Estelle Gold Project

Developing North America's next major mineral trend in Alaska





Disclaimers



Genera

This presentation has been prepared by Nova Minerals Ltd (ACN 006 690 348) (Company) based on information from its own and third party sources and is not a disclosure document. No party other than the Company has authorised or caused the issue, lodgement, submission, dispatch or provision of this presentation, or takes any responsibility for, or makes or purports to make any statements, representations or undertakings in this presentation. Except for any liability that cannot be excluded by law, the Company and its related bodies corporate, directors, employees, servants, advisers and agents disclaim and accept no responsibility or liability for any expenses, losses, damages or costs incurred by you relating in any way to this presentation including, without limitation, the information contained in or provided in connection with it, any errors or omissions from it however caused, lack of accuracy, completeness, currency or reliability or you or any other person placing any reliance on this presentation, its accuracy, completeness, currency or reliability. This presentation is not a prospectus, disclosure document or other offering document under Australian law or under any other law. It is provided for information purposes and is not an invitation nor offer of shares or recommendation for subscription, purchase or sale in any jurisdiction. This presentation does not purport to contain all the information that a prospective investor may require in connection with any potential investment in the Company. Each recipient must make its own independent assessment of the Company before acquiring any shares in the Company (Shares).

This presentation may not be released to US wire services or distributed in the United States. Shares have not been, and will not be, registered under the US Securities Act of 1933 and may not be offered or sold in the United States except in transactions exempt from, or not subject to, the registration requirements of the US Securities Act and applicable US state securities laws. The distribution of this presentation in the United States and elsewhere outside Australia may be restricted by law. Persons who come into possession of this presentation should observe any such restrictions as any non-compliance could contravene applicable securities laws.

Not Investment Advice

Each recipient of the presentation should make its own enquiries and investigations regarding all information in this presentation including but not limited to the assumptions, uncertainties and contingencies which may affect future operations of the Company and the impact that different future outcomes might have on the Company. Information in this presentation is not intended to be relied upon as advice to investors or potential investors and has been prepared without taking account of any person's individual investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs. Before making an investment decision, prospective investors should consider the appropriateness of the information having regard to their own investment objectives, financial situation and needs and seek legal, accounting and taxation advice appropriate to their jurisdiction. The Company is not licensed to provide financial product advice in respect of its securities.

Forward Looking Statements

This document contains forward looking statements concerning the Company. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact, and actual events and results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties and contingencies. Many factors could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking information provided by the Company, or on behalf of the Company. Such factors include, among other things, risks relating to additional funding requirements, metal prices, exploration, development and operating risks, competition, production risks, regulatory restrictions, including environmental regulation and liability and potential title disputes. Forward looking statements in this document are based on the Company's beliefs, opinions and estimates of the Company as of the dates the forward-looking statements are made, and no obligation is assumed to update forward looking statements if these beliefs, opinions and estimates should change or to reflect other future developments. Although management believes that the assumptions made by the Company and the expectations represented by such information are reasonable, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking information will prove to be accurate.

Forward-looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Such factors include, among others, the actual market price of commodities, the actual results of future exploration, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be evaluated, as well as those factors disclosed in the Company's publicly filed documents. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking information, except in accordance with applicable securities laws. No representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is given or made by the Company that the occurrence of the events expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements in this presentation will actually occur.

JORC Code

It is a requirement of the ASX Listing Rules that the reporting of ore reserves and mineral resources in Australia comply with the Joint Ore Reserves Committee's Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code). Investors outside Australia should note that while ore reserve and mineral resource estimates of the Company in this document comply with the JORC Code (such JORC Code-compliant ore reserves and mineral resources being "Ore Reserves" and "Mineral Resources" respectively), they may not comply with the relevant guidelines in other countries and, in particular, may not comply with (i) National Instrument 43-101 (Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects) of the Canadian Securities Administrators (the "Canadian NI 43-101 Standards"); or (ii) Item 1300 of Regulation S-K, which governs disclosures of mineral reserves in registration statements filed with the SEC. Information contained in this document describing mineral deposits may not be comparable to similar information made public by companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of Canadian or US securities laws.

Compliance Statements

This Presentation contains references to Mineral Resource Estimates extracted from the Company's ASX announcement dated11 April 2023, titled "Estelle Global Gold MRE Increases to 9.9 Moz Au" (refer Appendix 1). References in this presentation to exploration results have been extracted from the Company's ASX announcements as noted on the relevant pages of this presentation. Nova confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original announcements and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Persons' findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

Investment Risk

There are a number of risks specific to the Company and of a general nature which may affect the future operating and financial performance of the Company and the value of an investment in the Company, including and not limited to the Company's capital requirements, the potential for shareholders to be diluted, risks associated with the reporting of resources estimates, budget risks, risks associated with the COVID-19 pandemic and operational risk. An investment in Shares is subject to known and unknown risks, some of which are beyond the control of the Company. The Company does not guarantee any particular rate of return or the performance of the Company.

Financial Data

All dollar values are in Australian dollars (A\$ or AUD) unless otherwise stated. The information contained in this Presentation may not necessarily be in statutory format. Amounts, totals and change percentages are calculated on whole numbers and not the rounded amounts presented

This announcement has been authorized for release by the Executive Directors

The Estelle Gold Project (85% Owned)

A World Class Asset in Alaska with Significant Upside





Jurisdiction

Alaska, USA State of Alaska mining claims, streamlined permitting process



District Scale

513km² (200 sq miles) 35km long mineralized corridor



Long Term Project

Decades of potential production with over 20 known prospects



Target Minerals

Gold, copper & silver Antimony & other critical minerals



Advanced Project

Open pit truck & shovel Environmental & feasibility Estelle Gold Project • studies commenced



Infrastructure

80-person camp, 4,000ft airstrip, sample lab, road & power projects underway



Robust Economics

NPV_{5%} US\$654m (@ gold price of US\$1,850) **IRR 53%** Payback <1 year



Multiple Resources

Large IRGS deposits 9.9 Moz Au with 3.4 Moz Au Measured & Indicated



90,000m Drilling

World class, thick, high-grade intercepts from surface

Alaska - Tier 1 Mining Region

Close to Anchorage with Infrastructure Solutions in Place



Location

- Located on State of Alaska public lands, 150km northwest of Anchorage
 513km² of unpatented mining claims
- Alaska has a streamlined permitting process
- The Estelle Gold Project is fully permitted for exploration

Access

- Short flight from Anchorage or Willow to an all-season air strip
- Winter trail used to transport large and heavy equipment
- Proposed West Susitna Access Road has considerable government and community support
 - All weather road that will link the project to port, rail and road
 - _o 1st part of the road included in the DoT plan to break ground in 2025
 - AIDEA progressing the remaining portion of the road with studies for permitting to be completed in 2024

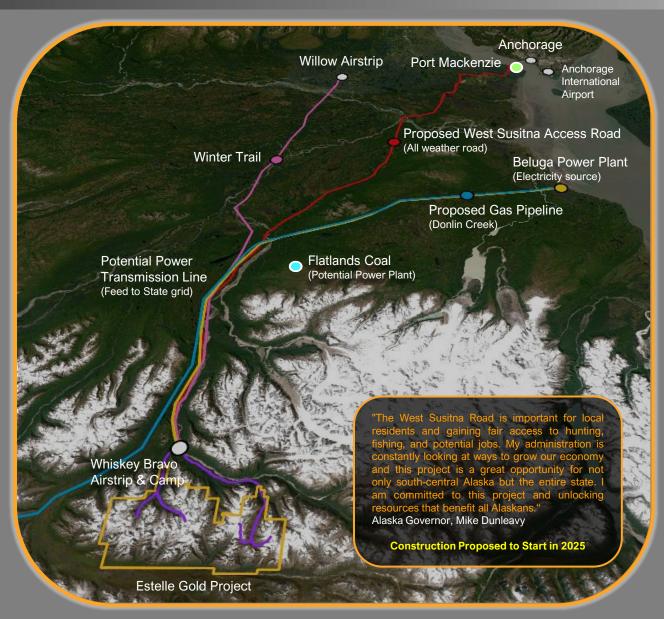
Facilities

- 80 person fully winterized camp
- Onsite sample processing facility
- 4,000 foot all season airstrip which can facilitate large capacity DC3 aircraft

Power – Numerous Options Being Investigated for the PFS

- Link to the state grid or proposed Flatlands Coal power plant

 Offtake from the proposed Donlin gas pipeline
- Diesel generators
 - Micro-nuclear reactor



Nova Minerals Snapshot (As of 22 March 2024 in AUD)



Share Price

\$0.28

52 week high \$0.51, low \$0.22

Shares on Issue

210.9M

Options

30.2M

Various strike prices & expiry dates

Performance Rights

2.4M

Various hurdles

Market Capitalisation

\$59M

Cash & Equivalents

~\$15M

Cash AUD\$6.2M + Listed Investments Snow Lake Resources 6.6M shares @ USD\$0.84 = USD\$5.5M = AUD\$8.5M Asra Minerals 117.3M shares @ \$0.005 = AUD\$0.6M.

