



ASX Announcement 15 October 2024

Spectacular Drilling Results from the Didievi Project 65.0m at 5.6 g/t of gold from 177m

HIGHLIGHTS

- Assay results from the recently completed diamond drilling program on the Didievi Project returns a spectacular, wide, high-grade intercept of:
 - 65.0m at 5.6 g/t of gold from 177m (DDD049)
- The drillhole also included shallow intercepts of:
 - 9.0m at 1.7 g/t of gold from 23m
 - 28m at 1.1 g/t of gold from 77m
- The deeper intercept (65.0m at 5.6 g/t of gold) has confirmed that the gold mineralisation extends outside of the existing resource envelope and remains open at depth
- Drillhole DDD049 was drilled to test a predicted extension of the gold mineralisation using the new geological model, hosted by the shear zone and gently plunging in a south-westerly direction
- The new drilling results will allow a positive update to the existing Didievi Project Maiden Inferred Resource of 4.93Mt for 452koz of gold at 2.9 g/t Au (1.0 g/t Au cut off)¹
- Previous high-grade drilling results from the Didievi Project include:
 - 10.0m at 123.7 g/t of gold from 66m including 2m at 613.1 g/t of gold
 - 83.3m at 3.3 g/t of gold from 166.9m including 18.0m at 12 g/t of gold
 - 17.4m at 17.0 g/t of gold from 244m including 1.0m at 216.0 g/t of gold
 - 80.0m at 3.0 g/t of gold from 0m including 23.0m at 9.5 g/t of gold
 - 43.0m at 4.3 g/t of gold from 57 m including 17.0m at 9.5 g/t of gold
 - o 69.0m at 2.9 g/t of gold from 31m including 37.0m at 4.9 g/t of gold
 - 37.0m at 7.7 g/t of gold from 42m including 24m at 11.0 g/t of gold

¹ Refer ASX announcements dated 30 July 2024 & 1 August 2024 for further information.





African Gold Ltd (African Gold or the Company) (ASX: A1G) is very pleased to announce the results from the recently completed DDD049 diamond drillhole, second out of six drilled on the Blaffo Guetto prospect, on the Company's Didievi Gold Project in Cote d'Ivoire (Figure 1). The drilling program was designed to test possible extension of the gold lodes and to infill previous drilling on gold controlling structures of the prospect with a view to increasing the scale and categorisation of the existing Inferred Resource.

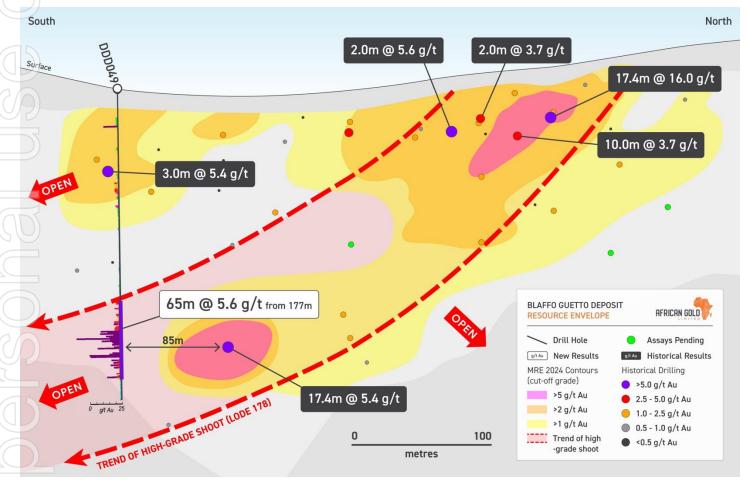


Figure 1: Long section of lode 178 showing the location of drillhole DDD049, the contours of the Mineral Resource (MRE 2024 data, ASX release dated 30 July 2024) and the interpreted south-westerly plunging high-grade shoot.

The second hole of the program, DDD049, was drilled to test an extension of the gold mineralisation controlled bý/the north-northeast striking shear zone where high grade mineralisation gently plunging in the southwesterly direction (Figure 1).

The assay results from DDD049 have returned a spectacular, thick, high-grade gold intersection of 65.0m at 5.6 g/t of gold from 177m, confirming distribution of the gold mineralisation an additional 85m along the southwesterly plunging high-grade gold trend. The mineralisation (lode 178) remains open at depth.





Drill core photographs of this gold shoot are shown at Figure 2, and location of the drillhole DDD049 is shown on the Figures 3a and 3b, where it is projected onto the geological map of the deposit.

The drill hole also intersected shallow wide mineralisation of:

- 9.0m at 1.7 g/t of gold from 23m
- 28m at 1.1 g/t of gold from 77m

Notably, the high-grade intersection is obtained outside of the existing resource envelope (Figure 1), which indicates an opportunity to increase the existing Maiden Inferred Resource on the Blaffo Guetto prospect with additional drilling. The results are consistent with the resource model and the drilling program was designed to expand and upgrade the recently announced shallow, high grade, maiden gold Inferred Resource of 4.93Mt for 452koz of gold at 2.9 g/t Au (1.0 g/t Au cut off).









Figure 2: Photographs of the intersection of 65m @ 5.6 g/t of gold from 177m of the diamond drill core from drill hole DDD049.





Africa Gold's Managing Director, Mr Phillip Gallagher said, "65.0m at 5.6 g/t of gold from 177m is a spectacular result from the recent diamond drilling program on the Blaffo Guetto prospect. Excitingly, it is an extension of previous mineralisation and remains open at depth, plus it has extended our target area which this diamond drilling was designed to test. This is a fantastic result that has shown that the resource modelling that the design of this diamond drilling program was based on is proving to be accurate.

