

12 September 2024

## The Empire Projects /Chillagoe North Queensland

Far Northern Resources Limited (ASX:FNR) (FNR or the Company) is pleased to report that a recent targeted drilling program at the Empire Mining Lease confirmed the presence of a zone in the primary vein at the northern end of the Empire Stockworks consisting of a high-grade gold zone (>3 g/t Au refer to Figure 1). The zone is within the greater Empire Stockworks gold system, with mineralisation open at depth and along strike.

### Highlights

- FNR has recently completed a small RC drilling program at the Empire gold deposit. The program was designed to update and infill the 2020 resource model (see pp 28 to 36 of the Company's Prospectus lodged with ASX on 10 April 2024 and provide a potential starting point for future mining operations.
- Assays from all 6 drill holes intercepted the high-grade quartz veins that formed the basis of the previous modeling.

**4m @ 1.24g/t Au** from 28m in FNRRC031 (incl. 1m @ 2.90 g/t Au)

**1m @ 1.20g/t Au** from 43m in FNRRC031

**1m @ 1.01g/t Au** from 13m in FNRRC032

**3m @ 0.93g/t Au** from 50m in FNRRC032

**1m @ 14.96g/t Au** from 9m in FNRRC033

**1m @ 9.05g/t Au** from 44m in FNRRC033

**1m @ 2.49g/t Au** from 11m in FNRRC034

**8m @ 3.03g/t Au** from 18m in FNRRC034 (incl. 5m @ 4.31 g/t Au)

**1m @ 1.32g/t Au** from 32m in FNRRC034

**1m @ 1.02g/t Au** from 41m in FNRRC034

**1m @ 2.80g/t Au** from 0m in FNRRC035

**1m @ 1.45g/t Au** from 11m in FNRRC035

**1m @ 1.24g/t Au** from 14m in FNRRC035

**6m @ 1.23g/t Au** from 29m in FNRRC035

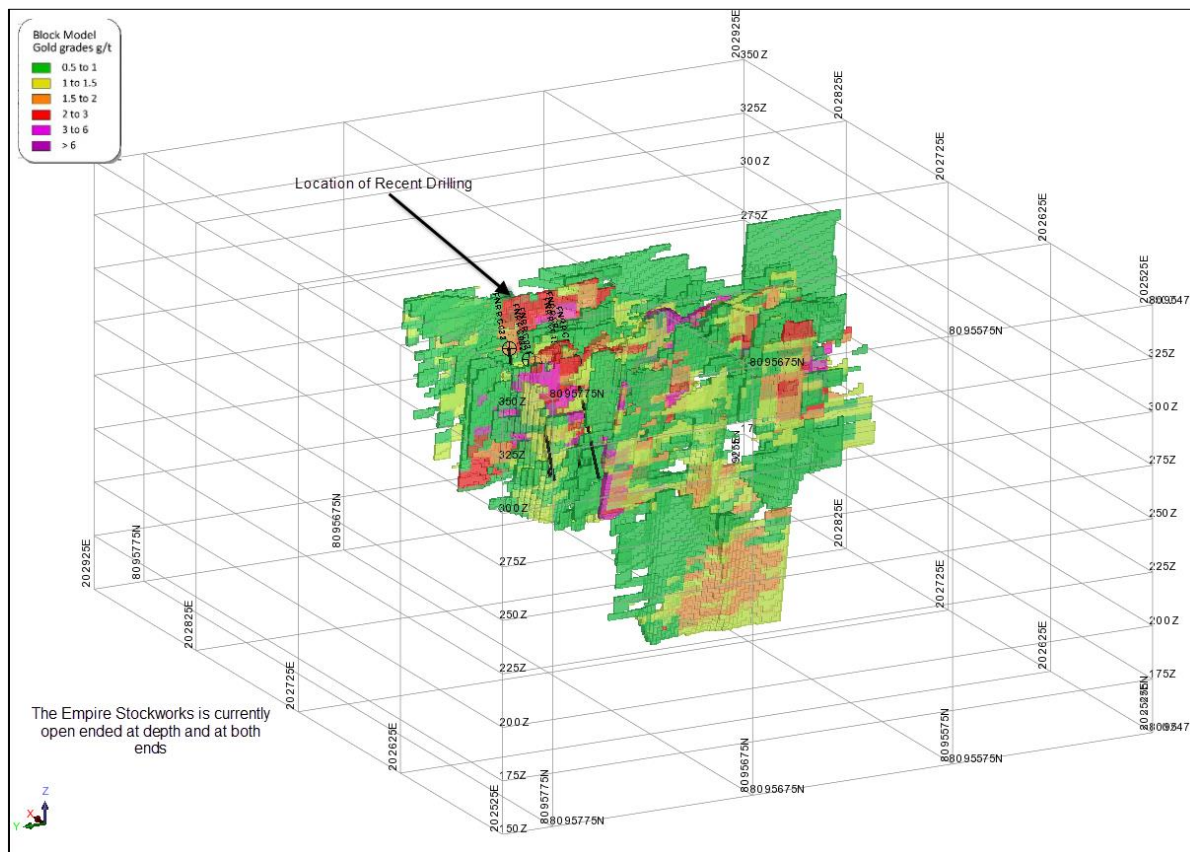
**1m @ 1.30g/t Au** from 32m in FNRRC036

- These results will provide further data to the known resources at the Empire Stockwork. and an updated model. This will enable FNR to update the resource and economic modelling at the current gold prices, with a view to moving into future feasibility studies
- FNR is in a unique position with a mill located less than 20km away from the current mining lease.
- FNR will continue to advance the project.

**TABLE 1 FNR MINERAL RESOURCES (SEE FNR PROSPECTUS LODGED 10 APRIL 2024)**

Resource Category	Cut Off Au (g/t)	Depth	Tonnes (kt)	Au (g/t)	Ounces (oz)
<b>Empire Stockworks - Queensland</b>					
Indicated	0.2	0-150	542	0.97	16,887
Inferred	0.2	0-150	279	0.63	5,616
<b>Empire Stockworks Total</b>			<b>821</b>	<b>0.85</b>	<b>22,503</b>
<b>Bridge Creek – Northern Territory</b>					
Indicated	0.5	0-100	-	-	-
Inferred		0-100	1,970	1.12	70,560
<b>Bridge Creek Total</b>			<b>1,970</b>	<b>1.12</b>	<b>70,560</b>
<b>Total</b>			<b>2,791</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>93,063</b>