Cash as at 31/12/2023 and prices as at 22/3/2024. USD amounts converted at 0.65

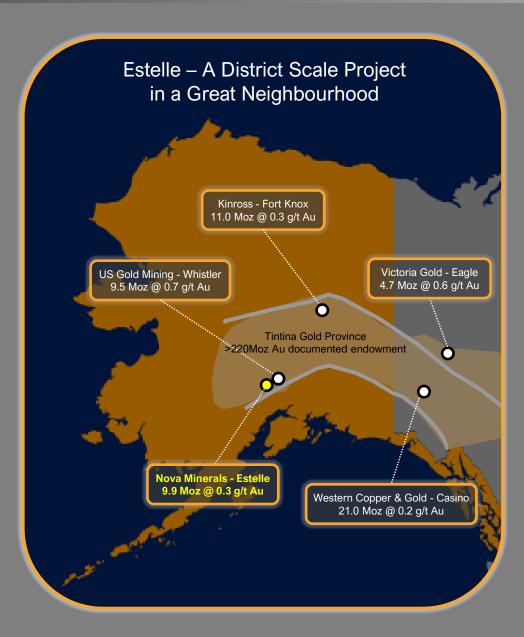
Debt

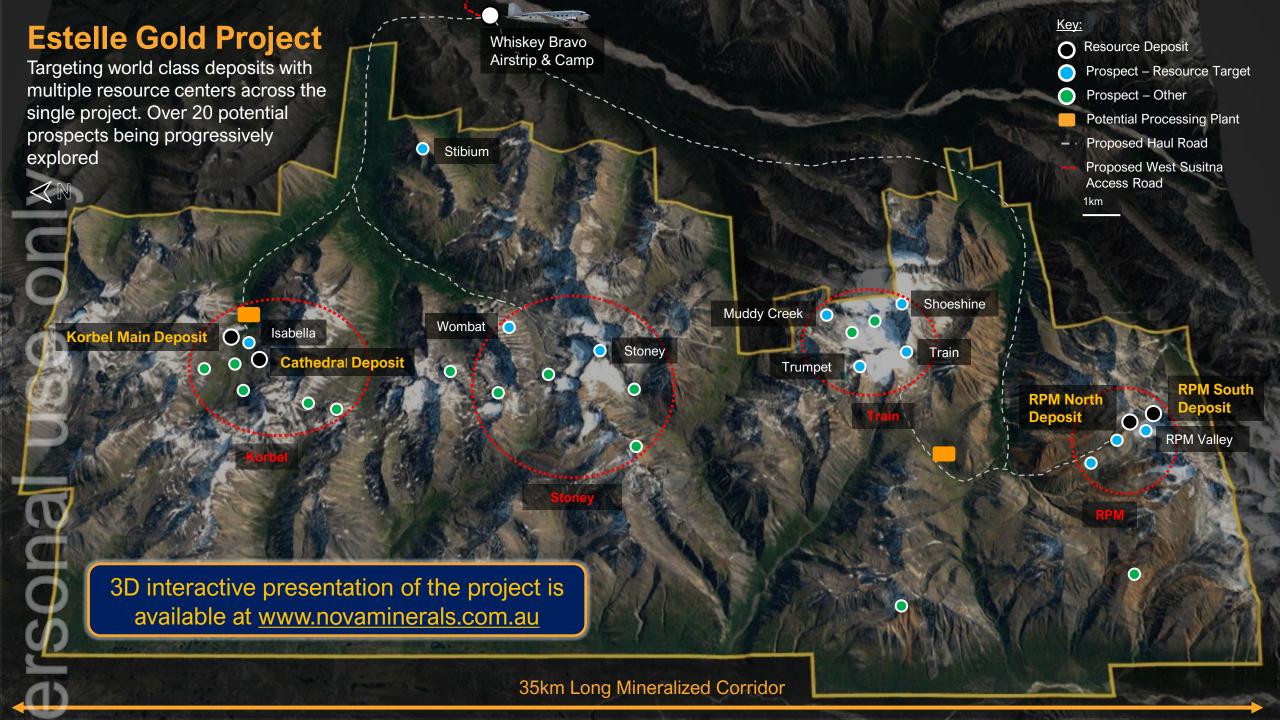
\$8.3M

Nebari 1st tranche convertible facility draw down

Shareholder Summary

- Board & Management 14%
- Institutions 23%
- Nebari Gold Fund 2%
- Top 50 Holders 51%





RPM

High-Grade Resource Starter Pit – 1.0km L x 0.9km W x 0.6 km D



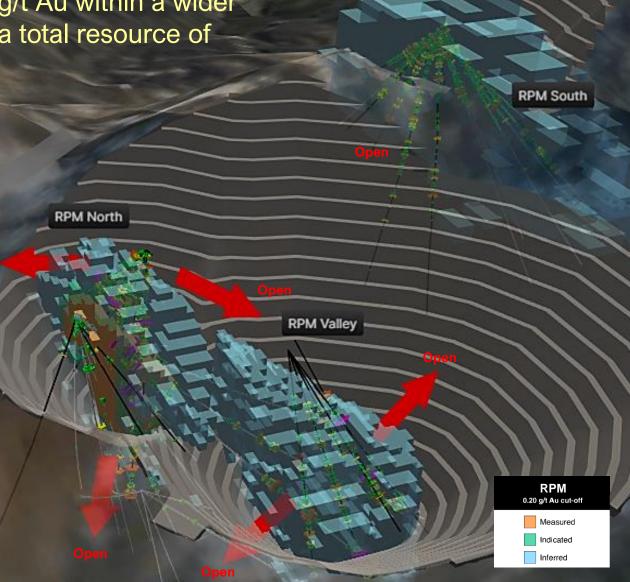
Super high-grade Measure core of 180 Koz @ 4.1 g/t Au within a wider high-grade M&I Core of 340 Koz @ 2.3 g/t Au and a total resource of

1.24 Moz @ 0.6 g/t Au from Surface

- RPM North RPM Valley
- RPM South

Geological indications show all 3 areas are potentially genetically linked

- 6,600m (29 holes) from the 2023 drilling not included in the current MRE
 - Numerous holes drilled outside the current MRE model
 - Close spaced drilling expected to increase the M&I categories for the PFS
- All deposits from surface and remain open
- Current PFS test work indicates the pit slope angles can potentially be increased > 50 degrees
 - PFS test work also investigating the potential to heap leach the lower grade ore from RPM with agglomeration
 - Loaded trucks with downhill hauls
 - Drilling at RPM in 2024 to focus on growing and proving up the measured and indicated resource to ore reserves for the PFS



RPM

World Class Thick High-Grade Gold Drill Intercepts



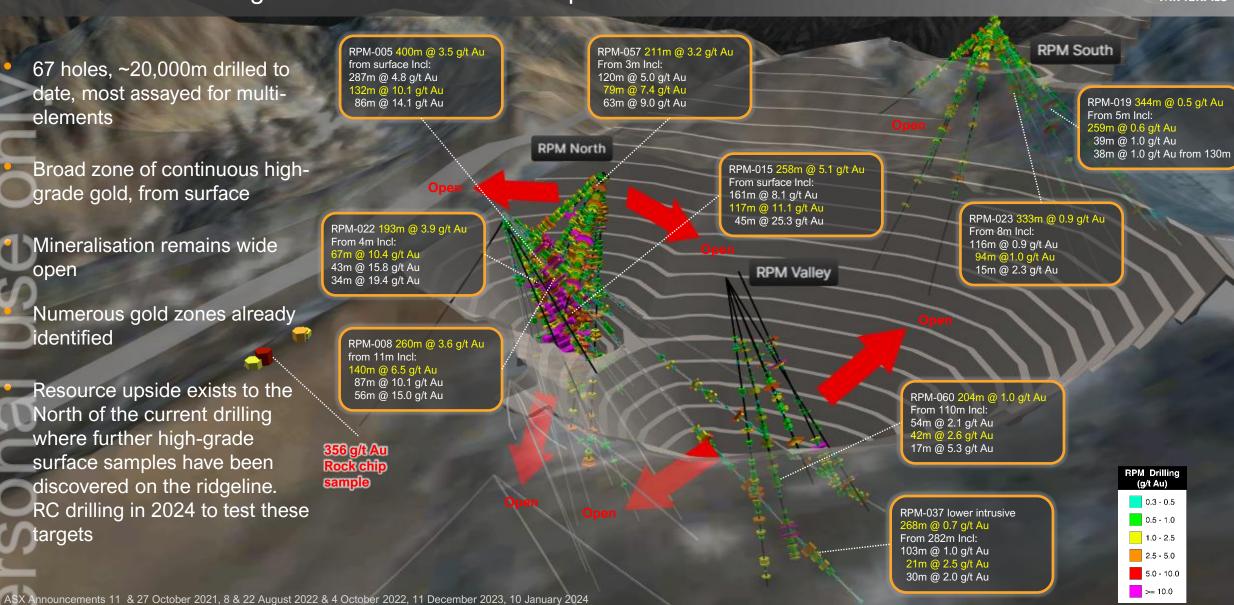
67 holes, ~20,000m drilled to date, most assayed for multielements

