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# ASPERMONT ANNUAL REPORT

# 2023

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

ASPERMONT LIMITED | ABN: 66 000 375 048



**Aspermont**

*Information for Industry*

## MISSION

*“Enabling business to dig deeper and make better decisions for a brighter future.”*

**Aspermont is a global leader in business-to-business media providing timely, independent, and high value content.**

**We bring together communities to collaborate, solve problems and find innovative breakthroughs for many of the pressing challenges the world faces today.**

**We are proud to serve industries which are critical both to sustain and improve our quality of life.**



**Aspermont** (ASX:ASP, FRA:00W) is the leading media services provider to the global resource industries.

Aspermont has built a commercial XaaS model for B2B media which distributes high value content to a growing global audience. This versatile model is being scaled to serve new business sectors in new countries and languages to create recurring and exceptional long-term revenues.

Aspermont has also established a Client Services business which grows in correlation to the primary XaaS model. Diverse revenues from Events, Advertising, Lead Generation, and Marketing Agency have the capacity to multiply current revenue streams.

Aspermont is listed on the ASX, the Frankfurt Stock Exchange and quoted on other European exchanges. Aspermont has offices in the United Kingdom, Australia, Brazil, USA, Canada, the Philippines, and Singapore.

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# OVERVIEW OF ASPERMONT

1

A 8-year-old mediatech company with a 188-year mining legacy.

2

The leading media services provider to the global resource industries.

3

An experienced Tier 1 management team executing with success.

4

Achieved a comprehensive **business turnaround** FY 2015-2020.

5

**Complete business and commercial model transformation**, from print publisher to XaaS based digital media provider with increasing focus on data and intelligence.

6

**Aspermont business models have subsequently delivered 29 consecutive quarters of organic growth** with margins now above 50% with over 75% recurring revenues.

7

**Aspermont has entered an inward investment phase**, reinvesting organic cash flow to expand operational capacity and technological leadership.

8

**Aspermont is now able to address blue ocean opportunities** in sectors which generate \$17Trillion of GDP and employ 22% of the world's population.



Aspermont is a company with a real value proposition:



Aspermont is a mediatech growth company with a scalable operational architecture. A rapid improvement in gross margins and cash flow which supports a sustained program of inward investment to accelerate long term growth.

Despite a challenging global environment and wholesale business model transformation, Aspermont has delivered increasing growth over the past eight fiscal years. Aspermont’s high quality and resilient income streams have improving gross margins, and recurring revenues.

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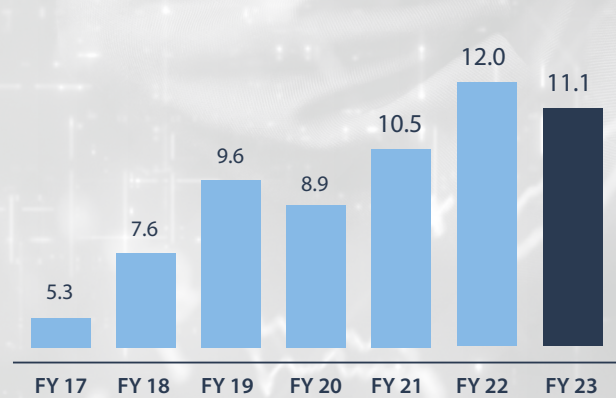
# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Period Ended 30 <sup>th</sup> September	FY23	FY22	FY17 <sup>1</sup>	1-Year Growth	6-Year CAGR
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>\$19.2m</b>	<b>\$18.7m</b>	<b>\$11.5m</b>	<b>+3%</b>	<b>+9%</b>
Recurring Revenue	75%	75%	68%	-%	+2%
Gross Profit	\$11.1m	\$12.0m	\$5.3m	-8%	+13%
Gross Margins	57%	64%	53%	-7%	+4%
EBITDA	\$0.5m	\$2.3m	(\$2.1m)	+80%	+178%
<b>Normalised EBITDA</b>	<b>\$1.7m</b>	<b>\$2.8m</b>	<b>\$0.1m</b>	<b>-39%</b>	<b>+75%</b>
Cashflow from Operations	(\$0.6m)	\$1.4m	(\$5.0m)	-142%	+30%
NPAT	(\$1.7m)	(\$0.4m)	(\$1.3m)	-298%	-4%
<b>Normalised NPAT</b>	<b>\$0.8m</b>	<b>\$0.6m</b>	<b>(\$1.2m)</b>	<b>+28%</b>	<b>+183%</b>
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$4.0m	\$6.6m	\$1.3m	-39%	+21%
Net Liquidity	\$2.8m	\$4.7m	(\$1.7m)	-40%	+209%

Revenue (A\$'m)



Gross Profit (A\$'m)

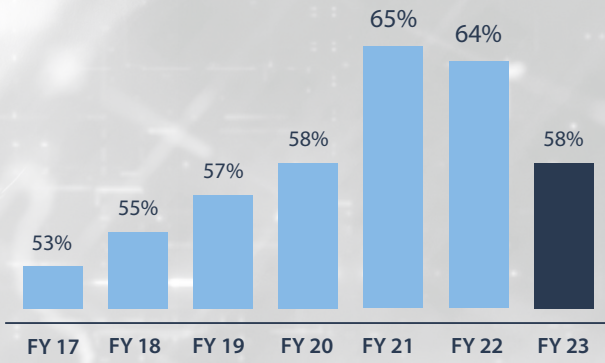


<sup>(1)</sup> New management took over Aspermont in FY15 and FY17 marked the financial turnaround. This is why we use this year as a comparator

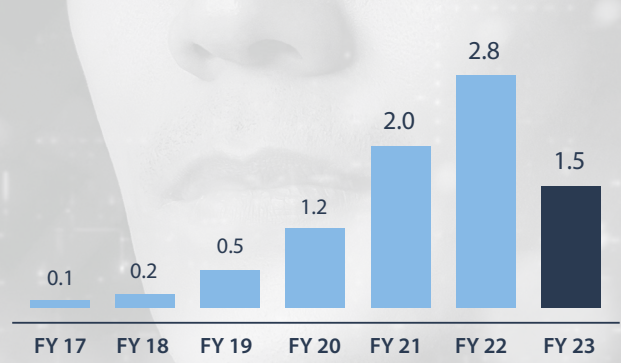


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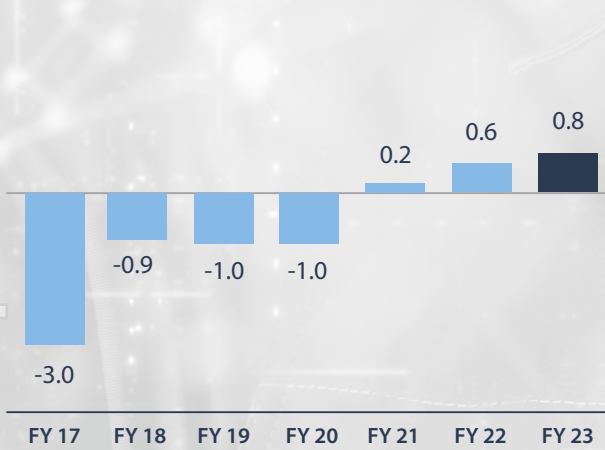
**Gross Margin %**



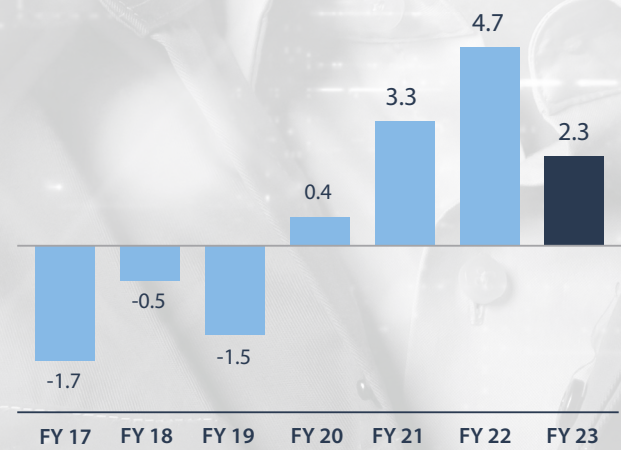
**Normalised EBITDA (A\$'m)**



**Normalised NPAT (A\$'m)**



**Net Liquidity (A\$'m)**





# Revenue

Period Ended 30 <sup>th</sup> September	FY23	FY22	Change
Audience Revenue	\$9.5m	\$8.7m	+9%
Client Revenue	\$9.7m	\$10.0m	-3%
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>\$19.2m</b>	<b>\$18.7m</b>	<b>+3%</b>

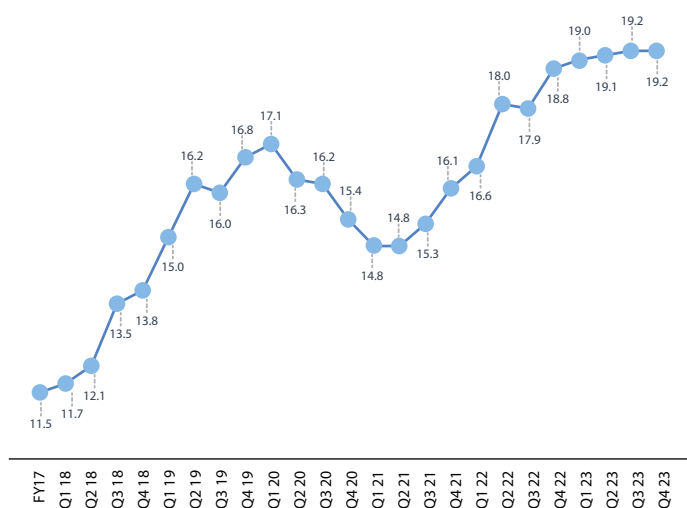
**Strong 9% improvement in Audience Revenue** maintains long term growth consistency.