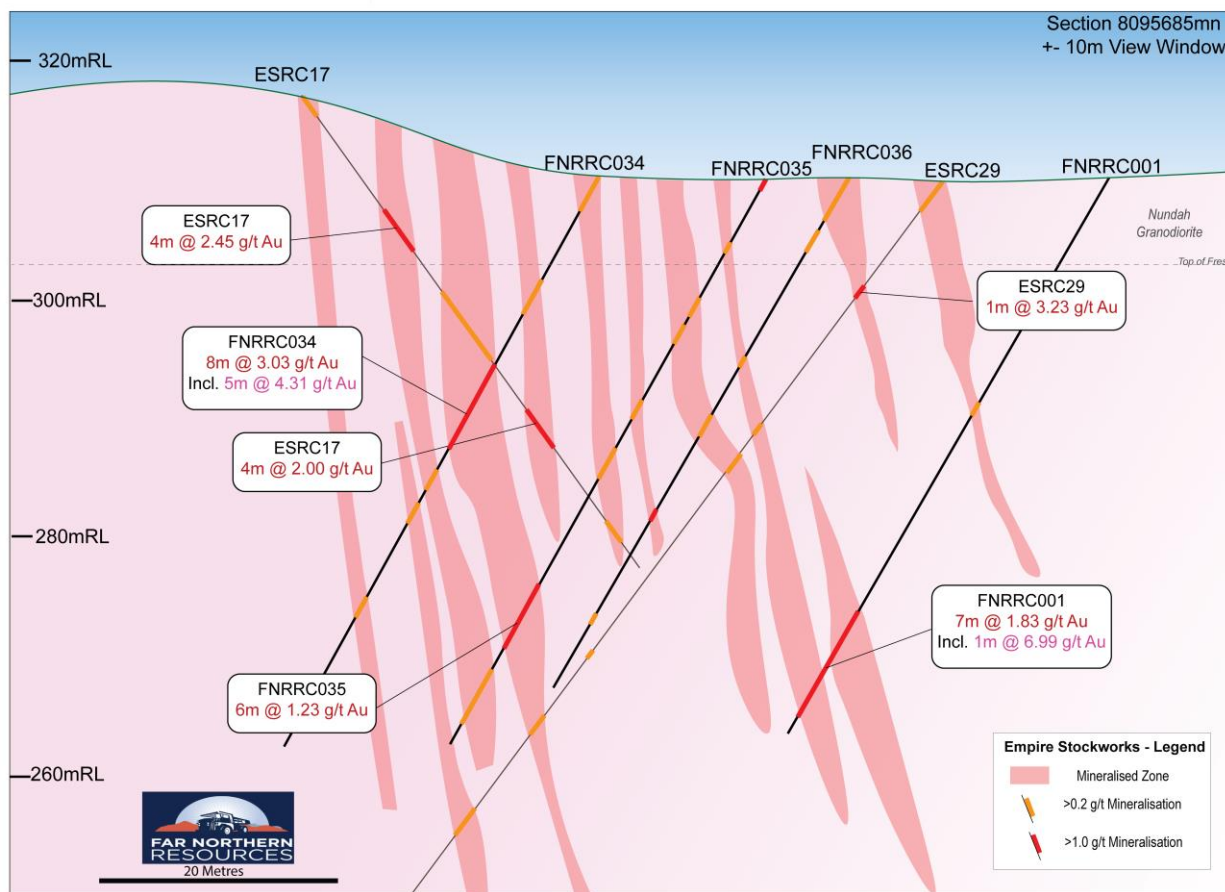
*All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimates. Totals may not sum due to rounding*



**FIGURE 1:3D VIEW OF EMPIRE STOCKWORKS BLOCK MODEL**

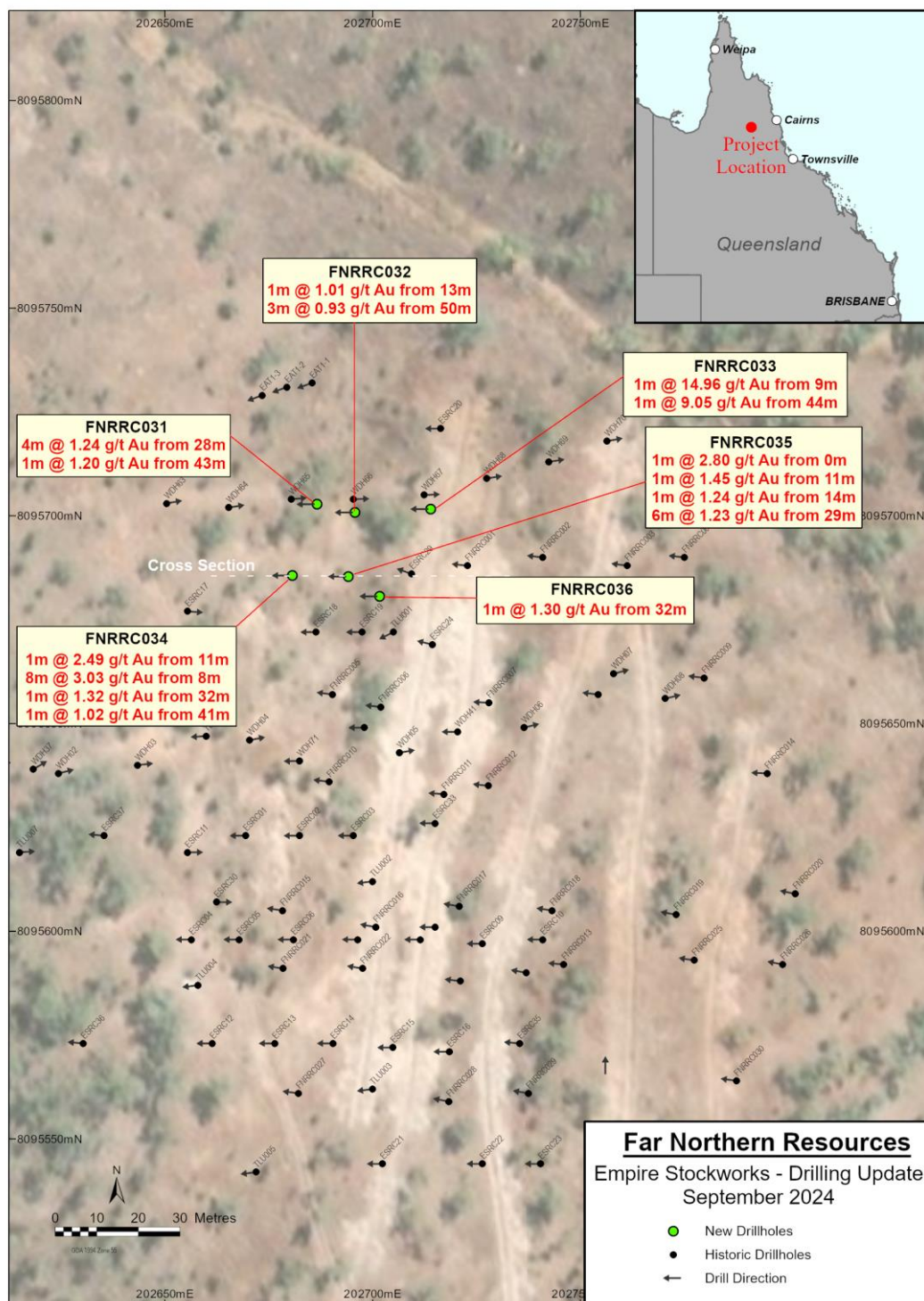
**Commenting on the initial assays results the board of Far Northern Resources Ltd, said.**

“We are pleased with the assays from the Mining Lease as it will add critical data to the resource model at Empire that is open at depth and in all directions. FNR has been exploring this area for some time and it is pleasing to release some very exciting new gold results from our 2024 drilling campaign that clearly show there is a much bigger picture at play at our Empire Project. We are excited to now have the funding to continue to drill out and model what has the potential to be FNR’s first mine.”