 $ilde{\mathscr{L}}$ Along with the Blaffo Guetto prospect, the Didievi Project has other exciting prospects that remain substantially untested, including the Kouassi and Akissi Prospects to the north of Blaffo Guetto and the 11km long Poku gold trend located to the south-west. As the discovery of the new quartz porphyries at Blaffo Guetto demonstrate, there is also the potential for new discoveries across the project area. These fantastic drilling results today strengthen our belief that the Didievi Project has the potential to be a multi-millionounce deposit."

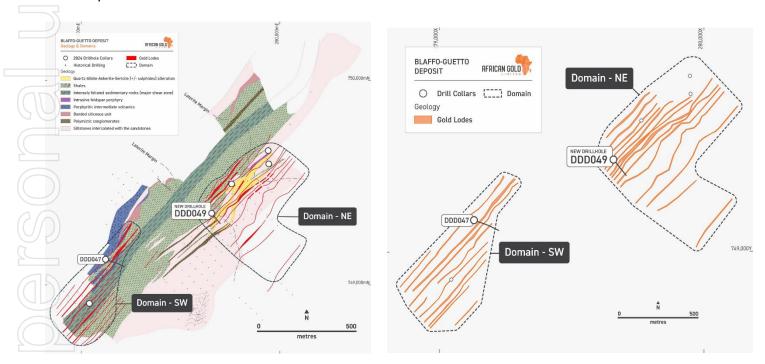


Figure 3: (a) Geological map of the Blaffo Guetto prospect showing location of the new drillholes (the collars are shown as the dots). Trace of the DDD049 is shown for reference; (b) gold lodes and trace of the DDD049 drillhole.

The Didievi Project

The Didievi Project is located in central Cote d'Ivoire, approximately 60km southeast from the capital city, Yamoussoukro (Figures 4 and 5).





On 30 July 2024, African Gold announced a shallow, high-grade Maiden Inferred Resource, based on new geological model from recent geological logging and mapping, on the Blaffo Guetto prospect within the Didievi Project of 4.93Mt for 452koz of gold at 2.9 g/t (1.0 g/t Au cut off). The recently completed drilling program on the Blaffo Guetto prospect was designed to test the predictive capacity of the new geological model and expand and upgrade the Inferred Resource.

Previous drilling on Blaffo Guetto has produced spectacular shallow intercepts on the Blaffo Guetto prospect, including²:

- 10.0m at 123.7 g/t of gold from 66m including 2m at 613.1 g/t of gold
- 83.3m at 3.3 g/t of gold from 166.9m including 18.0m at 12 g/t of gold
- 17.4m at 17.0 g/t of gold from 244m including 1.0m at 216.0 g/t of gold
- 80.0m at 3.0 g/t of gold from 0m including 23.0m at 9.5 g/t of gold
- 43.0m at 4.3 g/t of gold from 57 m including 17.0m at 9.5 g/t of gold
- 69.0m at 2.9 g/t of gold from 31m including 37.0m at 4.9 g/t of gold
- 37.0m at 7.7 g/t of gold from 42m including 24m at 11.0 g/t of gold

² Refer ASX announcements dated 8 September 2021 and 27 November 2020 for further information.



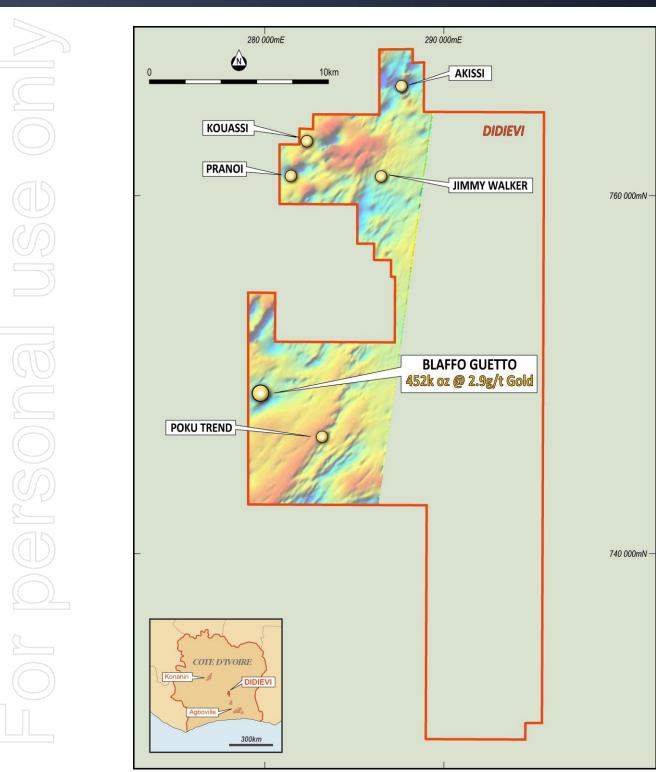


Figure 4: Location map of identified gold prospects on the Didievi Project.







Figure 5: African Gold Project Locations in Côte d'Ivoire and Mali.

This announcement has been authorised for release by the Board of African Gold Ltd.

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Competent Person's Statement

The information contained in this announcement that relates to new exploration results for the Didievi Project, Cote d'Ivoire, is based on and fairly reflects, information compiled by Dr Marat Abzalov, who is a fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Dr Abzalov, via his company Massa Geoservices, has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Dr Abzalov consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information on the form and context in which it appears.

The Company confirms that the mineral resource estimate referred to in this announcement was reported on 30 July 2024 in accordance with Listing Rule 5.8 and that the historical exploration results referred to in this announcement were reported in accordance with Listing Rule 5.7 on the dates identified through the ASX release. The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the mineral resource estimate or the exploration results and all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the resource continue to apply and have not materially changed.

Forward Looking Statements

This announcement may include forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are only predictions and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions which are outside the control of the Company. Actual values, results or events may be materially different to those expressed or implied in this announcement. Given these uncertainties, recipients are cautioned not to place reliance on forward looking statements. Any forwardlooking statements in this announcement speak only at the date of issue of this announcement. Subject to any continuing obligations under applicable law, the Company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any information or any of the forward-looking statements in this announcement or any changes in events, conditions, or circumstances on which any such forward looking statement is based.