**3% decline in Client Revenue** impacted by:

- \$1.2m decline in advertising revenue.
- \$1.0m shutdown of legacy products with low revenue quality.

**Solid 3% overall Revenue growth** despite market challenges.

Revenue trailing 12 months (A\$'m)



*“Aspermont’s revenue growth performed well in challenging conditions for advertising and other client marketing services. Continued focus on building revenue quality over FY24 should see continued resilient growth.”*



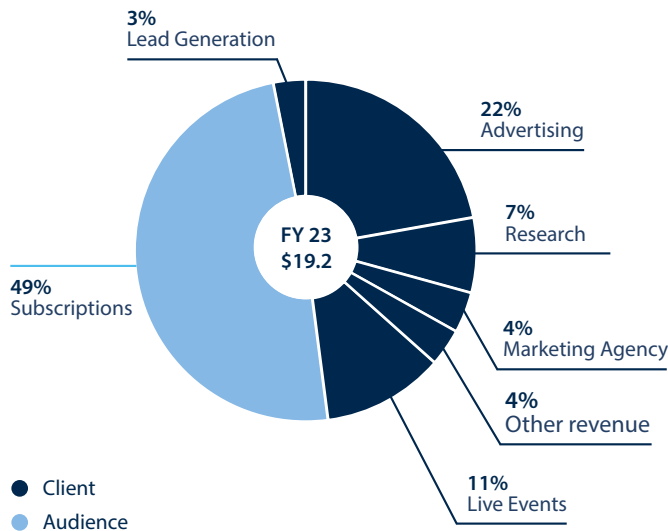
# Revenue Quality & Diversification

Revenue Quality (RQ) = recurring, resilient and high margin revenue

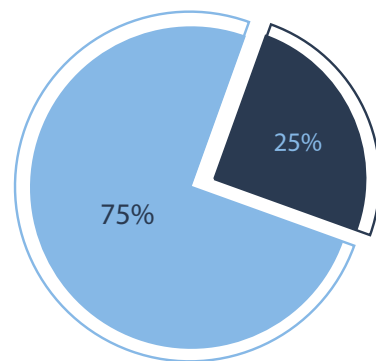
	Recurring	Market Resilience	Margin	RQ
Subscriptions	High	High	High	●
Advertising - Digital	Medium	Low	High	●
Marketing Agency	Medium	Medium	Medium	●
Events	Medium	Medium	Medium	●
Advertising - Print	Medium	Low	Low	●

- Aspermont has gradually been lifting its overall recurring revenue % as it has developed over the last few years.
- Revenue diversification keeps the business well hedged and new income areas, such as lead generation and marketing agency, have offset declines in legacy advertising.

Revenue Mix



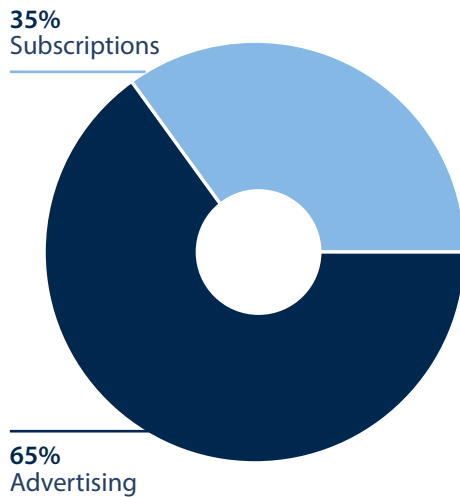
75% recurring revenue in FY23



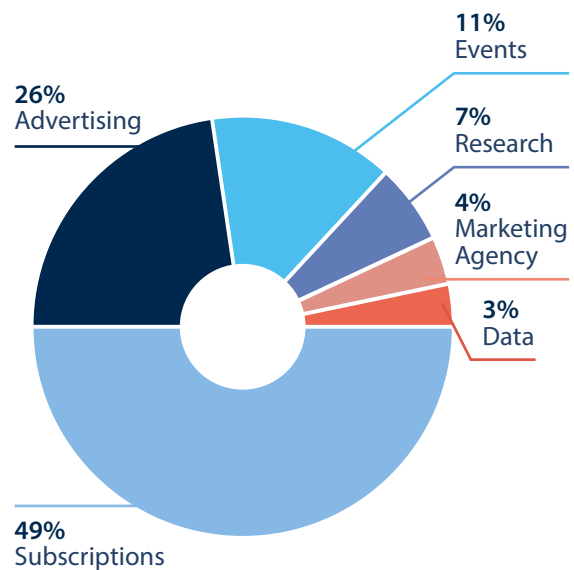
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# Aspermont's only constant is change

## Revenue Composition



FY16 Total Revenue = \$12.5m



FY23 Total Revenue = \$19.2m

- 5 Over the last few years Aspermont has transitioned from a low to high RQ business.
- 5 This improvement in RQ has strengthened the business, expanded its margins and reduced income volatility.

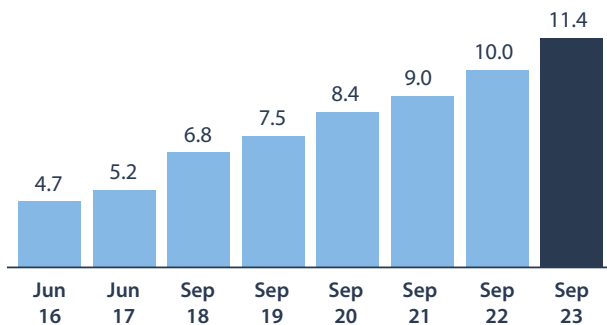


# Subscriptions Focus

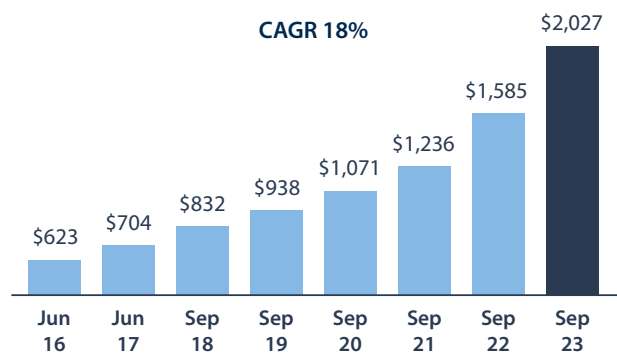
Aspermont’s subscription-based Audience model has delivered growth and scalability over 29 consecutive quarters

CaaS Metrics	June 16	Sept 23	CAGR
<b>Digital Users</b>	<b>1m</b>	<b>3m</b>	<b>+15%</b>
No of Subscription Units	7k	6k	-3%
Average Revenue Per Unit	\$0.6k	\$2.0k	+18%
<b>Annual Recurring Revenue</b>	<b>\$4.5m</b>	<b>\$11.1m</b>	<b>+14%</b>
Volume Renewal Rate	73%	83%	+10bps
<b>Net Retention Rate</b>	<b>82%</b>	<b>96%</b>	<b>+14bps</b>
Lifetime Value	\$16m	\$68m	+21%
Unit Economics	18:1	15:1	-4%
<b>Financials</b>			
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>\$3.0m</b>	<b>\$9.5m</b>	<b>+17%</b>
Gross Profit	\$1.4m	\$6.3m	+23%
<b>Gross Profit Margin</b>	<b>47%</b>	<b>67%</b>	<b>+20bps</b>

Annual Recurring Revenue (A\$’m)



Average Revenue Per Unit (ARPU)



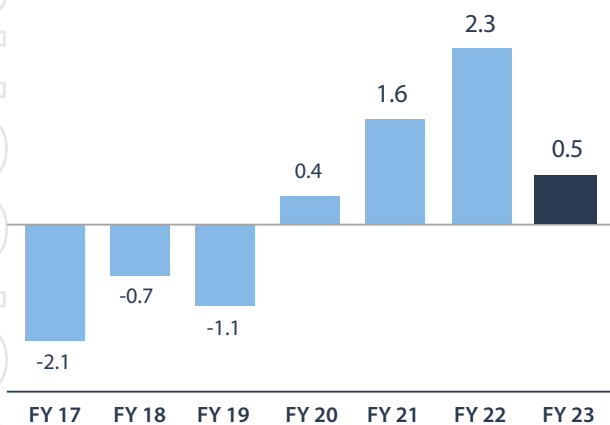
- 5 Subscriptions revenues compound annual growth of more than 17% for seven years in a row against a backdrop of flat investment into Content.
- 5 Model scalability well proven and will ramp up on sustained Content investment going forward.
- 5 28% growth in ARPU over last 12 months. Increasing focus in Data, Research and Intelligence will ensure ARPU growth levels are maintained in future.

