#)

Directors' Report (continued)

Mr Scholtz consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears. Mr Scholtz and the Company confirm that they are not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information contained in the previous market announcements referred to in this report or the data contained in this report.

JORC Table 1 was included in the following announcements released to the ASX:

Bynoe Project

- 13 December 2021: "Lithium Pegmatite Trends Highlighted at Bynoe".
- 17 January 2022: "Charger's targeting suggests large lithium system at its Bynoe Lithium Project".
- 8 June 2023: "Drilling Update for the Bynoe Lithium Project".
- 3 July 2023: "Spodumene Pegmatites Intersected at Bynoe Lithium Project".
- 11 July 2023: "Assays up to 1.9% Li₂O Confirm Spodumene Discovery at Bynoe".
- 27 July 2023: "New Spodumene Pegmatite Intersections at Bynoe".
- 22 September 2023 "Drilling Results for the Bynoe Lithium Project".
- 23 July 2024: "New Targets Defined at the Bynoe Project".

Lake Johnston Project

- 7 April 2022: "Charger confirms massive sulphide targets at Coates Project".
- 9 June 2022: "Charger confirms large lithium system at Lake Johnston".
- 20 December 2022: "Medcalf drilling reveals spodumene-bearing pegmatite swarm".
- 6 February 2023: "Drilling Update for Chargers Medcalf Spodumene Discovery".
- 22 February 2023: "Charger Confirms High Grade Lithium at Medcalf".
- 3 April 2023: "High-Grade Lithium Drill Results at Lake Johnston".
- 18 April 2023 "Lake Johnston Project Update".
- 10 November 2023: "New Lithium Targets Identified at Lake Johnston"
- 29 November 2023: "Assays up to 4.2% Li₂O Confirm New Spodumene Pegmatites"
- 5 March 2024 "Diamond Drilling Intersects Further High Grade Lithium"
- 22 May 2024: "Lithium and Niobium Anomalies Defined at Mt Gordon"
- 22 August 2024: "Spodumene Discovery Confirmed at Medcalf West"
- 29 August 2024: "Mt Gordon Niobium Update"
- 21 October 2024: "Lake Johnston Drilling Update"
- 17 January 2025: "Exploration Programmes Commence at Lake Johnston, WA"
- 6 February 2025: "Further High-Grade Lithium Identified at Medcalf West".
- 26 March 2025: "Drilling Highlights Gold Potential at Mr Gordon".
- 29 May 2025 "Drilling to Recommence at Lake Johnston, Western Australia"
- 18 August 2025 "Maiden High-Grade Lithium Resource at Medcalf"

Charger confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in this announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the exploration results continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Directors' Report (continued)

Corporate Activities

Business Development

During the financial year, the Company continued to evaluate new project opportunities in the gold, battery and future metals sectors that may have potential to create value for Charger and its shareholders. A number of projects have been reviewed however no binding agreements have been entered into at this stage.

Fully Underwritten Entitlement Offer of Partly Paid Shares

In November 2024 the Company completed a fully underwritten pro rata non-renounceable entitlement offer of approximately 38.7M listed partly paid shares in the Company at an issue price of \$0.02 per partly paid share to initially raise up to \$0.77M (before costs) ("Entitlement Offer").

Each listed partly paid share is deemed to be paid up to \$0.02 and unpaid to \$0.10 ("Partly Paid Shares").

In addition to the \$0.77M raised under the Entitlement Offer there is the potential for a further \$3.87M (before costs) to be raised once the Partly Paid Shares are fully called.

The purpose of the Entitlement Offer was to raise funds for geological work, exploration and studies, potential acquisitions, general working capital and to pay the expenses of the Entitlement Offer.

Financial Position

The Company has reported a net loss for the year of \$2,252,524 (2024: \$2,379,811) and a cash outflow from operating activities of \$927,439 (2024: \$1,249,425). As at 30 June 2025 the Company had \$2,675,331 in cash and cash equivalents (2024: \$3,301,018) and a working capital surplus of \$2,293,412 (2024: \$2,906,293).

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. In arriving at this position the directors have had regard to the fact that based on the matters noted below the Company has, or in the directors' opinion, will have access to, sufficient cash to fund administrative and other committed expenditure for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing this report.

In forming this view the directors have taken into consideration the following:

- The ability to manage discretionary expenditure in line with the Company's cashflow; and
- The ability to obtain additional funding as and when required.

Should the Company not achieve the matters set out above there is significant uncertainty whether the Company will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustment relating to the recoverability or classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts or classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company not be able to continue as a going concern and meet its debts as and when they fall due.

Dividends Paid or Recommended

There have been no dividends paid or declared since the start of the financial year.

Events After the Reporting Date

On 18 August 2025, the Company announced a maiden MRE of 8.2Mt @ 1.0% Li₂O at a 0.5% Li₂O cut-off for the Medcalf Lithium Deposit at its Lake Johnston Lithium Project ("Lake Johnston") in Western Australia (100% Charger; RTX farming-in). In addition to this resource, an Exploration Target of 3 – 5Mt @ 1.0% – 1.4% Li₂O has been estimated for the Medcalf

Directors' Report (continued)

West Lithium Prospect. *The potential quantity and grade of the Medcalf West Exploration Target is conceptual in nature. There has been insufficient exploration to estimate a Mineral Resource. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource. The Exploration Target has been prepared and reported in accordance with the 2012 edition of the JORC Code.*

On 3 September 2025, the Company announced the appointment of Mr Bryan Dixon as Managing Director and CEO and the resignation of Mr Aidan Platel from these positions. The Company also announced the appointment of Mr Tim Armstrong as Non-Executive Director and the resignations of Mr Jonathan Whyte as Company Secretary effective 30 September 2025, and Mrs Silfia Morton as Chief Financial Officer effective 2 November 2025.

No further matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Likely Developments and Expected Results of the Operations

The Company will continue its mineral exploration activities at and around its exploration projects with the object of identifying commercial resources.

The material business risks faced by the Company that are likely to impact the financial prospects of the Company, and how the Company manages these risks are:

Exploration Risk

Mineral exploration and development are high-risk undertakings, and there is no assurance that exploration of the tenements will result in the discovery of an economic deposit. Even if an apparently viable deposit is identified there is no guarantee that it can be economically exploited.

The Company's future exploration activities may be affected by a range of factors including geological conditions, limitations on activities due to permitting requirements, availability of appropriate exploration equipment, exploration costs, seasonal weather patterns, unanticipated operational and technical difficulties, industrial and environmental accidents, and many other factors beyond the control of the Company.

The Company seeks to manage these risks through careful project evaluation, adoption of industry-standard exploration practices, engagement of experienced technical personnel, appropriate insurance coverage, and ongoing monitoring of operational, environmental, and regulatory factors

In the opinion of the Directors, any further disclosure of information regarding likely developments in the operations of the Company and the expected results of these operations in subsequent financial years may prejudice the interests of the Company and accordingly, further information has not been disclosed.

Future capital needs

The Company's current capital is sufficient, at the issue date of this report, to meet its current planned exploration activities. Future activity that is unable to be planned for has the potential to draw down available capital. While unplanned activity will be considered and align with shareholders requirements, it could require additional funding to be obtained. Funding via additional equity will dilute shareholdings, and if debt financing is a viable option, it would likely be subject to restrictions. Depending if unplanned activity are undertaken, the Company may need to reduce the scope of its exploration programmes to ensure sufficient capital is maintained. There is no guarantee that suitable, additional funding will be able to be secured by the Company.

Environmental

With the Company's tenure residing within Western Australia and Northern Territory, the Company is subject to the state and federal laws and regulations concerning the environment. Mechanised exploration will impact the local environment along with any advanced development and production activities. In undertaking exploration activities, the Company intends to comply with all environmental laws.

Directors' Report (continued)

Inherent risks when completing exploration activities include, but are not limited to, land disturbance and the disposal of waste products. An incident involving incorrect disposal of waste products could result in delays to exploration, additional costs to remediate the location and any legislative penalties.

The Company has procedures implemented to minimise the occurrence of environmental impacts and any subsequent penalties; however the nature of the activity does involve environmental risks.

To manage these risks, the Company has implemented procedures and controls aimed at minimising environmental impacts, including careful planning of field activities, ongoing monitoring, staff training, and the use of industry-standard waste management practices. While these measures reduce the likelihood and potential impact of environmental incidents, the Company acknowledges that exploration and development activities inherently carry environmental risks.