Hole ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azimuth	Hole length (m)
DDD047	279130.0	749114.0	211.8	-55	111	174.48
DDD048	279045.0	748897.1	237.8	-72	317	207.00
DDD049	276659.0	749334.5	226.3	-72	137	258.00
DDD050	279763.6	749480.1	232.3	-55	137	213.00
DDD051	279949.0	749577.0	253.4	-75	137	205.00
DDD052	279946.9	749642.8	281.0	-55	137	209.00

	Hole ID		Eas	sting	Northing			RL	Di
	DDD047	•	279	130.0	749114.0			211.8	-5
	DDD048		279	045.0	748897.1			237.8	-7
ŀ	DDD049)	276	659.0	749334.5			226.3	-7
	DDD050		2/9	763.6	749480.1		4	232.3	-5
	DDD051		279	949.0	749577.0		2	253.4	-7
	DDD052		279	946.9	749642.8			281.0	-5
L									
ſ	Hole ID	Sam	ple ID	From	То	16	ength	Au (g/t)	Lode
ŀ	DDD049		668	0.00	1.00		1.00	0.23	2000
	DDD049		669	1.00	2.00		1.00	0.14	
	DDD049	29	671	2.00	3.00	:	1.00	0.14	
	DDD049	29	672	3.00	4.00	:	1.00	0.13	
I	DDD049	29	673	4.00	5.00	:	1.00	0.23	
	DDD049	29	674	5.00	6.00		1.00	0.27	
	DDD049	29	675	6.00	7.00		1.00	0.19	
	DDD049	29	669	7.00	8.00	:	1.00	0.16	
	DDD049	29	671	8.00	9.00		1.00	0.18	
	DDD049	29	672	9.00	10.00	:	1.00	0.16	
ı	DDD049	29	673	10.00	11.00		1.00	0.16	
L	DDD049	29	674	11.00	12.00	:	1.00	0.01	
l	DDD049	29	675	12.00	13.00	:	1.00	0.04	
l	DDD049	29	669	13.00	14.00		1.00	0.10	
ļ	DDD049	29	671	14.00	15.00	:	1.00	0.01	
ļ	DDD049	29	672	15.00	16.00	-	1.00	0.01	
ļ	DDD049	29	673	16.00	17.00	:	1.00	0.04	
l	DDD049	29	674	17.00	18.00	:	1.00	0.09	
ŀ	DDD049	29	675	18.00	19.00	:	1.00	0.07	
ļ	DDD049	29	669	19.00	20.00	-	1.00	0.11	
	DDD049	29	671	20.00	21.00	:	1.00	0.04	<u> </u>
ļ	DDD049	29	672	21.00	22.00	:	1.00	0.07	\perp
ļ	DDD049	29	673	22.00	23.00	:	1.00	0.01	<u> </u>
ļ	DDD049	29	674	23.00	24.00	:	1.00	0.48	<u> </u>
ı	DDD049	29	675	24.00	25.00	:	1.00	0.52	





DDD049	29669	25.00	26.00	1.00	0.81	1
DDD049	29671	26.00	27.00	1.00	0.55	
		27.00				
DDD049	29672 29673		28.00	1.00	0.21	
DDD049 DDD049	29673	28.00	29.00 30.00	1.00	0.64	
						102
DDD049	29675	30.00	31.00	1.00	0.94	102
DDD049	29669	31.00	32.00	1.00	11.10	102
DDD049	29671	32.00	33.00	1.00	0.13	
DDD049	29672	33.00	34.00	1.00	0.06	
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DDD049	29674	35.00	36.00	1.00	0.01	
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DDD049	29671	44.00	45.00	1.00	0.07	
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DDD049	29674	47.00	48.00	1.00	0.39	
DDD049	29675	48.00	49.00	1.00	0.09	
DDD049	29669	49.00	50.00	1.00	0.83	
DDD049	29671	50.00	51.00	1.00	0.67	
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DDD049	29673	52.00	53.00	1.00	0.12	
DDD049	29674	53.00	54.00	1.00	0.02	
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DDD049	29669	55.00	56.00	1.00	0.27	
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DDD049	29675	60.00	61.00	1.00	0.26	
DDD049	29669	61.00	62.00	1.00	0.24	
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DDD049	29672	63.00	64.00	1.00	0.30	





DDD049	29673	64.00	65.00	1.00	0.48	
DDD049	29674	65.00	66.00	1.00	0.50	
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DDD049	29669	91.00	92.00	1.00	0.61	100
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DDD049	29672	93.00	94.00	1.00	0.11	100
DDD049	29673	94.00	95.00	1.00	0.30	100
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DDD049	29671	104.00	105.00	1.00	0.32	
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DDD049	29669	127.00	128.00	1.00	0.03	
DDD049	29671	128.00	129.00	1.00	0.04	
DDD049	29672	129.00	130.00	1.00	0.01	
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DDD049	29674	131.00	132.00	1.00	0.03	
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DDD049	29669	133.00	134.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29671	134.00	135.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29672	135.00	136.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29673	136.00	137.00	1.00	0.05	
DDD049	29674	137.00	138.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29675	138.00	139.00	1.00	0.05	
DDD049	29669	139.00	140.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29671	140.00	141.00	1.00	0.05	
DDD049	29672	141.00	142.00	1.00	0.03	