Broad zone of continuous highgrade gold, from surface

Mineralisation remains wide open

Numerous gold zones already identified

Resource upside exists to the North of the current drilling where further high-grade surface samples have been discovered on the ridgeline. RC drilling in 2024 to test these targets



Korbel

Bulk Tonnage Gold



Proposed Estelle central processing plant

8.65 Moz @ 0.3 g/t Au, Including 3.09 Moz @ 0.3 g/t Au Indicated from surface, with ~1.0 Moz in a high-grade feeder system

Korbel Main Cathedral

550m apart with the potential to be genetically linked

2.5km L x 0.5km W X 0.5km D

Korbel Main

- All deposits from surface and remain open, with a low strip ratio
 - Current PFS test work indicates the pit slope angles can potentially be increased > 50 degrees
- PFS test work also investigating the potential to heap leach the ore using agglomeration (See heap leach slide)
- Cathedral has indications for higher grade "blow out" zones within the core of the mineralization above the current drill results
- Environmental studies at an advanced stage
- Proposed site for the Estelle central processing plant

~1.0 Moz high-grade feeder system

Korbel & Cathedral
0.15 g/t Au cut-off
Indicated
Inferred

Cathedral

0.8km L x 0.4km W

Korbel

Bulk Tonnage Gold with Thick Intercepts from Surface



114 g/t Au

- 214 holes, ~70,000m drilled to date
- Mineralization remains wide open

Korbel Main

Resource upside potential with:

- High-grade rock chips at Cathedral defining a high priority drill target
- Size & scale of Cathedral mirrors Korbel Main
- 6 other exciting untested prospects in the Korbel area

KBDH-072 308m @ 0.7 g/t Au from surface Incl: 113m @ 1.0 g/t Au 49m @ 1.5 g/t Au 21m @ 2.5 g/t Au

CTDD-003B 269m @ 0.4 g/t Au from 168m Incl:

98 g/t Au

37 g/t Au

Cathedral

70m @ 0.6 g/t Au 3m @ 2.7 g/t Au

KBDH-012 429m @ 0.6 g/t Au from 3m Incl: 101m @ 1.3 g/t Au 82m @ 1.5 g/t Au

30m @ 2.4 g/t Au

Korbel

Korbel Potential
Processing Plant

Korbel You Béauty
Main Deposit

Blockste & D

Isabella

Sweet Jenny

KBDH-024 549m @ 0.3 g/t Au from 3m Incl: 97m @ 0.8 g/t Au 15m @ 2.3 g/t Au 3m @ 8.2 g/t Au KBDH-081 277m @ 0.5 g/t Au from 3m Incl: 94m @ 1.0 g/t Au 30m @ 1.9 g/t Au 9m @ 4.4 g/t Au

CTDD-001 354m @ 0.3 g/t Au from 104m Incl: 11m @ 1.1 g/t Au

(g/t Au)

0.1 - 0.3

0.3 - 0.5

0.5 - 0.7

ASX Announcements 19 August 2020, 1 December 2020, 6 June 2021, 19 July 2021, 7 October 2021, 23 December 2021 & 28 February 2022

Characteristics of Bulk Tonnage Mines

Geology and Geometry Come First



- Thick drill intercepts > 100m, and often at lower average grades
- Mineralization at surface with low strip ratios
- Large tonnage moved, but a large proportion of the material is ore, meaning less waste
- Open pit operations using conventional truck and shovel mining methods
- A central processing plant proximal to the ore source requiring short haul distance
- Often include heap leach process circuit for lower cost gold recovery

 Typically produce > 100,000 g/t Au per year at lower AISC's
 - Kinross Gold Corp Fort Knox mine and Victoria Gold Corp Eagle mine, are good examples of highly profitable low grade bulk tonnage mining operations

Proposed Estelle Bulk Tonnage Gold Operation

The mineralized bodies found across the Estelle gold district, are similar in grade, deposit type, style of mineralization, and tonnage potential, to the Fort Knox and Eagle deposits. The Estelle Gold Project has a current resource of 9.9 Moz @ 0.3 g/t Au, and the scoping study showed that Korbel and RPM can support large, bulk tonnage and high-grade open pit mining operations, with ideal ore body geometry over the 17+ year LOM, using a conventional truck and shovel mining method and mill operation. As part of the current PFS level studies, heap leach agglomeration is also being tested for suitability to the ore bodies to potentially lower costs further

Kinross Gold Corp - Fort Knox Gold Mine

The Fort Knox gold mine, owned by Kinross Gold Corp, is a highly profitable, large scale bulk tonnage open-pit gold mine, located near the city of Fairbanks, Alaska. It is mined by conventional open-pit methods, with ore processed at a mill and heap leach facility. Currently Fort Knox has a remaining resource of 1.9 Moz @ 0.3 g/t Au, having already mined over 9.1 Moz over 27 years, including 290,651 ounces of gold in 2023 at an AISC of US\$1,195 oz.

Victoria Gold Corp - Eagle Gold Mine

The Eagle gold mine, owned by Victoria Gold Corp, is the Yukon's newest and biggest gold mine, and comprises of an open pit operation with a three-stage crushing plant, in-valley heap leach and carbon-in-leach adsorption-desorption gold recovery plant. In 2023, Eagle produced 166,730 ounces of gold at an AISC of US\$1,488 oz, and an EBITDA of CAD\$142m. Eagle has a current resource of 4.1 Moz @ 0.63 g/t Au.

Strategic Review Outcomes - Near Term Project Upside



Material Opportunities Identified which could Significantly Improve the Project Economics

Opportunity	Details	Action					
Heap Leach Processing Option	Heap leaching is a well-proven gold recovery method which potentially captures 100's of millions of tons of lower grade material, which in the current flowsheet is waste. Heap leach will potentially recover gold from this material at lower capital and operating costs.	METS Engineering identified that the crush sizes used in the previous test work were too coarse. Consequently, current test work using a finer crushing on bulk samples from Korbel and RPM sent to Perth has commenced and is looking at various heap leaching options, including agglomeration, and alternative leach reagents, with results expected in the 2 nd half of 2024. Early-stage indications look positive with this test work also identified as being very important in discussions with potential partners.					
PFS Level Ore Sorting Test Work and Optimization	The early rejection of waste material before milling through ore sorting, reduces the mill size, material handling requirements, overall operational expenses and the volume of tailings produced. Lower grade material rejected by the ore sorters can be routed for heap leaching.	Steinert to test ore sorting on medium grade material to produce a very high-grade concentrate (up to 6 g/t Au) potentially requiring a smaller milling circuit which would significantly reduce CAPEX and OPEX. Lower grade ore sort reject material will be routed to heap leach for gold recovery, increasing overall gold production. Steinert ore sorters can employ multiple sensors, including, XRT density, colour, laser, and induction., which will also be tested on ores from both Korbel and RPM. Early-stage discussions with potential partners and funders has shown the need to demonstrate the capabilities of ore sorting on a larger scale. A bulk, up to 200 kt, pilot scale ore sort test program is currently being planned.					
Multi-Element Bi- Product Potential	The review identified highly elevated concentrations of Silver, Copper, Antimony and other Critical Minerals, and the potential for significant biproduct credits in any future mining scenarios.	Going forward multi-element analysis will be incorporated in all exploration and resource sampling. Review of all existing sample and drill data where multi-element analysis has already been undertaken. Test samples from several Korbel drill holes, which were not previously analysed for multi-elements, are being sent to ALS for comprehensive analysis of all elements. Scoping level metallurgical studies on antimony and critical minerals processing in the flow sheet has also commenced.					