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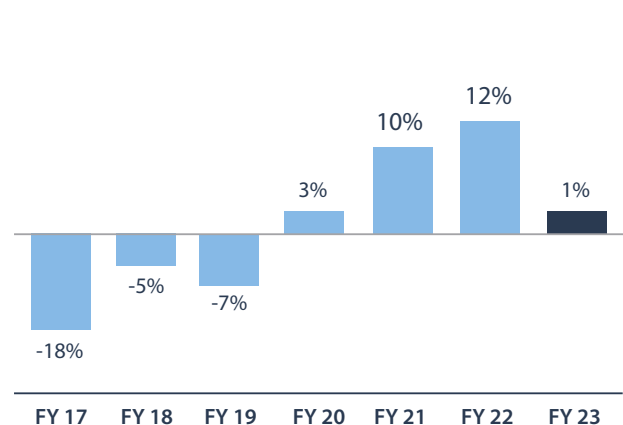
# Earnings

- At the start of the year, we guided to negative EBITDA in FY23, owing to our inward investment program.
- But we have delivered positive Reported and Normalized EBITDA at \$0.5m and \$1.7m respectively.**
- Mid-year calibration of our investment program, amidst impacts of markets on our revenue lines, ensured a positive earnings result.
- Actions and impact **underpin the cost agility of our business.**
- A full earnings reconciliation is provided in [appendix 1](#).

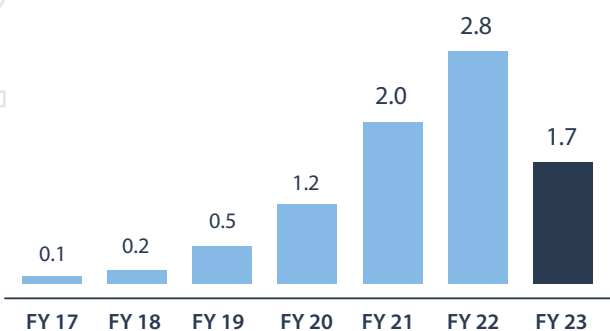
### Reported EBITDA (A\$m)



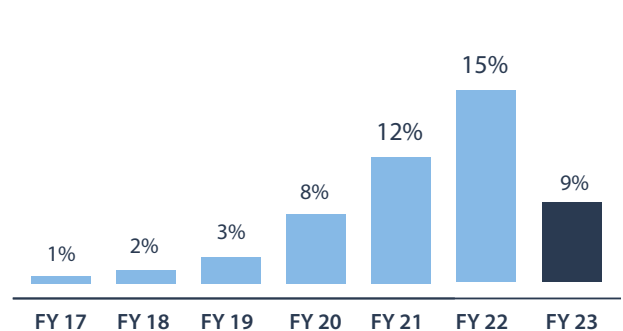
### EBITDA Margin %



### Normalised EBITDA (A\$m)



### Normalised EBITDA Margin %





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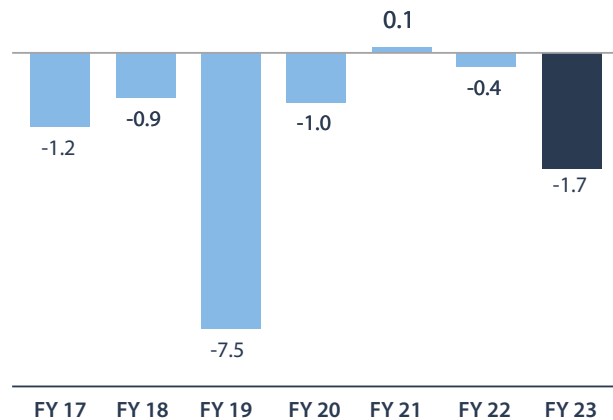
# Net Profit/Loss After Tax

We announce a Reported Net Loss after tax of \$1.7m due to \$2.4m of exceptional charges:

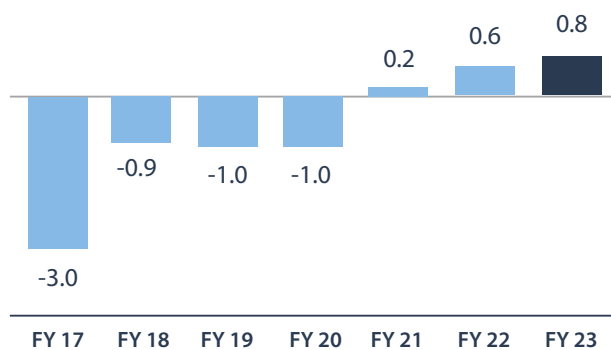
- Investments and,
- Our share of Blu Horseshoe fintech losses

On a Normalized basis Net Profit After Tax grew 28% to \$0.8m.

NPAT (A\$m)



Normalised NPAT (A\$m)



*“Aspermont’s long term organic growth model is cash generative which enables it to self-fund new growth initiatives.”*

# Business Performance

## Guidance

Our guidance for FY23 had been for:

1

**Revenue growth** in all income lines with strong double-digit growth in Subscriptions, Data Works, Content Works, and Live Events.

2

**Expansion of senior leadership** team and overall headcount.

3

**Reduction in operating margins** as we accelerate the development of operational capacity.

4

**Reduction in EBITDA and Operating cashflow** but continued growth in both on a normalized basis.

5

**Net cash balances** to remain above 4m to ensure we have protection from any “black swan” events.

6

**First Generation launches** of Skywave, Esperanto & Archives.



### +3%

Revenue  
increase  
over FY22



### +9%

Subscriptions  
over FY22



### +4

Senior  
Management



### 57%

Gross margin



### +1.7m

Normalised  
EBITDA



## FY23 Performance

Aspermont made positive progress in FY23, albeit below our double-digit growth target. Our overall revenue performance was solid, given the strong headwinds experienced in advertising. Subscriptions delivered its 29th consecutive growth quarter and Events and Content Works made good progress.

We had advised shareholders to expect a year of reduced earnings and operating margins as we embarked on a significant inward investment program and the inclemency of the conditions, the business is pleased to announce positive earnings and cash balances maintained above our defined \$4m black swan coverage levels.

This year we established several entirely new senior management positions: Chief Marketing Officer, Group Head Content, Group Head Events, Group Head Research, Group Head Data, all to help expand our knowledge capital and operational capacity.

We were pleased to deliver the first phase of our Skywave platform in Q3 with serial product releases now ongoing. Skywave is building internal productivity and intelligence tools for our XaaS business, and we expect significant positive impacts from those over FY24.

As Aspermont increasingly transitions into a Data and Intelligence business over the next few years Skywave, will focus on releasing external Audience and Client products.

Esperanto and the digitalization of our Archives planned for this year were temporarily paused. In the case of Esperanto, the rapid development of Chat GPT provides a big opportunity for us to leverage on the trail blazers we are closely monitoring.

Following the close of the financial year we announced to the market the liquidation of Blu Horseshoe ([announcement](#)) – our fintech joint venture. All the board and management team are disappointed in the corporate outcome of this venture. Aspermont has accrued valuable IP through its experience over the last two years and intends to release similar investment platforms through our primary brands in the future – on a 100% owned basis. For now though we reflect on the impact to our reported FY23 figures owing to the large write offs we have taken retrospectively on our working capital investments, in the Blu Horseshoe entity.

*“Overall the directors are pleased to report that our core business has performed well in FY23 despite the challenging conditions. We onboarded new operators and are building new platforms for our future. As ever there is a lot cooking in the Aspermont kitchen.”*

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# Management / Key Operators

Senior Leadership Teams is building.

## Timeline:

### FY15

Group Managing Director  
 Chief Operating/Technology Officer

### FY16

Chief Financial Officer,  
 Group Head of Subscriptions

### FY18

Chief Commercial Officer,  
 Group Head of Events,  
 Group People Director

### FY22

Group Head of Data

### FY23

Chief Marketing Officer,  
 Group Head of Content,  
 Group Head of Research



5 Aspermont has been gradually and incrementally building its senior management team over the last 8 years.

5 There are still a few pieces of the jigsaw to add over the next few years but 80% of what we require is now onboarded and in place.

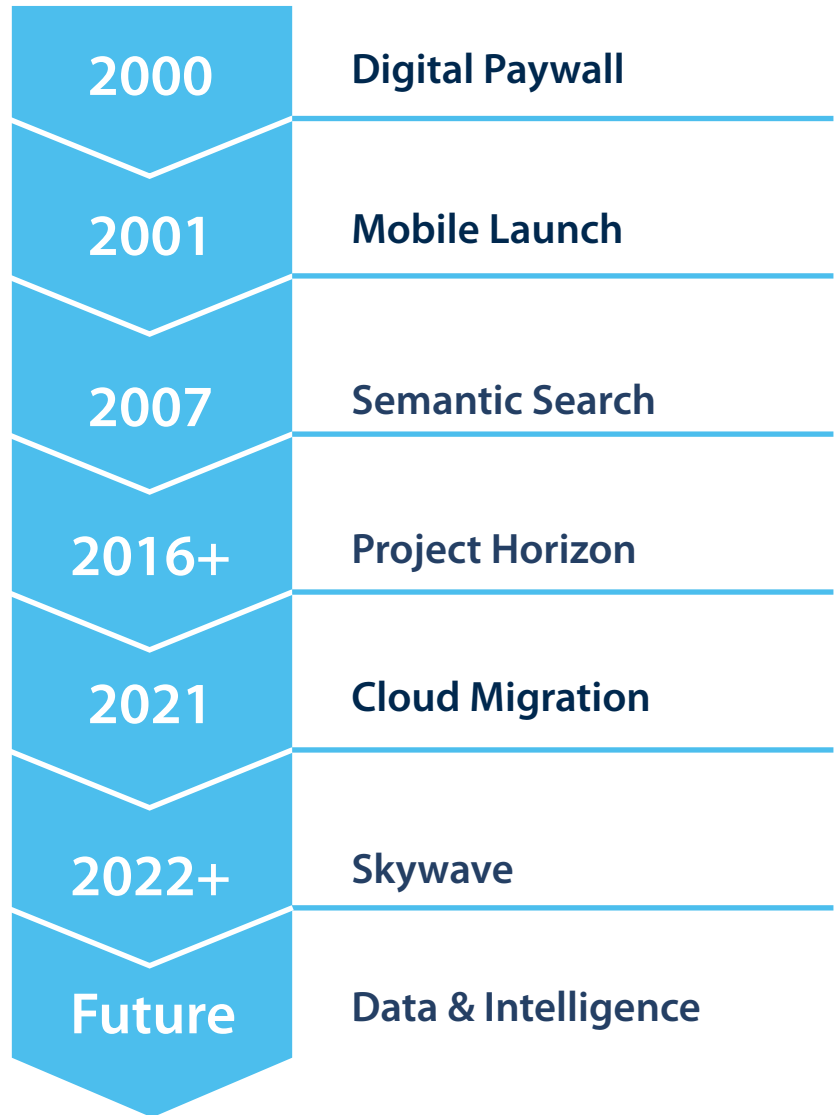
Headcount growth this year:

5 At a time when most of tech world has been retrenching, ASP has been adding to its firepower and operational capacity.

5 During this financial year, Aspermont added 4 additional Executive and Management roles as well as another another 9 roles in various areas of the business to support operational capacity (overall a 10% increase in headcount).

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# Technology Roadmap



- Aspermont has always been a technological leader.
- The company launched the first digital paywall for B2B media in 2000.
- Aspermont launched its first mobile site in 2001.
- The company built semantic search engines in 2007.
- With the release of Project Horizon Aspermont has delivered 29 consecutive quarters of growth in its subscriptions business.
- Skywave’s ongoing development will transform Aspermont into a Data and Intelligence powerhouse.

*“Armed with high class talent and knowledge capital Aspermont will continue to innovate and stay at the forefront of B2B media.”*

# FY24 Managing Director's Outlook

## Positioned for Sustainable Growth

I am pleased to present Aspermont's annual outlook for the fiscal year 2024. As we navigate through the ever-evolving B2B media market, I am confident in our ability to not only adapt but thrive. Aspermont is strategically positioned to maintain overall growth, with a particular emphasis on enhancing revenue quality to drive higher margins and increased profitability.

## Focus on Data and Intelligence

In FY24, our strategic focus centres on the development of our Data and Intelligence capabilities. This initiative is integral to our vision of moving up the value chain in our future content product. The sustained investment in our Skywave platform and the expansion of our Data and Intelligence team are poised to yield tangible results. Anticipated outcomes include continued double-digit growth in ARPU and subscriptions revenues.

## Financial Prudence and Flexibility

Despite ongoing economic uncertainties, we reaffirm our commitment to prudent financial management and Re-Investing in our business from free cashflow remains a top priority. We aim to maintain robust net liquidity and cash reserves, to provide a bulwark against unforeseen challenges and to maintain flexibility in capital markets that may continue to challenge.

## Strengths of Aspermont

As a mediatech business with a disruptive model in the B2B media market, Aspermont stands out. We proudly boast a debt-free status, generate free cash flow, and maintain a robust balance sheet. With 29 consecutive quarters of subscriptions growth, we expect to maintain an upward trajectory. Our high-calibre senior leadership team intends to deliver upscaled growth across both new and existing markets.

## Transition to Nasdaq

Looking ahead, Aspermont holds the intention to transition from our ASX and FRA listings to Nasdaq. We believe that the US market will provide the best peer group comparison, enabling our shares to be valued more appropriately. Over the next few years, we will lay the groundwork to maximize our launch on this prestigious market, with the goal of delivering strong, long-term returns for all our shareholders and stakeholders.



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## FY24 Guidance

1

**Revenue Growth:** Anticipate overall revenue growth with particular focus on achieving double-digit growth in subscriptions.

2

**Improved Revenue Quality:** Strive for higher gross margins through a concerted effort to enhance the quality of our revenue streams.

3

**Profitability:** Expect growth in profitability across key measures, including EBITDA, NPAT, and operating cashflow.

4

**Financial Resilience:** Maintain net cash balances above \$4 million to provide protection against unforeseen events.

5

**Innovation:** Launch first-generation Data and Intelligence products to diversify our offerings and stay at the forefront of industry innovation.

In conclusion, over FY24 our strategic initiatives, financial prudence, and commitment to innovation position us for sustained success. We appreciate the continued support of our shareholders and stakeholders as we increasingly achieve our objectives.



## Aspermont has a unique value proposition

- 1** A 8-year-old mediatech company with a 188-year legacy.
- 2** The leading media services provider to the global resource industries.
- 3** Experienced Tier 1 management team executing with success.
- 4** Comprehensive business turnaround and business model transformation achieved.
- 5** 29 consecutive quarters of growth in subscriptions model, total revenue and earnings.
- 6** New Client Services businesses with ability to multiply revenues.
- 7** New platforms and technologies, Skywave, Esperanto and Archives that will enable exponential growth.
- 8** Facing a #blueocean opportunity in existing sectors.



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### **Brand**

Our 560 years of combined brand heritage has built unequalled audience trust. This trust enables market collaboration to ensure a high success rate in launching new products.

### **Operational**

Our de-centralized structure and scalable human resources facilitate rapid launch of new products while controlling investment risk.

### **Leadership**

Our Tier 1 executive team has extensive C-suite experience at blue chip companies. Management remuneration is aligned with shareholders via LTIP's.

### **Intellectual**

We continue to develop unique IP in processes and business models that are enabled and advanced by technological leaps.

### **Industry**

Aspermont engages with 8 million board and management executives across mining, energy and agriculture. We have a leadership role for presenting on macro issues.

### **Scalable**

Aspermont's scalable XaaS models deliver high margin recurring revenue streams scalable to sector languages and geographies.

### **Financially**

We have a strong balance sheet and reinvest from cash flow to generate new organic and inorganic growth.

### **Competitive MOAT**

Our evolving brand heritage, IP and audience-client ecosystem are continually extending barriers to entry for potential competitors.

### **Ambition**

The scale of our opportunity require high levels of ambition and our management and operating teams have that in spades.



# APPENDIX 1

## 1. Normalised EBITDA

The reconciliation of statutory earnings to EBITDA is as follows:

Year Ended	30 Sept 2023 \$000	30 Sept 2022 \$000
<b>Reported income/(loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense</b>	<b>(1,830)</b>	<b>(311)</b>
Net interest	(69)	(24)
Depreciation and amortisation	735	1,007
Other (share-based payments & provisions, foreign exchange, other income)	383	752
Investment write-offs/Dilapidation charges	779	350
Share of net loss in associate	458	525
<b>Reported EBITDA</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>2,299</b>
Exceptional one-off charges/(income)	172	182
New business establishment costs	1,083	341
<b>Normalised EBITDA</b>	<b>1,711</b>	<b>2,822</b>

Notes for Normalised EBITDA reconciliations:

- ⑤ Based on unaudited management accounts
- ⑤ Expenditure in relation to the establishment of new products and business divisions
- ⑤ Exceptional other expense FY 22 - Covid related Government incentives and deferred tax repayments



## 2. FY 23 Key Exceptional Items and one-off expenses

Year Ended	30 Sept 2023 \$'m
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	
Exceptional charges – one-off restructuring and write-offs	0.18
New business establishment costs	1.10
Write down of investment in JV	0.78
<b>Total</b>	<b>2.06</b>

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# APPENDIX 2

## Glossary

<b>ABM</b>	<p>Account based marketing (ABM) is a business marketing strategy that concentrates resources on a set of target accounts within a market. It uses personalized campaigns designed to engage each account, basing the marketing message on the specific attributes and needs of the account.</p> <p>Aspermont has successfully deployed ABM strategies in its CaaS business to develop multiple-member subscriptions. By increasing the number of members attached to a corporate subscription we can lift the price of that subscription – thus driving ARPU.</p>
<b>ARR</b>	<p>Annual Recurring Revenue (ARR) is a forward-looking indicator for revenue. ARR is the annualised total value of all subscription's contracts. Because subscription contracts are paid up front, and the service then delivered over a 12-month basis, revenue recognition lags. ARR shows the real value of all subscriptions at any point in time as is a perfectly correlated forward-proxy for subscriptions revenue.</p>
<b>ARPU</b>	<p>Average revenue per unit (ARPU) is an indicator of the profitability of a product based. ARPU is calculated as total ACV divided by the number of units, users, or subscribers.</p>
<b>CaaS</b>	<p>Content as a service (CaaS) is a service-oriented model, where the service provider delivers the content on demand to the service consumer via web services that are licensed under subscription. The content is hosted by the service provider centrally in the cloud and offered to a number of consumers that need the content delivered into any applications or system, hence content can be demanded by the consumers as and when required. All Aspermont's online news, editorial, research and opinion-based products make up its CaaS business.</p>
<b>Content Works</b>	<p>Content Works is a new division, in our Services (MaaS) business, that offers clients a full-service suite of brand marketing, content and creative solutions. Aspermont believes it can challenge broader marketing agencies in the mining, energy and agricultural markets due to the topic-based expertise and distribution channels that it has.</p>
<b>DaaS</b>	<p>Data as a Service is a service-oriented model, where the service provider delivers the data on demand to the service consumer via web services that are licensed under subscription. The data is hosted by the service provider centrally in the cloud and offered to a number of consumers that need the data delivered into any applications or system, hence data can be demanded by the consumers as and when required.</p>
<b>Data Works</b>	<p>Data Works is a new division, in our Data (DaaS) business, that delivers B2B lead generation solutions for our clients. Currently focused on demand generation this business will develop into intent data segments next.</p>
<b>Demand Generation</b>	<p>Demand generation is a marketing strategy focused on building reliable brand awareness and interest, resulting in high-quality leads.</p>
<b>Esperanto</b>	<p>Esperanto is a forthcoming AI developed platform that will translate all of Aspermont's existing digital content into all languages in the world. As only 25% of the world speak English at a basic level or higher there is tremendous growth opportunities for both our audience and paying subscribers.</p>