DDD049	29673	142.00	143.00	1.00	0.03	I
DDD049	29674	143.00	144.00	1.00	0.04	
DDD049	29675	144.00	145.00	1.00	0.08	
DDD049	29669	145.00	146.00	1.00	0.14	
DDD049	29671	146.00	147.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29672	147.00	148.00	1.00	0.09	
DDD049	29673	148.00	149.00	1.00	0.34	
DDD049	29674	149.00	150.00	1.00	0.46	
DDD049	29675	150.00	151.00	1.00	0.37	
DDD049	29669	151.00	152.00	1.00	0.16	
DDD049	29671	152.00	153.00	1.00	0.06	
DDD049	29672	153.00	154.00	1.00	0.11	
DDD049	29673	154.00	155.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29674	155.00	156.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29675	156.00	157.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29669	157.00	158.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29671	158.00	159.00	1.00	0.03	
DDD049	29672	159.00	160.00	1.00	0.01	
DDD049	29673	160.00	161.00	1.00	0.09	
DDD049	29674	161.00	162.00	1.00	0.07	
DDD049	29675	162.00	163.00	1.00	0.14	
DDD049	29669	163.00	164.00	1.00	0.84	
DDD049	29671	164.00	165.00	1.00	0.20	
DDD049	29672	165.00	166.00	1.00	0.17	
DDD049	29673	166.00	167.00	1.00	0.04	
DDD049	29674	167.00	168.00	1.00	0.17	
DDD049	29675	168.00	169.00	1.00	0.21	
DDD049	29669	169.00	170.00	1.00	0.02	
DDD049	29671	170.00	171.00	1.00	0.03	
DDD049	29672	171.00	172.00	1.00	0.06	
DDD049	29673	172.00	173.00	1.00	0.06	
DDD049	29674	173.00	174.00	1.00	0.05	
DDD049	29675	174.00	175.00	1.00	0.07	
DDD049	29669	175.00	176.00	1.00	0.05	
DDD049	29671	176.00	177.00	1.00	0.18	
DDD049	29672	177.00	178.00	1.00	3.48	178
DDD049	29673	178.00	179.00	1.00	3.35	178
DDD049	29674	179.00	180.00	1.00	0.16	178
DDD049	29675	180.00	181.00	1.00	0.14	178





		l i	l i	1	1	1	1
D	DD049	29669	181.00	182.00	1.00	0.13	178
P	DD049	29671	182.00	183.00	1.00	4.19	178
D	DD049	29672	183.00	184.00	1.00	0.17	178
P	DD049	29673	184.00	185.00	1.00	0.34	178
D	DD049	29674	185.00	186.00	1.00	0.30	178
	DD049	29675	186.00	187.00	1.00	0.62	178
D	DD049	29669	187.00	188.00	1.00	3.24	178
	DD049	29671	188.00	189.00	1.00	2.61	178
	DD049	29672	189.00	190.00	1.00	2.20	178
D	DD049	29673	190.00	191.00	1.00	1.87	178
	DD049	29674	191.00	192.00	1.00	1.16	178
D	DD049	29675	192.00	193.00	1.00	1.53	178
	DD049	29669	193.00	194.00	1.00	4.77	178
D	DD049	29671	194.00	195.00	1.00	4.65	178
D	DD049	29672	195.00	196.00	1.00	5.08	178
D	DD049	29673	196.00	197.00	1.00	1.86	178
	DD049	29674	197.00	198.00	1.00	3.21	178
D	DD049	29675	198.00	199.00	1.00	4.14	178
P	DD049	29669	199.00	200.00	1.00	4.39	178
D	DD049	29671	200.00	201.00	1.00	4.67	178
D	DD049	29672	201.00	202.00	1.00	15.89	178
C (2P	DD049	29673	202.00	203.00	1.00	10.39	178
	DD049	29674	203.00	204.00	1.00	16.53	178
P	DD049	29675	204.00	205.00	1.00	5.52	178
	DD049	29669	205.00	206.00	1.00	11.72	178
	DD049	29671	206.00	207.00	1.00	8.71	178
D	DD049	29672	207.00	208.00	1.00	36.05	178
	DD049	29673	208.00	209.00	1.00	8.31	178
D	DD049	29674	209.00	210.00	1.00	15.22	178
D	DD049	29675	210.00	211.00	1.00	6.61	178
D	DD049	29669	211.00	212.00	1.00	5.48	178
D	DD049	29671	212.00	213.00	1.00	6.58	178
D	DD049	29672	213.00	214.00	1.00	0.77	178
D	DD049	29673	214.00	215.00	1.00	5.10	178
D	DD049	29674	215.00	216.00	1.00	18.63	178
D	DD049	29675	216.00	217.00	1.00	2.19	178
D	DD049	29669	217.00	218.00	1.00	0.51	178
D	DD049	29671	218.00	219.00	1.00	0.81	178
D	DD049	29672	219.00	220.00	1.00	6.36	178





		I	I	I	I	I	i
	DDD049	29673	220.00	221.00	1.00	8.96	178
	DDD049	29674	221.00	222.00	1.00	25.44	178
	DDD049	29675	222.00	223.00	1.00	24.62	178
	DDD049	29669	223.00	224.00	1.00	0.07	178
	DDD049	29671	224.00	225.00	1.00	1.39	178
	DDD049	29672	225.00	226.00	1.00	7.24	178
	DDD049	29673	226.00	227.00	1.00	2.55	178
6	DDD049	29674	227.00	228.00	1.00	5.57	178
	DDD049	29675	228.00	229.00	1.00	4.88	178
01	DDD049	29669	229.00	230.00	1.00	7.99	178
	DDD049	29671	230.00	231.00	1.00	3.79	178
	DDD049	29672	231.00	232.00	1.00	5.26	178
	DDD049	29673	232.00	233.00	1.00	1.31	178
	DDD049	29674	233.00	234.00	1.00	1.33	178
	DDD049	29675	234.00	235.00	1.00	0.68	178
(0)	DDD049	29669	235.00	236.00	1.00	0.46	178
6	DDD049	29671	236.00	237.00	1.00	3.37	178
	DDD049	29672	237.00	238.00	1.00	2.37	178
	DDD049	29673	238.00	239.00	1.00	2.58	178
	DDD049	29674	239.00	240.00	1.00	10.99	178
	DDD049	29675	240.00	241.00	1.00	2.47	178
01	DDD049	29669	241.00	242.00	1.00	0.49	
	DDD049	29671	242.00	243.00	1.00	0.17	
	DDD049	29672	243.00	244.00	1.00	0.07	
6	DDD049	29673	244.00	245.00	1.00	0.11	
	DDD049	29674	245.00	246.00	1.00	0.32	
	DDD049	29675	246.00	247.00	1.00	0.11	
	DDD049	29669	247.00	248.00	1.00	0.10	
	DDD049	29671	248.00	249.00	1.00	0.23	
0	DDD049	29672	249.00	250.00	1.00	0.01	
	DDD049	29673	250.00	251.00	1.00	0.03	
	DDD049	29674	251.00	252.00	1.00	0.06	
	DDD049	29948	252.00	253.00	1.00	0.08	
	DDD049	29949	253.00	254.00	1.00	0.09	
	DDD049	29951	254.00	255.00	1.00	0.03	
	DDD049	29952	255.00	256.00	1.00	0.15	
	DDD049	29953	256.00	257.00	1.00	0.12	
	DDD049	29954	257.00	258.00	1.00	0.08	