Heritage

With the Company's tenure residing within Western Australia and Northern Territory, the Company is subject to the state and federal laws and regulations concerning Native Title and Heritage rights and interests. The Company is required to ensure that tenure has been adequately surveyed and considered before commencing any activity that would disturb the natural environment and its surroundings.

The Company complies with required legislation regarding Native Title and Heritage requirements, and where suitable, engages a third party to ensure that all requirements are met.

While all care is taken to ensure rights and interests are maintained, there is a level of risk inherent in the exploration activity that is unable to be fully mitigated.

General market risks

The Company is exposed to general market and economic condition risks including adverse changes in levels of economic activity, exchange rates, interest rates, commodity prices, government policies, employment rates and industrial disruption.

Environmental Regulations

The Company has a policy of complying with or exceeding its environmental performance obligations. The Board believes that the Company has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements. The Company aims to ensure the appropriate standard of environmental care is achieved, and in doing so, that it is aware of, and complies with, all environmental legislation. The Directors are not aware of any breach of environmental legislation for the financial year under review.

Information on Directors

The names and details of the Directors of the Company in office as at the date of this report and anytime during the financial year are:

Directors' Report (continued)

Name:	Aidan Platel
Title:	Managing Director and CEO (appointed 27 March 2023 and resigned on 2 September 2025)
Qualifications:	BSC (Honours), MBA
Experience and expertise:	Mr Platel is an experienced geologist and mining executive with over 25 years' experience in the minerals industry. Mr Platel has a broad skill set covering exploration, study execution, project development, mining, mineral processing and corporate financing experience within the resource and mining service sectors. Mr Platel has worked in both mining and exploration roles across a wide range of commodities. Mr Platel has held numerous executive and non-executive director roles in ASX listed exploration companies over his career. He has a proven track-record of exploration success, having helped discover and develop several major deposits including the world-class Santa Rita Nickel deposit (1Mt+ contained Ni metal) in Brazil.
Other current directorships:	Oceana Lithium Ltd, Olympio Metals Ltd
Former directorships (last 3 years):	Future Battery Minerals Ltd (formerly Auroch Minerals Ltd), Wildcat Resources Ltd
Special responsibilities:	None
Interests in shares:	None
Interests in options:	None
Interest in performance rights:	2,500,000 Performance Rights
Name:	Bryan Dixon
Title:	Managing Director and CEO (appointed 2 September 2025)
Qualifications:	BCom AGIA Chartered Accountant
Experience and expertise:	Mr Dixon is an experienced mining executive with significant experience in emerging exploration and mining companies across mergers and acquisitions, exploration, development and operations in lithium, gold and other commodities. He also has over 25 years of mining executive leadership and advisory experience. Mr Dixon is a Chartered Accountant and Member of the Governance Institute of Australia.
Other current directorships:	Aura Energy Ltd and Burley Minerals Ltd
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	None
Interests in shares:	3,597,920
Interests in partly paid shares:	1,283,350
Interests in options:	None
Interest in performance rights:	266,667

Directors' Report (continued)

Name: Adrian Griffin
Title: Non-Executive Chairman (appointed 26 November 2021)
Qualifications: BSC (Honours), GSA, MAUSIMM
Experience and expertise: Mr Griffin has more than 40 years of experience in the mining industry – ranging from project identification, through exploration, development and financing, and oversight of integrated mining and processing facilities. Mr Griffin was a founding director of Northern Minerals Limited until retiring in November 2020 (the first heavy-rare-earth producer outside China) and Managing Director of Lithium Australia Limited (retired May 2022) and brings particular expertise in a wide range of mineral exploration and mineral processing techniques, particularly in the lithium and nickel sectors.

Other current directorships: Reedy Lagoon Corp.
Former directorships (last 3 years): Lithium Australia Ltd
Special responsibilities: None
Interests in shares: 2,792,117 ordinary shares
Interests in options: Nil
Interest in performance rights: 133,333 Performance Rights

Name: Terry Gardiner
Title: Non-Executive Director (appointed 27 November 2020)
Qualifications: BBUS
Experience and expertise: Mr Gardiner was appointed to the Board of Directors upon incorporation. He has strong experience in capital raising, support, promotion and corporate advisory services to listed companies in Australia and overseas. He has 30 years' experience investing in capital markets and extensive experience in funds management for sophisticated and private investors. He is currently a Non-Executive Director of ASX-listed Cazaly Resources Limited and Galan Lithium Limited. He is also an Executive Director of Barclay Wells Ltd, a boutique stock broking firm with offices in Perth and Melbourne.

Other current directorships: Cazaly Resources Ltd, Galan Lithium Ltd, RGI Rotogro International Ltd
Former directorships (last 3 years): None
Special responsibilities: None
Interests in shares: 790,191 ordinary shares
Interests in options: Nil
Interest in performance rights: 133,333 Performance Rights

Directors' Report (continued)

Name:	Tim Armstrong
Title:	Non-Executive Director (appointed 2 September 2025)
Qualifications:	None
Experience and expertise:	Mr Armstrong brings significant capital markets experience with extensive networks in the natural resource sector. Tim currently works in corporate finance and Institutional sales at Prenzler Group, a Sydney based boutique advisory firm. Tim has advised on a number of successful ASX IPO, RTO, and project acquisitions. Tim is also a former professional cricketer that has represented NSW, WA and Australia
Other current directorships:	Cooper Metals Ltd and Thor Energy PLC
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	None
Interests in shares:	None
Interests in partly paid shares:	2,050,000
Interests in options:	700,000 Unlisted Options exercisable at \$0.60 on or before 17 January 2027
Interest in performance rights:	None

Company Secretary

Mr Jonathan Whyte (BCOM, CA)

Appointed 27 November 2020

Mr Whyte is a Chartered Accountant with extensive corporate, company secretarial and financial accounting experience, predominantly for listed resource sector companies. Mr Whyte is currently Company Secretary of AIM-listed Empyrean Energy Plc as well as ASX-listed companies Ironbark Zinc Ltd, Infinity Lithium Corporation Ltd and Peninsula Energy Ltd. Mr Whyte has the following interest in shares, options and rights in the Company as at the date of this report – 183,333 ordinary shares, and 66,667 performance rights. Subsequent to the year end, Mr Whyte resigned from his position as Company Secretary effective 30 September 2025.

Chief Financial Officer (CFO)

Ms Silfia Morton (BCOM, MCOM, CA)

Appointed 18 December 2023

Ms Morton is a Chartered Accountant specialising in financial management, financial reporting services, and risk compliance and management. Ms Morton spent 12 years as senior audit manager at one of the leading international audit, tax and advisory firms, and has experience in the local and international markets. She was responsible for managing the assurance and compliance requirements of a diversified group of large, medium and small companies in a range of industries. Ms Morton is currently CFO and Company Secretary of Future Battery Minerals Ltd, Solstice Minerals Ltd, and Kali Metals Ltd. Ms Morton does not hold any interest in the Company. Subsequent to the year end, Ms Morton resigned from her position as CFO effective 2 November 2025.

Shares, Options and Performance Rights

As at the date of this report, the Company has the following options and performance rights on issue:

Details	Grant Date	Number	Exercise Price (\$)	Date of Expiry
Unlisted Options	17 Jan 2024	1,000,000	\$0.60	17 Jan 2027
Performance Rights	Various	3,666,667	\$0.00	Various

6,000,000 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.30 and 1,000,000 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.60 expired and were cancelled in July and October 2024. No other options or performance rights were converted, cancelled, lapsed or forfeited during the year.

Directors' Report (continued)

Meetings of Directors

At this time the Board does not consider it appropriate to establish any Committees. The Board considers that due to the relative small size of the Company that the interests of the Company are best served by the full Board completing the functions normally delegated to Committees. This will be reviewed as the Company grows in size.

During the financial year, 5 meetings of Directors were held. Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

Directors	Directors' Meetings	
	Number Eligible to Attend	Number Attended
Aidan Platel	5	5
Terry Gardiner	5	5
Adrian Griffin	5	5

Indemnification of Officers

During or since the end of the financial year the Company has given an indemnity or entered into an agreement to indemnify, or paid or agreed to pay insurance premiums as follows:

The Company has paid premiums to insure Directors and key personnel against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of Director and Officer of the Company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company. The amount of the premium was \$36,300 to insure Directors and Officers of the Company.

