

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**

**ABN 17 656 722 397**

**Annual Report - 30 June 2024**

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Corporate directory**  
**30 June 2024**

**Directors**

Simon Lill  
Peter Marks  
Tal Paneth

**Company secretary**

David Franks

**Registered office**

Suite 205, 9-11 Claremont Street  
South Yarra VIC 3141

**Principal place of business**

Suite 205, 9-11 Claremont Street  
South Yarra VIC 3141

**Share register**

Automic Pty Ltd

**Auditor**

William Buck (Vic) Pty Ltd

**Solicitors**

Steinepreis Paganin

**Bankers**

Westpac Banking Corporation

**Stock exchange listing**

Evergreen Lithium Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange  
(ASX code: EG1)

**Website**

<https://evergreenlithium.com.au/>

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2024**

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'consolidated entity') consisting of Evergreen Lithium Limited (referred to hereafter as the 'company' or 'parent entity') and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2024.

**Directors**

The following persons were directors of Evergreen Lithium Limited during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Simon Lill  
Peter Marks  
Tal Paneth  
Christopher Connell (resigned 14 August 2024)

**Principal activities**

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of the consolidated entity consisted of the exploration for, and development of, mineral deposits at the following projects:

- the Bynoe Lithium Project located in the Northern Territory (granted);
- the Fortune Lithium Project, located in the Northern Territory (application pending grant); and
- the Kenny Lithium Project, located in Western Australia (granted).

**Dividends**

There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the current or previous financial year.

**Review of operations**

The loss for the consolidated entity after providing for income tax amounted to \$5,420,601 (30 June 2023: \$5,135,653).

The consolidated entity's main strategic focus has been and remains the Bynoe project. Following an initial program of activities at Kenny, the decision has been taken that the most prudent and conservative approach would be to write down the carrying value of the Kenny project to zero at this time. While this step has been taken from an accounting perspective, management intend to undertake further work at Kenny, although the timing and extent of this has not been decided. As stated, the Board considers the Bynoe project to be the priority.

Activities completed at the Bynoe Project included an extensive soil sampling program, rock chip sampling, surveying, auger sampling, regional and prospect scale field mapping programs, field environmental surveys, assaying, desktop studies programs and aircore/RAB drilling. Results to date show the potential for LCT pegmatites is considerable with a number of targets to be tested by additional drilling in the short term.

Activities completed at the Kenny Project included two field mapping and rock chip sampling programs and desktop interpretation studies.

No activities were conducted at the Fortune Project NT, as the exploration lease is yet to be granted.

**Significant changes in the state of affairs**

As noted above, during the year the consolidated entity determined it necessary to write-off the value attributable to the Kenny project. The total amount of the impairment amounted to \$2,251,704.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial year.

**Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year**

On 14 August 2024, it was announced that Christopher Connell had resigned from the Board of Directors.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

### **Likely developments and expected results of operations**

Planned activities for the next financial year will be based on results generated from the 2024 exploration programs. Activities at the Bynoe Project may include additional mapping, desktop studies, drilling programs (aircore/RAB, RC or diamond), auger programs and assaying.

Planned activities at the Kenny Project WA may include interpretation studies, soil sampling and additional field mapping.

The consolidated entity will also continue to look for other complementary opportunities that will create value for its shareholders.

### **Risks and uncertainties**

The consolidated entity is subject to general risks as well as risks that are specific to the consolidated entity and the consolidated entity's business activities. The following is a list of risks which the Directors believe are or potentially will be material to the consolidated entity's business, however, this is not a complete list of all risks that the consolidated entity is or may be subject to.

#### **Company specific risks**

##### *Restricted securities reducing liquidity*

Certain securities on issue prior to the public offer have been classified by the Australian Securities Exchange ('ASX') as restricted securities and are required to be held in escrow for 24 months from the date of official quotation. During the period in which these securities are prohibited from being transferred, trading in shares may be less liquid which may impact on the ability of a shareholder to dispose of his or her shares in a timely manner.

##### *Title*

Notwithstanding that the exploration licences the subject of the Bynoe Lithium Project and Kenny Lithium Project have been granted, if the application for the exploration licences the subject of the Bynoe Lithium Project and Kenny Lithium Project did not strictly comply with the application requirements (such as where required reports were not lodged or were lodged late), there is a risk that the tenements the subject of the Bynoe Lithium Project and/or the Kenny Lithium Project could be deemed invalid. However, for any tenements the company acquired as a result of the acquisition agreement with Lithium Supplies Pty Ltd and Lithium Technologies Pty Ltd, the indefeasibility of title provisions under the Mining Act 1978 (WA) (Mining Act) and the Mineral Titles Act 2010 (NT) may provide some protection.

##### *Vacant Crown land (Northern Territory)*

The land the subject of the Bynoe Lithium Project overlaps vacant crown land in the Northern Territory. Vacant crown land is land which no person is recorded in the land register as a registered owner or registered proprietor. While there are no known licences currently registered against the Bynoe Lithium Project, the company cannot confirm that a licence on the vacant crown land will not be granted in the future. Should a licence be granted, the company will be required to take all reasonable steps to provide the licence holder with notice of its intention to conduct any preliminary exploration on that portion of the vacant crown land that is subject to the licence. Further, any such licence holder may be construed as a person who has an interest in the land, and therefore be entitled to compensation from the company for damage to the land, and any damage suffered because of that damage. The company may need to enter a written agreement with a licence holder regarding the matter requiring compensation. If the parties cannot reach agreement on the appropriate compensation, the licence holder may apply to the Tribunal for a decision about the claim.

##### *Freehold Land (private land)*

The Bynoe Lithium Project overlaps a significant number of private land parcels in the Northern Territory. Prior to commencing exploration activities on the Bynoe Lithium Project, the company will be required to obtain the written consent of the respective landholder of the private land parcel. If that consent is given, the landholder may impose reasonable conditions on the entry and use of the land for conducting preliminary exploration. Where consent is withheld by the landholder, the company may be required to initiate proceedings in the Tribunal. The company cannot confirm that it will be successful in obtaining landholder consent in the first instance, and neither can it anticipate the decisions of the Tribunal. There is a risk that the company may not obtain landholder consent over those portions of the Bynoe Lithium Project which overlap private land, and this will reduce the company's effective exploration area.

#### *Aboriginal freehold land*

The application for the Fortune Lithium Project wholly encroaches upon Aboriginal Freehold Land in the Northern Territory and is therefore subject to the provisions of the Aboriginal Land Rights (Northern Territory) Act 1976 (NT). The company's wholly owned subsidiary, Synergy has submitted a proposal to the Central Land Council ('CLC') for assessment, which has now been accepted. An on country meeting has been held to determine if the traditional Aboriginal owners' consent to enter negotiations, with a view to reaching agreement. The company cannot confirm if its negotiations with the traditional Aboriginal owners will be successful. If the company cannot reach agreement with the traditional Aboriginal owners, then the tenement application the subject of the Fortune Lithium Project will not proceed to grant, and the company will be unable to realise the exploration potential of the Fortune Lithium Project.

#### *Overlapping Extractive Mineral Exploration Licence Application*

On 18 October 2022, four extractive mineral exploration licence ('EMEL') applications were lodged with the Department of Industry, Tourism and Trade ('DITT'). The EMELs encroach upon the company's held EL31774 (the Bynoe Lithium Project). An EMEL, upon grant, provides the holder with rights to occupy the title area and to conduct exploration for extractive minerals. If the EMELs are granted, there is a risk the activities on the EMELs could adversely affect how the company conducts its exploration activities on EL31774.

#### *Co-existence with Extractive Mineral Permit*

An extractive mineral permit ('EMP') is located within the boundary of the Bynoe Lithium Project. The EMP covers an area of 13.54 hectares and will expire on 24 October 2023. An EMP provides the holder with the right to occupy the area specified in the EMP and an exclusive right to remove extractive minerals. The holder of the EMP also has the exclusive right to apply for an extractive mineral lease ('EML') over all or part of the area the subject of the EMP. There is a risk that the company may not have access to the area the subject of the EMP, or any subsequent EML granted, for the duration of the term of the tenement, the subject of the Bynoe Lithium Project.

#### *Co-existence with Geothermal Exploration Permit*

A geothermal exploration permit ('GEP') partially overlaps the northern most portion of the Bynoe Lithium Project. The GEP holder must consult with the company with respect to any proposed activities on the land the subject of the GEP and must compensate the company for any loss or damage to the company's interests in the Bynoe Lithium Project caused by the GEP holder's activities. The company cannot confirm the extent to which the GEP will impact the company's exploration work plan.