Strategic Review Outcomes - Near Term Project Upside



Material Opportunities Identified which could Significantly Improve the Project Economics

Opportunity Action Details Nova is currently investigating a potential small-scale starter mine for antimony and other CM at the Stibium prospect for US domestic supply and potential early cashflow. In addition, the Company is also evaluating different review identified the approaches to upgrade the downstream processes of antimony and CM to importance of antimony and secure the supply chain for the US. other CM, coincident with the gold, recently discovered in Nova CEO, Christopher Gerteisen, accompanied by Nova's corporate surface sampling at numerous advisors, has visited both Washington DC, Alaska's state capital Juneau, and **Antimony and** prospects across the project attended conferences to meet with various federal and state government Gold-Antimony-CM departments and bodies to discuss the lack of a domestic antimony and CM **Other Critical** Stibium, supply chain in the US, and present Nova as a potential partner to supply prospects. eg: Minerals (CM) these CM. The company is actively pursuing grant opportunities to progress present a potential near term cashflow opportunity through development of its antimony and CM resources at Estelle. **Potential Grants**, scale production. small **Early Production,** These trips were very productive in highlighting the potential at Estelle and Significant interest from the building strong relationships with relevant government agencies. The US federal government to and Sales University of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF), a grantee under the Department of US domestic secure Energy (DoE) CORE CM program is tasked with commercializing CM in supply chains provides the Alaska with the Estelle Project now included as a partner in the program. The potential for grants and early State of Alaska House Bill No.122 provides AIDEA authority to issue up to sales which the company is US\$300M in bonds to finance critical minerals related projects in Alaska, actively pursuing. including projects along the proposed West Susitna Access Road. Refer CS for House Bill No 122 (TRA) https://www.akleg.gov/PDF/33/Bills/HB0122B.PDF

Strategic Review Outcomes - Near Term Project Upside



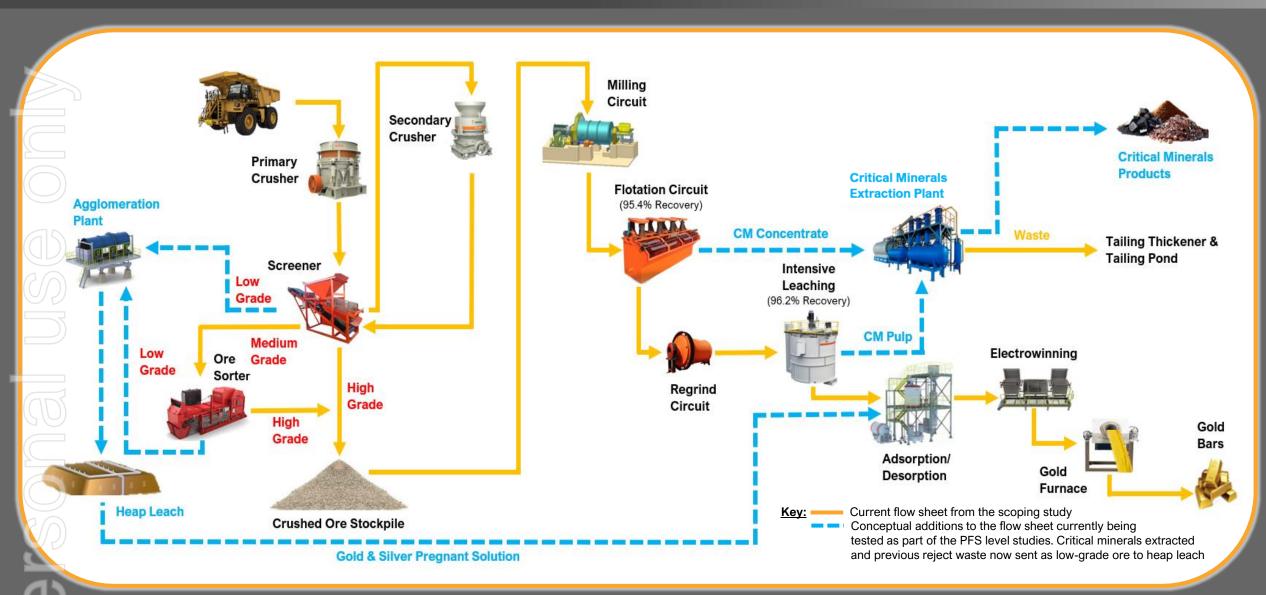
Material Opportunities Identified which could Significantly Improve the Project Economics

Opportunity	Details	Action					
West Susitna Access Road (WSAR)	The WSAR is a proposed ~150km all-weather road that links the project to port, rail and road. Nova could potentially utilize the road at an early stage and commence mine construction using the initial frontier trail along the proposed alignment prior to the road being fully completed.	The road is progressing as part of the DoT State Transportation and Infrastructure Plan with construction of the first 25 kms, which includes the largest bridge crossing, scheduled to commence in 2025. The remainder of the road to the Estelle Project is being advanced by the Alaska Industrial Development and Export Authority (AIDEA). AIDEA recently announced that it is completing the last phase field studies in 2024 and will advance to permitting. In addition, House Bill No.122 provides AIDEA the authority to issue US\$300M in bonds for CM related projects and infrastructure in Alaska, including the West Susitna Access Road. (https://www.akleg.gov/PDF/33/Bills/HB0122B.PDF)					
Evaluation of Alternative Technology Options	Alternative technology options, such as SAG (Semi Autogenous Grinding) mills, coarse flotation with the application of Hydrofloat technology, and gravity recovery using Reflux Classifier should be investigated.	SAG mills perform the crushing, grinding and washing together, and provide the highest reduction rate, while requiring less maintenance than normal crushers. Hydrofloat allows the floatation of particles of coarser sizes than conventional floatation cells, resulting in reduced operating and capital costs by maximising recovery at a coarser size and rejecting a larger portion of the ore from the plant at the coarsest size possible. Reflux classifier is a beneficiating device that utilizes both the principle of gravity separation and particle size classification. METS Engineering to perform test work to establish if the ore is amenable to these alternative technology options.					
Further Discoveries	To date we have only explored ~5% of the tenement block. Significant potential exists for further discoveries.	Low cost, boots on the ground geological sampling programs are planned again this year as we continue to explore the district scale project. Geology within project area is readily observable at surface and mostly outcropping. Currently, there is no requirement for expensive, complex, deep searching exploration techniques. As such, further significant gold and CM prospects are expected to be discovered this year and beyond.					

Proven & Robust Flowsheet



Further Improvements being Tested as Part of the Current PFS Level Studies

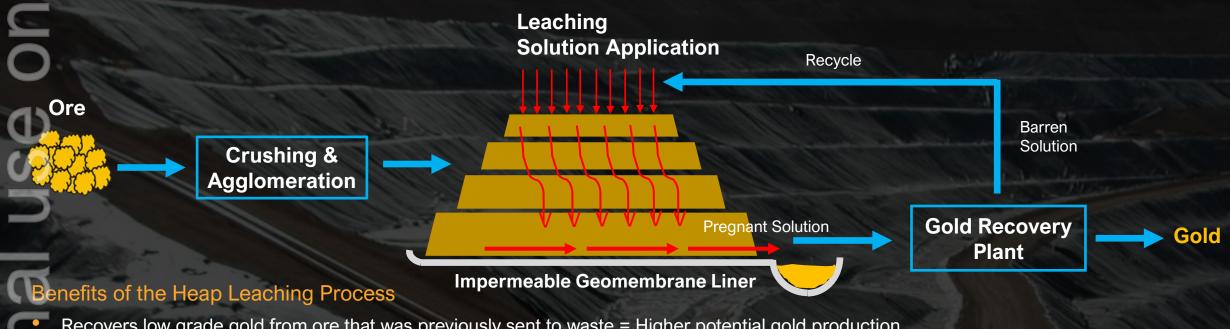


Heap Leaching



A Potential Game Changer for the Project (Currently Being Investigated as Part of the PFS Level Studies)

Heap leaching is a low capital and operating cost alternative to conventional mill processing techniques for gold recovery from low-grade bulk tonnage projects such as Korbel. Well-proven and cost-effective approach used by the majors including Barrick Gold, Newmont and Kinross Gold



- Recovers low grade gold from ore that was previously sent to waste = Higher potential gold production
- Lower capital cost relative to other methods of gold recovery, as with only higher-grade ore now going through the plant, a smaller plant is required
- Simple process with lower operating costs than conventional processing techniques (lower energy consumption, less equipment configuration)
 - Can move a project to cashflow at a quicker pace and generate the capital required to finance the more expensive processing facilities
 - Suitable for all climates eg: The Fort Knox gold mine in Alaska and the Eagle gold mine in the Yukon both use heap leaches to extract gold

Agglomeration Heap Leaching

Potential to Improve the Efficiency of the Heap Leach (Currently Being Investigated as Part of the PFS Level Studies) MINERALS



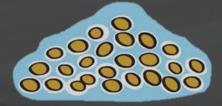
The migration of fines through a heap during irrigation can lead to poor permeability and plugging at the bottom of the heap. Agglomeration, which involves cementing the fines into rigid pellets, greatly enhances the uniform flow of the leach agent through the heap

How An Agglomeration Heap Leach Works

- Crushed ore put into a tumbling agglomeration drum where a binder is added to cause coalescence, creating uniform ore pellets
- Agglomerated ore pellets spread over a leaching pad
- Pad irrigated with a leaching agent which chemically reacts with the ore pellets to dissolve the gold into a solution as it percolates through the heap
- Impregnated solution collected at the bottom of the heap and the gold is recovered



Non-Agalomerated ore fines. Fines can block the flow of the leaching agent through the heap



Agglomerated ore fines. Uniform pellets enhance the flow of the leaching agent through the heap