**FIGURE 2: CROSS SECTION THROUGH RECENT DRILLING SECTION 8095685MN (INTERSECTIONS >2M)**





**FIGURE 3: EMPIRE MINING LEASE - LOCATION OF EMPIRE STOCK WORK WITH RECENT DRILLING & SIGNIFICANT INTERSECTIONS**

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### Authorisation

This announcement has been authorised for release by the Board of Directors

### JORC and Previous Disclosure

The information in this release that related to Mineral Resource for Empire Stockworks, is based on information previously disclosed in the following company ASX announcement available from the ASX website [www.asx.com.au](http://www.asx.com.au)

- Far Northern Resources Limited (FNR) ASX Announcement 10 April 2024 - Prospectus.

The Company confirms that is not aware of any new information as at the date of the announcement that materially affects the information include in the Release and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates and results continue to apply and have not materially changed.

These ASX announcements are available on the Company's website ([www.farnorthernresources.com](http://www.farnorthernresources.com)) and the ASX website ([www.asx.com.au](http://www.asx.com.au)) under the Company's ticker code 'FNR'.

### Competent Person's Statement

The information in this announcement that relates to the Empire Project, is based on information compiled by Mr Christopher Speedy who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Christopher Speedy is employed by Angora Resources on a full-time basis. Mr Speedy has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Speedy consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on information in the form and context in which it appears.

### **Forward Looking Statement**

Forward Looking Statements regarding FNR's plans with respect to its mineral properties and programs are forward-looking statements. There can be no assurance that FNR's plans for development of its mineral properties will proceed as currently expected. There can also be no assurance that FNR will be able to confirm the presence of additional mineral resources, that any mineralisation will prove to be economic or that a mine will successfully be developed on any of FNR's mineral properties. The performance of FNR may be influenced by a number of factors which are outside the control of the Company and its Directors, staff, and contractors. These statements include, but are not limited to statements regarding future production, resources or reserves and exploration results.

All of such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of the company, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, the forward-looking information and statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: (i) those relating to the interpretation of drill results, the geology, grade and continuity of mineral deposits and conclusions of economic evaluations, (ii) risks relating to possible variations in reserves, grade, planned mining dilution and ore loss, or recovery rates and changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, (iii) the potential for delays in exploration or development activities or the completion of feasibility studies, (iv) risks related to commodity price and foreign exchange rate fluctuations, (v) risks related to failure to obtain adequate financing on a timely basis and on acceptable terms or delays in obtaining governmental approvals or in the completion of development or construction activities, and

(vi) other risks and uncertainties related to the company's prospects, properties, and business strategy. Our audience is cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements that speak only as of the date hereof, and we do not undertake any obligation to revise and disseminate forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof, or to reflect the occurrence of or non-occurrence of any events.



## Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<b>Sampling techniques</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nature and quality of sampling (e.g., cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</li> <li>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</li> <li>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g., 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases, more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g., submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mangrove Jack (1995-1996) (WDH series) reverse circulation holes were sampled at 2m intervals. Analytical samples were representatively split from 2m residue sample using a 75/25 riffle splitter.</li> <li>Mangrove Jack (1996) (WDH series) diamond samples were sawn in two laterally with a diamond blade, with the 1-metre half core being fire assayed for Au.</li> <li>Chillagoe Gold (2002) (ESRC1-31 series) and Premier Mining (2009) (ESRC 23-38 series) reverse circulation (RC) holes were sampled at 1m intervals and were passed through a cyclone and split with a splitter to provide a sample for assay of approximately 3 kg.</li> <li>No information is known about Tellus drilling (TLU series), however reverse circulation holes were sampled at 2m intervals.</li> <li>For the FNR samples (2019 &amp; 2024) - One metre single split taken off the rig with cone splitter. With RC drilling regular air and manual cleaning of cyclone to remove hung up clays where present. Standards &amp; replicate assays taken by the laboratory. Based on statistical analysis of these results, there is no evidence to suggest the samples are not representative. RC drilling was used to obtain one metre samples with approximately 2.5-3.5kg was pulverised to produce a 50 g charge for fire assay. RC chips were geologically logged over 1m intervals. Samples were assayed for Au only for this program.</li> </ul>
<b>Drilling techniques</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Drill type (e.g., core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g., core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit, or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RC drilling was completed with a 139mm diameter face sampling hammer and DD was completed at PQ and HQ3 sized core.</li> <li>For FNR the drilling was completed by Bullion drilling using and RC rig with a 139mm diameter face sampling hammer.</li> </ul>
<b>Drill sample recovery</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</li> <li>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</li> <li>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recoveries from historical sampling techniques are unknown.</li> <li>For the FNR drilling the RC recovery and meterage was assessed by comparing drill chip volumes for individual meters. Estimates of poor sample recoveries were recorded. Routine checks for correct sample depths are undertaken every RC rod. RC sample recoveries were visually checked for recovery, moisture, and contamination. The cyclone was routinely cleared ensuring no material build up. Due to the good standard of drilling conditions around sample intervals (dry) the geologist believes the samples are representative.</li> <li>No sample bias has been identified.</li> </ul>
<b>Logging</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</li> <li>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</li> <li>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Logging of drill cuttings has been completed to a level of detail required to support future Mineral Resource Estimation. However, no Mineral Resource Estimation is reported in this release.</li> <li>Geological logging has been completed by a qualified geologist for the entire length of the hole, recording lithology, oxidation, alteration, veining, mineralisation containing both qualitative and quantitative fields.</li> </ul>
<b>Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all cores taken.</li> <li>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For historical, Core was cut in half to 1m samples or geological / lithological contacts.</li> </ul>



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p><i>whether sampled wet or dry.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>For all sample types, the nature, quality, and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i></li> <li><i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i></li> <li><i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i></li> <li><i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For historical, RC drilling used a cyclone and cone splitter to consistently produce 2.5kg to 3.5kg dry samples. In some rare cases when the sample was wet, a spear sample of the sample interval was used</li> <li>Samples are dried, crushed to 10mm, and then pulverised to 85% passing 75µm.</li> <li>Duplicate field samples have not been taken.</li> <li>For the FNR drilling - One metre single split taken off the rig with cone splitter. No field standards, duplicates were inserted. RC drilling was used to obtain one metre samples with approximately 2.5-3.5kg. The samples are crushed to -10mm and then riffle split to &lt;3kg prior to pulverising in LMS machines.</li> <li>Sample sizes (1.5kg to 3kg) at Empire Stockworks are considered to be a sufficient size to accurately represent the gold mineralisation based on the mineralisation style, the width and continuity of the intersections, the sampling methodology, the coarse gold variability and the assay ranges for the gold.</li> <li>Laboratory duplicates (sample preparation split) were also completed every 15th sample to assess the analytical precision of the laboratory. Acceptable level of repeatability and precision was noted for the FNR testing.</li> </ul>
<b>Quality of assay data and laboratory tests</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i></li> <li><i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i></li> <li><i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g., standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e., lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mangrove Jack samples were submitted to ALS Townsville for Au by method PM209 (30g fire assay) and Cu, Zn, Pb, Bi, Ag, As by method G001 (AAS).</li> <li>Chillagoe Gold samples were submitted to ALS Chemex for Au by method AA25 or AA26 (30g fire assay).</li> <li>FNR 2019 samples were submitted to Tony King Analytical Pty Ltd for Au (50g fire assay).</li> <li>For the 2024 FNR program the one metre RC samples were assayed by fire assay (FA50) with OE finish by Intertek, Townsville.</li> <li>Samples from Empire Stockworks drilling were submitted by Premier Mining Pty Ltd for re-assay as duplicates to determine the repeatability and accuracy of the reported gold grades. This includes pulps from previous drilling programs, as well as pulps from the 2009 drilling. Thirteen pulps from Chillagoe Gold's RC holes returned a re-assay average of 1.55g/t Au (method AA26), against an original assay average of 1.32g/t (method AA25) representing an increase in grade of 17%. Twelve pulps from Mangrove Jacks RC and DDH returned a re-assay average of 3.67g/t Au (method AA26), against an original assay average of 2.05g/t (Au method AA25), representing an increase in grade of 80%. However, this grade increase is strongly influenced by a 3.98g/t Au sample that repeated at 8.19g/t Au and a 12.6g/t Au sample that repeated at 19.2g/t Au. All the Duplicate samples have repeated within the accepted variance range of laboratory analytical error limits. There was no instance of a barren or low-grade sample repeating at a significantly higher grade.</li> <li>Twenty-one intervals from Premier Mining's May 2009 drilling program were re-sampled as duplicates and submitted for gold assay to test the repeatability of analysis. In this case, the re-assay returned an average of 1.39g/t Au (method AA26) against an original assay average of 1.72g/t (method AA25), representing a decrease of 19% (although this was strongly influenced by one "outlier" sample). The grab sampling method fused to re-assay samples raises some</li> </ul>