#### *Applications and renewals*

##### Applications

The projects are at various stages of application and grant. Specifically, the tenement forming the Fortune Lithium Project is currently under application. There can be no assurance that the Fortune Lithium Project tenement will be granted. There also can be no assurance that if the Fortune Lithium tenement is granted, it will be granted in its entirety, that is, some of the tenement areas applied for may be excluded. The company is unaware of any circumstances that would prevent Application from being granted. If the Application is not granted or is only granted for part of the area applied for, the company will lose the benefit of certain areas of the Fortune Lithium Project tenement for its exploration activities.

##### Renewals

Mining and exploration tenements are subject to periodic renewal. The renewal of the term of granted tenements is subject to compliance with the applicable mining legislation and regulations and the discretion of the relevant mining authority. Renewal conditions may include increased expenditure and work commitments or compulsory relinquishment of areas of the tenements. The imposition of new conditions or the inability to meet those conditions may adversely affect the operations, financial position and/or performance of the company. The company considers the likelihood of tenure forfeiture to be low given the laws and regulations governing exploration in Western Australia and the Northern Territory and the ongoing expenditure budgeted for by the company. However, the consequence of forfeiture or involuntary surrender of a granted tenement for reasons beyond the control of the company could be significant.

## **Industry specific risks**

### *Resource and reserves and exploration targets*

The company does not presently have any JORC Code compliant resources on the tenements in which it is earning an interest. The company has identified a number of exploration targets based on geological interpretations and limited geophysical data, geochemical sampling and historical drilling. Insufficient data however, exists to provide certainty over the extent of the mineralisation. Whilst the company intends to undertake additional exploration works with the aim of defining a resource, no assurances can be given that additional exploration will result in the determination of a resource on any of the exploration targets identified. Even if a resource is identified no assurance can be provided that this can be economically extracted. Reserve and resource estimates are expressions of judgement based on knowledge, experience and industry practice. Estimates which were valid when initially calculated may alter significantly when new information or techniques become available. In addition, by their very nature resource and reserve estimates are imprecise and depend to some extent on interpretations which may prove to be inaccurate.

### *Grant of future authorisations to explore and mine*

Prior to, and if the company discovers an economically viable mineral deposit that it then intends to develop, it will, among other things, require various approvals, licences and permits before it will be able to mine the deposit. There is no guarantee that the company will be able to obtain all required approvals, licenses and permits. To the extent that required authorisations are not obtained or are delayed, the company's operational and financial performance may be materially adversely affected.

### *Regulatory compliance*

The company's operating activities are subject to extensive laws and regulations relating to numerous matters including resource licence consent, environmental compliance and rehabilitation, taxation, employee relations, health and worker safety, waste disposal, protection of the environment, native title and Aboriginal heritage matters, protection of endangered and protected species and other matters. The company requires permits from regulatory authorities to authorise the company's operations. These permits relate to exploration, development, production and rehabilitation activities. While the company believes that it will operate in substantial compliance with all material current laws and regulations, agreements or changes in their enforcement or regulatory interpretation could result in changes in legal requirements or in the terms of existing permits and agreements applicable to the company or its properties, which could have a material adverse impact on the company's current operations or planned activities. Obtaining necessary permits can be a time-consuming process and there is a risk that company will not obtain these permits on acceptable terms, in a timely manner or at all. The costs and delays associated with obtaining necessary permits and complying with these permits and applicable laws and regulations could materially delay or restrict the company from proceeding with the development of a project or the operation or development of a mine. Any failure to comply with applicable laws and regulations or permits, even if inadvertent, could result in material fines, penalties or other liabilities. In extreme cases, failure could result in suspension of the company's activities or forfeiture of one or more of the tenements, the subject of the Projects.

### *Climate*

There are a number of climate-related factors that may affect the operations and proposed activities of the company. The climate change risks particularly attributable to the company include:

- (a) the emergence of new or expanded regulations associated with the transitioning to a lower-carbon economy and market changes related to climate change mitigation. The company may be impacted by changes to local or international compliance regulations related to climate change mitigation efforts, or by specific taxation or penalties for carbon emissions or environmental damage. These examples sit amongst an array of possible restraints on industry that may further impact the company and its business viability. While the company will endeavour to manage these risks and limit any consequential impacts, there can be no guarantee that the company will not be impacted by these occurrences; and
- (b) climate change may cause certain physical and environmental risks that cannot be predicted by the company, including events such as increased severity of weather patterns and incidence of extreme weather events and longer-term physical risks such as shifting climate patterns. All these risks associated with climate change may significantly change the industry in which the company operates.

## **General risks**

### *Future funding requirements and the ability to access debt and equity markets*

The funds raised under the offer are considered sufficient to meet the exploration and evaluation objectives of the company. Additional funding may be required in the event exploration costs exceed the company's estimates and to effectively implement its business and operations plans in the future, to take advantage of opportunities for acquisitions, joint ventures or other business opportunities, and to meet any unanticipated liabilities or expenses which the company may incur, additional financing will be required. In addition, should the company consider that its exploration results justify commencement of production on any of its projects, additional funding will be required to implement the company's development plans, the quantum of which, remain unknown at the date of the prospectus. The company may seek to raise further funds through equity or debt financing, joint ventures, production sharing arrangements or other means. Failure to obtain sufficient financing for the company's activities and future projects may result in delay and indefinite postponement of exploration, development or production on the company's properties or even loss of a property interest. There can be no assurance that additional finance will be available when needed or, if available, the terms of the financing might not be favourable to the company and might involve substantial dilution to shareholders.

### *Reliance on key personnel*

The responsibility of overseeing the day-to-day operations and the strategic management of the company depends substantially on its senior management and its key personnel. There can be no assurance given that there will be no detrimental impact on the company if one or more of these employees cease their employment. The company may not be able to replace its senior management or key personnel with persons of equivalent expertise and experience within a reasonable period of time or at all and the company may incur additional expenses to recruit, train and retain personnel. Loss of such personnel may also have an adverse effect on the performance of the company.

### *Competition*

The industry in which the company will be involved is subject to domestic and global competition. Although the company will undertake all reasonable due diligence in its business decisions and operations, the company will have no influence or control over the activities or actions of its competitors, which activities or actions may, positively or negatively, affect the operating and financial performance of the company's projects and business.

### *Market conditions*

Share market conditions may affect the value of the company's shares regardless of the company's operating performance. Share market conditions are affected by many factors such as:

- (a) general economic outlook;
- (b) introduction of tax reform or other new legislation;
- (c) interest rates and inflation rates;
- (d) global health epidemics or pandemics;
- (e) currency fluctuations;
- (f) changes in investor sentiment toward particular market sectors;
- (g) the demand for, and supply of, capital;
- (h) political tensions; and
- (i) terrorism or other hostilities.

The market price of shares can fall as well as rise and may be subject to varied and unpredictable influences on the market for equities in general and resource exploration stocks in particular. Neither the company nor the Directors warrant the future performance of the company or any return on an investment in the company. Potential investors should be aware that there are risks associated with any securities investment. Securities listed on the stock market, and in particular securities of exploration companies experience extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated to the operating performance of such companies. These factors may materially affect the market price of the shares regardless of the company's performance. In addition, after the end of the relevant escrow periods affecting shares in the company, a significant sale of then tradeable shares (or the market perception that such a sale might occur) could have an adverse effect on the company's share price.

### *Commodity price volatility and exchange rate*

If the company achieves success leading to mineral production, the revenue it will derive through the sale of product exposes the potential income of the company to commodity price and exchange rate risks. Commodity prices fluctuate and are affected by many factors beyond the control of the company. Such factors include supply and demand fluctuations for precious and base metals, technological advancements, forward selling activities and other macro-economic factors. Furthermore, international prices of various commodities are denominated in United States dollars, whereas the income and expenditure of the company will be taken into account in Australian currency, exposing the company to the fluctuations and volatility of the rate of exchange between the United States dollar and the Australian dollar as determined in international markets.

*Government policy changes*

Adverse changes in government policies or legislation may affect ownership of mineral interests, taxation, royalties, land access, labour relations, and mining and exploration activities of the company. It is possible that the current system of exploration and mine permitting in Western Australia and the Northern Territory may change, resulting in impairment of rights and possibly expropriation of the company's properties without adequate compensation.