Indemnification of Auditors

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd, as part of the terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd during and/or since the year ended 30 June 2025.

Corporate Governance Statement

The Company's 2025 Corporate Governance Statement has been released as a separate document and is located on the Company's website at: <https://chargermetals.com.au/corporate/>.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Company

No person has applied for leave of court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Non-Audit Services

No amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor.

Rounding of Amounts

The Company is an entity to which ASIC Corporations Instrument 2016/191 applies and, accordingly, amounts in the financial statements and Directors' Report have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

Directors' Report (continued)

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2025 has been received and can be found on page 22 of the financial report.

Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report - Audited

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each key management person of the Company, and for the executives receiving the highest remuneration.

Names and positions held of the Company's key management personnel in office at any time during the financial year are:

Key Management Personnel	Position
Aidan Platel	Managing Director/CEO
Adrian Griffin	Non-Executive Chairman
Terry Gardiner	Non-Executive Director
Jonathan Whyte	Company Secretary
Silfia Morton	Chief Financial Officer

Remuneration policy

The Company's remuneration policy has been designed to align executive key management personnel objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Company's financial results. The remuneration committee, composed of the full Board, reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance, and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries. The Company's Board believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executive key management personnel to run and manage the Company, as well as create goal congruence between Directors, Executives and Shareholders.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for executive key management personnel of the Company is as follows:

- The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive key management personnel, was developed and approved by the Board.
- All executive key management personnel receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), plus superannuation where applicable.
- The Board reviews executive key management personnel packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors.

The Company is an exploration entity, and therefore speculative in terms of performance. Consistent with attracting and retaining talented executives, executive key management personnel are paid market rates associated with individuals in similar positions, within the same industry. Remuneration consultants were not used for the year ended 30 June 2025.

Options have previously been issued to executive key management personnel to provide a mechanism to participate in the future development of the Company and an incentive for their future involvement with and commitment to the Company.

Further options and performance incentives may be issued as the Company moves from an exploration entity to a producing entity, and key performance indicators such as profits and growth can be used as measurements for assessing executive key management personnel performance.

Executive key management personnel receive a superannuation guarantee contribution where required by the government, which was 11.5% for the year ended 30 June 2025, and do not receive any other retirement benefits.

Directors' Report (continued)

All remuneration paid to executive key management personnel is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. Shares given to executive key management personnel are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the executive key management personnel. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes valuation methodology. Performance Rights are valued using the Hoadley valuation model.

The Board policy is to remunerate Non-Executive Directors at market rates for time, commitments and responsibilities. The remuneration committee determines payments to the Non-Executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. the maximum aggregate Directors' remuneration for the purposes of the ASX Listing Rules and the Constitution is \$250,000 per annum. To align Non-Executive Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Non-Executive Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company and are able to participate in the employee option plan.

Relationship Between Remuneration and Company Performance

The Directors assess performance of the Company with regards to the achievement of both operational and financial targets with a current focus on subscriber numbers, exploration targets and share price. Executive key management personnel are issued options and, in some cases, performance rights, to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests.

Options and performance rights issued to executive key management personnel may be subject to market-based price hurdles and vesting conditions and the exercise price of options is set at a level that encourages executive key management personnel to focus on share price appreciation. The Board believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth. On the resignation of executive key management personnel, any vested options issued as remuneration are retained by the relevant party.

The following table shows the Company's net loss since the Company was admitted to the official list of the ASX on 7 July 2021, as well as the Company's share prices at the end of the respective financial years:

	2025	2024	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net loss	(2,252,524)	(2,379,811)	(1,583,661)	(1,719,743)
Share price at year-end	0.045	0.064	0.50	0.35

Directors' Report (continued)

Employment Details of Directors and Members of Key Management Personnel

The employment terms and conditions of Key Management Personnel are formalised in contracts of employment.

Mr Aidan Platel

Managing Director/CEO

- Terms of agreement – no fixed term;
- Base salary of \$303,500 per annum then amended to \$289,007 from 1 July 2025, exclusive of superannuation;
- Notice period – 3 months; and
- 2-month termination payment under certain circumstances.

Mr Adrian Griffin

Non-Executive Chairman

- Terms of agreement – no fixed term;
- Director's fee of \$50,000 per annum, exclusive of GST; and
- No notice period or termination benefit is specified in the agreement.

Mr Terry Gardiner

Non-Executive Director

- Terms of agreement – no fixed term;
- Director's fee of \$50,000 per annum, inclusive of superannuation; and
- No notice period or termination benefit is specified in the agreement.

Mr Jonathan Whyte

Company Secretary

- Consultancy services agreement – no fixed term;
- Consultancy fee of \$5,000 per month, exclusive of GST;
- Notice period – 1 month; and
- No termination benefit is specified in the agreement.

Ms Silfia Morton

Chief Financial Officer

- Consultancy services agreement – no fixed term;
- Consultancy fee of \$5,000 per month, exclusive of GST;
- Notice period – 2 months; and
- No termination benefit is specified in the agreement.

Directors' Report (continued)

Table of Benefits and Payments for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Key Management Personnel	Year	Short-Term			Post-Employment Benefits	Share-Based Payments		Proportion of Remuneration Related to Performance	
		Salary & Fees	Cash Bonus	Annual Leave	Superannuation	Options	Rights	Total	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Aidan Platel	2025	303,500	-	-	40,142	-	(27,733)	315,909	0%
	2024	292,500	45,560 ⁴	26,317	32,175	-	291,809	688,361	50.96%
Adrian Griffin ¹	2025	65,727 ¹	-	-	-	-	25,664	91,391	28.08%
	2024	77,762	-	-	-	-	25,734	103,496	24.86%
Terry Gardiner	2025	50,000	-	-	5,750	-	8,552	81,414	31.52%
	2024	45,455	-	-	5,000	-	25,734	76,189	33.78%
Jonathan Whyte ³	2025	60,000	-	-	-	-	8,552	68,552	12.48%
	2024	60,000	-	-	-	-	8,575	68,575	12.50%
Silfia Morton ⁴	2025	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	60,000	0.00%
	2024	32,000	-	-	-	-	-	32,000	0%
Total	2025	539,227	-	-	45,892	-	32,147	617,266	
	2024	562,727	45,560	26,317	37,175	-	610,175	1,281,954	

Notes:

1. Mr Griffin was appointed as Non-Executive Director effective 26 November 2021 and transitioned to Non-Executive Chairman on 27 March 2023. Services provided by Future Technology Trust, of which Mr Griffin is a Trustee. During the financial year, Mr Griffin undertook additional hours outside his normal duties as Non-Executive Chairman, with the value of these services amounting to \$15,727.
2. Services provided by Keyport Investments Pty Ltd, of which Mr Whyte is a Director.
3. Services provided by Greenwood Road Pty Ltd, of which Ms Morton is a Director. Ms Morton was appointed as CFO on 18 December 2023.
4. Prior year cash bonus was related to STI milestones achieved during the prior financial year. The STI milestones are as follows:

Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Benchmark	Bonus %	Percentage of milestone achieved at 30 June 2024
Bynoe Project drilling	Compliance with the NT Mine Management Plan including updates and amendments as may be required. Compliance with the reasonable requirements of the Aboriginal Areas Protection Authority. Effective engagement with all stakeholders to ensure matters are addressed appropriately and in the best interests of the Company.	5%	5%
Mt Day Prospect	Permitting and commencement of drilling.	5%	Nil
Regulatory Compliance	No lost time injuries No reportable environmental incidents No breaches of the Listing Rules that impact the trading of Charger securities	10%	10%
Financial	Submission of budgets, in an acceptable form, for Board approval no later than the specified date. Maintenance of liquid assets of not less than AU\$1 million Capital management in line with the 2025 Board-approved budget, including capital raisings as required.	5%	2%

Directors' Report (continued)

Number of Shares Held by Key Management Personnel for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

The number of shares in the Company held during the year by each Director and other members of key management personnel of the Company including their personally related parties is set out below:

Key Management Personnel	Held at 1 July 2024	Performance Rights Converted	On Market Trades	Net Change Other	Held at 30 June 2025
Aidan Platel	-	-	-	-	-
Adrian Griffin	2,792,117	-	-	-	2,792,117
Terry Gardiner	685,000	-	105,191	-	790,191
Jonathan Whyte	183,333	-	-	-	183,333
Silfia Morton	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,660,450	-	105,191	-	3,765,641