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		<p>doubt about the validity of this exercise.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In 2019 FNR performed inter-laboratory checks on the 2019 assay results by sending seventy-eight pulp samples to an independent laboratory, Intertek Geanalysis, Townsville. Testing was completed by 50g Lead collection fire assay. Analysed by Inductively Coupled Plasma Optical (Atomic) Emission Spectrometry. The overall assay value from the original 2.27 g/t Au v 2.34 g/t Au and was considered within acceptable repeatability and accuracy parameters.</li> <li>No major inconsistencies have been observed in the data, certainly some variability in the gold values is recognised and has been in part reflected by the laboratory replicate and check analysis, and variations caused by sampling method and fire assay test size. The presence of nuggety gold is acknowledged.</li> <li>No geophysical assays tools were used.</li> <li>Laboratory QAQC involves the use of internal lab standards using certified reference material, blanks, splits, and replicates as part of the in-house procedures. QC results (blanks, duplicates, standards) were in line with commercial procedures, reproducibility, and accuracy.</li> </ul>
<i>Verification of sampling and assaying</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i></li> <li><i>The use of twinned holes.</i></li> <li><i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i></li> <li><i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For the historical work, independent personnel have visually inspected the significant intersections in core or RC chips. Numerous highly qualified and experienced company personnel from exploration positions have visually inspected the significant intersections in core and RC chips.</li> <li>For the 2024 FNR program, work was supervised by senior Intertek staff experienced in metal assaying. QC data reports confirming the same quality are supplied. Sample results are received as PDF &amp; XLS and are stored.</li> <li>Logging was completed by a suitable qualified geologist. Logging was reviewed offsite by the competent person.</li> <li>Primary logging data is collected onto paper. Paper records are entered into the standardised Microsoft Excel templates. Data is then uploaded into an Oracle based database server, with onsite and offsite backups.</li> <li>No specific twinning program has been conducted.</li> <li>No data was adjusted</li> </ul>
<i>Location of data points</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i></li> <li><i>Specification of the grid system used.</i></li> <li><i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The grid used was MGA Zone 55, datum GDA94.</li> <li>Mangrove Jack established an AMG grid at Empire. Dennis and O'Neill completed 3.5-line kilometres of baseline using a total station theodolite. The integrity of the baseline was maintained by solar observations at predetermined points. Iron pins, each with a star picket witness was placed at 200m intervals along the baseline, and full coordinates stamped on the star picket. A simple translation has converted the drill hole coordinates to Map Grid Australia Zone 55. Downhole survey measurements are only available for the Tellus and FNR reverse circulation holes. No downhole surveys are available for the open holes (generally drilled to vertical depths of less than 40m below the surface).</li> <li>Holes completed by Tellus and FNR were surveyed by the drilling supervisor / senior driller at regular intervals downhole as the drilling progressed, using a north-seeking gyroscopic survey instrument.</li> <li>For the FNR program the collars were surveyed using a Garmin GPSMap 66i by the supervising geologist. The collar will be picked up by licensed surveyors at the end of the drilling campaign. All drillholes were downhole surveyed by</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>the drilling supervisor / senior driller at regular intervals downhole as the drilling progressed, using a north-seeking gyroscopic survey instrument.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A digital terrain model (DTM) was built from data sourced from the ELVIS geoscience Australia platform. Data points were sourced from the 1-second shuttle radar capture; points are approximately thirty metres apart.</li> </ul>
<i>Data spacing and distribution</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i></li> <li><i>Whether the data spacing, and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i></li> <li><i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Nominal hole spacing of the Empire Stockworks deposit is approximately twenty-five metres along strike and 20m across strike. This latest drilling was to finish of a missing line across the deposit and start to provide closer infill grade control drilling (5m x 5m).</li> <li>The data spacing and distribution is sufficient to demonstrate spatial and grade continuity of the mineralised domains to support the definition of Inferred, Indicated and Mineral Resources under the 2012 JORC code</li> </ul>
<i>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</i></li> <li><i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The drilling is predominantly orientated west (270°) with a 60° dip, which is perpendicular to both the strike and dip of the mineralisation, therefore ensuring intercepts are close to true width.</li> <li>No orientation biased sampling has been identified in the data.</li> </ul>
<i>Sample security</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No information is known about historical samples.</li> <li>The FNR samples were delivered by FNR personnel to Intertek in Townsville.</li> </ul>
<i>Audits or reviews</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No audits or reviews undertaken</li> </ul>

## Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i></li> <li><i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Empire Stockworks gold deposit is located within granted Mining Lease ML 20380, which is wholly owned by the Company's wholly owned subsidiary Premier Mining Pty Ltd. The Empire Stockworks deposit is located in Far North Queensland, approximately 180km west of Cairns.</li> <li>The tenements are in good standing with no known encumbrances that might impede future activities.</li> </ul>
<i>Exploration done by other parties</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Capricorn Dolomite Pty Ltd / Mangrove Jack Pty Ltd (1995 – 1997) - Exploration activities in 1995 – 1996 included collection and assaying of 387 stream sediment samples, 449 rock chip samples, 380 soil samples, 33-line kilometres of co-ordinated gridding combined with detailed geological mapping including air photo interpretation. Percussion drilling totalling 870m along with assaying 430 percussion drill samples. Anomalous gold geochemistry was discovered during reconnaissance surface geochemical sampling at no fewer than 20 separate prospects. Sub-surface gold mineralisation was identified at three prospects by percussion drilling. The 1997 exploration was focused on the identification of large auriferous mineral systems and the evaluation of the Empire-Pinnacles breccia pipe target area. Drilling of the Empire – Pinnacles breccia pipe systems</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>returned strongly anomalous gold values (Burban, 1997).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chillagoe Gold Pty Ltd (2002-2008) EPM 10780. Chillagoe undertook an extensive channel sampling program in 2002 as well as an 881m reverse circulation (RC) drilling campaign. In 2003 a follow upstream sediment sampling programme was conducted over areas of the Empire complex followed by the second phase of RC drilling; twelve holes were drilled for 739m as well as air trac holes across channel sample line Et-6.</li> <li>On the 11th of March 2004 ML, 20380 was granted to Chillagoe Gold Pty Ltd. During the year 2005, further extensive exploration and metallurgical test work were completed with respect to the Empire Stock Works gold zone.</li> <li>Check drilling was undertaken by Premier Mining Pty Ltd at Empire Stockworks, with a total of seven reverse circulation holes (ESRC-32 to ESRC-38) drilled at Empire Stockworks to confirm historical mineralization and test possible extensions.</li> <li>On the 16th of May 2012, Tellus Resources Ltd executed an agreement to acquire 100% of the issued capital of Premier Mining Pty Ltd which became a wholly owned subsidiary of Tellus Resources Ltd. Tellus completed 10 RC holes for 1937m in 2012. Tellus was subsequently wound up in April 2015, and its assets were dispersed by the Administrator.</li> <li>The work completed by the other parties is considered by the competent person to be of a high standard.</li> </ul>
Geology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Deposit type, geological setting, and style of mineralisation.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mining Lease 20380 is situated within the Dargalong Inlier, along the northeast edge of the Georgetown Inlier. Basement rocks consist primarily of amphibolite to granulite grade metamorphic and granitoid sequences of the Proterozoic Dargalong Metamorphic, extensively intruded by a complex of Lower Palaeozoic (Silurian) generally coarse-grained Nundah Granodiorite. Late Palaeozoic (Carboniferous) felsic porphyries intrude these older rocks. Late Palaeozoic rhyolite and dolerite dykes are also common, whilst Mesozoic cover rocks are sparse.</li> <li>The eastern boundary of the Dargalong Inlier is defined by the Palmerville Fault to the north-east of the mining lease. The Carboniferous Carrs Granite is an elongate, Northwest trending intrusive body 28 km in length and 3-5 km in width which occurs between the lease and the Palmerville Fault – it has a contact aureole discernible in aeromagnetic data, and this aureole extends into the lease. This aureole area contains the Empire-Pinnacles and Mt Wandoo breccia pipe systems and is host to several other breccia pipe targets identified in the Wandoo area.</li> <li>The eastern margin of Empire is known as the Empire Stockworks prospect. Empire Stockworks consists of a broad zone of sheeted quartz veins and quartz vein stockworks of variable intensity, hosted within intensely silicified Nundah Granodiorite. The sheeted quartz veins consist of banded comb quartz, with quartz rimmed by albite and carbonate, separated by a median suture cavity. The veins are usually accompanied by sulphides, consisting of arsenopyrite, chalcopyrite, pyrite and minor bornite. The quartz veins are orientated north-south with a strike length of 400m, over a width of 90m. The veins are dipping sub-vertical to inward dipping in orientation and narrow with depth.</li> </ul>



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alteration consists of pervasive replacement of feldspar in the Nundah Granodiorite by silica. "Red rock" alteration is observed by Reudavey (2009), suggesting hematite dusting and sodic alteration of the feldspars (albitization) has occurred.</li> </ul>
<b>Drill hole Information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</li> <li>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</li> <li>dip and azimuth of the hole</li> <li>down hole length and interception depth</li> <li>hole length.</li> </ul> </li> <li>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The locations and mineralised intersections (0.2g/t Au and above) for all holes completed are summarised in the Appendixes.</li> </ul>
<b>Data aggregation methods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g., cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</li> <li>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</li> <li>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exploration results are reported as length weighted averages of the individual sample intervals.</li> <li>No high-grade cuts have been applied to the reporting of exploration results.</li> <li>Intersections have been reported using a 0.2g/t lower cut-off.</li> <li>Metal equivalent values have not been used.</li> </ul>
<b>Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</li> <li>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g., 'down hole length, true width not known').</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Empire Stockworks drill holes were drilled predominantly at -60° to the west and the mineralised zone dips at 80-90° to the east so the intercepts reported are slightly greater than the true mineralised width.</li> </ul>
<b>Diagrams</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>All relevant figures are included in this release</li> </ul>
<b>Balanced reporting</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced avoiding misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>All meaningful &amp; material exploration data has been reported, including recent and historical data refer to Appendixes.</li> </ul>
<b>Other substantive exploration data</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>All meaningful &amp; material exploration data has been reported.</li> </ul>
<b>Further work</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g., tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</li> <li>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Empire Stockworks gold resource extends over a North-South strike length of 200m. The southern half of the deposit is well drilled, however is still open down dip., the deposit is open to the north and south. Geotechnical drilling and potentially monitoring wells will need to be drilled to provide further information before mining commences.</li> </ul>

## Appendix 1 -FNR 2024 - Drillhole Listing

Holename	Easting (m) GDA94 Z55	Northing (m) GDA94 Z55	Elevation (m)	Depth (m)	Azimuth (°)	Declination (°)	HoleType
FNRRRC031	202686	8095702	310	54	270	-60	RC
FNRRRC032	202695	8095700	309	54	270	-60	RC
FNRRRC033	202713	8095701	309	54	270	-60	RC
FNRRRC034	202680	8095685	310	54	270	-60	RC
FNRRRC035	202694	8095685	310	54	270	-60	RC
FNRRRC036	202701	8095680	310	54	270	-60	RC

