

ABN: 50 164 718 361

# APPENDIX 4G CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Rules 4.7.3 and 4.10.31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX.

## Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

#### Name of entity:

ASSET VISION CO LIMITED

ABN / ARBN:

50 164 718 361

Financial year ended:

30 June 2024

Our corporate governance statement<sup>2</sup> for the above period above can be found at:<sup>3</sup>

- □ These pages of our annual report:
- This URL on our website: <u>Corporate-Governance-Statement-August-2024.pdf</u> (assetvision.com.au)

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 23 August 2024 and has been approved by the Board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.

Date: 23 August 2024

Vesna Jelesic Company Secretary

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

<sup>2</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

<sup>3</sup> Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection.

#### ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

	Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Governance Council recommendationWe have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosedWe have the whole of the period above.					
	PRIN	RINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT						
	1.1	<ul> <li>A listed entity should disclose:</li> <li>(a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and</li> <li>(b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.</li> </ul>	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				
	1.2	<ul> <li>A listed entity should:</li> <li>(a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and</li> <li>(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.</li> </ul>	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				
)	1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				
	1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				

<sup>4</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corp	orate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$		
1.5	<ul> <li>A listed entity should:</li> <li>(a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;</li> <li>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</li> <li>(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either:</li> <li>(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</li> <li>(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Act, the entity's a defined in and published under that Act.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li> the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a):</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and a copy of our diversity policy or a summary of it:</li> <li>☑ <u>Diversity-policy-August-2024.pdf</u> (assetvision.com.au)</li> <li> and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2):</li> <li>□ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>		
1.6	<ul> <li>A listed entity should:</li> <li>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</li> <li>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li> the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and the information referred to in paragraph (b):</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>		

Cor	oorate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed …	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
1.7	<ul> <li>A listed entity should:</li> <li>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and</li> <li>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>and the information referred to in paragraph (b):</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Co	orporate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$			
PF	NCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE					
2. ) ) ) ) ) )	<ul> <li>(a) have a nomination committee which:</li> <li>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</li> <li>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</li> <li>(3) the charter of the committee;</li> <li>(4) the members of the committee; and</li> <li>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those</li> </ul>	and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☑ in our Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, located at <u>Remuneration-and-nomination-committee-charter-</u> <u>August-2024.pdf (assetvision.com.au)</u> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in: Principle 2 of our Corporate Governance Statement and in our Directors' Report (and the accompanying 'Board and Committee meeting attendance' section) in the 2024 Asset Vision Co Limited Annual Report.	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement			
2.2	2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>			

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed …	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$				
2.3	<ul> <li>A listed entity should disclose:</li> <li>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</li> <li>(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</li> <li>(c) the length of service of each director.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li> the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors:</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and the length of service of each director:</li> <li>in our Directors' Report – 2024 Annual Report</li> </ul>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement				
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				
PRINC	PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY						
3.1	<ul> <li>A listed entity should:</li> <li>(a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and</li> <li>(b) disclose that code or a summary of it.</li> </ul>	our code of conduct or a summary of it: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>				

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$	
PRINC	CIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE R	PORTING		
4.1	<ul> <li>The board of a listed entity should: <ul> <li>(a) have an audit committee which:</li> <li>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</li> <li>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:</li> <li>(3) the charter of the committee;</li> <li>(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</li> <li>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li> and a copy of the charter of the committee:</li> <li> <ul> <li>Audit-and-risk-management-committee-charter-August-2024.pdf (assetvision.com.au)</li> <li> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):</li> <li>In our Directors' Report – 2024 Annual Report</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	An explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Charter, located at <u>Corporate-Governance-Statement-August-2024.pdf</u> <u>(assetvision.com.au)</u>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed …	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full the whole of the period above. We have disclosed .
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
PRINC	IPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSUF	RE	
5.1	<ul> <li>A listed entity should:</li> <li>(a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and</li> <li>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li> our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summa it:</li> <li>at <u>Continuous-disclosure-and-external- communications-policy-August-2024.pdf</u> (assetvision.com.au)</li> </ul>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINC	IPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLD	ERS	
3.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
		the fact that we follow this recommendation:	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	nance Council recommendation We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	
PRINC	CIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK	·	
7.1	<ul> <li>The board of a listed entity should:</li> <li>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: <ul> <li>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</li> <li>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</li> <li>(3) the charter of the committee;</li> <li>(4) the members of the committee; and</li> <li>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li> and a copy of the charter of the committee:</li> <li>at <u>Audit-and-risk-management-committee-charter-August-2024.pdf (assetvision.com.au)</u></li> <li> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):</li> <li>in our Directors' Report – 2024 Annual Report</li> <li>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</li> <li> the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework:</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	☑ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	<ul> <li>The board or a committee of the board should:</li> <li>(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and</li> <li>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li> the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound:</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G:</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

	Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$	
	7.3	<ul> <li>A listed entity should disclose:</li> <li>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</li> <li>(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</li> <li> the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes:</li> <li>In our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	☑ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	
)	7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	<ul> <li>whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks:</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	

		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full the whole of the period above. We have disclosed .	
		·		
8.1	<ul> <li>The board of a listed entity should:</li> <li>(a) have a remuneration committee which: <ul> <li>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</li> <li>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</li> <li>(3) the charter of the committee;</li> <li>(4) the members of the committee; and</li> <li>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li> and a copy of the charter of the committee:</li> <li>         At <u>Remuneration-and-nomination-committee-charter-August-2024.pdf (assetvision.com.au)</u> </li> <li> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):</li> <li>         In our Directors' Report – 2024 Annual Report     </li> </ul>	☑ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non- executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	<ul> <li> separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives:</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>	
3.3	<ul> <li>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</li> <li>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</li> <li>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</li> </ul>	our policy on this issue or a summary of it: ⊠ at <u>Corporate-Governance-Statement-August-</u> <u>2024.pdf (assetvision.com.au)</u>	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>	



Asset Vision Co Limited ACN 164 718 361 (Company)

Last reviewed and adopted by the Board on 22 August 2024

Asset Vision Co Limited (the Company) and the Board are committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board continues to review the framework and practices to ensure they meet the interests of shareholders. The Company and its controlled entities together are referred to as the group in this statement.

A description of the Company's main corporate governance practices is set out below. The Board has assessed the Company's current practice against the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendation guidelines.

#### Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the group.

The role of the Board and delegation to management has been formalised in the Corporate Governance Charter which outlines the main corporate governance practices in place for the group and to which the Board and each director are committed. The conduct of the Board is also governed by the Constitution, and where there is inconsistency with that document, the Constitution prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.

The Charter will be reviewed and amended from time to time as appropriate taking into consideration practical experience gained in operating as a listed company.

The Board's broad function is to:

- Chart strategy and set financial targets for the group.
- Monitor the implementation and execution of strategy and performance against financial targets.
- Appoint and oversee the performance of executive management.
- Generally take an effective leadership role in relation to the group.

In appointing directors to the Board, potential candidates are to undergo appropriate checks as to the person's character, experience, education, criminal record, and bankruptcy history. Shareholders are provided with all material information in the Company's possession relevant to a decision on whether to elect or re-elect a director. The terms and conditions of the appointment of all new members of the Board must be specified in a letter of appointment.

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

The Chairman, with assistance from the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, assesses the performance of directors and senior executives annually. The Chairman's performance is assessed by the other directors.

The Charter is available on the group's website at <u>www.assetvision.com.au/investors</u>.

#### **Gender Diversity**

The Company has developed and adopted a Diversity Policy which requires the directors to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity. As at 22 August 2024, the gender diversity and aspirations were summarised in the table below:

Group	FY21 Actual % of Women	FY22 Actual % of Women	FY23 Actual % of Women	FY24 Actual % of Women	FY25 Target % of Women
Directors	50%	50%	25%	0%	25%
Executive Management Team	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%
Senior Management	25%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total Workforce	35%	13%	13%	13%	20%

The Diversity Policy is available on the group's website.

The Company considers it has measures in place for equal access and remuneration for positions.

#### Principle 2 – Structure the Board to add value

The group has a four-member Board, of which half is independent. Together, the directors have a broad range of experience, expertise, skills, qualifications, and contacts relevant to the group and its business.

The Chairman, Luke Donnellan, is an independent non-executive director as is Peter Borden. The group's Co-CEOs and executive directors, Lucas Murtagh and Damian Smith are not the same individual as the Chairman and are not independent. The Board considers that the technical skills, qualifications, and experience represented by the involvement of these members are suited to the effective discharge of the responsibilities of the committee. The Company does not consider that any further value will be added by the inclusion of another independent non-executive member (to make the majority independent, as recommended by the Corporate Governance Council), particularly given the small size of the Asset Vision Board.

The group has established charter rules for the Remuneration and Nomination Committee as a guide for Board deliberations. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is available on the group's website.

A director is considered independent when they substantially satisfy the test for independence as set out in applicable laws, rules, and regulations (including the ASX Corporate Governance Recommendations).