Number of Options Held by Key Management Personnel for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

No options issued to the KMP during the financial year. The number of options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the year by each Director and other members of key management personnel of the Company including their personally related parties is set out below:

Key Management Personnel	Held at 1 July 2024	Options Exercised	Option Lapsed	Net Change Other	Held at 30 June 2025
Aidan Platel	-	-	-	-	-
Adrian Griffin	1,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	-	-
Terry Gardiner	650,000	-	(650,000)	-	-
Jonathan Whyte	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	-
Silfia Morton	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,850,000	-	(1,850,000)	-	-

Number of Performance Rights Held by Key Management Personnel for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

No performance rights were issued to the KMP during the financial year. The number of performance rights over ordinary shares in the Company held during the year by each Director and other members of key management personnel of the Company including their personally related parties is set out below:

Key Management Personnel	Held at 1 July 2024	Rights Granted	Rights Exercised	Net Change Other	Held at 30 June 25
Aidan Platel	2,500,000	-	-	-	2,500,000
Terry Gardiner	133,333	-	-	-	133,333
Adrian Griffin	133,333	-	-	-	133,333
Jonathan Whyte	66,667	-	-	-	66,667
Silfia Morton	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,833,333	-	-	-	2,833,333

Voting and comments made at the company's 2024 Annual General Meeting ('AGM')

At the 2024 AGM, 76.05% of the votes received supported the adoption of the remuneration report for the year ended 30 June 2024. The company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM regarding its remuneration practices.

Key Management Personnel Loans

No loans were provided to, made, guaranteed or secured directly or indirectly to any key management personnel or their related entities during the financial year (2024: Nil). No outstanding amounts were owing to any key management

Directors' Report (continued)

personnel at year end (2024: Nil). No other related party transactions occurred during the financial year or existed at year end (2024: Nil).

End of Audited Remuneration Report

This Report of the Directors, incorporating the Remuneration Report, is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

On behalf of the Board



Managing Director and CEO
23 September 2025

To the Board of Directors of Charger Metals NL

Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial statements of Charger Metals NL for the financial year ended 30 June 2025, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely

NPAS

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd

Michael Fay

Michael Fay
Director

Perth, Western Australia
23 September 2025

Advisory. Tax. Audit.

ACN 145 447 105

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd (ABN 27 145 447 105) is a firm of Chartered Accountants. It is affiliated with, but independent from Nexia Australia Pty Ltd. Nexia Australia Pty Ltd is a member of Nexia International, a leading, global network of independent accounting and consulting firms. For more information please see www.nexia.com.au/legal. Neither Nexia International nor Nexia Australia Pty Ltd provide services to clients.

Liability limited under a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

	Notes	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Interest income		19,743	35,717
Other income		156,321	20,076
Corporate & compliance expenses		(441,782)	(619,859)
Employee expense		(371,273)	(468,888)
Consulting fees		(313,964)	(319,851)
Share-based payments expense	6	(79,182)	(657,339)
Impairment expense	9	(1,148,221)	(279,940)
Depreciation expense		(70,848)	(84,501)
Interest expense		(3,318)	(5,226)
Loss before income tax		(2,252,524)	(2,379,811)
Income tax expense	3	-	-
Net loss for the year		(2,252,524)	(2,379,811)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company		(2,252,524)	(2,379,811)
Loss per share			
- Basic and diluted (cents per share)	4	(2.40)	(3.37)

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2025

		30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Notes			
Current Assets			
	Cash and cash equivalents	7 2,675,331	3,301,018
	Prepayment	8 36,769	42,389
	Total Current Assets	2,712,100	3,343,407
Non-Current Assets			
	Exploration and evaluation expenditure	9 9,392,790	10,230,394
	Property, plant & equipment	10 41,617	65,387
	Right of Use of Assets	11 52,626	101,204
	Total Non-Current Assets	9,487,033	10,396,985
	Total Assets	12,199,133	13,740,392
Current Liabilities			
	Trade and other payables	12 373,596	368,821
	Provisions	23,522	26,317
	Lease liability	13 21,570	41,976
	Total Current Liabilities	418,688	437,114
Non-Current Liabilities			
	Lease liability	13 25,857	47,428
	Total Non-Current Liabilities	25,857	47,428
	Total Liabilities	444,545	484,542
	Net Assets	11,754,588	13,255,850
Equity			
	Issued capital	15 18,301,901	17,629,821
	Reserves	16 1,768,285	1,689,103
	Accumulated losses	(8,315,598)	(6,063,074)
	Total Equity	11,754,588	13,255,850

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

	Notes	Issued Capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total \$
Balance as at 1 July 2024		17,629,821	1,689,103	(6,063,074)	13,255,850
Loss for the year		-	-	(2,252,524)	(2,252,524)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(2,252,524)	(2,252,524)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity					
Issue of share capital	15	854,175	-	-	854,175
Share-based payments	16, 6	-	79,182	-	79,182
Capital raising costs	6	(182,095)	-	-	(182,095)
Total transactions with owners		672,080	79,182	-	751,262
Balance as at 30 June 2025		18,301,901	1,768,285	(8,315,598)	11,754,588

	Notes	Issued Capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total \$
Balance as at 1 July 2023		13,953,119	975,146	(3,683,263)	11,245,002
Loss for the year		-	-	(2,379,811)	(2,379,811)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(2,379,811)	(2,379,811)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity					
Issue of share capital	15	3,903,000	-	-	3,903,000
Capital raising costs	15, 6	(226,298)	-	-	(226,298)
Share-based payments	6	-	713,957	-	713,957
Total transactions with owners		3,676,702	713,957	-	4,390,659
Balance as at 30 June 2024		17,629,821	1,689,103	(6,063,074)	13,255,850

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,105,003)	(1,285,142)
Interest received		19,743	35,717
R&D Tax Incentive		157,821	-
Net cash flows used in operating activities	19	(927,439)	(1,249,425)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(2,188,307)	(3,932,480)
Payment for tenements acquisition		(500,000)	(2,008,000)
Proceed from JV cash calls		1,863,274	2,040,738
JV partner initial cash payment		500,000	500,000
Proceed from sale of property, plant & equipment		-	65,000
Payments for property, plant & equipment		-	(36,886)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(325,033)	(3,371,628)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares		774,176	2,703,000
Capital raising costs		(102,096)	(169,680)
Proceeds from convertible loan note drawdown		-	1,200,000
Repayment of lease liability		(45,295)	(68,755)
Net cash flows generated from financing activities		626,785	3,664,565
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(625,687)	(956,488)
Cash and cash equivalents the beginning of the year		3,301,018	4,257,506
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	2,675,331	3,301,018

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Statement of Material Accounting Policies

The financial report of Charger Metals NL (the 'Company' or 'Charger') for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 was approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of Directors on 23 September 2025. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

This financial report includes the financial statements and notes of Charger Metals NL.

The Company is a no liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The Company is a for-profit entity. The Company's financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Basis of Preparation

The accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all periods presented.

Statement of Compliance

This financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Interpretations) issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the *Corporations Act 2001* as appropriate for profit oriented entities. The financial report of the Company complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') and Interpretations as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

Basis of Measurement

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and going concern basis and is based on historical costs.

New, Revised or Amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations Adopted

The Company has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board that are mandatory for the current reporting year. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any impact on the financial performance or position of the Company.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted. No significant impact is expected from the adoption of the new, revised or amended Accounting Standards.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Going Concern

The Company has reported a net loss for the year of \$2,252,524 (2024: \$2,379,811) and a cash outflow from operating activities of \$927,439 (2024: \$1,249,425). As at 30 June 2025 the Company had \$2,675,331 in cash and cash equivalents (2024: \$3,301,018) and a working capital surplus of \$2,293,412 (2024: \$2,906,293).

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. In arriving at this position the directors have had regard to the fact that based on the matters noted below the Company has, or in the directors' opinion, will have access to, sufficient cash to fund administrative and other committed expenditure for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing this report.

In forming this view the directors have taken into consideration the following:

- The ability to manage discretionary expenditure in line with the Company's cashflow; and
- The ability to obtain additional funding as and when required.

Should the Company not achieve the matters set out above there is significant uncertainty whether the Company will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustment relating to the recoverability or classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts or classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company not be able to continue as a going concern and meet its debts as and when they fall due.