Appendix 2: JORC Tables

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1

Section 1 - Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

Criteria	Explanation	Details of the Reported Project
Sampling techniques	Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialized industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.	 The new drilling data includes the drillholes drilled by A1G in September 2024 and planned with an objective to infill gaps in the maiden Mineral Resources of the Blaffo Guetto prospect that were estimated in 2024 and referred here as MRE2024 (details of the maiden Resource estimation program can be found on the ASX releases dated 30 July 2024 and 1 August 2024). The post MRE2024 drilling includes 6 diamond core drillholes. Total length of the drilling program is 1,266.48m.
	Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.	 The diamond drillcore was orientated, marked, logged, and split in half using a diamond core saw before being sampled. Sample intervals typically 1m, in rare cases e.g. at end of hole <1m. RC drill samples were collected as 1m intervals and then split into a ~2-3kg sample from bulk sample using a riffle splitter. Drilling and sampling procedures used by Equigold, Lihir and Newcrest, were as follows: the diamond core was split and sampled based on standard fixed intervals (1m) as well as geological based sample intervals, in a range from 0.28m to 1.7m; the RC drilling used the fixed sample length of 1m, which locally, when barren intervals outside of mineralised zones were drilled, were composited to 4m composites.
	Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that	 The determination of mineralisation has been by a combination of geological observations (logging and mapping) in conjunction with assay results from the surface drilling. Drilling and sampling, including the African Gold Ltd data and the historical drilling by Equigold, Lihir and Newcrest, all are reputable ASX listed companies, have been done following best practice standard operating procedures and in a good accordance with the industry standards.





	problems. Unusual	
L L	commodities or	
	mineralisation types (eg	
	submarine nodules) may	
	warrant disclosure of detailed information.	
Drilling	Drill type (eg core,	The drilling was carried out by Easy Drilling Saarl using standard recognized techniques
techniques	reverse circulation,	and procedures, which includes wireline techniques for retreating the samples from the
	open-hole hammer,	drillhole.
	rotary air blast, auger,	Most of the diamond core drilling was made using NQ diameter drill bits for drilling the
	Bangka, sonic, etc) and	fresh rocks, and the HQ size drill bits for drilling the pre-collar and the weathered rocks
	details (eg core diameter, triple or	(i.e. laterites). This drilling was oriented. Orientation was made using the REFLEX
	standard tube, depth of	DOWNHOLE CORE ORIENTATION UNIT.
((//))	diamond tails, face-	Name of the instrument: REFLEX ACT III RD NTW CORE ORIENTATION KIT
	sampling bit or other	REFLEX reference: AURUM15052024_2 Serial numbers: Act32139, Act36243, Act3c1113
	type, whether core is	Scharmanischs. Actoriso, Actoriso, Actorists
	oriented and if so, by	
	what method, etc).	
Drill sample	Method of recording and	DD core losses were recorded using the linear method, based on comparison of the
recovery	assessing core and chip	recovered core length vs nominal length of the drilled interval.
	sample recoveries and	No significant sample losses were noted
	results assessed.	
	Measures taken to	Core recovery was supervised by the field geologists and drillers were requested to
	maximise sample	adjust drilling parameters where this found appropriate to do.
	recovery and ensure	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	representative nature of	
	the samples.	
	Whether a relationship	No significant sampling issue were noted, and it is therefore considered that both sample
	exists between sample	recovery and quality is adequate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserves estimation.
((//))	recovery and grade and	
	whether sample bias	
	may have occurred due	
	to preferential loss/gain	
Logging	of fine/coarse material. Whether core and chip	All drill samples were geologically logged by experienced qualified geologists and this
Logging	samples have been	 All drill samples were geologically logged by experienced qualified geologists and this included recording the drilled rocks, alteration style and composition, RQD
	geologically and	measurements providing the geotechnical information and structural measurements of
	geotechnically logged to	the rock contacts, bedding and metamorphic structures.
	a level of detail to	The level of geological and geotechnical logging was adequate to support Mineral
_	support appropriate	Resource estimation and applicable for the mining and metallurgical studies.
	Mineral Resource	0.55. 0.55.
	estimation, mining	
	studies and metallurgical	
	studies.	
	Whether logging is	Geological logging used a standardized logging system. It was essentially qualitative and
	qualitative or	descriptive in nature.
	quantitative in nature.	Geotechnical logging, mainly recording the RQD, was semi-quantitative.
	Core (or costean,	Structural measurements (Dip and Azi) were quantitative and made using a special device
	channel, etc)	colloquially referred as a "rocket louncher".
	photography.	Tatal locath of the Codeille also is 1 200 40 m
	The total length and percentage of the	Total length of the 6 drillholes is 1,266.48 m. 100% of the drillholes including minoralized intervals and their best rocks, was legged.
	percentage of the	100% of the drillholes, including mineralised intervals and their host rocks, was logged.