Benefits of Adding Agglomeration to the Heap Leaching Process

- Improved heap percolation rates by up to 100 times
- Reduces the leach time by up to 2/3rds as the leaching agent is incorporated into the agglomeration stage
 - Reduced leaching agent consumption due to shorter leach time

Improved gold recovery rates Lower operating costs

Ore Sorting



Rejecting Low-Grade Material Before Milling with the Reject Ore Sent to Heap Leach

How Ore Sorting Works

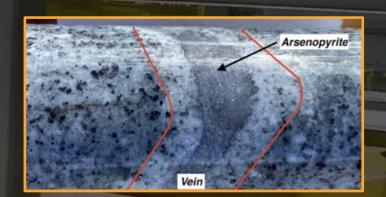
- Each individual rock is classified as being ore or reject using real-time online sensors
- The sensor data is quickly analysed allowing individual particles to be sorted with high-grade ore sent for milling and the reject ore sent to heap leach

Benefits of Including Ore Sorting in the Flowsheet

- Optimizes the processing of ore material allowing a reduction in the cut-off grade, and a higher mill feed grade
- Early rejection of low-grade material before milling reduces the size of the plant required = Lower CAPEX and OPEX costs
- OPEX also reduced due to a reduction in the energy, water and reagent consumption
- Material handling and tailings production reduced with reject ore sent to heap leach = Potentially higher gold production
- Ore sorters now form part of the flow sheet in numerous successful mining companies

Nova's Ore Sorting Test Work

- To date Nova's extensive testing at Tomra has shown that ore sorting is proven to work exceptionally well, and can potentially provide an up to 10 X uplift in grade
- Testing so far has only looked at XRT density sorting, but Steinert's ore sorters can also sort based on a combination of XRT, colour, laser, and induction sensors
 - Testing using Steinert's multi-sensor ore sorters is currently underway on ore from both Korbel and RPM





XRT Scan of Product after Stage 1 (6.06 g/t). Blue and Black = Arsenopyrite sheeted vein. Red = Granite Waste Rock.

Significant Exploration Upside Potential

To Date < 5% of the 513km² Property has been Explored



35km long mineralized intrusive corridor

Gold, and highly elevated concentrations of Silver, Copper, Antimony and Other Critical Minerals (CM) have also been discovered across the project

Korbel

- 6 exciting gold targets within close proximity to the proposed Estelle central processing plant
- High-grade rock chips samples up to 114 g/t Au discovered at Cathedral

Stoney

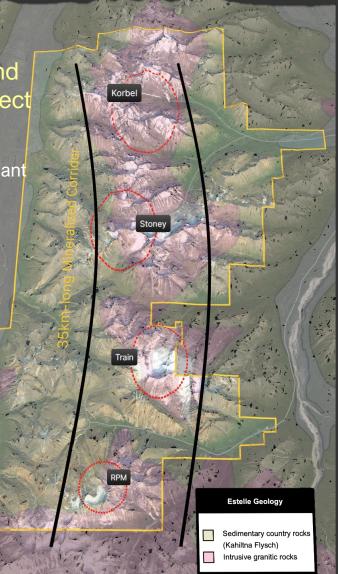
- 7 exciting gold and multi-element targets in the central portion of the claim block
- High-grade polymetallic rock samples include 78.5 g/t Au, 2,720 g/t Ag, 10.6% Cu and 1.3% Sb (Antimony)

Train

- ■6 exciting gold and multi-element targets located ~6km north of RPM.
- High-grade rock samples include 1,290 g/t Au, 1,945 g/t Ag, 6.7% Cu and 16.8% Sb

RPM

High-grade rock samples up to 356 g/t Au discovered north of the current proposed
 RPM Pit



Nova's Low-Cost Pathfinder Approach to Exploration

Geology Observed in Outcrop

Surface Mapping & Sampling

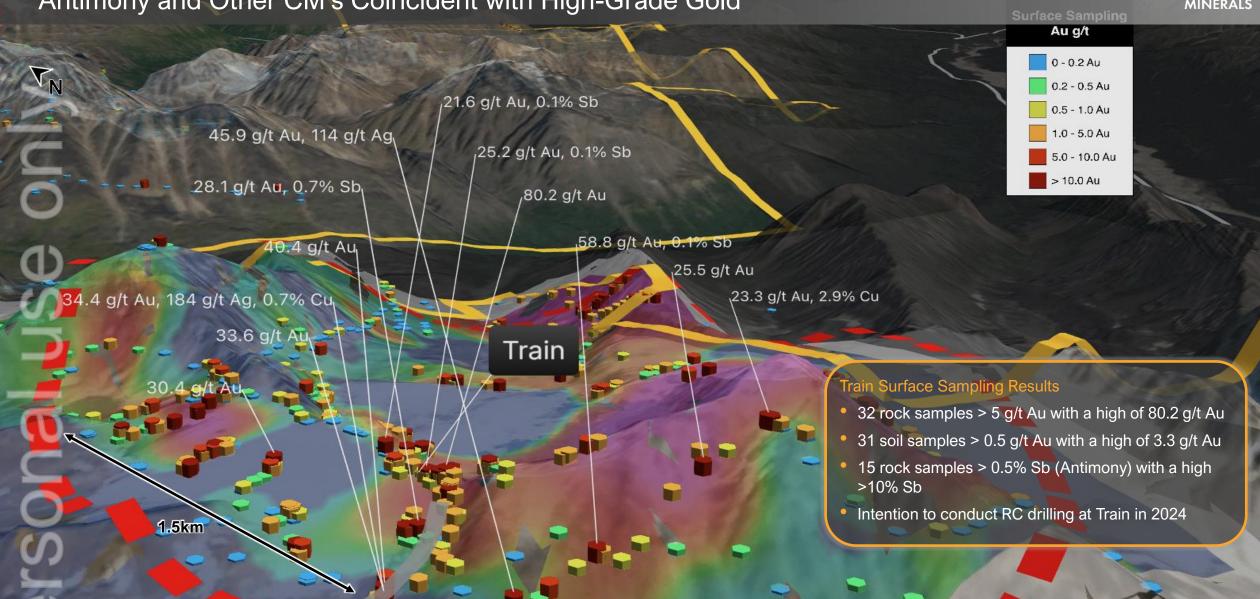
Surface Anomaly

Drilling

Train



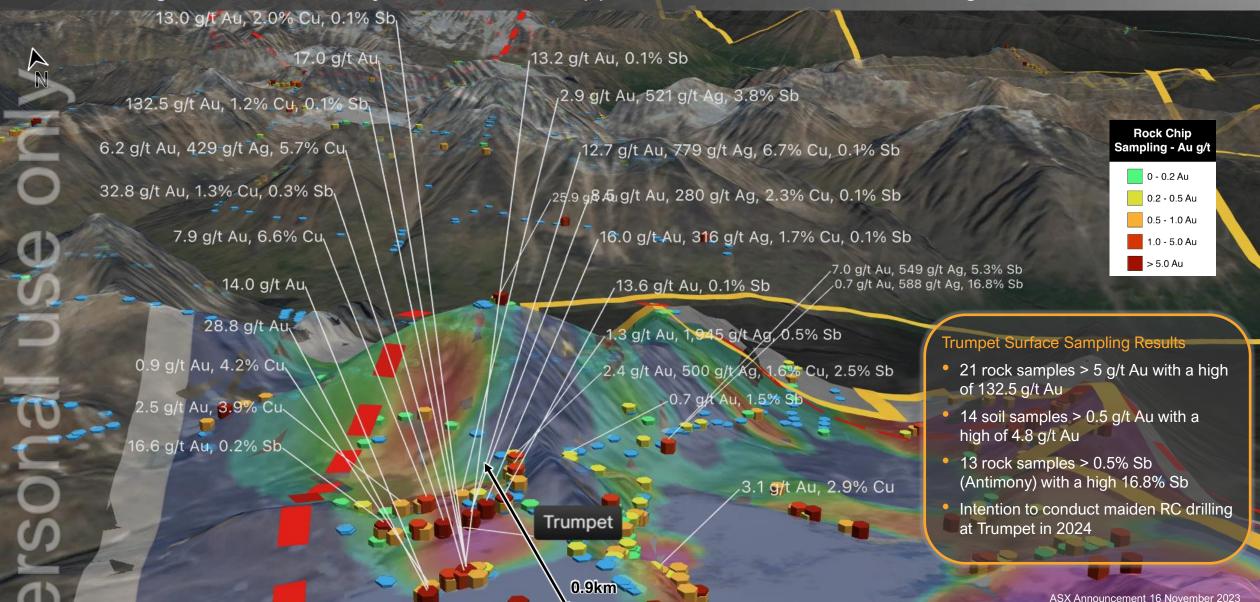
Antimony and Other CM's Coincident with High-Grade Gold



Trumpet



Further High-Grade Antimony & Other CM, Copper, & Silver Coincident with High-Grade Gold