Rounding of Amounts

The Company is an entity to which ASIC Corporations Instrument 2016/191 applies and, accordingly, amounts in the financial statements and Directors' Report have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

Current and Non-Current Classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting year; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting year. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and Other Similar Taxes

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Key Estimates, Judgments and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates relating to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from the estimates made. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting year are disclosed in the relevant notes.

Operating Segments

The Company has identified its operating segments based on internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources. Segments are identified on the basis of area of interest. Financial information about each segment is provided to the chief operating decision makers on at least a monthly basis.

The Company has one reportable operating segment as follows:

- Australia

Note 2. Auditor's Remuneration

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd, the auditor of the Company:

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Auditor's Remuneration		
Audit of financial statements	17,000	17,000
Review of interim financial statements	10,000	12,450
Total Auditor's Remuneration	27,000	29,450

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Note 3. Income Tax Expense

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
a) The components of tax (benefit)/expense comprise:		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
	-	-
b) Reconciliation of income tax to prima facie tax payable		
Accounting loss before tax	(2,252,524)	(2,379,811)
Income tax (benefit)/expense @ 25% (2023: 25%)	(563,131)	(594,953)
Add/(deduct) tax effect of:		
• Non-deductible expenses	26,190	183,111
• Impact of change in future corporate tax rate	(39,455)	-
• Movement in deferred tax positions not recognised	28,915	(304,019)
• Revenue losses not recognised	547,481	715,861
Income tax (benefit)/expense attributable to entity	-	-
c) The following deferred tax balances have not been recognised:		
Deferred Tax Assets @ 25% (2023: 25%)		
Carried forward revenue losses	3,212,729	2,747,872
Business Related Costs	93,418	111,075
Provisions and accruals	10,977	11,552
	3,317,124	2,870,499
Deferred Tax Liabilities @ 25% (2023: 25%)		
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	1,512,953	1,595,998
Right of use asset	1,300	2,950
Other	9,192	10,597
	1,523,445	1,609,545

As at 30 June 2025, the Company had carried forward revenue losses of \$12,850,917(2024: \$10,991,490). These losses remain available indefinitely for offset against future taxable profits of the Company provided certain test criteria for their deductibility are met.

Potential deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses and exploration expenditure carried forward have not been brought to account at 30 June 2025 because the Directors do not believe it is appropriate to regard realisation of the deferred tax assets as probable at this point in time.

These benefits will only be obtained if:

- the Company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the loss and exploration expenditure to be realised; and
- no changes in tax legislation adversely affect the Company in realising the benefit from the deductions for the loss and exploration expenditure.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Accounting Policy

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Company will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Key Estimates, Judgments and Assumptions

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from temporary differences, are recognised only when it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefits to be utilised.

Note 4. Loss Per Share

The following reflects the income and share data used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share ('EPS'):

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
a) Reconciliation of earnings to loss		
Loss used to calculate basic and diluted EPS	(2,252,524)	(2,379,811)
	30 June 2025 No.	30 June 2024 No.
b) Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic and dilutive EPS	93,918,702	70,539,794

As the Company is in a loss position, the options and performance rights outstanding at 30 June 2025 have no dilutive effects on the earnings per share calculation.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Accounting Policy**Basic earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing the net profit after income tax attributable to members of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Note 5. Key Management Personnel

Names and positions held of the Company's key management personnel in office at any time during the financial year are:

Key Management Personnel	Position
Aidan Platel	Managing Director/CEO
Adrian Griffin ¹	Non-Executive Chairman
Terry Gardiner	Non-Executive Director
Jonathan Whyte ²	Company Secretary
Silfia Morton ³	Chief Financial Officer (appointed 18 December 2023)

1. Services provided by Future Technology Trust, of which Mr Griffin is a Trustee. Total remuneration paid to the entity during the financial year of \$65,727(2024: \$77,762).
2. Services provided by Keyport Investments Pty Ltd, of which Mr Whyte is a Director. Total remuneration paid to the entity during the financial year of \$60,000 (2024: \$60,000).
3. Services provided by Greenwood Road Pty Ltd, of which Ms Morton is a Director. Total remuneration paid to the entity during the financial year of \$60,000 (2024: 32,000).

The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Company during the year are as follows:

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Key Management Personnel Compensation		
Short-term employment benefits	539,227	562,727
Post-employment benefits	45,892	37,175
Share-based payments	32,147	610,175
Total Key Management Personnel Compensation	617,266	1,210,077

Key management personnel remuneration has been included in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated:

- No amounts in addition to those disclosed in the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report were paid or payable to key management personnel of the Company no amounts were paid or payable to any related parties of the Company at the end of the year; and
- There were no loans to key management personnel at the end of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

On 2 September 2025, Mr Aidan Platel resigned from his position as the Company's Managing Director and CEO, and replaced by Mr Bryan Dixon. A summary of Mr Dixon's remuneration is as follows:

- **Base consultancy fee:** \$320,000 per annum;
- **Short-Term Incentive:** Up to 25% of the base consultancy fee;
- **Long-Term Incentive – Performance Rights** to be issued under the Company's Securities Incentive Plan:
 - Class A – 750,000 - The Company achieves a market capitalisation of \$25 million based on a 15-day VWAP within 3 years from the grant date;
 - Class B – 750,000 - The Company achieving a share price of \$0.10 per Share based on a 15-day VWAP within 2 years from the grant date;
 - Class C – 750,000 - The Company achieving a share price of \$0.15 per Share based on a 15-day VWAP within 3 years from the grant date; and
 - Class D – 1,000,000 - The Company achieving a share price of \$0.20 per Share based on a 15-day VWAP within 4 years from the grant date.

The issue of the Performance Rights is subject to Shareholder approval.

- No fixed term; and
- Either party may terminate employment by mutual agreement or by providing up to 3 months' notice.

In addition, Mr Tim Armstrong was appointed as Non-Executive Director on 2 September 2025. His remuneration is \$50,000 per annum, no fixed term.

Note 6. Share-Based Payments

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Reserves (Note 15)		
Performance rights - (share-based payments expense) ¹	79,182	657,339
Options issued to Lead Manager - (accrued capital raising costs) ²	-	56,618
Total Share-Based Payments - Reserves	79,182	713,957

Notes:

1. These performance rights were issued in the prior year.
2. On 17 January 2024, 1,000,000 unlisted options were granted to Prenzler Group Pty Ltd, Lead Manager of the November 2023 Placement following approval at a General Meeting of shareholders on 11 January 2024. The options are exercisable at \$0.60 per option, with an expiry date of 17 January 2027. The options were accrued as at 31 December 2023 as they related to services performed during the financial period.

Valuation and Assumptions of Options:	
Grant date	11 Jan 2024
Number	1,000,000
Share price	\$0.155
Exercise price	\$0.60
Expiry date	17 Jan 2027
Volatility	100%
Risk-free interest rate	3.73%
Value per option	\$0.057
Total fair value	\$56,618
Expense vested during the period	\$56,618

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Note 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Cash at bank and in hand	2,675,331	3,301,018
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,675,331	3,301,018

Accounting Policy

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, and bank overdrafts that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Note 8. Prepayment

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Current		
Prepayments	36,769	42,389
Total Prepayment	36,769	42,389

Note 9. Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Movement in Carrying Value:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	10,230,394	7,476,368
Exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalised	2,173,891	3,472,413
Acquisition cost of 30% interest in Lake Johnston Lithium Project ¹	500,000 ²	2,102,291 ¹
JV cash calls	(1,863,274)	(2,540,738)
JV Acquisition Consideration Payment	(500,000)	-
Impairment expense	(1,148,221)	(279,940)
Carrying Amount at the End of the Year	9,392,790	10,230,394

Notes:

- In the prior financial year, Charger entered into a binding agreement with Livium Ltd (ASX:LIT; "Livium") (formerly Lithium Australia Limited ('LIT') (ASX:LIT)) to purchase their minority interest in Lake Johnston ('LIT Agreement'), subject to shareholder approval, other third-party approvals and the RTX Agreement. On 20 November 2023, Charger made a non-refundable payment of \$150,000 to LIT as part of the cash considerations. Subsequent to the financial period-end, following shareholder approval at an Extraordinary General Meeting ('EGM'), Charger finalised the purchase from LIT of their 30% minority interest in Lake Johnston for \$2 million, increasing Charger's interest to 100%.
- On 18 November 2024, Charger exercised its pre-emptive right to acquire the remaining 30% of the Bynoe Lithium Project from Livium for \$500,000 cash consideration. The exercise of the pre-emptive right is on the same terms as, but subsequent to, a sale agreement between Core Lithium Limited (ASX:CXO; "Core") and Livium for Core to acquire the 30%.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Accounting Policy

Exploration and evaluation expenditure, including the costs of acquiring licences, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights of interest are current and either:

- The expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- Activities in the area of interest have not, at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

An impairment exists when the carrying amount of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure relating to an area of interest exceeds its recoverable amount. The asset is then written down to its recoverable amount. Any impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified from exploration and evaluation expenditure to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment and depreciated over the life of the mine.