*Insurance*

The company intends to insure its operations in accordance with industry practice. However, in certain circumstances the company's insurance may not be of a nature or level to provide adequate insurance cover. The occurrence of an event that is not covered or fully covered by insurance could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of the company. Insurance of all risks associated with mineral exploration and production is not always available and where available the costs can be prohibitive.

*Force majeure*

The company's existing projects or projects acquired in the future may be adversely affected by risks outside the control of the company including labour unrest, civil disorder, war, subversive activities or sabotage, fires, floods, explosions or other catastrophes, epidemics or quarantine restrictions.

*Dilution*

In the future, the company may elect to issue shares or engage in capital raisings to fund operations and growth, for investments or acquisitions that the company may decide to undertake, to repay debt or for any other reason the Board may determine at the relevant time. While the company will be subject to the constraints of the ASX Listing Rules regarding the percentage of its capital that it is able to issue within a 12-month period (other than where exceptions apply), shareholder interests may be diluted as a result of such issues of shares or other securities.

*Taxation*

The acquisition and disposal of shares will have tax consequences, which will differ depending on the individual financial affairs of each investor. All potential investors in the company are urged to obtain independent financial advice about the consequences of acquiring shares from a taxation viewpoint and generally. To the maximum extent permitted by law, the company, its officers and each of their respective advisers accept no liability and responsibility with respect to the taxation consequences of subscribing for shares under the prospectus.

*Litigation*

The company is exposed to possible litigation risks including native title claims, tenure disputes, environmental claims, occupational health and safety claims and employee claims. Further, the company may be involved in disputes with other parties in the future which may result in litigation. Any such claim or dispute if proven, may impact adversely on the company's operations, reputation, financial performance and financial position. The company is not currently engaged in any litigation.

**Environmental regulation**

The operations and proposed activities of the company are subject to State and Federal laws and regulations concerning the environment. As with most exploration projects and mining operations, the company's activities are expected to have an impact on the environment, particularly if advanced exploration or mine development proceeds. It is the company's intention to conduct its activities to the highest standard of environmental obligation, including compliance with all environmental laws.

Mining operations have inherent risks and liabilities associated with safety and damage to the environment and the disposal of waste products occurring as a result of mineral exploration and production. The occurrence of any such safety or environmental incident could delay production or increase production costs. Events, such as unpredictable rainfall or bushfires may impact on the company's ongoing compliance with environmental legislation, regulations, and licences. Significant liabilities could be imposed on the company for damages, clean-up costs or penalties in the event of certain discharges into the environment, environmental damage caused by previous operations or non-compliance with environmental laws or regulations.

The disposal of mining and process waste and mine water discharge are under constant legislative scrutiny and regulation. There is a risk that environmental laws and regulations become more onerous making the company's operations more expensive.

Approvals are required for land clearing and for ground disturbing activities. Delays in obtaining such approvals can result in the delay to anticipated exploration programs or mining activities.



**Information on directors**

**Name:** Simon Lill  
**Title:** Non-Executive Chair  
**Experience and expertise:** Simon has extensive experience since the 1980's with ASX listed companies, spanning small cap companies to larger concerns, involving restructuring, corporate, compliance, marketing, company secretarial and management activities. Current Chairman of De Grey Mining Ltd., an ASX 200 gold exploration/development company with 100% ownership of one of Western Australia's largest greenfields gold discoveries, Hemi, in the Pilbara region of Western Australia.  
**Other current directorships:** De Grey Mining Ltd (appointed October 2013), Purifloh Limited (appointed November 2014), Nimy Resources Limited (appointed 16 August 2021)  
**Former directorships (last 3 years):** IRIS Metals Limited (resigned 20 March 2024)  
**Interests in shares:** 10,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares escrowed for 24 months from the date of quotation, held indirectly through Royal Flux Pty Ltd.  
**Interests in options:** 5,000,000 unlisted options, escrowed 24 months from quotation, held indirectly through Royal Flux Pty Ltd.  
3,000,000 zero exercise price options, escrowed 24 months from quotation.

**Name:** Peter Marks  
**Title:** Non-Executive Director  
**Qualifications:** MBA, Bachelor of Economics, Bachelor of Law, and Grad Dip in Commercial Law  
**Experience and expertise:** Peter has over 35 years' experience in corporate advisory and investment banking. Over the course of his long career, he has specialised in capital raisings, IPOs, cross border, M&A transactions, corporate underwriting and venture capital transactions for companies in Australia, the United States and Israel. He has been involved in a broad range of transactions with a special focus in the life sciences, biotechnology, medical technology and high tech segments. Peter has served as both an Executive and Non-Executive Director of a number of different entities which have been listed on the ASX, NASDAQ, and AIM markets.  
**Other current directorships:** Alterity Therapeutics Limited (appointed 29 July 2005), Noxopharm Limited (appointed 15 March 2016), IRIS Metals Limited (appointed 23 December 2020).  
**Former directorships (last 3 years):** Nyrada Inc (Appointed 16 January 2020, resigned 1 August 2022) Elsieht Limited (appointed 9 January 2020, resigned 1 October 2021)  
**Interests in shares:** 10,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares escrowed for 24 months from the date of quotation, held indirectly through Shanti Capital Pty Ltd.  
**Interests in options:** 5,000,000 unlisted options escrowed for 24 months from the date of quotation, held indirectly through Shanti Capital Pty Ltd.  
**Interests in rights:** 3,000,000 zero exercise price options escrowed for 24 months from the date of quotation, held indirectly through Lampam Pty Ltd.

**Name:** Tal Paneth  
**Title:** Non-Executive Director  
**Experience and expertise:** Tal has over a decade of multidisciplinary business experience including exposure to the diverse facets of the equity and debt markets. Tal specialises in identifying strategic mineral projects, financing, and project operations management.  
**Other current directorships:** IRIS Metals Limited (appointed 1 February 2021)  
**Former directorships (last 3 years):** None  
**Interests in shares:** 10,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares escrowed for 24 months from the date of quotation, held indirectly through Ferkel 4 Pty Ltd.  
**Interests in options:** 5,000,000 unlisted options escrowed for 24 months from the date of quotation, held indirectly through Ferkel 4 Pty Ltd.

'Other current directorships' quoted above are current directorships for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

'Former directorships (last 3 years)' quoted above are directorships held in the last 3 years for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

## Evergreen Lithium Limited

### Directors' report

30 June 2024

#### Company secretary

David Franks from the Automic Group (appointed 18 August 2022).

David Franks is a Principal at the Automic Group. He is a Chartered Accountant, Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australia, Fellow of the Governance Institute of Australia, Justice of the Peace, Registered Tax Agent and holds a Bachelor of Economics (Finance and Accounting) from Macquarie University. With over 20 years' experience in finance, governance and accounting, Mr Franks has been CFO, Company Secretary and/or Director for numerous ASX listed and unlisted public and private companies, in a range of industries covering energy retailing, transport, financial services, mineral exploration, technology, automotive, software development and healthcare. Mr Franks is currently the Company Secretary for the following ASX Listed entities: Applyflow Limited, COG Financial Services Limited, Cogstate Limited, Exopharm Limited, Iris Metals Limited, IXUP Limited, JCurve Solutions Limited, Noxopharm Limited, Nyrada Inc, White Energy Company Limited and ZIP Co Limited. He was also a Non-Executive Director of JCurve Solutions Limited from 2014 to 2021.

#### Meetings of directors

The number of meetings of the company's Board of Directors ('the Board') held during the year ended 30 June 2024, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Full Board	
	Attended	Held
Simon Lill	2	4
Peter Marks	4	4
Tal Paneth	4	4
Christopher Connell (resigned 14 August 2024)	3	4

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office.

#### Remuneration report (audited)

The remuneration report details the key management personnel remuneration arrangements for the consolidated entity, in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and its Regulations.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including all directors.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- Details of remuneration
- Service agreements
- Share-based compensation
- Additional information
- Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

#### *Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration*

The objective of the consolidated entity's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive reward with the achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders, and it is considered to conform to the market best practice for the delivery of reward. The Board of Directors ('the Board') ensures that executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- competitiveness and reasonableness
- acceptability to shareholders
- performance linkage / alignment of executive compensation
- transparency

The Board is responsible for determining and reviewing remuneration arrangements for its directors and executives. The performance of the consolidated entity depends on the quality of its directors and executives. The remuneration philosophy is to attract, motivate and retain high performance and high quality personnel.