		unlavant interceptions							
		relevant intersections							
		logged.							
	Sub-sampling	If core, whether cut or	•	Drill core was split in half u	using a diamond core saw.				
	techniques and	sawn and whether		·					
	sample	quarter, half or all core							
	preparation	taken							
) .	If non-core, whether	•	Not applicable. Current dr	illing included only the diamond drill core drilling.				
		riffled, tube sampled,		• •					
		rotary split, etc and							
		whether sampled wet or							
		dry.	<i>i</i> .						
(UL		For all sample types, the	•	Sample preparation was m	de at the MSALABS in Yamoussoukro, Ivory Coast. The				
		nature, quality and		preparation procedure consists of crushing the entire sample to 1mm at 80% pass, and then splitting the crushed material, collecting 1000g subsample which is pulverized to					
911		appropriateness of the							
\bigcup_{i}		sample preparation		200 mesh (74 microns). 300g aliquot is collected and assayed for Au using the Photon					
		technique.		assay instrument.					
		1			CAMPLE DEEDADATION				
				METHOD CODE	SAMPLE PREPARATION				
				METHOD CODE	DESCRIPTION Single shares for each batch of complex submitted				
				ADM-300	Single charge for each batch of samples submitted				
				CPA-Jar CRU-999	Unit charge per CPA Jar				
(AF				PLG-100	Crush to client specification				
()	U)			PPU-530	Log Sample - No preparation required Pulverize 1000g to 85% -75 µm				
UU				SPL-425					
				3FL-425	Split 1000g material (Rotary Split)				
(•	Sample sizes and laborato	ry preparation techniques corresponds to the common				
			•	industry practices and con	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of				
			•		sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of				
		Quality control	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of				
		procedures adopted for		industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by				
				industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise		industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel a	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel a The sieving test is perform	tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel a The sieving test is perform	tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed.	tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The ineed in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed.	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. med in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected,	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed.	tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The ineed in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed.	tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The ineed in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed.	tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The ineed in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed.	tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The ineed in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel a The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed. Results of the duplicate an	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. Bed in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. Ejects (-1mm material after first crush) were systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel a The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed. Results of the duplicate an	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory, and in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. Ejects (-1mm material after first crush) were systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel a The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed. Results of the duplicate an	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The died in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. Ejects (-1mm material after first crush) were systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays.				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits. Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform. Duplicates of the coarse recollected and analysed. Results of the duplicate and the drillhole samples are a samples of the Blaffo Guet geological and petrograph.	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The died in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. The special special after first crush were systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays 2-3 kg which is appropriate for obtaining representative to orogenic gold deposit. This conclusion is based on ic studies of the deposit and was confirmed during Mineral				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel a The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse re collected and analysed. Results of the duplicate an	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The died in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. The systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays also which is appropriate for obtaining representative to orogenic gold deposit. This conclusion is based on ic studies of the deposit and was confirmed during Mineral				
	Quality of access	procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits. Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform. Duplicates of the coarse recollected and analysed. Results of the duplicate and the difference of the Blaffo Guet geological and petrograph. Resource estimation in 20.	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The died in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. The special spe				
	Quality of assay	procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse recollected and analysed. Results of the duplicate and The drillhole samples are a samples of the Blaffo Guet geological and petrograph Resource estimation in 20.	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. med in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. Typicots (-1mm material after first crush) were systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays 2-3 kg which is appropriate for obtaining representative to orogenic gold deposit. This conclusion is based on ic studies of the deposit and was confirmed during Mineral 24. yed for Au by Gamma ray analysis of sample for gold by photon				
	data and	procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. The nature, quality and appropriateness of the	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform Duplicates of the coarse recollected and analysed. Results of the duplicate and The drillhole samples are a samples of the Blaffo Guet geological and petrograph Resource estimation in 20. Drillhole samples were assay instrument. This is a reconstruction of the original samples were assay instrument. This is a reconstruction of the original samples were assay instrument. This is a reconstruction of the original samples were assay instrument. This is a reconstruction of the original samples were assay instrument. This is a reconstruction of the original samples were assay instrument. This is a reconstruction of the original samples were assay instrument.	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The died in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. Ejects (-1mm material after first crush) were systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays 2-3 kg which is appropriate for obtaining representative to orogenic gold deposit. This conclusion is based on ic studies of the deposit and was confirmed during Mineral 24. yed for Au by Gamma ray analysis of sample for gold by photon elatively new method which at present is broadly used in the				
		procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits. Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform. Duplicates of the coarse recollected and analysed. Results of the duplicate and the dillhole samples are a samples of the Blaffo Guet geological and petrograph. Resource estimation in 20. Drillhole samples were assay instrument. This is a remining industry and has become	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. Bed in each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. Spects (-1mm material after first crush) were systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays. 2-3 kg which is appropriate for obtaining representative to orogenic gold deposit. This conclusion is based on ic studies of the deposit and was confirmed during Mineral 24. 2-4 yed for Au by Gamma ray analysis of sample for gold by photon elatively new method which at present is broadly used in the ome a modern standard of the gold mining industry.				
	data and	procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. The nature, quality and appropriateness of the	•	industry practices and con the orogenic gold deposits. Laboratories used sieving parameters of the sample the laboratory personnel at The sieving test is perform. Duplicates of the coarse recollected and analysed. Results of the duplicate and the dillhole samples are a samples of the Blaffo Guet geological and petrograph. Resource estimation in 20. Drillhole samples were assay instrument. This is a remining industry and has become	sidered to be appropriate for Mineral Resource estimation of s. tests to assure particle size is matching to the certified preparation protocol. This analysis is conducted routinely by and represents operational practice of the laboratory. The laboratory are din each batch to ensure the correct grind size is achieved. Ejects (-1mm material after first crush) were systematically alysis shows a good repeatability of the original sample assays 2-3 kg which is appropriate for obtaining representative to orogenic gold deposit. This conclusion is based on ic studies of the deposit and was confirmed during Mineral 24. yed for Au by Gamma ray analysis of sample for gold by photon elatively new method which at present is broadly used in the				