## Appendix 2 -FNR 2024 - Significant Intersections (greater than 0.2 g/t Au)

Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)	Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)	Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)
FNRRRC031	1	2	0.867	FNRRRC033	44	45	9.048	FNRRRC035	26	27	0.492
FNRRRC031	11	12	0.276	FNRRRC033	45	46	0.257	FNRRRC035	27	28	0.754
FNRRRC031	28	29	2.899	FNRRRC033	46	47	0.296	FNRRRC035	28	29	0.821
FNRRRC031	29	30	0.255	FNRRRC033	49	50	0.234	FNRRRC035	39	40	1.455
FNRRRC031	30	31	0.721	FNRRRC034	0	1	0.259	FNRRRC035	40	41	1.182
FNRRRC031	31	32	1.116	FNRRRC034	1	2	0.252	FNRRRC035	41	42	2.163
FNRRRC031	34	35	0.364	FNRRRC034	2	3	0.374	FNRRRC035	42	43	0.629
FNRRRC031	35	36	0.665	FNRRRC034	10	11	0.293	FNRRRC035	43	44	1.273
FNRRRC031	42	43	0.607	FNRRRC034	11	12	2.486	FNRRRC035	44	45	0.696
FNRRRC031	43	44	1.201	FNRRRC034	12	13	0.368	FNRRRC035	47	48	0.573
FNRRRC031	44	45	0.377	FNRRRC034	17	18	0.47	FNRRRC035	48	49	0.368
FNRRRC031	45	46	0.258	FNRRRC034	18	19	1.336	FNRRRC035	49	50	0.681
FNRRRC032	0	1	0.793	FNRRRC034	19	20	0.588	FNRRRC035	50	51	0.664
FNRRRC032	1	2	0.24	FNRRRC034	20	21	10.35	FNRRRC035	51	52	0.604
FNRRRC032	10	11	0.344	FNRRRC034	21	22	1.205	FNRRRC035	52	53	0.274
FNRRRC032	11	12	0.247	FNRRRC034	22	23	4.093	FNRRRC035	53	54	0.224
FNRRRC032	13	14	1.011	FNRRRC034	23	24	3.828	FNRRRC036	0	1	0.574
FNRRRC032	14	15	0.598	FNRRRC034	24	25	2.08	FNRRRC036	2	3	0.671
FNRRRC032	18	19	0.394	FNRRRC034	25	26	0.736	FNRRRC036	3	4	0.207
FNRRRC032	26	27	0.305	FNRRRC034	28	29	0.865	FNRRRC036	5	6	0.264
FNRRRC032	47	48	0.37	FNRRRC034	29	30	0.217	FNRRRC036	6	7	0.449
FNRRRC032	49	50	0.404	FNRRRC034	31	32	0.546	FNRRRC036	17	18	0.273
FNRRRC032	50	51	1.391	FNRRRC034	32	33	1.318	FNRRRC036	23	24	0.259
FNRRRC032	51	52	0.619	FNRRRC034	40	41	0.676	FNRRRC036	24	25	0.27
FNRRRC032	52	53	0.768	FNRRRC034	41	42	1.018	FNRRRC036	32	33	1.3
FNRRRC033	0	1	0.306	FNRRRC034	45	46	0.336	FNRRRC036	42	43	0.384
FNRRRC033	2	3	0.201	FNRRRC035	0	1	2.802				
FNRRRC033	4	5	0.402	FNRRRC035	2	3	0.384				
FNRRRC033	9	10	14.96	FNRRRC035	6	7	0.684				
FNRRRC033	15	16	0.426	FNRRRC035	11	12	1.445				
FNRRRC033	16	17	0.268	FNRRRC035	12	13	0.257				
FNRRRC033	17	18	0.591	FNRRRC035	14	15	1.244				
FNRRRC033	28	29	0.239	FNRRRC035	15	16	0.227				
FNRRRC033	31	32	0.404	FNRRRC035	21	22	0.946				
FNRRRC033	43	44	0.38	FNRRRC035	22	23	0.407				

## Appendix 3 – Historical - Drillhole Listing

Holename	Easting (m) GDA94 Z55	Northing (m) GDA94 Z55	Elevation (m)	Depth (m)	Azimuth (°)	Declination (°)	HoleType
ESRC01	202669	8095623	322.7	35	270	-50	RC
ESRC02	202682	8095623	322.5	12	270	-50	RC
ESRC03	202695	8095623	319.5	75	270	-50	RC
ESRC04	202656	8095598	325	25	270	-50	RC
ESRC05	202668	8095598	324.5	54	270	-50	RC
ESRC06	202681	8095598	323.8	66	270	-50	RC
ESRC07	202696	8095598	322	42	270	-50	RC
ESRC08	202711	8095598	320.3	42	270	-50	RC
ESRC09	202726	8095597	319.5	24	270	-50	RC
ESRC10	202741	8095598	318.5	24	270	-50	RC
ESRC11	202655	8095619	324.5	38	90	-50	RC
ESRC12	202661	8095573	324.8	30	270	-50	RC
ESRC13	202676	8095573	324.2	48	270	-50	RC
ESRC14	202690	8095573	323.6	42	270	-50	RC
ESRC15	202705	8095572	322.4	66	270	-50	RC
ESRC16	202718	8095571	321.6	84	270	-49	RC
ESRC17	202655	8095677	317	72	94	-54	RC
ESRC18	202686	8095672	311.6	64	270	-50	RC
ESRC19	202697	8095672	311	60	270	-52	RC
ESRC20	202716	8095721	305	72	270	-50	RC
ESRC21	202702	8095544	324.45	36	270	-46	RC
ESRC22	202726	8095544	322.3	66	270	-50	RC
ESRC23	202740	8095544	321.45	90	270	-50	RC
ESRC24	202714	8095669	311.69	96	284	-49	RC
ESRC25	202604	8095761	311.6	36	49	-50	RC
ESRC26	202554	8095784	311.8	48	49	-50	RC
ESRC27	202562	8095798	313.2	30	49	-48	RC
ESRC28	202582	8095770	311.8	60	69	-47	RC
ESRC29	202709	8095686	309.6	97	290	-49	RC
ESRC30	202662	8095607	323.7	48	90	-49	RC
ESRC31	202712	8095416	326.2	48	100	-51	RC
ESRC32	202715	8095601	319.65	73	270	-50	RC
ESRC33	202715	8095626	317.71	85	270	-50	RC
ESRC34	202698	8095649	316.97	61	270	-50	RC
ESRC35	202735	8095573	320.05	98	275	-50	RC
ESRC36	202630	8095573	326.68	40	275	-50	RC
ESRC37	202635	8095623	323.91	40	275	-50	RC
ESRC38	202645	8095663	317.2	35	95	-55	RC
FNRRC001	202723	8095688	310	54	276	-60	RC
FNRRC002	202741	8095690	313	60	276	-60	RC
FNRRC003	202761	8095688	315	54	277	-60	RC
FNRRC004	202775	8095690	315	54	270	-60	RC
FNRRC005	202690	8095657	315	54	277	-61	RC
FNRRC006	202702	8095654	315	60	276	-60	RC
FNRRC007	202728	8095655	314	54	272	-60	RC
FNRRC008	202754	8095657	317	54	276	-61	RC
FNRRC009	202780	8095661	318	54	276	-61	RC
FNRRC010	202690	8095636	319	54	277	-61	RC
FNRRC011	202717	8095633	317	54	273	-61	RC
FNRRC012	202728	8095635	317	54	276	-60	RC
FNRRC013	202746	8095592	319	54	275	-60	RC
FNRRC014	202795	8095638	318	60	272	-59	RC