## Glossary

<b>Intent Data</b>	B2B intent data provides insight into a web user's purchase intent; allowing our client to identify if and when a prospect is actively considering or looking to purchase their (or similar) products or solutions.
<b>MaaS</b>	Marketing-as-a-Service (MaaS) is an agile, tailored solution that supports a client's marketing functions by delivering on-demand, value-based marketing services from strategy development to execution. In Aspermont's Content Works and Data Works division we work closer with clients on solutions as opposed to campaigns.
<b>Net Liquidity</b>	Net liquidity is measured as: cash equivalents + trade receivables - trade and other payable. This metric give a truer indication of the firms net cash position than simply looking at current cash balances.
<b>NRR</b>	Net revenue retention (NRR) shows the percentage of earned revenue from existing customers and indicates business growth potential. Essentially if you generate more money from your existing accounts less your churn then you have a NRR > 100% and a very healthy subscriptions business. Having a high ACV, or ARR, growth rate alongside a NRR of more than 100% makes for a very attractive XaaS business model.
<b>Revenue Quality</b>	Revenue Quality (RQ) is what Aspermont's terms: high margin, recurring and market resilient revenue. Rather than just revenue volume, growing RQ has been Aspermont's main focus for the last few years and will continue to be so going forward.
<b>Solution selling</b>	Solution selling is a sales approach that focuses on your customers' needs and pain points and provides products and services that address the underlying business problems.
<b>Skywave</b>	Skywave is a new platform that Aspermont is building that will warehouse all our internal data, purchased data and behavioural data of our users, clients and partners. This is a key initiative that will transform Aspermont's capability in terms of monetising data and optimising its own processes.
<b>XaaS</b>	Anything as a service (XaaS) describes a general category of services related to cloud computing and remote access. All Aspermont's digital services are delivered remotely and via the cloud.
<b>VEE</b>	Virtual events and exhibitions (VEE) is a new division, in our Data (DaaS) business, that provides a digital meeting-place platform for our clients and audiences. An example of this is Future of Mining 365.



# BOARD OF DIRECTORS



**A.L. KENT** AAICD Chairman and Non-Executive Director (until 10th September 2023)

### Experience and expertise

Mr Andrew Kent, sadly passed away on 10 September 2023. Mr Kent joined the Board in 1998, and was the CEO of Aspermont Limited from 2000 to 2005. He was instrumental in Aspermont's remarkable transition from an Australian print publisher in the 1990s into today's leading international media tech company and has left the company established with strong fundamentals and a experienced board and management team well placed to deliver on his vision.

### Current and Former directorships in last 3 years:

No other listed company directorships.

**Former directorships in last 3 years**  
No other listed company directorships

### Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Board  
Member of Audit Committee

### Interest in shares and options

578,306,495 ordinary shares



**GEOFFREY DONOHUE** B.COM, Grad. Dip Financial Analysis (FINSIA), CPA  
Lead Independent Director

### Experience and expertise

Mr Geoffrey Donohue has over 30 years' experience at both board and senior management level within public companies and the securities industry.

Mr Donohue holds a Bachelor of Commerce from James Cook University of North Queensland, Graduate Diploma in Financial Analysis from the Securities Institute of Australia and is a Certified Practising Accountant.

### Other current directorships

No other listed company directorships.

**Former directorships in last 3 years**  
E79 Gold Mines Limited

### Special responsibilities

Chair of Audit Committee

### Interest in shares and options

64,055,746 ordinary shares



**TRICIA KLINGER** BEc, MCom, GAICD Non-Executive Director

### Experience and expertise

Mrs Klinger has over 20 years leadership experience in digital marketing and communications, publications, sponsorship and events with high profile consumer and B2B brands in Asia and Australia.

Mrs Klinger is a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, holds a Bachelor of Economics (Sydney University) and Master of Commerce in Marketing (UNSW).

### Other current directorships

AMP Superannuation; Trustee Board Procurement Australia;

**Former directorships in last 3 years**  
No other listed company directorships

### Special responsibilities

Member of Audit Committee

### Interest in shares and options

1,403,038 ordinary shares



**ALEX KENT** BSc Economics, Accounting & Business Law Managing Director

### Experience and expertise

Since joining the company in 2007, Mr Alex Kent has worked across all divisions of Aspermont, building an extensive knowledge of its product portfolio and been a key driver in the overall business vision. He held executive roles in both marketing and digital strategy prior to becoming Managing Director.

Mr Kent previously graduated through Microsoft's Executive Academy and with a double honours degree in Economics, Accounting and Business Law.

### Other current directorships

No other listed company directorships.

**Former directorships in last 3 years**  
No other listed company directorships

### Special responsibilities

Managing Director

### Interest in shares and options

271,357,877 ordinary shares

258,245,641 options

119,563,334 performance rights

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS



**DEAN FELTON, BBUS, MBA, MAICD**, Non-Executive Director

**Experience and expertise**

Mr Dean Felton, has over 25 years of mining industry experience with senior management and consulting roles at Rio Tinto, BHP and Vale. Dean brings additional knowledge capital and technological expertise to Aspermont from his recent senior management roles at Accenture and Ernst & Young.

**Other current directorships**

No other listed company directorships.

**Former directorships in last 3 years:**

No other listed company directorships

**Interest in shares and options**

Nil



**GRAEME MCCRACKEN, MA Politics & Economics** Non-Executive Director  
(Appointed 13<sup>th</sup> March 2023)

**Experience and expertise**

With over 30 years' experience in innovation and digital transformation across the media, events, data and analytics sector, Graeme brings a wealth of experience from across multiple global B2B markets. Graeme has held senior leadership positions at several companies including CEO roles at Proagrica and CMD Group. Graeme is a graduate of the University of Glasgow with a Masters degree in Politics & Economics.

**Other current directorships**

No other listed company directorships.

**Former directorships in last 3 years:**

No other listed company directorships

**Interest in shares and options**

Nil



**JOHN STARK** AAICD Alternative Director

**Experience and expertise**

Mr Stark is an experienced business manager with experience and interests across various companies. Mr Stark has been a member of the Board since 2000. Mr Stark was appointed Alternative Director to Mr Andrew Kent on the 26th May 2018.

**Other current directorships**

No other listed company directorships.

**Former directorships in last 3 years:**

No other listed company directorships

**Interest in shares and options**

411,970,603 ordinary shares

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# EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM



**AJIT PATEL** Chief Operating Officer

#### Experience and expertise

Ajit has more than 35 years of experience in the media industry, working across print and digital media, events, and market research. Before joining Aspermont in 2013, he worked for Incisive Media in London, where he was responsible globally for infrastructure, software development, online strategy, vendor management and large-scale systems implementation and prior to that he was the CTO for VNU (now Nielsen). Ajit is responsible for Aspermont's online strategy implementation alongside managing the technology, data, content and subscriptions functions across the group. His role reflects the Group's priority to further strengthen its online presences and internal system.



**NISHIL KHIMASIA** Chief Financial Officer

#### Experience and expertise

Nishil is our Group Chief Financial Officer. He has been with the company since 2016 and oversees the financial functions of the business.

He previously held leadership positions with Equifax and was involved in developing its European presence both organically and inorganically. Nishil is a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountancy England & Wales, received his BCom from University of Birmingham and has a Marketing Diploma from Kellogg School of Management.



**MATT SMITH** Chief Commercial Officer

#### Experience and expertise

Matt is our Chief Commercial Officer, who leads the commercial services and global events divisions. He previously held leadership positions at IDG where he centralised and led the global data and demand generation business, securing significant revenue and profit growth through new data driven services over a 10-year period.

Matt joined Aspermont to spearhead new revenue growth channels through deeper market engagement and introducing a solution driven culture across our global sales and events teams.



**JOSH ROBERTSON** Chief Marketing Officer

#### Experience and expertise

Josh is our Chief Marketing Officer. He joined the company in 2023 and oversees the marketing, brand, creative and communications functions. He has over 15 years' experience at some of the largest independent and network global agencies having previously held senior leadership positions with Havas, Publicis, Dentsu. Most recently he was the Chief Marketing Officer at VCCP.

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# DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The Directors present the consolidated financial report of Aspermont Limited and its controlled subsidiaries (the Group or Aspermont) for the year ended 30 September 2023.

## Principal activities

The Group's principal activities during the period were to provide market specific content across the Resource sectors through a combination of print, digital media channels and face to face networking channels.