Costs of site restoration are provided over the life of the facility from when exploration commences and are included in the costs of that stage. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of mining plant, equipment and building structures, waste removal, and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with clauses of the mining permits. Where applicable, such costs are determined using estimates of future costs, current legal requirements and technology on an undiscounted basis.

Key Estimates, Judgments and Assumptions

Impairment of exploration and evaluation expenditure

The ultimate recoupment of the value of exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale, of the exploration and evaluation asset.

Impairment tests are carried out on a regular basis to identify whether the asset carrying values exceed their recoverable amounts. There is significant estimation and judgement in determining the inputs and assumptions used in determining the recoverable amounts.

The key areas of judgement and estimation include:

- Recent exploration and evaluation results and resource estimates;
- Environmental issues that may impact on the underlying tenements; and
- Fundamental economic factors that have an impact on the planned operations and carrying values of assets and liabilities.

Carrying value of exploration and evaluation expenditure

The Company assessed the carrying value of its capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure for indicators of impairment as at 30 June 2025. An impairment expense of \$1,148,221 (2024: \$279,940) was recognised

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

against capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure relating to the Coates Project, as no exploration activity was undertaken on the project during the year.

Note 10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Property, Plant and Equipment		
At cost	93,351	94,851
Accumulated depreciation	(51,734)	(29,464)
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	41,617	65,387

Accounting Policy

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on a cost basis.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

Depreciation

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are depreciated to their estimated residual value over the estimated economic life of the specific assets to which they relate, or using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives indicated below.

Estimates of residual values and useful lives are reassessed annually and any change in estimate is taken into account in the determination of remaining depreciation charges. Depreciation commences on the date when the asset is available for use.

- Property, plant and equipment – 4 years straight-line

Note 11. Right of Use Assets

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Head Office		
Right of use assets	145,733	145,733
Accumulated amortisation	(93,107)	(44,529)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Total Right of use assets	52,626	101,204

Accounting Policy

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Company expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Company has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

Note 12. Trade and Other Payables

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Current		
Trade payables	332,569	230,136
Accrued expenses	-	72,185
Other payables	41,027	66,500
Total Trade and Other Payables	373,596	368,821

Accounting Policy

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting year for goods and services received by the Company during the reporting year which remains unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amount being normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Note 13. Lease Liabilities

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Head Office		
Current lease liability	21,570	41,976
Non-current lease liability	25,857	47,428
Total lease liabilities	47,427	89,404

Accounting Policy

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

Note 14. Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments consists mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable.

Financial Risk Management Policies

a) Treasury Risk Management

The Board meets on a regular basis to analyse financial risk exposure and to evaluate treasury management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts. The Board's overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the Company in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance.

Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the Board on a regular basis. These include the use of credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

b) Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The main risks the Company is exposed to through its financial instruments are liquidity risk, credit risk and price risk.

i. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Typically the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

	Financial Asset & Financial Liability Maturity Analysis							
	Within 1 Year	Within 1 Year	1-5 Years	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Total	Total
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	2,675,331	3,301,018	-	-	-	-	2,675,331	3,301,018
Total Financial Assets	2,675,331	3,301,018	-	-	-	-	2,675,331	3,301,018
Financial Liabilities								
Trade payables	332,569	230,136	-	-	-	-	332,569	230,136
Lease liability	21,570	41,976	26,633	48,851	-	-	48,203	90,827
Total Financial Liabilities	354,139	272,112	26,633	48,851	-	-	380,772	320,963

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investment securities. The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at reporting date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements. The Company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or Company of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the Company.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions are managed in accordance with approved Board policy. The Company's current investment policy is aimed at maximising the return on surplus cash, with the aim of outperforming the benchmark within acceptable levels of risk return exposure and to mitigate the credit and liquidity risks that the Company is exposed to through investment activities.

The following table provides information regarding the credit risk relating to cash and money market securities based on Standard and Poor's counterparty credit ratings.

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents		
A-Rated	2,675,331	3,301,018

iii. Price risk

- Commodity price risk

The Company is not directly exposed to commodity price risk. However, there is a risk that the changes in prevailing market conditions and commodity prices could affect the viability of the project.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

iv. Interest rate risk exposure analysis

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting year whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Company does not use derivatives to mitigate these exposures.

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate 30 June 2025 %	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate 30 June 2024 %	Floating/Fixed Interest Rate 30 June 2025 \$	Floating/Fixed Interest Rate 30 June 2024 \$	Non-Interest Bearing 30 June 2025 \$	Non-Interest Bearing 30 June 2024 \$
Financial Assets						
Cash at bank & on hand	1.15%	2.64%	2,675,331	4,257,506	-	-
Total Financial Assets			2,675,331	4,257,506	-	-
Financial Liabilities						
Trade payables		-	-	-	332,569	456,983
Lease liability			47,427	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities			47,427	-	332,569	456,983

A 1% change in interest rates would have resulted in a \$26,753 (2024: \$32,039) increase/(decrease) in losses and equity.

Fair Value

Fair values are those amounts at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Fair values may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgement, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair value is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded. In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market prices.

The following methods and assumptions are used to determine the net fair values of financial assets and liabilities:

- Cash and short-term investments – the carrying amount approximates fair value because of their short term to maturity;
- Trade receivables and trade payables – the carrying amount approximates fair value; and
- Other assets and liabilities approximate their carrying value.

No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Note 15. Issued Capital

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
77,420,250 fully paid ordinary shares (30 June 2024: 77,420,250 fully paid ordinary shares)	17,629,821	17,629,821
42,708,760 partly-paid ordinary shares (30 June 2024: nil)	672,080	-
	18,301,901	17,629,821

	30 June 2025 No.	30 June 2025 \$
Movement in fully paid ordinary shares during the year		
Balance at beginning of the year – 1 July 2024	77,420,250	17,629,821
Shares issued during the year:	-	-
Total at the end of the year – 30 June 2025	77,420,250	17,629,821

	30 June 2024 No.	30 June 2024 \$
Balance at beginning of the year – 1 July 2023	62,114,368	13,953,119
Shares issued during the year:		
• Placement	10,600,000	2,703,000
• Shares issued – conversion of convertible notes	4,705,882	1,200,000
Less:		
• Capital raising costs	-	(226,298)
Total at the end of the year – 30 June 2024	77,420,250	17,629,821

	30 June 2025 No.	30 June 2025 \$
Movement in Partly Paid Shares during the year		
Balance at 1 July 2024	-	-
Shares issued during the financial period/year:		
• Partly Paid Shares issued – Entitlement Offer ¹	38,708,760	774,175
• Underwriter partly-paid shares	4,000,000	80,000
Less: Capital raising costs	-	(182,095)
Total at 30 June 2025	42,708,760	672,080

Notes:

- The Company undertook a pro rata non-renounceable entitlement offer of up to approximately 38,708,760 partly paid shares in the Company at an issue price of \$0.02 per partly paid share (\$0.10 unpaid) to initially raise up to \$774,175 (before costs). Once the Partly Paid Shares are fully called the is potential for a further \$3,871,013 (before costs) in funds to the Company. The entitlement offer was completed on 14 November 2024 and the Partly Paid Shares were issued on 18 November 2024.