Holename	Easting (m) GDA94 Z55	Northing (m) GDA94 Z55	Elevation (m)	Depth (m)	Azimuth (°)	Declination (°)	HoleType
FNRRC015	202678	8095605	323	54	278	-61	RC
FNRRC016	202701	8095601	321	54	280	-60	RC
FNRRC017	202721	8095606	319	78	279	-60	RC
FNRRC018	202743	8095605	318	150	278	-59	RC
FNRRC019	202773	8095604	319	54	280	-59	RC
FNRRC020	202802	8095609	319	54	281	-60	RC
FNRRC021	202679	8095591	324	54	279	-59	RC
FNRRC022	202698	8095591	322	54	279	-60	RC
FNRRC023	202721	8095588	320	54	276	-61	RC
FNRRC024	202737	8095590	319	54	280	-61	RC
FNRRC025	202777	8095593	319	54	278	-60	RC
FNRRC026	202799	8095592	320	54	280	-60	RC
FNRRC027	202682	8095561	322	54	277	-59	RC
FNRRC028	202718	8095559	322	60	281	-60	RC
FNRRC029	202738	8095561	321	54	279	-60	RC
FNRRC030	202788	8095564	320	54	277	-59	RC
TLU001	202705	8095672	310	228	244	-60	RC
TLU002	202700	8095612	315	127	263	-55	RC
TLU003	202700	8095562	310	222	263	-55	RC
TLU004	202658	8095587	322.3	264	263	-55	RC
TLU005	202672	8095542	319.5	216	263	-55	RC
TLU006	202660	8095647	318.5	264	266	-70	RC
TLU007	202615	8095619	323.4	136	86	-60	RC
TLU008	202551	8095767	311	180	56	-60	RC
TLU009	202566	8095787	312	150	278	-60	RC
TLU010	202457	8095834	300	150	160	-60	RC
WDH01	202609	8095639	309.32	30	70	-57	RC
WDH02	202624	8095638	321.21	30	76	-50	RC
WDH03	202643	8095640	320.83	84	84	-55	RC
WDH04	202670	8095646	318.64	48	79	-55	RC
WDH05	202706	8095643	316.53	42	81	-55	RC
WDH06	202736	8095649	315.17	30	76	-60	RC
WDH07	202758	8095662	311.88	30	75	-55	RC
WDH08	202770	8095656	318.81	30	76	-55	RC
WDH09	202592	8095466	324.74	30	267	-55	RC
WDH10	202592	8095474	324.74	36	84	-55	RC
WDH11	202513	8095475	323.25	30	87	-55	RC
WDH12	202631	8095474	324.99	30	92	-55	RC
WDH13	202646	8095472	325	30	91	-53	RC
WDH37	202618	8095639	321.21	300	59	-70	DD
WDH38	202429	8095506	320.33	300	70	-60	DD
WDH41	202720	8095648	315.17	151	270	-60	DD
WDH63	202650	8095703	313.65	30	80	-55	RC
WDH64	202665	8095702	310.91	30	81	-55	RC
WDH65	202680	8095704	310.91	30	85	-55	RC
WDH66	202695	8095704	308.35	30	88	-55	RC
WDH67	202712	8095705	308.35	30	87	-55	RC
WDH68	202727	8095709	308.62	30	81	-55	RC
WDH69	202742	8095713	312.39	30	81	-55	RC
WDH70	202756	8095718	312.39	30	80	-55	RC
WDH71	202682	8095641	318.64	30	269	-55	RC



## Appendix 4 -Historical - Significant Intersections (greater than 0.5 g/t Au)

Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)	Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)	Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)
ESRC01	1	2	0.84	ESRC19	44	45	0.6	FNRR011	31	32	0.86
ESRC01	2	3	3.23	ESRC19	45	46	0.66	FNRR011	32	33	0.63
ESRC01	7	8	0.58	ESRC19	47	48	0.62	FNRR011	48	49	0.93
ESRC01	8	9	0.64	ESRC19	50	51	0.62	FNRR012	4	5	0.66
ESRC01	9	10	1.03	ESRC19	52	53	0.81	FNRR012	5	6	1.88
ESRC01	10	11	0.7	ESRC19	54	55	9.25	FNRR015	0	1	1.36
ESRC02	0	1	0.86	ESRC19	55	56	3.92	FNRR015	6	7	3.91
ESRC02	1	2	1.09	ESRC19	56	57	5.46	FNRR015	10	11	0.7
ESRC02	2	3	5.41	ESRC19	57	58	0.94	FNRR016	24	25	0.5
ESRC02	3	4	5.57	ESRC19	58	59	1.61	FNRR016	48	49	0.77
ESRC02	4	5	39.2	ESRC20	17	18	0.69	FNRR017	61	62	0.8
ESRC02	5	6	0.73	ESRC20	26	27	0.53	FNRR018	37	38	0.53
ESRC02	6	7	0.7	ESRC20	27	28	1.38	FNRR018	38	39	0.85
ESRC03	3	4	1	ESRC20	28	29	0.95	FNRR018	110	111	3.36
ESRC03	45	46	0.9	ESRC20	47	48	0.72	FNRR018	111	112	2.04
ESRC03	46	47	2.95	ESRC21	8	9	0.56	FNRR018	112	113	0.91
ESRC03	47	48	0.99	ESRC21	22	23	1	FNRR018	113	114	2.32
ESRC03	49	50	3.94	ESRC23	61	62	0.62	FNRR018	115	116	0.89
ESRC03	50	51	0.73	ESRC24	3	4	1.51	FNRR018	116	117	0.64
ESRC04	0	1	0.52	ESRC24	12	13	1.05	FNRR018	117	118	0.72
ESRC04	1	2	0.77	ESRC24	15	16	0.56	FNRR018	118	119	0.6
ESRC04	8	9	0.66	ESRC24	16	17	0.58	FNRR018	122	123	0.62
ESRC05	1	2	1.03	ESRC24	59	60	0.67	FNRR018	139	140	1.03
ESRC05	14	15	0.55	ESRC24	61	62	1.76	FNRR018	140	141	5.47
ESRC05	17	18	0.65	ESRC24	71	72	0.59	FNRR018	141	142	0.51
ESRC05	18	19	0.82	ESRC24	72	73	1.06	FNRR020	32	33	0.75
ESRC05	19	20	0.58	ESRC25	15	16	0.53	FNRR021	2	3	5.68
ESRC05	20	21	1.25	ESRC25	22	23	0.5	FNRR021	40	41	2.37
ESRC06	3	4	1.32	ESRC25	23	24	1.42	FNRR021	41	42	2.85
ESRC06	10	11	0.7	ESRC25	24	25	1.16	FNRR022	22	23	0.51
ESRC06	11	12	4.15	ESRC25	25	26	0.57	FNRR022	23	24	0.89
ESRC06	12	13	10.7	ESRC25	27	28	0.58	FNRR022	29	30	0.59
ESRC06	13	14	2.11	ESRC25	28	29	0.83	FNRR022	31	32	0.54
ESRC06	37	38	2.65	ESRC25	31	32	0.68	FNRR022	32	33	1.5
ESRC07	11	12	0.85	ESRC27	0	1	0.97	FNRR022	34	35	0.57
ESRC07	23	24	2.86	ESRC27	20	21	0.58	FNRR022	36	37	0.87
ESRC07	24	25	0.58	ESRC27	22	23	0.52	FNRR022	37	38	1.52
ESRC07	32	33	0.92	ESRC28	18	19	0.6	FNRR022	38	39	0.87
ESRC07	33	34	1.78	ESRC28	27	28	0.66	FNRR022	40	41	2
ESRC07	34	35	1.89	ESRC28	29	30	0.67	FNRR023	37	38	9.68
ESRC07	35	36	0.52	ESRC28	30	31	0.89	FNRR023	38	39	1.04
ESRC08	10	11	2.39	ESRC28	32	33	1.01	FNRR023	40	41	0.85
ESRC08	11	12	0.52	ESRC28	33	34	0.51	FNRR023	41	42	1.02
ESRC10	11	12	1.26	ESRC29	0	1	1.67	FNRR023	42	43	0.55
ESRC11	3	4	0.78	ESRC29	11	12	3.23	FNRR025	18	22	0.64
ESRC11	14	15	2.32	ESRC29	30	31	2	FNRR025	53	54	2.01
ESRC11	15	16	1.06	ESRC29	33	34	0.58	FNRR026	24	25	0.99
ESRC11	16	17	0.59	ESRC29	45	46	2.77	FNRR026	26	27	0.81

Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)	Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)	Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)
ESRC11	17	18	0.5	ESRC29	47	48	4.15	FNRRC027	12	16	0.7
ESRC11	18	19	0.66	ESRC29	56	57	1.66	FNRRC028	54	55	3.38
ESRC11	19	20	0.75	ESRC29	57	58	1	FNRRC028	55	56	2.89
ESRC11	20	21	0.63	ESRC29	59	60	1.93	FNRRC028	56	57	6.4
ESRC11	22	23	0.67	ESRC29	61	62	0.57	FNRRC028	57	58	1.69
ESRC11	23	24	1.41	ESRC29	73	74	0.64	FNRRC029	14	15	3.68
ESRC12	12	13	0.83	ESRC30	10	11	3.05	FNRRC029	24	25	4.73
ESRC13	4	5	0.78	ESRC30	11	12	0.59	FNRRC030	3	4	0.61
ESRC14	4	5	0.64	ESRC30	13	14	0.51	TLU001	34	36	0.56
ESRC14	29	30	1.55	ESRC30	14	15	1.17	TLU001	36	38	3.08
ESRC15	27	28	1.13	ESRC30	16	17	0.93	TLU001	66	68	0.89
ESRC15	28	29	1.89	ESRC30	17	18	2.31	TLU001	68	70	0.73
ESRC15	34	35	26.5	ESRC30	34	35	1.05	TLU002	14	16	0.99
ESRC15	38	39	0.6	ESRC31	0	1	1.04	TLU002	26	28	0.66
ESRC15	50	51	0.61	ESRC31	10	11	0.85	TLU002	44	46	0.88
ESRC15	51	52	3.14	ESRC32	30	31	0.77	TLU002	46	48	1.22
ESRC15	52	53	0.8	ESRC32	44	45	2.08	TLU002	76	78	1.06
ESRC16	25	26	8.33	ESRC32	45	46	2.54	TLU003	6	8	0.78
ESRC16	26	27	0.67	ESRC32	63	64	0.82	TLU003	140	142	0.77
ESRC16	45	46	1.55	ESRC32	71	72	3.84	TLU003	184	186	0.6
ESRC16	47	48	1.74	ESRC33	0	1	0.78	TLU004	0	2	1.04
ESRC16	48	49	2.14	ESRC33	42	43	4.26	TLU004	4	6	1.42
ESRC16	49	50	11.5	ESRC33	77	78	0.96	TLU004	8	10	4.95
ESRC16	50	51	3.32	ESRC33	78	79	4.91	TLU007	112	114	0.55
ESRC16	64	65	0.82	ESRC33	79	80	0.91	TLU007	116	118	0.55
ESRC16	72	73	0.91	ESRC33	83	84	0.88	TLU007	120	122	0.92
ESRC16	73	74	0.68	ESRC34	40	41	0.6	TLU007	124	126	0.68
ESRC17	0	1	1.27	ESRC34	41	42	13.55	TLU007	128	130	3.08
ESRC17	1	2	0.51	ESRC34	45	46	1.12	TLU007	130	132	0.64
ESRC17	13	14	2.25	ESRC34	46	47	0.95	TLU007	134	136	0.95
ESRC17	14	15	6.48	ESRC34	47	48	2.16	TLU008	76	78	0.96
ESRC17	15	16	0.82	ESRC35	44	46	0.6	TLU008	116	118	0.67
ESRC17	21	22	0.71	ESRC35	58	60	0.66	TLU010	40	42	0.88
ESRC17	24	25	0.53	ESRC35	68	69	0.61	TLU010	62	64	0.55
ESRC17	26	27	0.57	ESRC35	91	92	1.79	TLU010	64	66	0.57
ESRC17	32	33	3.6	ESRC38	32	33	0.96	WDH03	40	42	7.3
ESRC17	33	34	1.15	ESRC38	33	34	0.77	WDH03	42	44	0.67
ESRC17	34	35	2.62	FNRRC001	42	43	6.99	WDH03	60	62	2.36
ESRC17	35	36	0.65	FNRRC001	44	48	1.24	WDH04	2	4	1.6
ESRC17	40	41	0.59	FNRRC002	37	38	0.5	WDH04	4	6	0.58
ESRC17	45	46	0.61	FNRRC003	2	3	1.23	WDH04	6	8	1.4
ESRC17	55	56	0.65	FNRRC003	11	12	0.76	WDH04	10	12	6.5
ESRC17	56	57	0.58	FNRRC003	22	23	1.52	WDH05	32	34	2.69
ESRC17	57	58	1.02	FNRRC005	25	26	1	WDH07	0	2	0.53
ESRC17	68	69	0.57	FNRRC005	29	30	7.2	WDH07	6	8	0.5
ESRC18	0	1	5.62	FNRRC005	30	31	3.84	WDH07	14	16	0.52
ESRC18	4	5	1.18	FNRRC005	31	32	31.83	WDH07	20	22	0.99
ESRC18	16	17	0.53	FNRRC005	32	33	8.53	WDH37	39	40	0.9
ESRC18	20	21	5.7	FNRRC005	33	34	1.39	WDH37	119	120	0.6
ESRC18	21	22	0.77	FNRRC005	49	50	3.09	WDH37	196	197	0.63

Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)	Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)	Holename	From (m)	To (m)	Au (g/t)
ESRC18	24	25	2.52	FNRRC006	4	5	3.59	WDH37	235	236	0.56
ESRC18	25	26	0.8	FNRRC006	49	50	3.49	WDH38	59	60	1.05
ESRC18	29	30	0.54	FNRRC006	50	51	9.06	WDH38	69	70	0.57
ESRC18	32	33	0.96	FNRRC007	18	19	0.84	WDH41	4	5	1.32
ESRC18	33	34	0.63	FNRRC007	39	40	0.76	WDH41	74	75	2.03
ESRC19	0	1	1.03	FNRRC007	40	41	2.33	WDH41	75	76	3.98
ESRC19	1	2	0.64	FNRRC009	9	10	0.66	WDH41	76	77	1.02
ESRC19	2	3	0.61	FNRRC009	22	23	0.53	WDH41	106	107	0.56
ESRC19	11	12	0.51	FNRRC009	41	42	0.75	WDH41	108	109	2.01
ESRC19	12	13	1.3	FNRRC010	0	1	2.59	WDH41	109	110	2.73
ESRC19	13	14	3.04	FNRRC010	4	5	5.7	WDH63	8	10	0.58
ESRC19	14	15	3.53	FNRRC010	7	8	0.79	WDH64	14	16	0.54
ESRC19	15	16	3.36	FNRRC010	14	15	0.72	WDH64	20	22	11
ESRC19	16	17	12.7	FNRRC010	15	16	2.37	WDH65	22	24	0.75
ESRC19	17	18	5.62	FNRRC010	16	17	12.12	WDH66	14	16	0.65
ESRC19	18	19	0.8	FNRRC010	17	18	7.79	WDH70	0	2	0.66
ESRC19	23	24	0.56	FNRRC010	18	19	7.52	WDH71	2	4	6.4
ESRC19	25	26	0.73	FNRRC010	19	20	0.61	WDH71	4	6	12.6
ESRC19	38	39	0.71	FNRRC010	35	36	0.55	WDH71	8	10	0.98
ESRC19	39	40	3.41	FNRRC010	36	37	6.08	WDH71	24	26	0.6
ESRC19	40	41	12.1	FNRRC010	37	38	2.3	WDH71	26	28	0.69
ESRC19	41	42	2.1	FNRRC010	40	41	0.85	WDH71	28	30	0.72
ESRC19	42	43	0.5	FNRRC010	41	42	1.02				
ESRC19	43	44	3.92	FNRRC010	42	43	0.55				