## Operating results

The consolidated loss for the group was \$1.7 million (2022: loss \$0.4 million).

## Dividends

No dividend has been declared for the period (2022: no dividend).

## Review of operations

A review of the operations of the Group during the financial year has been set out in pages 4 to 13 of this report.

## Significant changes in the state of affairs

The significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the year are outlined in the preceding review of operations.

## Events subsequent to the end of the year

Blue Horsehoe Ventures Ltd went into voluntary administration on 17th August 2023. The appointed administrators resolved that the Deed of Company Arrangement as announced on 21 November 2023 following an interest in acquiring the business was not achieved. As a result on 11 December 2023, they moved to administer the voluntary winding up of the business.

## Likely developments and expected results of operations

The upcoming year is expected to be focussed on growth initiatives and earnings protection given the continuing adverse market conditions. The business intends to focus on its innovation hubs to deliver new products to market that suit the conditions whilst also expecting the return of its live events division.

## Environmental regulations

Environmental regulations do not have any impact on the Group, and the Group is not required to report under the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007.

## Directors

The following were directors of Aspermont Limited during the financial year and up to the date of this report:

Name	Title	
Andrew L Kent	Chairman and Non-executive Director	Until 10 <sup>th</sup> September 2023
Geoffrey Donohue	Lead Independent Director	
Alex Kent	Managing Director	
Tricia Klinger	Non-executive Director	
Dean Felton	Non-executive Director	
Graeme McCracken	Non-executive Director	Appointed 13 <sup>th</sup> March 2023
John Stark	Alternative Director	

### Director's Meetings

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors and of each Board committee held during the year ended 30 September 2023, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Board		Audit & Risk Committee	
	Meetings Held	Meetings Attended	Meetings Held	Meetings Attended
<b>A.L Kent</b>	5	5	3	3
<b>G Donohue</b>	5	4 <sup>(2)</sup>	3	3
<b>T Klinger</b>	5	5	3	3
<b>D Felton</b>	5 <sup>(1)</sup>	5 <sup>(1)</sup>	**	**
<b>G McCracken</b>	2 <sup>(1)</sup>	2 <sup>(1)</sup>	**	**
<b>A Kent</b>	5	5	**	**
<b>J Stark</b>	5	3	**	**

<sup>(1)</sup> Number of meetings held during the time the director held office or was a member of the committee during the year

<sup>(2)</sup> Voluntarily recused from meeting

\*\* Not a member of the relevant committee

### Company Secretary

#### Tim Edwards (Group Financial Controller and Company Secretary)

Mr Edwards was appointed to the position of Company Secretary on 5 February 2020. Mr Edwards is a Qualified Chartered Accountant and an Associate of Governance Institute of Australia.

### Auditors declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 32 and forms part of the director's report for the year ended 30 September 2023.

### Rounding of amounts

The parent entity has applied the relief available to it under Legislative Instrument 2016/191 and accordingly, amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

### Shares under option

Unissued ordinary shares of Aspermont Limited under option at the date of this report are as follows:

Date of Issue	Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number of Options
18-Oct-16	30-Sep-25	3c	303,577,323
13-Sep-21	30-Sep-25	3c	20,000,000

### Insurance of officers

During the financial year, Aspermont Limited paid a premium to insure the directors and officers of the Company and its Australian-based controlled entities.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of entities in the Group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings.



Not included are such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else to cause detriment to the Company. It is not possible to apportion the premium between amounts relating to the insurance against legal costs and those relating to other liabilities.

#### Indemnity of auditors

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, given an indemnity or entered into an agreement to indemnify, or paid insurance premiums in respect of the auditors of the Group.

#### Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### Non-audit services

The Group has not engaged any non-audit services during the period.

#### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 45. This report of the directors incorporating the remuneration report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

#### Corporate Governance

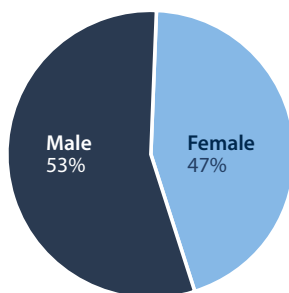
The Board of Aspermont is committed to good corporate governance. The Board's primary roles are:

- ⑤ The protection and enhancement of total shareholder returns, and
- ⑤ Fulfilling its corporate governance obligations and responsibilities in the best interests of the company, its staff and its stakeholders.

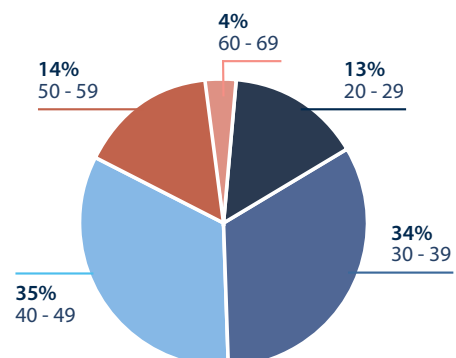
Aspermont reports against the fourth edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations released on 27 February 2019. Corporate Governance Statements are released to ASX and are available the Company's website at <http://www.aspermont.com/static/corporate-governance>. Any statements of non-compliance are considered appropriate for a company of the size and structure of Aspermont.

#### Diversity disclosures regarding the proportion of women in the Aspermont workforce at 30 September 2023:

#### Gender Split

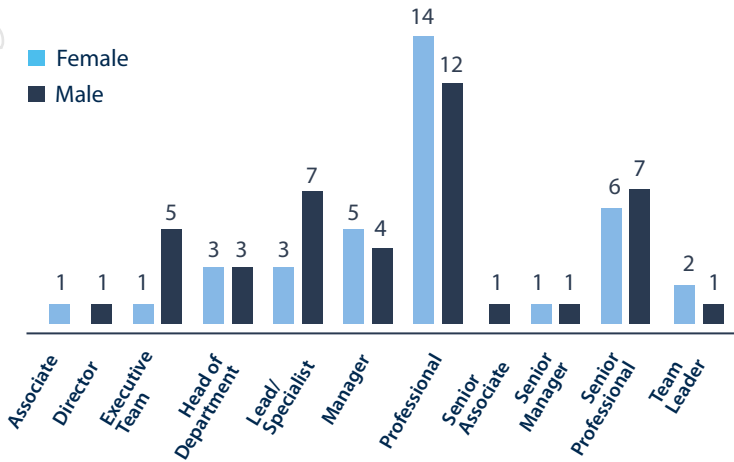


#### Age

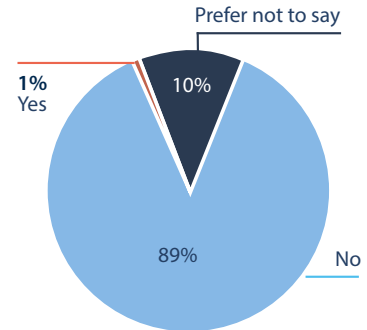


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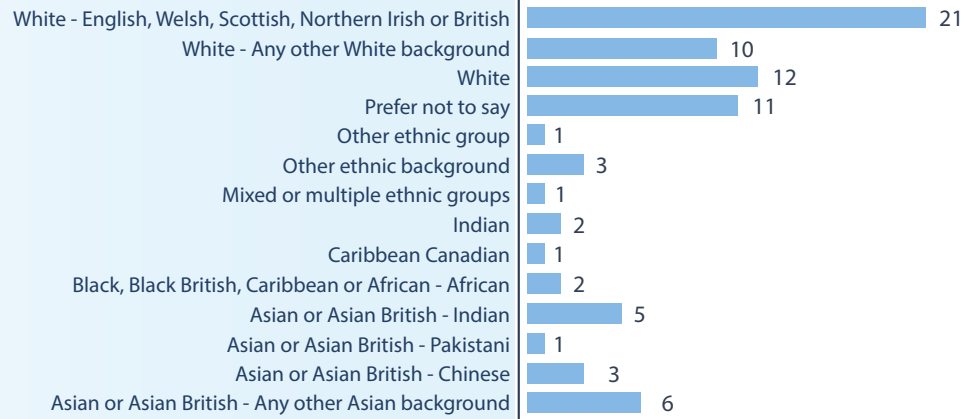
### Gender by Level



### Disability



### Ethnicity



### Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report forms part of the Directors Report.

Dated 20<sup>th</sup> December 2023

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors:

**Alex Kent**  
Managing Director

# REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308 (3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings and forms part of the Directors report:

- A** Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- B** Details of remuneration
- C** Service agreements
- D-G** Additional information
- H** Other transactions with directors and KMP

## A) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The objective of the Group's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered.

The framework aligns executive reward with achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of long-term value for shareholders and conforms with market practice for delivery of reward.

The Board ensures that executive reward satisfies the following criteria for good reward governance practices:

- ⑤ competitiveness and reasonableness;
- ⑤ acceptability to shareholders;
- ⑤ performance linkage/ alignment of executive compensation; and
- ⑤ transparency.

### Alignment to shareholders' interests:

- ⑤ has sustainable economic profit as a core component of plan design;
- ⑤ focuses on key fundamentals for long term growth in shareholder wealth, consisting of dividends and growth in share price, and delivering constant return on assets as well as focusing the executive on key non-financial drivers of value; and
- ⑤ attracts and retains high caliber executives.

### Alignment to program participants' interests:

- ⑤ rewards capability and experience;
- ⑤ reflects competitive reward for contribution to growth in shareholder wealth;
- ⑤ provides a clear structure for earning rewards; and
- ⑤ provides a recognition for contribution.