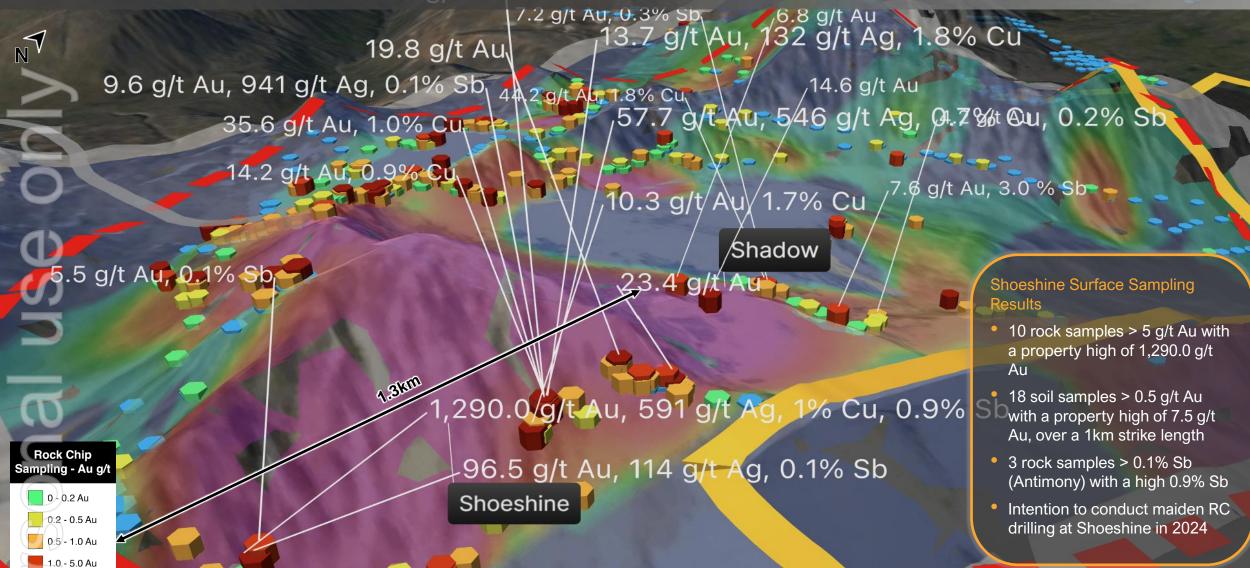


Shoeshine

> 5.0 Au



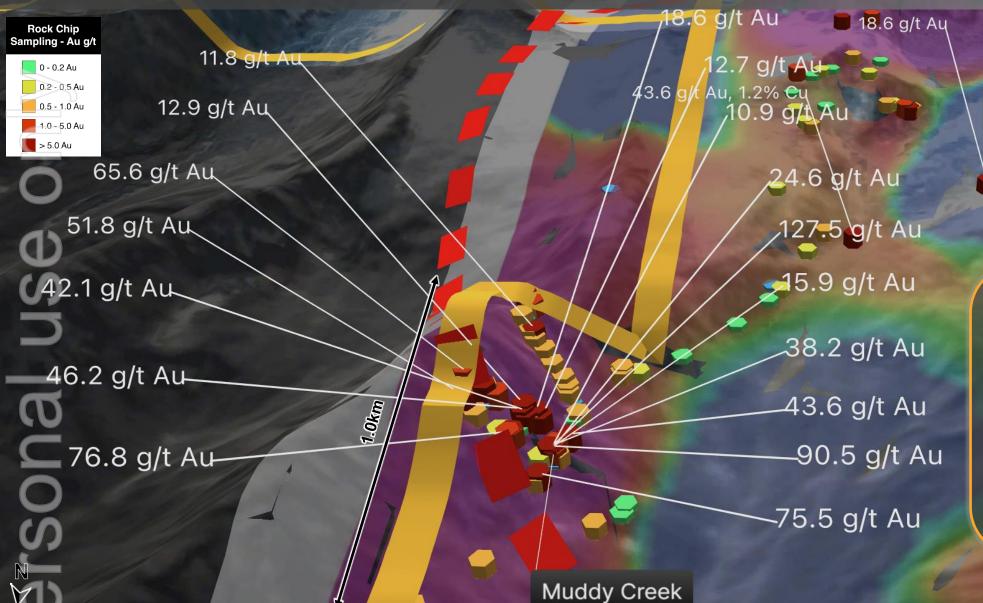
Abundant Antimony Enriched Style Gold Mineralization



Muddy Creek

One of the Most Impressive Gold Anomalies on the Property





Discovery

Muddy Creek Surface Sampling Results

- 18 rock samples > 10 g/t Au with a high of 127.5 g/t Au
- 15 soil samples > 2.0 g/t Au
 with a high of 6.1 g/t Au, over a
 1.5km strike length
- Core anomaly measures 400m
 x 400m
- Intention to conduct maiden RC drilling at Muddy Creek in 2024

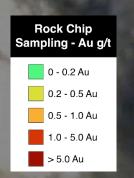
Stoney



High-Grade Gold, Silver, Copper, & Antimony Anomalies Discovered



- 10 soil samples > 1.0 g/t AuEq with a high of 4.2 g/t AuEq
- 2 rocks > 1,000 g/t Ag
- 4 rocks > 3% Cu with a high of 8.5% Cu
- 5 rocks >0.1% Sb including 2 rocks measuring 1.3% and 0.9% Sb
- 3 soil samples returning > 0.1% Sb, including a high of 0.48% Sb
- Intention to conduct further surface sampling in the Stoney, Wombat, Trundle and Tomahawk areas in 2024

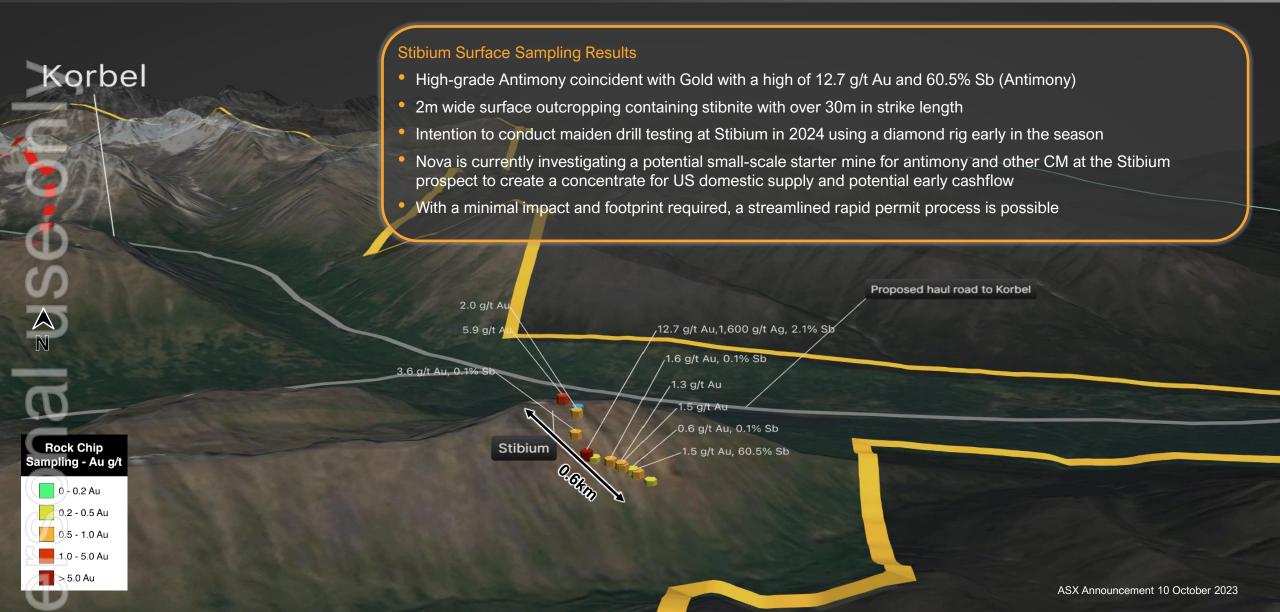




Stibium



High-Grade Gold & Antimony in Close Proximity to Korbel & the Camp



Antimony and Other Critical Minerals

Coincident with the Gold at Estelle



Strong Interest Shown in Estelle's Antimony and CM Potential

- Antimony is a scarce mineral Stibnite is the only commercially mined source for antimony and its coincident with gold at Estelle
- US currently has no domestic supply but wants to sure up its antimony and other CM supply chains = Opportunity for potential US government
 grants to explore further
- Potentially significant bi-product credits. Commenced scoping level metallurgical studies on antimony and critical minerals processing in the flow sheet
- Currently investigating a potential small-scale starter mine for antimony and other CM at the Stibium prospect to create a concentrate for US
 domestic supply and potential early cashflow
- Also evaluating different approaches to upgrade the downstream processing of antimony and CM to secure the supply chain for the US
- The University of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF), a grantee under the Department of Energy (DoE) CORE CM program is tasked with commercializing CM in Alaska with the Estelle Project now included as a partner in the program
- Through trips to both Washington DC and Juneau, the Company has already built strong relationships with various federal and state government departments and bodies to present Nova as a potential domestic partner to supply the US with antimony and CM, while also actively pursuing grant opportunities to progress development of its antimony and CM resources at Estelle
 - The State of Alaska House Bill No.122 recently provided AIDEA authority to issue up to US\$300M in bonds to finance critical minerals related projects in Alaska (https://www.akleg.gov/PDF/33/Bills/HB0122B.PDF)
 - Nova's CEO recently attended a munitions conference in New Jersey to pursue DoD and industry collaboration
- Future Market Insights forecasts that the global antimony market is likely to be worth \$4.5 billion by 2032, growing at a 4% CAGR from 2022 to 2032