	considered partial or total.	This is a total recovery technique.
	For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld	Not applicable – no such tools used.
	XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.	
	Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.	QAQC procedures used by the African Gold Ltd at this drilling included systematic analysis of the coarse and pulp duplicates, assay of the standards (CRM) and blanks. Duplicate assays results. Shows a good repeatability of the sample assays
		Fig. Scatter-diagram of the duplicates vs. original samples (2024 drilling data) • QAQC results of the CRM and blanks did not reveal issues that could affect quality of the sample assay results and allow to conclude that the sample assays quality, are sufficient for Mineral Resource and Ore Reserves estimation.
Verification of sampling and assaying	The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.	 The QAQC procedures used by the African Gold at this drilling campaign includes systematic assaying of the sample coarse and pulp duplicates for the all samples that have returned the high grade results. Lower grade mineralisation (>0.3 g/t Au) also verified by analysing the coarse reject duplicates
	The use of twinned holes.	Not applicable – no twinned holes.
	Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.	 The logging procedure consisted of direct entering data into a portable (laptop) computer which then have been electronically transferred to a database administrator for the data review and uploading into the database. Assay results were received from laboratory by email, reviewed by database administrator and uploaded into the company database. African Gold Ltd uses relational database built using the Microsoft ACCESS





	5: 1: .	
	Discuss any adjustment to assay data.	Not applicable - no adjustments were made to the data
Location of data points	Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.	All drill collars were originally located with a handheld GPS and after drilling were resurveyed using a handheld GPS
	Specification of the grid system used.	All data location is in UTM WGS84 Zone30N grid system
	Quality and adequacy of topographic control.	Digital topography was generated using the DGPS data that were obtained during the topographic survey campaign undertaken by the previous owners. Comparison of the different data generation has shown their good matching assuring accurate topographic control of the drilling data
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if	 Drill core was sampled at regular intervals, 0.5m of the mineralised zones, and 1m of the wall rocks. No physical compositing of the samples was used. Orientation of the drillholes (azimuth and dip) provides intersections close to perpendicular to interpreted mineralized structure being targeted. Orientation of the drillhole intersections is adequate for 3D geological modelling and Resource estimation and cannot be source of the sampling bias
	assessed and reported if material.	





Communication of the	The meanings to be a	T 46: 0 1111
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security	 African Gold Ltd personnel have guarded samples during drilling and sampling. The collected and safely stored on-site samples have been delivered by the African Gold Ltd
		personnel to the MSA laboratory.
		After samples have been removed from the site, they were securely stored in the laboratory facilities.
Audits or reviews	The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	 The MSA laboratory was visited and the procedures reviewed by the company personnel, including P. Gallagher (Managing Director), D.Sie (Project geologist), and also by consultant M.Abzalov (CP of the project).





Section 2 - Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

Criteria	Explanation		Detai	ls of the Reported F	Project			
	·							
Mineral tenement	Type, reference	African Gold Mali SARL has entered into a number of agreements with						
and land tenure	name/number, location	compa	nies – details are	e provided in ASX release	es dated 4 Jul	y 2019; 5 September		
status	and ownership including agreements or material	2019 and 27 November 2021.						
	issues with third parties	Details	of the permits a	re shown in the Table 2.	1_1			
	such as joint ventures,	Details	of the permits a	ile shown in the Table 2.	.1-1			
	partnerships, overriding			nd applied by the African	Gold Ltd for	Gold exploration and		
	royalties, native title	mining in Cote d'Ivoire						
))	interests, historical sites,	Permit	Permit type	Date Granted	Area	Duration		
	wilderness or national				(km²)			
)	park and environmental	Didievi	Permis de	18 Nov 2019	391	4 + 3+ 3 years		
	settings.	Agboville	rescherche	25 Oct 2017	395	4 + 3+ 3 years		
		Sikensi	(Gold)	19 Oct 2016	397	4 + 3+ 3 years		
		Konahiri Nord		12 Jan 2022	391	4 + 3+ 3 years		
1		Konahiri Sud		Application TBA	255	4 + 3+ 3 years		
		Koyekro		Application TBA	290	4 + 3+ 3 years		
		Azaguire		Application TBA	397	4 + 3+ 3 years		
	The accounity of the terrino	Gomon		Application TBA	212	4 + 3+ 3 years		
	The security of the tenure held at the time of		are no known issing in the area.	ues affecting the securit	ty of title or ir	npealments to		
	reporting along with any	operati	ing in the area.					
	known impediments to							
	obtaining a licence to							
	operate in the area.							
Exploration done	Acknowledgment and	Dotails of ovalors	ation by the prov	vious groups has boon ro	norted to the	ASV in 4 July 2010: 5		
by other parties	appraisal of exploration by	Details of exploration by the previous groups has been reported to the ASX in 4 July September 2019 and 27 November 2021.						
by other parties	other parties.							
	,	This is briefly summarised below:						
))		Didievi Permit –	Cote d'Ivoire:					
		<u>.</u> .		16 . 11				
				encore and Equigold and ping, surface geochemic				
				nd remote sensing data.				
				_		c during 2000 and		
		2012 and included several exploration campaigns.						
				Equigold focused on the				
				uisition of the high-reso		-		
				d (800m x 50m & 200m)				
				discrete areas, limited	_			
			C and diamond o Blaffo Guetto (I	drilling. During this time	Equigold mad	ie two discoveries,		
		namery	Biano Guerro (1	boj aliu FrailUi.				
L	l	I.						