The Board has established a Remuneration Committee which provides advice on remuneration and incentive policies and practices, and specific recommendations on remuneration packages and other terms of employment for executive directors, other senior executives and non-executive directors.

### Directors' fees:

The base remuneration was reviewed in the year and the following base fees were determined:

### Executive pay

The executive pay and reward framework have three components. The combination of these comprises an executive's total remuneration.

Base fees	30 September 2023
Non-Executive Chairman	\$100,000 <sup>(1)</sup>
Non-Executive Directors	\$45,000
Lead Independent Director	\$100,000

<sup>(1)</sup>The Chairman in addition to base fees also has an agreement with management for additional non-chairman related services amounting to \$100,000 per annum



### Base Pay

This is structured as a total employment cost package which may be delivered as a combination of cash and prescribed non-financial benefits at the executives' discretion. Executives are offered a competitive base pay that comprises the fixed component of pay and rewards. Base pay for executives is reviewed annually. An executive's pay is also reviewed on promotion. There are no guaranteed base pay increases in an executive's contract and there have been no rises in base pay for any executive over the last few years.

### Benefits

Executives receive benefits including health and life insurance.

### Superannuation & Pension

United Kingdom based Executives are paid a pension of up to 10% on their base salary. Executives may elect to sacrifice base pay into superannuation at their discretion.

### Short-term incentives (STI)

Short Term Incentives (STI) are an 'at risk' annual bonus payment for executives. The composition of STI are focused on a combination of financial, operational and strategic priorities. Each executive STI is tailored to the achievement of objectives under that executive's direct sphere of influence and roughly 60% of all executive STI's are shared team goals to encourage collective responsibility and goal congruence throughout all divisions of the business.

STI's are set and approved annually by the Remuneration Committee.

The payments made for this year are disclosed in the remuneration table on page 37 as well on page 39 showing how much each award represented as percentage of each individual fixed remuneration.

### Long-term incentives

Feature	Description																				
Max opportunity	MD and other executives: 50% of fixed remuneration																				
Performance metrics	The STI metrics align with our strategic priorities of generating profitability so we can self-fund future growth initiatives. They also focus on operational excellence, talent development and shareholder value.																				
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Metric</th> <th>Target</th> <th>Weighting</th> <th>Reason for selection</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Revenue Growth and EBITDA</td> <td>+15% Increase &amp; positive EBITDA</td> <td>60%</td> <td>Capitalise on improved economic environment assuming H2 recovery from Covid impact</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Increase group's market share in subscriptions and new revenue services</td> <td>+12% increase</td> <td>30%</td> <td>Focus of the group's key growth strategy for the next 5 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Shareholder Value</td> <td>Specific to individuals</td> <td>20%</td> <td>Increased share price of the company</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Talent Development</td> <td>Individual KPIs set annually</td> <td>10%</td> <td>Talent development and retention</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Metric	Target	Weighting	Reason for selection	Revenue Growth and EBITDA	+15% Increase & positive EBITDA	60%	Capitalise on improved economic environment assuming H2 recovery from Covid impact	Increase group's market share in subscriptions and new revenue services	+12% increase	30%	Focus of the group's key growth strategy for the next 5 years	Shareholder Value	Specific to individuals	20%	Increased share price of the company	Talent Development	Individual KPIs set annually	10%	Talent development and retention
	Metric	Target	Weighting	Reason for selection																	
	Revenue Growth and EBITDA	+15% Increase & positive EBITDA	60%	Capitalise on improved economic environment assuming H2 recovery from Covid impact																	
	Increase group's market share in subscriptions and new revenue services	+12% increase	30%	Focus of the group's key growth strategy for the next 5 years																	
Shareholder Value	Specific to individuals	20%	Increased share price of the company																		
Talent Development	Individual KPIs set annually	10%	Talent development and retention																		
Delivery of STI	STI awarded is paid in cash at the end of the financial year and can be deferred at Board's discretion and is subject to forfeiture on resignation.																				
Board discretion	The Board has discretion to adjust remuneration outcomes up or down to prevent any inappropriate reward outcomes, including reducing (down to zero, if appropriate) any deferred STI award.																				

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Long-term incentives are provided to certain employees to incentivise long-term objectives and tenure via performance rights. Performance Rights provide a non-cash incentive that aligns directors and employees interests with those of the shareholders and are granted to motivate and retain directors and employees over a multi-year tenure.

The Company granted Performance Rights for this financial period as disclosed on page 42.

## B) Details of remuneration

### *Amounts of remuneration*

Details of the remuneration of the directors and key management personnel of the Group (as defined in AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures) of Aspermont Limited and the Aspermont Limited Group are set out in the following tables.

The Directors and key management personnel of the Group are the following:

- ⑤ **Andrew Leslie Kent** – Chairman and Non-Executive Director (Until 10 September 2023)
- ⑤ **Alex Kent** – Managing Director, Group
- ⑤ **John Stark** – Alternative Director to Mr Andrew Kent
- ⑤ **Geoffrey Donohue** – Lead Independent Director
- ⑤ **Tricia Klinger** – Non-Executive Director
- ⑤ **Dean Felton** – Non-Executive Director
- ⑤ **Graeme McCracken** (Appointed 13 March 2023)
- ⑤ **Ajit Patel** – Chief Operating Officer, Group
- ⑤ **Nishil Khimasia** – Chief Financial Officer, Group
- ⑤ **Matt Smith** – Chief Commercial Officer, Group
- ⑤ **Josh Robertson** – Chief Marketing Officer (Appointed 20 March 2023)

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Details of Directors and key management personnel of the Group remuneration for the year ended 30 September 2023 are as follows:

2023	Short-term employee benefits			Share based payments	Long term employee benefits	Post-employment benefits	Total
	Name	Salary or fees	STI related payments	Non-monetary benefits	Performance rights <sup>(1)</sup>	Long service leave	
<i>Executive directors</i>							
A Kent <sup>(2)</sup>	493,339	77,777	45,202	204,164	-	-	820,482
Sub-total	493,339	77,777	45,202	204,164	-	-	820,482
<i>Non-executive directors</i>							
A.L. Kent (Chairman) <sup>(4)</sup>	192,161	-	-	-	-	8,866	201,027
G Donohue	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	100,000
T Klinger	48,696	-	-	-	-	5,188	53,884
D Felton	40,909	-	-	-	-	4,347	45,256
G McCracken <sup>(3)</sup>	27,416	-	-	-	-	488	27,904
Sub-total	409,182	-	-	-	-	18,889	428,071
<i>Other key management personnel</i>							
A Patel <sup>(2)</sup>	321,833	60,140	27,810	62,708	-	32,183	504,674
N Khimasia <sup>(2)</sup>	315,387	68,560	6,545	62,708	-	31,170	484,370
M Smith <sup>(2)</sup>	296,510	51,812	5,006	62,708	-	29,651	445,687
J Robertson <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	165,255	77,045	762	4,836	-	-	247,898
Sub-total	1,098,985	257,557	40,123	192,960	-	93,005	1,682,630
<b>Total (Group)</b>	<b>2,001,506</b>	<b>335,334</b>	<b>85,325</b>	<b>397,124</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>111,893</b>	<b>2,931,182</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Performance rights have been issued to executives for four consecutive years. Further detail can be found in note F on page 42.

<sup>(2)</sup> Executive remuneration, contracted in British Pounds, has been converted to Australian Dollars at the average exchange rate for the year ended 30 September.

<sup>(3)</sup> Joined on 13 March 2023.

<sup>(4)</sup> Mr Andrew Kent sadly passed away on 10 September 2023 having joined the Board in 1998 and was CEO of the Company from 2000 to 2005.

<sup>(5)</sup> Joined on 20 March 2023.

<sup>(6)</sup> Executive remuneration, contracted in Singapore Dollars, has been converted to Australian Dollars at the average exchange rate for the year ended 30 September.



Key management personnel of the Group and other executives of the Company and the Group (continued):

2022	Short-term employee benefits			Share based payments	Long term employee benefits	Post-employment benefits	
Name	Salary or fees	STI related payments	Non-monetary benefits	Performance rights <sup>(1)</sup>	Long service leave	Superannuation/ Pension	Total
<i>Executive directors</i>							
A Kent <sup>(2)</sup>	355,780	109,639	33,359	259,181	-	-	757,959
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>355,780</b>	<b>109,639</b>	<b>33,359</b>	<b>259,181</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>757,959</b>
<i>Non-executive directors</i>							
A.L Kent (Chairman)	191,324	-	-	-	-	9,247	200,571
G Donohue	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	100,000
T Klinger	45,000	-	-	-	-	4,556	49,556
D Felton <sup>(4)</sup>	20,455	-	-	-	-	2,097	22,552
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>356,779</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>15,900</b>	<b>372,679</b>
<i>Other key management personnel</i>							
A Patel <sup>(2)</sup>	269,530	105,566	22,367	83,677	-	26,953	508,093
N Khimasia <sup>(2)</sup>	269,530	67,383	9,029	83,677	-	21,562	451,181
M Smith <sup>(2)</sup>	269,530	62,890	4,294	83,677	-	21,562	441,953
I Hart <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	200,726	8,984	-	8,149	-	16,058	233,917
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>1,009,316</b>	<b>244,823</b>	<b>35,690</b>	<b>259,180</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>86,135</b>	<b>1,635,144</b>
<b>Total (Group)</b>	<b>1,721,875</b>	<b>354,462</b>	<b>69,049</b>	<b>518,361</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>102,035</b>	<b>2,765,782</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Performance rights have been issued to executives for four consecutive years. Further detail can be found in note F on page 42.