Antimony Uses (usgs)

The Most Important Critical Mineral You have Never Heard Of



Key properties - heat and flame resistance, anti-corrosion, and its ability to harden and strengthen certain materials and metals

(Smart phone screens, camera lenses, binoculars, energy efficient windows)

(Munitions, night vision goggles, explosives, communication equipment)

Ceramics & Glass 12%

Defense 8%

Chemicals 16%

(Paints, plastics, adhesives, mixed with alloys)

(Clothing, furniture, electronics)

Flame Retardant 35%

(Clean energy battery storage – Ambri liquid metal batteries, vehicles, wind turbines, solar panels)

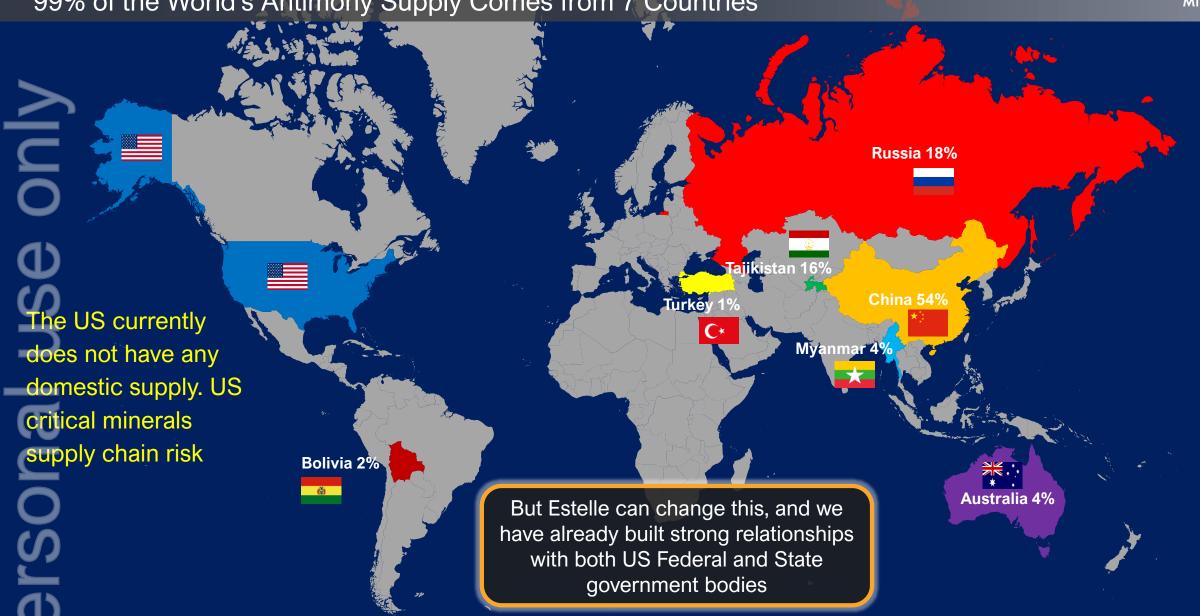
Energy & Transportation 29%

Strategic critical mineral that is used in all manner of civil and defense applications

World Antimony Production 2022 (USGS)

MINERALS

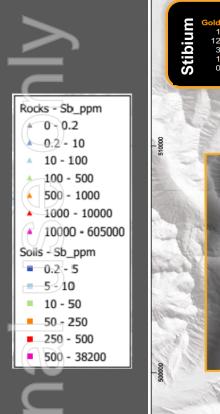
99% of the World's Antimony Supply Comes from 7 Countries

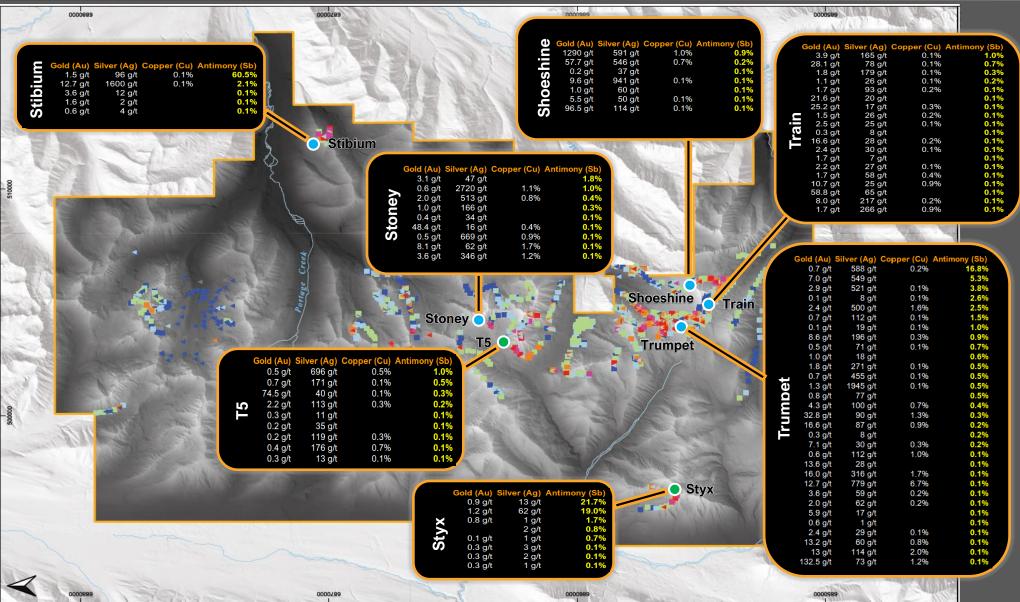


Antimony at Estelle

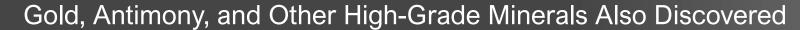
Many Surface Samples Discovered > 0.1% Sb (>0.1% Sb considered high-grade)







Multi-Element Potential at Estelle





Estelle could potentially help the US secure its CM supply chain

	Mineral		Earth	Estelle	Top Prospects at Estelle where Highly	World Prod	duction (%)**	World Res	erves (Kt)**		
	Element	Symbol	Average (ppm)	Maximum (ppm)*	Elevated Concentrations have been Discovered to Date	USA	China / Russia	USA China / Rus		Uses	
	Gold	Au	0.004	1290	All	5	20	3	9	Investment, jewelery, electronics	
	Antimony	Sb	0.2	605000	Stibium, Styx, Shoeshine, Train, Trumpet	0	85	60	700	Defense tech, munitions, flame retardants batteries, clean tech, communications, chemicals, ceramics/glass	
4	Silver	Ag	0.075	2720	Stoney, Shoeshine, Train, Trumpet	4	20	23	116	Investment, electricals, photovoltaics, solar, jewelery/silverware, brazing/solder, photography	
	Copper	Cu	60	100500	Stoney, Shoeshine, Train, Trumpet, Trundle	4	50	44	89	Construction, electricals, transportation, industrial machinery	
	Bismuth	Bi	0.009	>10000	RPM, Shoeshine, Train, Trumpet	0	80	NA	NA	Chemicals, pharmaceuticals, glass/ceramics, pigments	
	Cobalt	Со	25	9110	Wombat, Stoney, Train, Trumpet	<1	6	69	390	Super alloys, chemicals, metallics, tools	
	Gallium	Ga	19	61	Wombat	0	99	0	760	Semi conductors, optoelectronics, integrated circuits	
	Indium	ln	0.25	60	Wombat, Train, Trumpet	0	60	NA	NA	LCDs, alloys/solders, compounds, electrical components, semiconducters, research	
ш	Lanthanum	La	39	1480	Wombat	15	70	2300	65000	Catalysts, magnets, ceramics, glass, metallurgical, alloys, polishing	
a E	Manganese	Mn	950	21900	Shoeshine, T5	0	5	0	280	Steel, animal feed, bricks, batteries, fertilizers	
	Scandium	Sc	22	156	Trumpet	W	55	0	NA	Specialty alloys, fuel cells, ceramics, electronics, lasers, lighting	
	Strontium	Sr	370	1550	Revelation, Train, Trumpet	0	25	NA	16000	Drilling fluids, magnets, pyrotechnics, signals, alloys, pigments/fillers, glass	
4	Tellurium	Te	0.001	444	RPM, Shoeshine, Train, Trumpet, Muddy Creek	W	65	4	8	Solar cells, energy, thermoelectrics, specialty alloys, chemicals, pigments	
	Tungsten	W	1.3	>10000	Shoeshine, Trumpet, Stoney, RPM, Revelation	0	90	NA	2100	Tools, specialty alloys, electrical, chemicals	
	Yttrium	Υ	33	>500	Trumpet, Stoney	0	90	NA	NA	Catalysts, ceramics, electronics, lasers, metallurgy, phosphors	