The Board has undertaken a review of the mix of skills and experience on the Board in light of the group's principal activities and direction and has considered diversity in succession planning. The Board considers the current mix of skills and experience of members of the Board and senior management is sufficient to meet the requirements of the group.

Directors are provided with (1) proper information in relation to the Company and any group company before accepting appointment, and a proper induction course on accepting appointment and (2) access to continuing education in relation to the Company extending to its business, the industry in which it operates, and generally information required by them to discharge the responsibilities of their office.

The Company has disclosed full details of its directors in the Annual Report. The number of meetings of the Board and each Committee is detailed in the Company's Directors' Report, contained within

the Annual Report each year. Other disclosure material on the structure of the Board is available on the group's website.

#### Principle 3 – Promote ethical and responsible decision making

The group has adopted a code of conduct, within the Corporate Governance Charter. This code sets out a framework to enable directors to achieve the highest possible standards in the discharge of their duties and to give a clear understanding of best practice in corporate governance.

In addition, a code of conduct for employees has been implemented which provides the framework of principles for conducting business and dealing with other employees, clients and suppliers. It also affirms the group's belief in responsible social and ethical behaviour from all employees.

### Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

The group has established an Audit and Risk Management Committee to assist and report to the Board.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee consists of Peter Borden, Luke Donellan and Lucas Murtagh and is chaired by Peter Borden. The Board considers that the technical skills, qualifications, and experience represented by the involvement of these members are suited to the effective discharge of the responsibilities of the committee.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee is not currently chaired by a person who is Chairman of the Board. The Chair of the Committee is an independent non-executive director. The Board considers the skills and experience of the current Chair to be most suited to this role. Two members of the committee are independent non-executive directors, and the other member is not an independent director.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee has a formal charter and is available on the group's website.

The external auditors will be requested to attend the AGM and be available to answer questions by shareholders on the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the audit report.

# Principles 5 & 6 – Make timely and balanced disclosure and respect the right of shareholders

The Company has a continuous disclosure policy which is designed to ensure that all material matters are appropriately disclosed in a balanced and timely manner and in accordance with the requirements of the ASX Listing Rules.

The Company has adopted a shareholder communications policy. The group aims to ensure that all shareholders are well informed of all major developments affecting the group and that the full participation by shareholders at the group's AGM is facilitated. The Company encourages face-to-face participation at AGM's and shareholders have the option to receive communications from and send communications to the Company, and its security register, electronically. Details are available on the Company's website.

The Continuous Disclosure and External Communications Policy is available on the group'swebsite.

#### Principle 7 - Recognise and manage risk

The Corporate Governance Charter and the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter sets out processes and policies for the management of risk in the Company's business. The Board must evaluate risks regularly and consider corrective action.

The Corporate Governance Charter and the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter empowers the Audit and Risk Management Committee to support the group's business risk strategy.

The Board is responsible for the oversight and management of risk, including the identification of material business risks on an ongoing basis and will be assisted by the Audit and Risk Management Committee where required.

Management is responsible for establishing procedures to provide assurance to the Board that major business risks are identified, consistently assessed, and appropriately addressed. The Company does not currently have any material exposure to economic, environmental, or social sustainability risks. The management team regularly report risks, at least annually, to the Board.

The Company does not have an internal audit function due to the small size and minimal geographical spread of the group as well as a reasonably low level of complexity involved in systems and processes. This requirement will be reviewed by the Board annually.

The group's code of conduct requires the CEO and CFO to provide a statement to the Board with any financial report to the effect that the group's risk management and internal compliance and control systems are operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

### Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

The Board has established a Remuneration and Nomination Committee to assist the Board to discharge its responsibilities in relation to remuneration and issues relevant to remuneration policies and practices, including those for senior management and non-executive directors.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee consists of Luke Donnellan, Peter Borden, Lucas Murtagh and Damian Smith and is chaired by Luke Donnellan. The role of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is set out in this Committee's charter.

The group has adopted a remuneration policy which complies with the guidelines for executive remuneration packages and non-executive director remuneration. The group also has a Code of Conduct for Transactions in Securities that applies to directors and relevant employees.

No senior executive is involved directly in deciding their own remuneration.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter and remuneration policy are available on the group's website.

Specific details on remuneration and incentive arrangements are detailed in the Remuneration Report contained within in the Directors' Report of the group's Annual Report.

# About Asset Vision Co Limited

We own the Asset Vision software which is an advanced asset and works management system with native GIS / spatial capabilities, used by asset owners (government and enterprise) and contractors to streamline the delivery of critical maintenance contracts globally.

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