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

At the shareholders' meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

c) Options

The unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option at 30 June 2025 are as follows:

Date of Expiry	Exercise Price (\$)	Number under Option
17 January 2027	\$0.60	1,000,000
Total		1,000,000

A reconciliation of the total options on issue is as follows:

	30 June 2025 No.	30 June 2024 No.
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,000,000	7,200,000
Issued during the year	-	1,000,000
Exercised during the year	-	-
Expired during the year	(7,000,000)	(200,000)
Total at the end of the year	1,000,000	8,000,000

d) Performance Rights

A reconciliation of the total performance rights on issue is as follows:

	30 June 2025 No.	30 June 2024 No.
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,666,667	3,666,667
Issued during the year	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-
Expired during the year	-	-
Total at the end of the year	3,666,667	3,666,667

e) Capital Management

The Directors' primary objective is to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital to the Company. At reporting date, the Company has no external borrowings. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Accounting Policy

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options, or for the acquisition of a business, are included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

Key Estimates, Judgments and Assumptions

The Company measures the cost of equity settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value of share options is determined by an external valuer using an appropriate valuation model.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Note 16. Reserves

a) Share-Based Payments Reserve

The share-based payments reserve records items recognised as expenses on valuation of employee share and consultants' options.

A reconciliation of the movement in the share-based payments reserve is as follows:

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
At the beginning of the year	1,689,103	975,146
Share-based payments (Note 6)	79,182	657,339
Options issued to lead manager	-	56,618
Total at the end of the year	1,768,285	1,689,103

Accounting Policy – Share-Based Payments

Equity-settled and cash-settled share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees.

Equity-settled transactions are awards of shares, or options over shares, that are provided to employees in exchange for the rendering of services. Cash-settled transactions are awards of cash for the exchange of services, where the amount of cash is determined by reference to the share price.

The costs of equity-settled transactions are measured at fair value on the grant date. Fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes option valuation model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option, together with non-vesting conditions that do not determine whether the Company received the services that entitle the employees to receive payment. No account is taken of any other vesting conditions.

The costs of equity-settled transactions are recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to profit or loss is calculated based on the grant date fair value of the award, the best estimate of the number of awards that are likely to vest and the expired portion of the vesting period. The amount recognised in profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount calculated at each reporting date less amounts already recognised in previous periods.

The costs of cash-settled transactions are initially, and at each reporting date until vested, determined by applying either the Binomial or Hoadley option valuation model, taking into consideration the terms and conditions on which the award was granted. The cumulative charge to profit or loss until settlement of the liability is calculated as follows:

- During the vesting period, the liability at each reporting date is the fair value of the award at that date multiplied by the expired portion of the vesting period;
- From the end of the vesting period until settlement of the award, the liability is the full fair value of the liability at the reporting date.

All changes in the liability are recognised in profit or loss. The ultimate cost of a cash-settled transaction is the cash paid to settle the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore, any awards subject to market conditions are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

If equity-settled awards are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the modification has not been made. An additional expense is recognised, over the remaining vesting period, for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based compensation benefit as at the date of modification.

If the non-vesting condition is within the control of the Company or employee, the failure to satisfy the condition is treated as a cancellation. If the condition is not within the control of the Company or employee and is not satisfied during the vesting period, any remaining expense for the award is recognised over the remaining vesting period, unless the award is forfeited.

Note 17. Events After the Reporting Date

On 18 August 2025, the Company announced a maiden MRE of 8.2Mt @ 1.0% Li₂O at a 0.5% Li₂O cut-off for the Medcalf Lithium Deposit at its Lake Johnston Lithium Project ("Lake Johnston") in Western Australia (100% Charger; RTX farming-in). In addition to this resource, an Exploration Target of 3 – 5Mt @ 1.0% – 1.4% Li₂O has been estimated for the Medcalf West Lithium Prospect.

On 3 September 2025, the Company announced the appointment of Mr Bryan Dixon as Managing Director and CEO and the resignation of Mr Aidan Platel from these positions. The Company also announced the appointment of Mr Tim Armstrong as Non-Executive Director and the resignations of Mr Jonathan Whyte as Company Secretary effective 30 September 2025, and Mrs Silfia Morton as Chief Financial Officer effective 2 November 2025.

Refer to Note 5 for details of the remuneration arrangements for Mr Dixon and Mr Armstrong.

No further matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Note 18. Contingent Assets and Liabilities

Lithium Australia Acquisition Agreement - Coates, Lake Johnston and Bynoe Projects

The Company acquired a 70% interest in the Coates, Lake Johnston and Bynoe Projects in early July 2021 by reimbursing Lithium Australia \$100,000 of exploration expenditure and issuing 9,600,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company to Lithium Australia. In addition, the Company must pay Lithium Australia or its nominee the deferred consideration (consisting of either \$200,000 or 2,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company) if Charger, by 4 December 2026, delineates a JORC Code compliant inferred resource.

Mercator Acquisition Agreement - Coates North Project

In July 2021, the Company acquired the 85% interest in the Coates North Project by issuing 2,550,000 fully paid ordinary shares and 1,000,000 unlisted options in the Company. The Company may also have to meet deferred consideration consisting of either \$200,000 or 2,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company which is contingent on certain milestones being met in relation to the development of the tenement.

The Company is unaware of any other contingent assets or liabilities that may have a material impact on the Company's financial position.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Note 19. Cash Flow Reconciliation

Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss after income tax:

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Operating loss after tax	(2,252,524)	(2,379,811)
Non-cash flows in loss:		
Share-based payments expense	79,182	657,339
(Gain)/loss on sale of PPE	1,500	(20,076)
Finance costs	3,318	5,226
Depreciation expense	70,848	84,501
Impairment expense	1,148,221	279,940
Lease expense	-	7,200
Movements in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments relating to operating activities	5,620	154,526
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables relating to operating activities	19,191	(60,796)
Increase in provision for employee entitlements	(2,795)	22,526
Net cash outflows from operating activities	(927,439)	(1,249,425)

Note 20. Capital Commitments

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration tenements the Company is required to perform minimum exploration work to meet the minimum expenditure requirements specified by various State Governments.

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Minimum Tenement Expenditure Commitments		
Within one year	609,963	571,907
Later than one year but no later than five years	515,400	688,844
Over five years	-	-
Total	1,125,363	1,260,751

Directors' Declaration

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

The Directors of the Company declare that:

The financial statements, notes and additional disclosures included in the Directors' report are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:

- a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company;
- c) the financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as stated in Note 1 to the financial statements.
- d) the Company does not have any controlled entities and is not required by the Accounting Standards to prepare consolidated financial statements. Therefore, a consolidated entity disclosure statement has not been included as section 295(3A)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001* does not apply to the Company.

In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



Managing Director/CEO
23 September 2025

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Charger Metals NL

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Charger Metals NL (the "Company"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the Directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the Directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of \$2,252,524 (2024: \$2,379,811) and a cash outflow from operating activities of \$927,439 (2024: \$1,249,425) during the year ended 30 June 2025 and, as of that date, the Company had \$2,675,331 in cash and cash equivalents (2024: \$3,301,018) and a working capital surplus of \$2,293,412 (2024: \$2,906,293). As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Advisory. Tax. Audit.

ACN 145 447 105

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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Carrying value of Capitalised Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure <i>(Refer to note 9 to the financial statements)</i> As at 30 June 2025 the carrying value of the Company's capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure in relation to the Bynoe Lithium Project, the Coates Project and the Lake Johnston Project was \$9,392,790. The Company's policy in respect of exploration and evaluation expenditure is outlined in Note 9. This is a key audit matter due to the fact that significant judgment is applied in determining whether: • The exploration and evaluation assets meet the recognition criteria of AASB 6 <i>Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources</i> ("AASB 6"); and • Facts and circumstances exist that suggest that the carrying value of the exploration and evaluation expenditure is in accordance with AASB 6.	Our procedures included, amongst others: • Verifying that the right to tenure to the areas of interest remained current as at the reporting date; • Obtaining evidence of the future intention for the areas of interest, including reviewing future budgeted expenditure and related work programs; • Obtaining an understanding of the status of ongoing exploration programs for the areas of interest; • Considering management's assessment of potential indicators of impairment; and • Assessing the appropriateness of the accounting treatment and disclosures in terms of AASB 6.

Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- The financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and

- b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and

for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- i) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar2.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 16 to 21 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

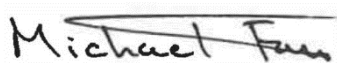
In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Charger Metals NL for the year ended 30 June 2025 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

NPAS

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd



Michael Fay

Director

Perth, Western Australia
23 September 2025

ASX Additional Information

a) Distribution of Shareholders as at 12 September 2025

Spread of Holdings	Number of Ordinary Shareholders	Number of Shares	% Issued Share Capital
1 – 1,000	152	91,802	0.12%
1,001 – 5,000	447	1,161,660	1.50%
5,001 – 10,000	238	1,961,326	2.53%
10,001 – 100,000	456	16,348,425	21.12%
100,001 – and over	106	57,857,037	74.73%
Total	1,399	77,420,250	100.00%

Spread of Holdings	Number of Partly Paid Shareholders	Number of Partly Paid Shares	% Partly Paid Share Capital
1 – 1,000	14	7,127	0.02%
1,001 – 5,000	34	117,350	0.27%
5,001 – 10,000	16	136,875	0.32%
10,001 – 100,000	53	2,116,493	4.96%
100,001 – and over	44	40,330,915	94.43%
Total	161	42,708,760	100.00%

b) Top 20 Shareholders as at 12 September 2025

Position	Holder Name	Holding	%
1	FINNISS LITHIUM RESOURCES PTY LTD	7,600,000	9.82%
2	RIO TINTO EXPLORATION PTY LIMITED	4,705,882	6.08%
3	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	4,503,877	5.82%
4	MR ADRIAN CHRISTOPHER GRIFFIN	2,650,450	3.42%
5	MR GEORGE CHIEN-HSUN LU	2,584,000	3.34%
6	KSLCORP PTY LTD	2,500,000	3.23%
7	BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD	1,862,419	2.41%
8	MISS LI WANG	1,337,012	1.73%
9	WARRIOR STRATEGIC PTY LTD <WARRIOR STRATEGIC A/C>	1,202,368	1.55%
10	MR RAYMOND CLARENCE GARDENER & MISS HINEAKA BLACK <TUMEKE SUPER FUND A/C>	1,002,095	1.29%
11	MRS THUY VAN SEARLE-GIANG	1,000,888	1.29%
12	MR ADRIAN BRUCE WATT & MRS TRACEY JANINE WATT <A & T WATT FAMILY S/F A/C>	1,000,000	1.29%
13	MS DANIELLE SHARON TUDEHOPE	950,000	1.23%
14	CARDINALS CORPORATE PTY LTD <CARDINALS CORPORATE A/C>	930,540	1.20%
15	WARRIOR FINANCE PTY LTD <WARRIOR SUPER FUND A/C>	875,000	1.13%
16	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <IB AU NOMS RETAILCLIENT>	861,878	1.11%
17	MR DARSHIL PRAVINBHAI DOSHI	851,289	1.10%
18	GEORGE WA PTY LTD <GEORGE SUPER FUND A/C>	800,000	1.03%
19	FINCLEAR SERVICES PTY LTD <SUPERHERO SECURITIES A/C>	788,359	1.02%
20	MR ADRIAN BRUCE WATT	600,000	0.78%
	Totals	38,606,057	49.87%
	Total Issued Capital	77,420,250	100.00%

c) **Ordinary share capital**

- The number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel of shares is 743, totalling 2,274,788 ordinary shares.
- Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each member present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.
-

d) **Tenement Schedule as at 30 June 2025**

Tenement	Project	% Interest
R70/59	Coates Project, Western Australia	85% - subject to Yankuang Bauxite Interest
EL30897	Bynoe Lithium Project, Northern Territory	100%
E63/1809	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	100%
E63/1903	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	100%
E63/1883	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	100%
E63/2474	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	In Application
E63/2475	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	In Application
E63/2476	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	In Application
E63/1722	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	100% interest in lithium rights under the Lithium Rights Agreement with Lefroy Exploration Limited
E63/1723	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	100% interest in lithium rights under the Lithium Rights Agreement with Lefroy Exploration Limited
E63/1777	Lake Johnston Lithium Project, Western Australia	100% interest in lithium rights under the Lithium Rights Agreement with Lefroy Exploration Limited

Mineral Resources and Reserves (MROR) Statement 30 June 2025

Charger Metals NL (ASX: CHR) ("Charger" or "the Company") is pleased to provide the annual review and summary of the Company's Mineral Resources as at the date of this report.

Mineral Resource Estimate

The current JORC 2012 compliant resource for the Medcalf Lithium Deposit is 8.2Mt @ 1.0% Li₂O at a 0.5% Li₂O cut-off which remains open at depth. (see ASX announcement dated 18 August 2025 and below):

Medcalf August 2025 Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate (0.5% Li₂O cut-off).

Zone	Tonnage (Mt)	Grade (% Li ₂ O)	Contained Li ₂ O (kt)
Weathered	0.3	0.96	3
Primary (fresh)	8.0	1.00	80
Total	8.2	1.00	83

Medcalf August 2025 Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate at various cut-off grades.

Cut-off Grade (% Li ₂ O)	Tonnage (Mt)	Grade (% Li ₂ O)	Contained Li ₂ O (kt)
0.2	8.8	0.96	85
0.3	8.8	0.97	85
0.4	8.7	0.98	84
0.5	8.2	1.00	83
0.6	7.5	1.05	78
0.7	6.7	1.09	73
0.8	5.7	1.16	65
0.9	4.6	1.23	56
1.0	3.7	1.31	48

Note: appropriate rounding applied.

JORC Table 1 included in an announcement to the ASX released on 18th August 2025: "Maiden High-Grade Lithium Resource at Medcalf Highlights Strong Potential of Lake Johnston". Charger confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in this announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Exploration Target

The current Exploration Target for Medcalf West is as follows.

Medcalf West August 2025 Exploration Target.¹

Tonnage Range (Mt)	Grade Range (% Li ₂ O)
3.0 to 5.0	1.0 to 1.4

The potential quantity and grade of the Medcalf West Exploration Target is conceptual in nature. There has been insufficient exploration to estimate a Mineral Resource. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource. The Exploration Target has been prepared and reported in accordance with the 2012 edition of the JORC Code.

The Medcalf West Exploration Target is based on the results of exploration activities undertaken to date and references an extensive dataset of drilling (approximately 200 to 300m spaced drill sections), geological surface

mapping and surface sampling information. The drilling and surface sampling data form the basis for grade ranges; and tonnage factors were based on wireframes generated from drilling data, as well as mapped pegmatites and surface sampling grade within mapped pegmatites. Charger plans on conducting further drilling and sampling at Medcalf West in future work programmes.

Cautionary Statement: The potential quantity and grade of the Exploration Target is conceptual in nature, there has been insufficient exploration work to estimate a Mineral Resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in defining a Mineral Resource.

For further information on the Charger Exploration Target, please see the ASX announcement dated 18 August 2025.

Comparison with previous year

The Company did not have a MRE in the previous year.

Competent Person Statement

This Annual Mineral Resource Statement is based on, and fairly represents, information and supporting documentation prepared by a competent person.

The information in this report that relates to exploration strategy and results is based on information provided to or compiled by Francois Scholtz BSc. Hons (Geology), who is a Member of The Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Scholtz is a consultant to Charger Metals NL. Mr Scholtz has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and exploration processes as reported herein to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Scholtz consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears. Mr Scholtz and the Company confirm that they are not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information contained in the previous market announcements referred to in this announcement or the data contained in this announcement.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resource and Exploration Target estimates is based on information compiled by Shaun Searle BSc. Hons (Applied Geology), who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Searle has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Searle is a director of Ashmore Advisory Pty Ltd ("Ashmore"). Ashmore and the Competent Person are independent of the Company and other than being paid fees for services in compiling this report, neither has any financial interest (direct or contingent) in the Company. Mr Searle consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

Summary of Governance and Controls

Charger employs professional technical personnel who oversee exploration and data gathering on site. These personnel are also involved with assisting independent consultants and contractors used in the data gathering and estimation processes which produce the MROR Statement.

Charger employs qualified geoscientists (geologists) registered with relevant national professional bodies to conduct work required with the preparation and publication of MROR statements. Independent contractors and consultants are used in the calculation of mineral resources. Work is also conducted by different organisations and results have historically been compared as checks on publicly reported information. Internal controls ensure that multiple geologists are involved in the planning, implementation, data gathering, interpretation of results. Sample data is checked on site using portable assay equipment and then despatched to independent certified assay laboratories for assaying. Data was compiled and QA/QC checks completed by database administration consultants. All data gathering is done using standard and acceptable industry practices. Resource estimation is

conducted using external consultants and contractors who have been present on site during periods of exploration and have witnessed internal practices and procedures. Resource estimates are then reported when they are confirmed by the Competent Person and released. This is considered acceptable and industry standard practice.