The reward framework is designed to align executive reward to shareholders' interests. The Board have considered that it should seek to enhance shareholders' interests by:

- focusing on sustained growth in shareholder wealth, consisting of growth in share price, and delivering constant or increasing return on assets as well as focusing the executive on key non-financial drivers of value
- attracting and retaining high calibre executives

Additionally, the reward framework should seek to enhance executives' interests by:

- rewarding capability and experience
- reflecting competitive reward for contribution to growth in shareholder wealth
- providing a clear structure for earning rewards

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and executive director remuneration is separate.

#### *Non-executive directors remuneration*

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the demands and responsibilities of their role. Non-executive directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board. The Board may, from time to time, receive advice from independent remuneration consultants to ensure non-executive directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market. The chairman's fees are determined independently to the fees of other non-executive directors based on comparative roles in the external market. The chairman is not present at any discussions relating to the determination of his own remuneration.

In accordance with the Constitution, the total maximum remuneration of non-executive Directors is initially set by the Board and subsequent variation is by ordinary resolution of Shareholders in general meeting in accordance with the Constitution, the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules, as applicable. The determination of non-executive Directors' remuneration within that maximum is made by the Board having regard to the inputs and value to the consolidated entity of the respective contributions by each non-executive Director. The amount has been set at an amount not to exceed \$750,000 per annum.

#### *Executive remuneration*

The consolidated entity aims to reward executives based on their position and responsibility, with a level and mix of remuneration which has both fixed and variable components.

The executive remuneration and reward framework has four components:

- base pay and non-monetary benefits
- short-term performance incentives
- share-based payments
- other remuneration such as superannuation and long service leave

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

Fixed remuneration, consisting of base salary, superannuation and non-monetary benefits, are reviewed annually by the Board based on individual and business unit performance, the overall performance of the consolidated entity and comparable market remunerations.

Executives may receive their fixed remuneration in the form of cash or other benefits where it does not create any additional costs to the consolidated entity and provides additional value to the executive.

The short-term incentives ('STI') program is designed to align the targets of the consolidated entity with the performance of executives. STI payments are granted to executives based on specific targets and key performance indicators ('KPI's') being achieved. KPI's include leadership contribution, capital management and project management.

#### *Use of remuneration consultants*

During the current and prior financial period, the consolidated entity did not employ the services of a remuneration consultant.

#### **Details of remuneration**

##### *Amounts of remuneration*

Details of the remuneration of key management personnel of the consolidated entity are set out in the following tables.

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2024**

The key management personnel of the consolidated entity consisted of the following directors of Evergreen Lithium Limited and the Chief Finance Officer:

- Simon Lill
- Peter Marks
- Tal Paneth
- Christopher Connell (resigned 14 August 2024)
- Damien Henderson - Chief Finance Officer

	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share-based payments	
	Cash salary and fees	Cash bonus	Non-monetary	Super-annuation	Long service leave	Equity-settled	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2024</b>							
<i>Non-Executive Directors:</i>							
Simon Lill	125,000	-	-	13,750	-	320,526	459,276
Peter Marks	84,000	-	-	9,240	-	320,526	413,766
Tal Paneth	141,250	-	-	15,538	-	-	156,788
Christopher Connell	114,500	-	-	13,295	-	-	127,795
<i>Other Key Management Personnel:</i>							
Damien Henderson	117,500	-	9,800	12,925	439	-	140,664
	582,250	-	9,800	64,748	439	641,052	1,298,289

	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share-based payments	
	Cash salary and fees	Cash bonus	Non-monetary	Super-annuation	Long service leave	Equity-settled	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2023</b>							
<i>Non-Executive Directors:</i>							
Simon Lill	100,251	25,000	-	10,526	-	276,205	411,982
Peter Marks	122,750	25,000	-	13,873	-	276,205	437,828
Tal Paneth	169,510	25,000	-	14,799	-	-	209,309
Christopher Connell	104,040	25,000	-	8,820	-	-	137,860
	496,551	100,000	-	48,018	-	552,410	1,196,979

The proportion of remuneration linked to performance and the fixed proportion are as follows:

Name	Fixed remuneration		At risk - STI		At risk - LTI	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
<i>Non-Executive Directors:</i>						
Simon Lill	30%	33%	70%	67%	-	-
Peter Marks	23%	37%	77%	63%	-	-
Tal Paneth	100%	100%	-	-	-	-
Christopher Connell	100%	100%	-	-	-	-
<i>Other Key Management Personnel:</i>						
Damien Henderson	100%	-	-	-	-	-

Amounts owing to directors are disclosed in note 7.

### ***Service agreements***

Remuneration and other terms of employment for key management personnel are formalised in service agreements. Details of these agreements are as follows:

Name:	Simon Lill
Title:	Non-Executive Director
Details:	Salary of \$125,000 per annum, exclusive of superannuation. Director is not entitled to annual or long service leave. No termination period.
Name:	Peter Marks
Title:	Non-Executive Director
Details:	Salary of \$84,000 per annum, exclusive of superannuation. Director is not entitled to annual or long service leave. No termination period.
Name:	Tal Paneth
Title:	Non-Executive Director
Details:	Salary of \$135,000 per annum, exclusive of superannuation (to 31 March 2024) Salary of \$160,000 per annum, exclusive of superannuation (from 1 April 2024) Director is not entitled to annual or long service leave. No termination period.
Name:	Christopher Connell (resigned 14 August 2024)
Title:	Non-Executive Director
Details:	Salary of \$84,000, exclusive of superannuation (to 31 March 2024) Salary of \$234,000, exclusive of superannuation (from 1 April 2024) Director is not entitled to annual or long service leave. No termination period.
Name:	Damien Henderson
Title:	Chief Finance Officer
Details:	Salary of \$110,000, exclusive of superannuation (to 31 March 2024) Salary of \$125,000, exclusive of superannuation (from 1 April 2024) 1 month termination period.

Key management personnel have no entitlement to termination payments in the event of removal for misconduct.

### ***Share-based compensation***

#### ***Issue of shares***

There were no shares issued to directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2024.

#### ***Options***

The terms and conditions of each grant of options over ordinary shares affecting remuneration of directors and other key management personnel in this financial year or future reporting years are as follows:

Name	Number of options granted	Grant date	Vesting date and exercisable date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Fair value per option at grant date
Simon Lill**	1,000,000	11-Apr-23	11-Apr-25	11-Apr-25	\$0.00	\$0.250
Peter Marks**	1,000,000	11-Apr-23	11-Apr-25	11-Apr-25	\$0.00	\$0.250
Simon Lill***	1,000,000	11-Apr-23	11-Apr-25	11-Apr-25	\$0.00	\$0.250
Peter Marks***	1,000,000	11-Apr-23	11-Apr-25	11-Apr-25	\$0.00	\$0.250

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2024**

- \* Vesting date is equal to grant date as there are no service conditions. However, the options are exercisable only upon achievement of a VWAP of equal or greater than \$0.50 for 20 days prior to the expiry date.
- \*\* Subject to a 1 year continuous service condition.
- \*\*\* Subject to a 2 year continuous service condition.

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

**Additional information**

The factors that are considered to affect total shareholders return ('TSR') are summarised below:

	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
Share price at financial year end (\$)	0.07	0.33
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	(2.99)	(3.24)
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	(2.99)	(3.24)

**Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel**

**Shareholding**

The number of shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of remuneration	Additions	Disposals/ other	Balance at the end of the year
<b>Ordinary shares</b>					
Simon Lill	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000
Peter Marks	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000
Tal Paneth	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000
Christopher Connell (resigned 14 August 2024)	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000
<b>Other KMP</b>					
Damien Henderson	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>40,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,000,000</u>

**Option holding**

The number of options over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at the end of the year
<b>Options over ordinary shares</b>					
Simon Lill	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000
Peter Marks	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000
Tal Paneth	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
Christopher Connell (resigned 14 August 2024)	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
<b>Other KMP:</b>					
Damien Henderson	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>26,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>26,000,000</u>

**This concludes the remuneration report, which has been audited.**

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2024**

**Shares under option**

Unissued ordinary shares of Evergreen Lithium Limited under option at the date of this report are as follows:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number under option
24/01/2022	24/01/2027	\$0.30	44,999,999
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	15,500,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2026	\$0.40	500,000
			<u>60,999,999</u>

No person entitled to exercise the options had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of the company or of any other body corporate.

**Shares issued on the exercise of options**

There were no ordinary shares of Evergreen Lithium Limited issued on the exercise of options during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report.

**Indemnity and insurance of officers**

The company has indemnified the directors and executives of the company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

**Indemnity and insurance of auditor**

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

**Proceedings on behalf of the company**

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

**Non-audit services**

There were no non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor.