Source ALS laboratory analysis ICP_MS61, Dataset includes 1844 rock and soil exploration samples across Estelle project area
 Source USGS Mineral Commodity Summaries 2023,

NA - Data not available

W - Information with held to avoid disclosing company proprietary data

Where Are We and Where Are We Going





Same share price as early 2020 before Nova had delivered the following fundamental achievements, and the gold price was just US\$1,600 oz (Gold now hovering around US\$2,200 oz)



Significant Achievements in 4 Years

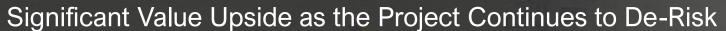
- Defined a 9.9 Moz gold resource District scale
- Drilled ~90,000m Word class thick drill intercepts
- Established 80-person winterized camp and facilities
- Completed 2 robust economic studies
- Proven flowsheet with PFS level studies commenced and expected to improve further
- Built strong relationships with government, suppliers, and the Alaskan community
- Monetized investments to reduce dilution to shareholders

Upcoming Potential Catalysts

- US listing on the NASDAQ and roadshow (North American peers

 Snowline Gold Corp, US Goldmining, New Found Gold Corp)
- Results from ongoing metallurgical and ore sorting test work
- 2024 exploration and drill program news flow
- PFS level derisking and optimization study results as they are completed

A Path of Value Accretion Opportunities





- Market capitalization ~ AUD\$60m (~USD\$40m) is a significant discount to the Scoping Study NPV of AUD\$981M (USD\$654M)
- Moving more resource to measured and indicated for the PFS RPM drilling
- Resource growth & CM definition Drilling RPM, Train, Trumpet, Shoeshine, Muddy Creek, Stibium
- Ongoing studies and test work For Gold, and now additional work for the extraction

Metallurgical

Test Work

on Gold.

Antimony &

Critical

Minerals

(CM)

Resource

Upgrades

Resource

Definition &

Extension

Drilling

of Antimony & CM as well

Scoping

Study (NPV^{5%} Pre-Tax)

Antimony & CM bi-product analysis

Exploration – Further discoveries



Ongoing exploration to assess district wide opportunities to increase the resource pipeline

Market Cap 2023 2025 2026 2027 2027 / 2028 2028

Team with the Experience to get Estelle into Production





Louie Simens
Executive Chairman

Over 20 years' experience managing and operating multiple business with large projects in the building, mining and civil industries. Maintains extensive networks in the mining and financial industry



Christopher Gerteisen
Executive Director & CEO

Over 30 years' experience managing and advancing resource projects from green fields, through development and into production across North America, Australia and Asia



Craig Bentley
Director Finance & Compliance

Over 30 years commercial and finance experience working in senior roles within multinational private enterprises as well as auditing for Ernst and Young



Rodrigo Pasqua

Vast experience in unlocking the value of mining projects across the world, including specific expertise in large-tonnage bulk mining operations working for large mining companies



Avi Geller
Non-Executive Director

Extensive investment experience and a deep knowledge of corporate finance, including capital markets, venture capital, hybrid, debt and private equity



Hans Hoffman Head of Exploration 15 years' experience developing, conducting, and managing geotechnical engineering and mineral exploration for resource development projects in Alaska

Experienced management who have collectively personally invested over USD\$5m and who are committed to growing Nova Minerals into a global tier 1 gold producer by developing the Estelle Gold Project

Immediate North American Peers



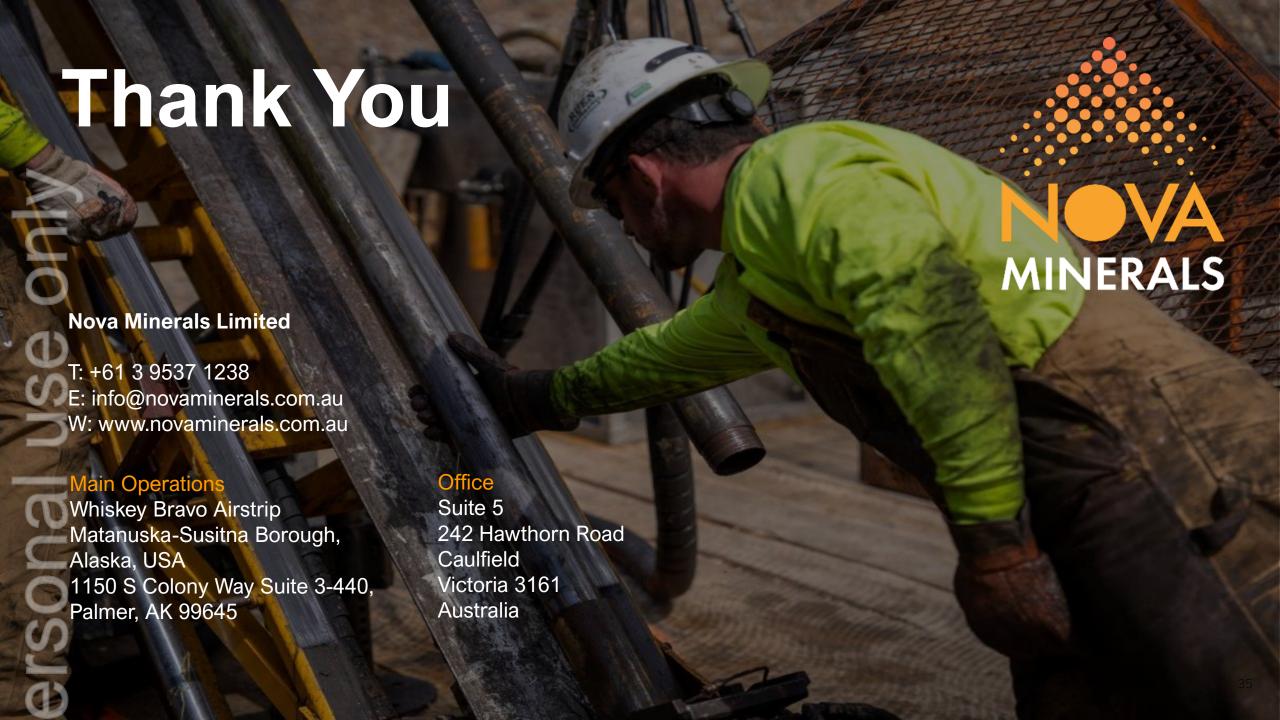
All data from publicly available information on the

1 Market Caps as of 25/3/24 as per S&P Capital IQ Canadian market caps converted using CAD\$0.73 to USD and AUD market caps converted using AUD\$0.65

2 All Mineral Resource Estimates include, Measured, are also inclusive of Reserves, and compliant to either







Appendix 1: Global Mineral Resource Estimate



- High confidence, conservative Global MRE 9.9 Moz April 2023
- Currently excludes ~6,600 of drilling undertaken in the 2nd half of 2023
- Includes a super high-grade zone of 180 Koz @ 4.1 g/t Au Measured
- Based on ~ 83,000m of RC and high-quality oriented diamond core drilling
- Comprises of 4 large IRGS deposits
- Resources from surface and all deposits remain open with significant potential upside
- Suitable for large scale open pit mining

	Deposit	Cutoff	Measured			Indicated			Inferred			Total		
			Tonnes Mt		Au Moz	Tonnes Mt		Au Moz	Tonnes Mt	Grade Au g/t	Au Moz	Tonnes Mt		Au Moz
5	RPM North	0.20	1.4	4.1	0.18	3.3	1.5	0.16	26	0.6	0.48	31	0.8	0.82
	RPM South (Maiden)	0.20							31	0.4	0.42	31	0.4	0.42
5	Total RPM Mining Complex		1.4	4.1	0.18	3.3	1.5	0.16	57	0.5	0.90	62	0.6	1.24
<i>-</i>	Korbel Main	0.15				320	0.3	3.09	480	0.2	3.55	800	0.3	6.64
	Cathedral (Maiden)	0.15							240	0.3	2.01	240	0.3	2.01
	Total Korbel Mining Complex					320	0.3	3.09	720	0.2	5.56	1,040	0.3	8.65
	Total Estelle Gold Project		1.4	4.1	0.18	323	0.3	3.25	777	0.3	6.46	1,102	0.3	9.89