		 From 2008 the exploration was focused almost exclusively on the Blaffo Guetto, where a total of 312 RC holes and 23 diamond holes were drilled for 26,850m and 4,275m respectively
		At the Pranoi a total of 73 RAB, 7 RC and 1 diamond hole were drilled for 2,368m, 940m and 350m respectively (best intercept 13.0 at 2.65g/t Au).
		At Jonny Walker 7 RC holes were drilled and at geochemical anomalies DAS005 and DSA003 10 and 15 RAB holes respectively.
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	• In Côté d'Ivoire – the area under consideration is situated within the central portion of the Oumé-Fetekro Birimian greenstone belt. The belt is striking North-East to South-West direction. These belts belong to the Proterozoic basement in the Baoulé-Mossi domain of the West African Craton (WAC) formed between 2.2 and 1.9 Ga. The belt is almost 300 km long and 40 to 5km width extends from south of Dabakala (north of the belt) to Divo (south of the belt). Around the parallel 7°, it is divided in two parts.
		 Blaffo Guetto prospect is situated in the southern Oumé-Hiré portion. The supracrustal geology of this greenstone belt, that is present within the prospect area includes schist and quartzite and also sandstone and conglomerates aligned NE-SW and intruded by the different mafic intrusions and the felsic porphyries. Gold lodes are hosted in the intensely altered and deformed rocks that are characterized by broad distribution of the mm-scale stockwork quartz veinlets (Figure 2.3 – 1)
		a b c
		1 cm 1 cm
		DDD029, 160.8 m; 0.08 g/t DDD029, 146.2 m; 0.32 g/t DDD029, 250.4 m; 6.9 g/t Figure 2.3-1: Host rocks of the gold mineralisation, Blaffo Guetto prospect. (a) barren; (b) low-grade; (c) high-grade





Drill hole Information	A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:	sections . Ihole information ase dated 2023, ase dated 2022, ase dated 2021, ase dated 2020,	abase contains 203 drillholes which includes 600 ons . e information has been reported to the ASX previously, dated 2023, 17 October dated 2022, 18 October dated 2021, 7 December dated 2020, 27 November ormation is presented in this section of the JORC Table 1					
	Easting and Northing of the drill hole collar.		Ilholes are pre	e drillhole colla sented in the Ta	ble 2.4-1			
	Elevation or RL (Reduced			l-1: Location, o				
	Level – elevation above	Hole ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azi	Hole Length
	sea level in metres) of the	DDD047	070400 0	740444.0	011.0		444	(m)
	drill hole collar.	DDD047	279130.0	749114.0	211.8	-55	111	174.48
		DDD048	279045.0	748897.1	237.8	-72	317	207.00
	Dip and azimuth of the	DDD049	279659.0	749334.5	226.3	-72	137	258.00
$S(\Psi)$	hole.	DDD050	279763.6	749480.1	232.3	-55	137	213.00
	noie.	DDD051	279949.0	749577.0	263.4	-75	137	205.00
		DDD052	279946.9	749642.8	281.0	-55	137	209.00
						To	otal length	1266.48
	Down hole length and interception depth	• Go	6 g/t @1.6 g/t1.4 g/t	on was intersect 2m (30-32m) @ 14m (78 – 92 @ 3m (97 – 100 @ 64m (177 – 2	lm) lm)	30043 at	ine interva	
	Hole length.	Th	e length of the	DDD049 drillho	le is 258.0r	n		
	• If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.	• No	t applicable - a	ill relevant infor	mation is in	cluded in th	ne current	report





Data aggregation methods	• In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.	Mineralised intercept obtained by theDDD049 drillhole was defined on the drilled cross-sections (Figure 2.5 – 1) where high-grade (>3 g/t) mineralisation intercalates with the lower grade material. This mineralisation is hosted by the quartz porphyry dyke. Average grade of this intersection was determined using Length weighing average technique. High-grade cutting was not applied in the estimated average grade of the intersection. 177m 5.67 g/t Au @ 64m
		0 10
	Where aggregate	Figure 2.5-1: Mineralised intercept of the lode 178 obtained by the DDD049 drillhole Not applicable. Samples in this intercept are 1.0 long.
	intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.	
	The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.	Not applicable. Only gold grade is reported
Relationship between mineralisation	These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.	Gold lodes are dipping steeply and close to vertical, therefore downhole length of the mineralisation may exceed the actual thickness





widths and intercept lengths	If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only	•	Mineralised zones (gold lodes) were interpreted on the cross-sections, containing
	the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').	·	the 3D models (wireframes) of the drilled gold lodes. The wireframes will be updated using the new drilling results and will be used for updating the Mineral Resource estimates. Therefore, conversion of the down-hole intervals into thickness it is not required, because it will be accurately estimated using 3D wireframes.
Diagrams	Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	•	The appropriate maps and the sections are present in the body of this announcement.
Balanced reporting	Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	•	The current announcement that reports a new drilling data obtained at the Blaffo Guetto prospect is made as a balanced reporting. The report includes a comprehensive list of the drillhole samples
Other substantive exploration data	Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or	•	Petrographic study of the gold mineralisation and their host rocks was made in 2011 by Dr. Eva S. Schandl (www.consultgeo.com) who concluded, that "In the present suite of samples, gold occurs as very small single grains within the matrix of fine-grained carbonate + quartz + sericite-rich sediments (BG-FLP05, 07, 10), and in one sample, gold occurs as an inclusion in pyrrhotite (22)".
	contaminating substances.		





Further work	The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).	 African Gold Ltd is planning to update the Mineral Resource estimate. Further exploration program will be considered focusing on buried porphyry intrusions
	Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.	Figure 9: Resistivity map of the Blaffo-Guetto prospect area