**Officers of the company who are former partners of William Buck (Vic) Pty Ltd**

There are no officers of the company who are former partners of William Buck (Vic) Pty Ltd.

**Auditor's independence declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this directors' report.

**Auditor**

The appointment of William Buck (Vic) Pty Ltd as auditor was ratified at the AGM held on the 14 September 2023 in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2024**

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors



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Tal Paneth  
Director

26 September 2024



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Peter Marks  
Director

For personal use only



## Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

### To the directors of Evergreen Lithium Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Evergreen Lithium Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Evergreen Lithium Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

William Buck

**William Buck Audit (Vic) Pty Ltd**  
ABN 59 116 151 136

N. S. Benbow

**N. S. Benbow**

Director

Melbourne, 26 September 2024

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
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**30 June 2024**

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**General information**

The financial statements cover Evergreen Lithium Limited as a consolidated entity consisting of Evergreen Lithium Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Evergreen Lithium Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Evergreen Lithium Limited is a listed public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Suite 205, 9-11 Claremont Street  
South Yarra VIC 3141

A description of the nature of the consolidated entity's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 26 September 2024. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2024**

	<b>Note</b>	<b>Consolidated 2024 \$</b>	<b>Consolidated 2023 \$</b>
<b>Revenue</b>			
Interest income		155,020	28,351
<b>Expenses</b>			
Corporate and administrative costs	4	(3,299,164)	(4,789,945)
Exploration and evaluation costs		(175)	(23,917)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(24,141)	(15,212)
Impairment of assets	6	(2,251,704)	-
Transaction costs		-	(334,890)
Finance costs		(437)	(40)
<b>Loss before income tax expense</b>		<b>(5,420,601)</b>	<b>(5,135,653)</b>
Income tax expense		-	-
<b>Loss after income tax expense for the year attributable to the owners of Evergreen Lithium Limited</b>		<b>(5,420,601)</b>	<b>(5,135,653)</b>
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the owners of Evergreen Lithium Limited</b>		<b><u>(5,420,601)</u></b>	<b><u>(5,135,653)</u></b>
		<b>Cents</b>	<b>Cents</b>
Basic earnings per share	19	(2.99)	(3.24)
Diluted earnings per share	19	(2.99)	(3.24)

*The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Statement of financial position**  
**As at 30 June 2024**

**Assets**

**Current assets**

Cash and cash equivalents
Other receivables
Prepayments
Total current assets

**Non-current assets**

Property, plant and equipment
Capitalised exploration and evaluation
Total non-current assets

**Total assets**

**Liabilities**

**Current liabilities**

Trade and other payables
Employee benefits
Total current liabilities

**Non-current liabilities**

Employee benefits
Total non-current liabilities

**Total liabilities**

**Net assets**

**Equity**

Issued capital
Reserves
Accumulated losses

**Total equity**

Note	Consolidated 30 June 2024 \$	Consolidated 30 June 2023 \$
5	5,578,747	8,688,891
	115,639	163,415
	30,652	44,001
	<u>5,725,038</u>	<u>8,896,307</u>
	241,727	114,506
6	<u>10,927,025</u>	<u>11,998,788</u>
	<u>11,168,752</u>	<u>12,113,294</u>
	<u>16,893,790</u>	<u>21,009,601</u>
7	293,621	772,947
	17,532	6,307
	<u>311,153</u>	<u>779,254</u>
	526	385
	<u>526</u>	<u>385</u>
	<u>311,679</u>	<u>779,639</u>
	<u>16,582,111</u>	<u>20,229,962</u>
8	23,331,265	23,331,265
9	4,987,639	3,214,889
	<u>(11,736,793)</u>	<u>(6,316,192)</u>
	<u>16,582,111</u>	<u>20,229,962</u>

*The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Statement of changes in equity**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2024**

<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Issued capital \$</b>	<b>Reserves \$</b>	<b>Accumulated losses \$</b>	<b>Total equity \$</b>
Balance at 1 July 2022	16,250,070	-	(1,180,539)	15,069,531
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	-	(5,135,653)	(5,135,653)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(5,135,653)	(5,135,653)
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i>				
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs (note 8)	6,715,535	-	-	6,715,535
Vesting charge for share based payments (note 20)	-	3,214,889	-	3,214,889
Issue of ordinary shares to vendors (note 8)	365,660	-	-	365,660
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u>23,331,265</u>	<u>3,214,889</u>	<u>(6,316,192)</u>	<u>20,229,962</u>
<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Issued capital \$</b>	<b>Reserves \$</b>	<b>Accumulated losses \$</b>	<b>Total equity \$</b>
Balance at 1 July 2023	23,331,265	3,214,889	(6,316,192)	20,229,962
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	-	(5,420,601)	(5,420,601)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(5,420,601)	(5,420,601)
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i>				
Vesting charge for share based payments (note 20)	-	1,772,750	-	1,772,750
Balance at 30 June 2024	<u>23,331,265</u>	<u>4,987,639</u>	<u>(11,736,793)</u>	<u>16,582,111</u>

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Statement of cash flows**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2024**

	<b>Note</b>	<b>Consolidated 2024 \$</b>	<b>2023 \$</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(1,956,359)	(2,196,697)
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(175)	(23,917)
		(1,956,534)	(2,220,614)
Interest received		181,133	2,238
Interest and other finance costs paid		(436)	(40)
Net cash used in operating activities	18	(1,775,837)	(2,218,416)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(59,992)	(129,718)
Payments for exploration and evaluation (inclusive of GST)	6	(1,274,315)	(1,852,700)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,334,307)	(1,982,418)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares, net of transaction costs	8	-	6,688,513
Repayment of borrowings		-	(50,000)
Net cash from financing activities		-	6,638,513
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,110,144)	2,437,679
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		8,688,891	6,251,212
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	5	<u>5,578,747</u>	<u>8,688,891</u>

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Note 1. Material accounting policy information**

The accounting policies that are material to the consolidated entity are set out below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

**New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted**

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2024. The directors have concluded that these or future financial statements of the consolidated entity are unlikely to be materially impacted by these Standards and Interpretations.

**Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

*Historical cost convention*

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

*Critical accounting estimates*

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the consolidated entity's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

**Exploration and evaluation expenditure**

Exploration and evaluation expenditure in relation to separate areas of interest for which rights of tenure are current is carried forward as an asset in the statement of financial position where it is expected that the expenditure will be recovered through the successful development and exploitation of an area of interest, or by its sale; or exploration activities are continuing in an area and activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable estimate of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves.

Exploration and evaluation assets shall be assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. When facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, the consolidated entity measures, presents and discloses any resulting impairment loss in accordance with AASB 136.

Where a project or an area of interest has been abandoned, the expenditure incurred thereon is written off in the year in which the decision is made.

**Employee benefits**

*Share-based payments*

Equity-settled transactions are awards of shares, or options over shares, that are provided to employees in exchange for the rendering of services.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are measured at fair value on grant date. Fair value is independently determined using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option, together with non-vesting conditions that do not determine whether the consolidated entity receives the services that entitle the employees to receive payment. No account is taken of any other vesting conditions.

**Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)**

The cost of equity-settled transactions are recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to profit or loss is calculated based on the grant date fair value of the award, the best estimate of the number of awards that are likely to vest and the expired portion of the vesting period. The amount recognised in profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount calculated at each reporting date less amounts already recognised in previous periods.

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore any awards subject to market conditions are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

If equity-settled awards are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the modification has not been made. An additional expense is recognised, over the remaining vesting period, for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based compensation benefit as at the date of modification.

If the non-vesting condition is within the control of the consolidated entity or employee, the failure to satisfy the condition is treated as a cancellation. If the condition is not within the control of the consolidated entity or employee and is not satisfied during the vesting period, any remaining expense for the award is recognised over the remaining vesting period, unless the award is forfeited.

If equity-settled awards are cancelled, it is treated as if it has vested on the date of cancellation, and any remaining expense is recognised immediately. If a new replacement award is substituted for the cancelled award, the cancelled and new award is treated as if they were a modification.

**Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

***Recovery of deferred tax assets***

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and carry-forward losses only if the consolidated entity considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Presently the consolidated entity has incurred losses from its operations in all tax jurisdictions that may be potentially available to be applied against assessable income in the future. Given the uncertainty as to when or if this occurs, the directors have decided not to recognise any deferred tax assets that may be represented by those losses.

***Share-based payment transactions***

The consolidated entity measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using the Binomial, Black-Scholes or Monte Carlo model/s taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity.

As share based payments valuations are inherently linked to the share price, share price volatility and swings thereof can have a material effect on the share-based payments recorded in the financial statements.

Performance conditions in share-based payments can significantly impact their valuation due to the uncertainty they introduce regarding the achievement of specific targets. Careful judgment in estimating the probability of meeting those conditions is required when valuing share based payments.



**Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)**

*Mine rehabilitation provision*

The consolidated entity has considered whether a provision for rehabilitation of any tenements is required. The directors do not consider that such a provision is necessary due to the fact that rehabilitation is being undertaken on a progressive basis. Whilst the consolidated entity is in exploration phase it cannot reliably estimate the scope and costs of rehabilitation work that will need to be undertaken.

*Exploration and evaluation costs*

Exploration and evaluation costs have been capitalised on the basis that the consolidated entity will commence commercial production in the future, from which time the costs will be amortised in proportion to the depletion of the mineral resources. Key judgements are applied in considering costs to be capitalised which includes determining expenditures directly related to these activities and allocating overheads between those that are expensed and capitalised. In addition, costs are only capitalised that are expected to be recovered either through successful development or sale of the relevant mining interest. Factors that could impact the future commercial production at the mine include the level of reserves and resources, future technology changes, which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes and changes in commodity prices. To the extent that capitalised costs are determined not to be recoverable in the future, they will be written off in the period in which this determination is made.

**Note 3. Operating segments**

*Identification of reportable operating segments*

The consolidated entity is organised into a single operating segment, being the exploration for, and development of, mineral deposits in the Northern Territory and Western Australia. The operating segment is based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (who are identified as the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM')) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. There is no aggregation of operating segments.

The CODM reviews capitalised assets and net losses. The accounting policies adopted for internal reporting to the CODM are consistent with those adopted in the financial statements.

The information reported to the CODM is on a monthly basis.

**Note 4. Corporate and administrative costs**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Administration expenses	190,842	263,400
Employee benefits expense*	735,464	614,001
Marketing and promotion expenses	78,770	43,564
Other expenses	73,841	44,144
Professional fees	447,497	684,665
Share-based payment expense - Directors**	641,052	552,409
Share-based payment expense - consultants**	1,131,698	2,587,762
	<u>3,299,164</u>	<u>4,789,945</u>

\* Superannuation expenses for the year ended 30 June 2024 was \$68,929 (30 June 2023: \$50,695).

\*\*Refer note 20 for disclosure on share-based payment transactions.

**Note 5. Cash and cash equivalents**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>30 June 2023</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Current assets</i>		
Cash at bank	5,578,747	1,688,891
Term deposit	-	7,000,000
	<u>5,578,747</u>	<u>8,688,891</u>

In the previous year, the consolidated entity held a term deposit with a financial institution. The term deposit was converted to cash during the year.

**Note 6. Capitalised exploration and evaluation**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>30 June 2023</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Non-current assets</i>		
Exploration and evaluation - Bynoe	10,927,025	9,839,640
Exploration and evaluation - Kenny	-	2,159,148
	<u>10,927,025</u>	<u>11,998,788</u>

*Reconciliations*

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Bynoe</b>	<b>Kenny</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Balance at 1 July 2022	8,420,031	1,636,195	10,056,226
Expenditure during the year	1,419,609	522,953	1,942,562
Balance at 30 June 2023	9,839,640	2,159,148	11,998,788
Expenditure during the year	1,087,385	92,556	1,179,941
Impairment of assets	-	(2,251,704)	(2,251,704)
Balance at 30 June 2024	<u>10,927,025</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,927,025</u>

The consolidated entity's main strategic focus has been and remains the Bynoe project. Following an initial program of activities at Kenny, the decision has been taken that the most prudent and conservative approach would be to write down the carrying value of the Kenny project to zero at this time. While this step has been taken from an accounting perspective, management intend to undertake further work at Kenny, although the timing and extent of this has not been decided. As stated, the Board considers the Bynoe project to be the priority.

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2024**

**Note 7. Trade and other payables**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>30 June 2023</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Trade payables	179,283	137,231
Accrued expenses	77,676	337,825
Amounts payable to Directors	7,000	280,580
Other payables	29,662	17,311
	<u>293,621</u>	<u>772,947</u>

Refer to note 10 for further information on financial instruments and note 14 for further information on amounts payable to related parties.

**Note 8. Issued capital**

	<b>Consolidated</b>			
	<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>30 June 2023</b>	<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>30 June 2023</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Ordinary shares - fully paid	<u>181,078,300</u>	<u>181,078,300</u>	<u>23,331,265</u>	<u>23,331,265</u>

*Movements in ordinary share capital*

<b>Details</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Issue price</b>	<b>\$</b>
Balance	1 July 2022	151,250,000		16,250,070
Issue of ordinary shares to settle outstanding accounts payable in acquired subsidiaries	20 February 2023	1,828,300	\$0.20	365,660
Issue of ordinary shares on Initial Public Offering	5 April 2023	28,000,000	\$0.25	7,000,000
Cost of issuing capital				(284,465)
Balance	30 June 2023	181,078,300		23,331,265
Balance	30 June 2024	<u>181,078,300</u>		<u>23,331,265</u>

*Ordinary shares*

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

*Share buy-back*

There is no current on-market share buy-back.

*Capital risk management*

The consolidated entity's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Capital is regarded as total equity, as recognised in the statement of financial position, plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

**Note 8. Issued capital (continued)**

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the consolidated entity may return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to achieve this.

The consolidated entity would look to raise capital when an opportunity to invest in a business or company was seen as value adding relative to the current company's share price at the time of the investment. The consolidated entity is not actively pursuing additional investments in the short term as it continues to integrate and grow its existing businesses in order to maximise synergies.

**Note 9. Reserves**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>30 June 2023</b>
	\$	\$
Share-based payments reserve	4,987,639	3,214,889

*Share-based payments reserve*

The reserve is used to recognise the value of equity benefits provided to employees and directors as part of their remuneration, and other parties as part of their compensation for services. Refer to share-based payments disclosure in note 20.

**Note 10. Financial instruments**

**Financial risk management objectives**

The consolidated entity's finance function provides services to the business and monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the consolidated entity in accordance with the decisions of the directors.

In the reporting period, the consolidated entity was not exposed to material financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Accordingly, the consolidated entity did not employ derivative financial instruments to hedge currency risk exposures. There also was no material exposure to any price risk or credit risk.

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>30 June 2023</b>
	\$	\$
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	5,578,747	8,688,891
Other receivables	115,639	163,415
	<u>5,694,386</u>	<u>8,852,306</u>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Trade and other payables	293,621	772,947

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the consolidated entity is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

All financial liabilities were payable within 30 day terms or less.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which periodically reviews the consolidate entities short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The consolidated entity manages liquidity risk by maintaining reserves and banking facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities where possible.

**Fair value of financial instruments**

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

**Note 11. Key management personnel disclosures**

*Directors*

The following persons were directors and management of Evergreen Lithium Limited during the financial year:

*Directors*

Simon Lill

Peter Marks

Tal Paneth

Christopher Connell (resigned 14 August 2024)

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Short-term employee benefits	592,050	596,551
Post-employment benefits	64,748	48,018
Long-term benefits	439	-
Share-based payments	641,052	552,410
	<u>1,298,289</u>	<u>1,196,979</u>

**Note 12. Remuneration of auditors**

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by William Buck (Vic) Pty Ltd, the auditor of the company:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Audit services - William Buck (Vic) Pty Ltd</i>		
Audit or review of the financial statements	44,500	40,500
<i>Other services - William Buck (Vic) Pty Ltd</i>		
Investigative accountants report in connection with IPO	-	54,500
Tax advisory	-	14,500
	<u>-</u>	<u>69,000</u>
	<u>44,500</u>	<u>109,500</u>

**Note 13. Commitments and contingencies**

In connection with the comparative period sale and purchase of the subsidiaries Lithium Supplies Pty Ltd and Lithium Technologies Pty Ltd (together, the Subsidiaries) (the Agreement), the following commitments and contingencies were identified:

- (a) deferred milestone shares, the issue of which is subject to meeting specific production milestones
- (b) minimum expenditure requirements on Evergreen tenements

Each contingency is explained in further detail below:

**Deferred milestone shares**

The following contingent shares ('deferred milestone shares') were issued in connection with the Agreement. The terms of the deferred milestone shares are as follows, to be paid to the vendors in proportion to their respective shareholdings in the Subsidiaries:

**Note 13. Commitments and contingencies (continued)**

<b>Condition in agreement</b>	<b>Shares to be issued</b>
Delimitation by the company or a Related Body Corporate of the company of a JORC Resource of not less than 4 million tonnes (in aggregate, and in one or more locations) at a grade of not less than 1.1% lithium oxide within the Litchfield Project Site.	12,500,000
Delimitation by the company or a Related Body Corporate of the company of a JORC Resource of not less than 8 million tonnes (in aggregate, and in one or more locations) at a grade of not less than 1.1% lithium oxide within the Litchfield Project Site.	12,500,000
Delimitation by the company or a Related Body Corporate of the company of a JORC Resource of not less than 12 million tonnes (in aggregate, and in one or more locations) at a grade of not less than 1.1% lithium oxide within the Litchfield Project Site.	15,000,000
Completion by the company or a Related Body Corporate of the company of Bankable Feasibility Study in respect of a project comprised within the Litchfield Project Site.	15,000,000
If a milestone or milestones above are not satisfied by the end date (defined as 5 years' from the completion date of 27 June 2022), the obligation of the company to make any cash payment (or issue any shares in lieu of a cash payment) in respect of that milestone or milestones shall immediately lapse.	

**Minimum expenditure requirements**

The consolidated entity has minimum expenditure requirements on both its granted exploration tenements. Bynoe's minimum annual expenditure requirements amount to \$765,000 for the year ended 14 Feb 2025 (14 Feb 2024: \$750,000). Kenny's minimum annual expenditure requirements amount to \$140,000 for the year ending 25 Oct 2025 (25 Oct 2024: \$750,000). Management can confirm that the consolidated entity has met its minimum expenditure requirements for Bynoe (year ending 14 February 2025) and Kenny (year ending 25 October 2024).

There are no other contractual commitments or contingent liabilities at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: none).

**Note 14. Related party transactions**

*Parent entity*

Evergreen Lithium Limited is the parent entity.

*Subsidiaries*

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 16.

*Key management personnel*

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 11 and the remuneration report included in the directors' report.

*Transactions with related parties*

There were no transactions with related parties during the current and previous financial year.

*Receivable from and payable to related parties*

There were no trade receivables from related parties during the current or previous financial year.

*Loans to/from related parties*

There were no loans to or from related parties at the current reporting date. During the previous reporting period, \$50,000 was repaid to Directors who provided money for initial founding loans.

**Note 15. Parent entity information**

Set out below is the supplementary information about the parent entity.

*Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income*

	<b>Parent</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Loss after income tax	(5,403,268)	(5,171,407)
Total comprehensive loss	(5,403,268)	(5,171,407)

*Statement of financial position*

	<b>Parent</b>	
	<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>30 June 2023</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Total current assets	6,218,344	9,214,320
Total assets	16,945,026	20,798,693
Total current liabilities	304,872	567,340
Total liabilities	304,865	567,724
Equity		
Issued capital	23,331,265	23,331,265
Share-based payments reserve	4,987,639	3,214,889
Accumulated losses	(11,678,743)	(6,315,185)
Total equity	16,640,161	20,230,969

*Guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries*

The parent entity had no guarantees in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: none).

*Contingent liabilities*

The parent entity had no contingent liabilities, other than as disclosed in note 13 as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: as per current year, refer note 13).

*Capital commitments - property, plant and equipment*

The parent entity had no capital commitments for property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: none).

*Material accounting policy information*

The accounting policies of the parent entity are consistent with those of the consolidated entity, as disclosed in note 1, except for the following:

- Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.
- Investments in associates are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.
- Dividends received from subsidiaries are recognised as other income by the parent entity and its receipt may be an indicator of an impairment of the investment.

**Note 16. Interests in subsidiaries**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1:

Name	Principal place of business / Country of incorporation	Ownership interest	
		30 June 2024 %	30 June 2023 %
Lithium Supplies Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	100.00%
Lithium Technologies Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	100.00%
Synergy Prospecting Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	100.00%

**Note 17. Events after the reporting period**

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

**Note 18. Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash used in operating activities**

	Consolidated	
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(5,420,601)	(5,135,653)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	24,087	15,212
Impairment of exploration and evaluation expenditure	2,251,704	-
Share-based payments	1,772,750	3,140,171
Other	3,051	3,090
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables	47,776	(150,261)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments	13,349	(44,001)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(479,326)	(53,664)
Increase in employee benefits	11,373	6,690
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(1,775,837)</u>	<u>(2,218,416)</u>

**Note 19. Earnings per share**

	Consolidated	
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of Evergreen Lithium Limited	<u>(5,420,601)</u>	<u>(5,135,653)</u>
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	<u>181,078,300</u>	<u>158,580,157</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>181,078,300</u>	<u>158,580,157</u>
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	(2.99)	(3.24)
Diluted earnings per share	(2.99)	(3.24)



**Note 19. Earnings per share (continued)**

*Diluted earnings per share*

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares. Potential ordinary shares are treated as dilutive only when their conversion to ordinary shares would decrease earnings per share or increase loss per share from continuing operations. Options held over ordinary shares would decrease the loss per share reported above and hence, have been treated as antidilutive.

Total options held over ordinary shares at 30 June 2024 is 60,999,999 (30 June 2023: 60,999,999).

**Note 20. Share-based payments**

An employee incentive securities plan has been established by the consolidated entity and approved by shareholders at a general meeting, whereby the consolidated entity may, at the discretion of the Board, grant options over ordinary shares in the company to certain key management personnel of the consolidated entity. The options are issued for nil consideration and are granted in accordance with performance guidelines established by the Board.

Set out below are summaries of options granted and on issue at 30 June 2024:

30 June 2024

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at the end of the year
24/01/2022	24/01/2027	\$0.30	35,000,000	-	-	-	35,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2026	\$0.40	500,000	-	-	-	500,000
11/04/2023	24/01/2027	\$0.30	3,333,333	-	-	-	3,333,333
11/04/2023	24/01/2027	\$0.30	3,333,333	-	-	-	3,333,333
11/04/2023	24/01/2027	\$0.30	3,333,333	-	-	-	3,333,333
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
			60,999,999	-	-	-	60,999,999
Weighted average exercise price			\$0.22	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.22

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2024**

**Note 20. Share-based payments (continued)**

30 June 2023

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Balance at the start of the year*	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at the end of the year
24/01/2022	24/01/2027	\$0.30	35,000,000	-	-	-	35,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2026	\$0.40	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
11/04/2023	24/01/2027	\$0.30	-	3,333,333	-	-	3,333,333
11/04/2023	24/01/2027	\$0.30	-	3,333,333	-	-	3,333,333
11/04/2023	24/01/2027	\$0.30	-	3,333,333	-	-	3,333,333
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
11/04/2023	11/04/2025	\$0.00	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
			35,000,000	25,999,999	-	-	60,999,999
Weighted average exercise price			\$0.30	\$0.12	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.22

\* Balance at the start of the year relates to options issued as attaching options to founder shares during 30 June 2023 and therefore, are not issued under the employee incentive securities plan noted above.

The weighted average share price during the financial year was \$0.18 (30 June 2023: \$0.43)

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at the end of the financial year was 2.11 years. (30 June 2023: 3.11 years)

Valuation assumptions are not disclosed as there were no new share-based payment arrangements granted or issued in the year ended 30 June 2024.

Share-based payments during the year comprise the following:

- Share-based payments expense - Directors: \$641,052 (note 4)
- Share-based payments expense - consultants: \$1,131,698 (note 4)

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Consolidated entity disclosure statement**  
**As at 30 June 2024**

Entity name	Entity type	Place formed / Country of incorporation	Ownership interest %	Tax residency
Evergreen Lithium Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100.00%	Australia
Lithium Supplies Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100.00%	Australia
Lithium Technologies Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100.00%	Australia
Synergy Prospecting Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100.00%	Australia

**Basis of preparation**

This consolidated entity disclosure statement (CEDS) has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and includes information for each entity that was part of the consolidated entity as at the end of the financial year in accordance with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Determination of tax residency**

Section 295 (3A)(vi) of the corporation Act 2001 defines tax residency as having the meaning in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997. The determination of tax residency involves judgement as there are difference interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency.

In determining tax residency, the consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations:

***Australian tax residency***

The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Tax Commissioner's public guidance in Tax Ruling TR 2018/5.

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Directors' declaration**  
**30 June 2024**

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- the information disclosed in the attached consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors



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Tal Paneth  
Director

26 September 2024



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Peter Marks  
Director

## Independent auditor's report to the members of Evergreen Lithium Limited

### Report on the audit of the financial report

#### Our opinion on the financial report

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Evergreen Lithium Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

#### What was audited?

We have audited the financial report of the Group, which comprises:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024,
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended,
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended,
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended,
- notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information,
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement, and
- the directors' declaration.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report

Capitalised exploration and evaluation costs	Area of focus (refer also to notes 1 & 6)	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
	<p>The Group incurred additional exploration and evaluation costs for exploration projects in Australia of \$1,179,941 for the year ended 30 June 2024. This excludes the impairment of the Kenny project totaling \$2,251,704 resulting in a net decrease in capitalized exploration and evaluation costs of \$1,071,763.</p> <p>The Group has elected to capitalize all these costs as non current assets in the Statement of Financial Position in accordance with the Group's accounting policies which was changed in the prior year.</p> <p>The following risks have been identified:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— That the Group may lose or relinquish its rights to explore and evaluate those areas of interest and therefore amounts capitalized to the Statement of Financial Position from the current and historical periods, be no longer recoverable; and</li> <li>— That the impairment of the Kenny project is insufficient.</li> </ul> <p>Therefore, we consider this to be a key audit matter</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Substantively tested the movement in the capitalized expenditure during the year;</li> <li>— Examined project spend per each area of interest and comparing this spend to the minimum expenditure requirements set out in the underlying exploration expenditure plan;</li> <li>— Assessed the impairment charge recognized during the year;</li> <li>— Examined project spend to each area of interest to ensure that it is directly attributable to that area of interest;</li> <li>— From an overall perspective, compared the market capitalisation of the Group to the net carrying value of its assets on the Statement of Financial Position to identify any other additional indicators of impairment;</li> <li>— Reviewed management's impairment assessment on the costs capitalized on the tenement license areas and obtained a confirmation from the chief geologist considering impairment assessments of areas under interest;</li> <li>— We assessed the skills and experience of the geologist who made the impairment assessment of capitalised areas of interest; and</li> <li>— Assessed the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements.</li> </ul>

## Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

[https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1\\_2020.pdf](https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf)

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## Report on the Remuneration Report



### Our opinion on the Remuneration Report

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Evergreen Lithium Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2024, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

### What was audited?

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2024.

## Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

William Buck

**William Buck Audit (Vic) Pty Ltd**

ABN 59 116 151 136

**N. S. Benbow**

Director

Melbourne, 26 September 2024



**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Shareholder information**  
**30 June 2024**

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 4 September 2024.

**Corporate governance statement**

The company's corporate governance statement is located at the company's website:

<https://evergreenlithium.com.au/corporate-governance/>

**Distribution of equitable securities**

Analysis of number of equitable security holders by size of holding:

	Ordinary shares		
	Number of holders	% of total shares issued	Number of Units
1 to 1,000	46	0.01	26,898
1,001 to 5,000	259	0.34	620,772
5,001 to 10,000	147	0.66	1,188,964
10,001 to 100,000	233	5.14	9,309,879
100,001 and over	111	93.85	169,931,787
	<u>796</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>181,078,300</u>
Holdings less than a marketable parcel	467	0.01	1,997,594

**Equity security holders**

*Twenty largest quoted equity security holders*

The names of the twenty largest security holders of quoted equity securities are listed below:

	Ordinary shares	
	Number held	% of total shares issued
Cadence Minerals Plc	15,830,138	8.74
Condor Prospecting Pty Ltd	10,559,674	5.83
Michael Woods Silvis A/C	10,000,000	5.52
Shanti Capital Pty Ltd Peter Marks Super Fund A/C	10,000,000	5.52
Super Grover 2 Pty Ltd Super Grover 2 Invest A/C	10,000,000	5.52
Royal Flux Pty Ltd Flux Family A/C	10,000,000	5.52
Ledger Holdings Pty Ltd Mochkin Family No#2 A/C	10,000,000	5.52
Doblar Investments Pty Ltd Porvenir Investment A/C	10,000,000	5.52
Ferkel 4 Pty Ltd Ferkel 4 Investment A/C	10,000,000	5.52
Nasdaq Securities Australia Pty Ltd Nasdaq Securities Aust A/C	10,000,000	5.52
Strat Plan Pty Ltd Strat Plan A/C	9,098,153	5.02
Red Marlin Pty Ltd Red Marlin A/C	5,407,201	2.99
Bbd Custodians Pty Ltd Bbd A/C	5,407,201	2.99
Mr Gregory John Howe & Ms Tracie Lee Vella Tag Super Fund A/C	3,500,000	1.93
Boliber Pty Ltd Borl Partnership A/C	3,000,500	1.66
Nasdaq Securities Australia Pty Ltd Nasdaq Securities Aust A/C	2,500,000	1.38
Tornado Nominees Pty Ltd Angus Middleton S/F A/C	1,603,000	0.89
Mr Eliyahu Yochanan Mochkin	1,551,000	0.86
Tja Assets Pty Ltd Tja Investment A/C	1,376,001	0.76
Cape York Nominees Pty Ltd	1,250,000	0.69
	141,082,868	77.90

**Evergreen Lithium Limited**  
**Shareholder information**  
**30 June 2024**

*Unquoted equity securities*

	Number on issue	Number of holders
Unlisted Options at \$0.30, exp 24/01/2027	44,999,999	10
Unlisted Options at \$0.00, exp 11/04/2025	15,500,000	6
Unlisted Options at \$0.40, exp 11/04/2026	500,000	1

The following person holds 20% or more of unquoted equity securities:

**Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.40, expiring 11 April 2026:** 500,000 options, held by:

- Taycol Nominees Pty Ltd: 500,000 options (100.00%)

**Substantial holders**

Substantial holders in the company are set out below:

	Ordinary shares  Number held	Ordinary shares % of total shares issued	Date of  ASX Notice
Nasdaq Securities Australia Pty Ltd & Associated Parties	22,500,000	12.42%	11/08/2024
Cadence Minerals Plc	15,830,138	8.74%	13/08/2024
Condor Prospecting Pty Ltd	11,340,912	6.26%	17/08/2024
Super Grover 2 Pty Ltd & Associated Parties	10,100,000	5.52%	11/08/2024
Shanti Capital Pty Ltd	10,000,000	5.52%	11/08/2024
Farkel 4 Pty Ltd	10,000,000	5.52%	11/08/2024
Royal Flux Pty Ltd	10,000,000	5.52%	11/08/2024
Doblar Investments Pty Ltd	10,000,000	5.52%	11/08/2024
Michael Woods	10,000,000	5.52%	11/08/2024
Strat Plan Pt Ltd & Associated Parties	9,883,965	5.46%	14/08/2024
	<u>119,655,015</u>		

**Voting rights**

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares are set out below:

*Ordinary shares*

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

*Options over ordinary shares*

Options over ordinary shares hold no voting rights.

There are no other classes of equity securities.

### **Restricted securities**

Of the 181,078,300 shares on issue:

- 124,848,300 shares are escrowed until 11 April 2025.

Of the 60,999,999 options on issue:

- 60,999,999 shares are escrowed until 11 April 2025.

### **On-market buy back**

There is no current on-market buyback.

### **Use of funds**

Since admission to the ASX on 11 April 2023, the company has used its cash in a way that is consistent with its business objective.

### **Annual General Meeting**

The company advises that the Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the company is scheduled for Thursday, 7 November 2024. Details of the meeting will be provided at a later date. Further to Listing Rule 3.13.1 and Listing Rule 14.3, nomination for election of directors at the AGM must be received not less than 30 business days before the meeting, being no later than Thursday, 26 September 2024.

### **Interests in mining tenements**

Below is a listing of the company's interest in mining tenements, where they are situated and the percentage interest the company holds in each.

The company's wholly owned subsidiary, Synergy Prospecting Pty Ltd, holds a 100% interest in the following mining tenements:

- the Bynoe Lithium Project (EL31774), located in the Northern Territory, south of the Darwin Port; and
- the Kenny Lithium Project (E63/1888), located in the Dundas Mineral Field of Western Australia.

The company's wholly owned subsidiary, Synergy Prospecting Pty Ltd, has submitted an application to hold 100% interest in the following mining tenements, which has not been granted at the date of this report:

- the Fortune Lithium Project (EL31828), located in the Mount Peake/Sandover region of the Northern Territory.

The company does not presently have any JORC Code compliant resources on the tenements disclosed above.