<sup>(2)</sup> Executive remuneration, contracted in British Pounds, has been converted to Australian Dollars at the average exchange rate for the year ended 30 September. There has been no growth in the base pay of any executive over the last few years.

<sup>(3)</sup> Until 31st July 2022.

<sup>(4)</sup> Joined on 19 April 2022.

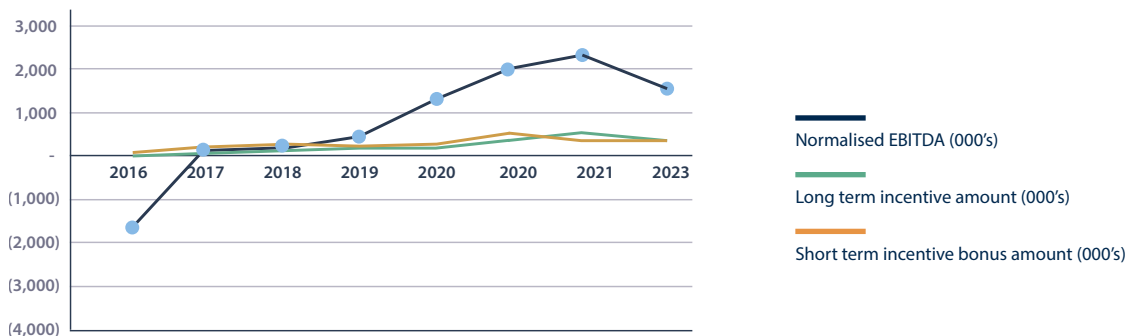
The relative proportions of remuneration that are linked to performance (variable component) and those that are fixed are as follows:

Name	Fixed remuneration 2023	At risk – STI 2023	At risk – LTI 2023
<i>Executive directors</i>			
A Kent	66%	9%	25%
<i>Non-Executive directors</i>			
A.L Kent (Chairman)	100%	-	-
J Stark	100%	-	-
G Donohue	100%	-	-
T Klinger	100%	-	-
D Felton	100%	-	-
G McCracken	100%	-	-
<i>Other key management personnel</i>			
N Khimasia	73%	14%	13%
A Patel	76%	12%	12%
M Smith	74%	12%	14%
J Robertson	67%	31%	2%

The following table demonstrates the Group's performance over shareholder value during the last five years:

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Profit attributable to owners of the company	(7,452,000)	(970,000)	115,000	(429,000)	(916,000)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-
Share price at 30 Sept	\$0.010	\$0.007	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.010
Return on capital employed	(282.9%)	(11.4%)	1.0%	(3.8%)	(3.8%)

The graph below illustrates the link between the Group's financial performance and the incentive compensation amounts (including the value of share options in long term incentives) for the key management personnel and further demonstrates wider strategic focus from incentive compensation that is not directly linked to just earnings:



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### C) Service agreements

On appointment to the Board, all directors enter into a service agreement with the Company in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarises the Board policies and terms, including compensation, relevant to the office of the director.

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the Managing Director and other key management personnel are formalised and reviewed by the Remuneration Committee. Each of these agreements provides for the provision of performance-related cash & share based bonuses, other benefits including certain expenses and allowances. Other major provisions of the agreements relating to remuneration are set out below.

All contracts with executives may be terminated early by either party subject to termination payments as detailed below:

#### A Kent - Managing Director, Group

- Term of agreement – updated commencing 1 July 2016
- Base compensation, STI and benefits for the year ended 30 September 2023 is SGD 554,964 (AUD 616,317).
- Payment of a benefit on early termination by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 12 months' base salary.
- Notice period: 12 months

#### A Patel - Chief Operating Officer, Group

- Term of agreement – ongoing commencing 23 January 2013.
- Base compensation, inclusive of salary, STI, pension contribution and benefits, for the year ended 30 September 2023 is GBP 239,980 (AUD 441,967). This amount to be reviewed annually by the remuneration committee.
- Payment of a benefit on early termination by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 6 months' base salary.
- Notice period: 6 months

#### N Khimasia - Chief Financial Officer, Group

- Term of agreement – ongoing, commencing November 2015.
- Base compensation, inclusive of salary, STI, pension contribution and benefits for year ended 30 September 2023 of GBP 228,956 (AUD 421,663).
- Payment of a benefit on early termination by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 6 months' base salary.
- Notice period: 6 months

#### M Smith - Chief Commercial Officer, Group

- Term of agreement – ongoing, commencing August 2018.
- Base compensation, inclusive of salary, STI, pension contribution and benefits for the year period ended 30 September 2023 of GBP 207,951 (AUD 382,979).
- Payment of a benefit on early termination by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 6 months' base salary.
- Notice period: 6 months

#### J Robertson - Chief Marketing Officer, Group

- Term of agreement – ongoing, commencing March 2023.
- Base compensation, inclusive of salary, STI, pension contribution and benefits for year ended 30 September 2023 of SGD 218,866 (AUD 243,063).
- Payment of a benefit on early termination by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 6 months' base salary.
- Notice period: 6 months



**D) Options held by directors and key management personnel**

The numbers of options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the year by each director and other key management personnel, including their personally related parties, are set out below. All outstanding options were fully vested on the date of grant

	Balance 1 October 2022	Received as part of convertible note issue	Exercised	Forfeited	Balance 30 September 2023
<b>Directors</b>					
A Kent and beneficial interests	258,245,641	-	-	-	258,245,641

No other director options were exercised or lapsed in Aspermont Limited in 2023.

**E) Number of shares held by directors and key management personnel (KMP)**

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director and other key management personnel, including their personally related parties, are set out below. There were no shares issued during the year for the exercise of options.

	Balance 1 October 2022	Disposed	Acquired <sup>(1)</sup>	Balance at resignation / appointment	Balance 30 September 2023
<b>Directors</b>					
A.L Kent and beneficial interests	589,352,951	11,046,456	-	-	578,306,495
J Stark and beneficial interests	408,708,103	-	3,262,500	-	411,970,603
A Kent and beneficial interests	271,357,877	-	-	-	271,357,877
G Donohue and beneficial interests	64,055,746	-	-	-	64,055,746
T Klinger and beneficial interests	1,403,038	-	-	-	1,403,038
D Felton and beneficial interests	-	-	-	-	-
G McCracken and beneficial interests	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Other KMP</b>					
N Khimasia and beneficial interests	30,668,120	3,072,157	7,000,000	-	34,595,963
A Patel and beneficial interests	16,061,233	-	-	-	16,061,233
M Smith	6,525,792	-	-	-	6,525,792
J Robertson	-	-	-	-	-

No other shares were issued to key management personnel and other executives of the Company and the Group during 2023.

<sup>(1)</sup> This represents shares acquired either on the market, via exercise of performance rights or from the equity in lieu scheme.

**F) Employee Performance Rights**

The Company issued 32,963,722 Performance Rights during the reporting year to a director and employees pursuant to the Aspermont Performance Rights Plan ("The Plan").

The value and number of Performance Rights that have vested or were exercised during the year is included in the table below.

At 30 September 2023, the Company had the following unlisted Performance Rights in issue:

	Issue Year	Rights Outstanding at Start of the Year (no.)	Share Rights Granted in Year (no.)	Award Date	Fair Value per Right at award date \$	Vesting Date	Vested (no.)	Exercised (no.)	Forfeited (no.)	Rights Outstanding at End of the Year (no.)
<b>Managing Director</b>	FY 18	13,500,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	01-Feb-18	\$0.009000	01-Feb-2021	13,500,000	-	-	13,500,000
	FY 18	12,150,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	-	01-Feb-18	\$0.007096	01-Feb-2021	12,150,000	-	-	12,150,000
	FY 19	10,500,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	24-May-19	\$0.011000	25-May-2022	10,500,000	-	-	10,500,000
	FY 19	10,500,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	-	24-May-19	\$0.009308	25-May-2022	10,500,000	-	-	10,500,000
	FY 20	10,500,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	05-Feb-20	\$0.009000	05-Feb-2023	10,500,000	-	420,000	10,080,000
	FY 20	10,500,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	-	05-Feb-20	\$0.007800	05-Feb-2023	10,500,000	-	-	10,500,000
	FY 21	21,000,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	15-Jul-21	\$0.017200	15-Jul-2024	-	-	-	21,000,000
	FY 22	15,666,667 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	09-Mar-22	\$0.010700	09-Mar-2025	-	-	-	15,666,667
	FY 23	-	15,666,667	-	04-May-23	\$0.008890	04-May-2026	-	-	-
<b>KMPs</b>	FY 18	9,000,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	01-Feb-18	\$0.009000	01-Feb-2021	9,000,000	-	-	9,000,000
	FY 19	14,000,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	24-May-19	\$0.011000	25-May-2022	14,000,000	-	-	14,000,000
	FY 20	10,500,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	05-Feb-20	\$0.009000	05-Feb-2023	10,500,000	7,000,000	-	3,500,000
	FY 20	10,500,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	05-Feb-20	\$0.007800	05-Feb-2023	10,500,000	-	-	10,500,000
	FY21	21,000,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	15-Jul-21	\$0.017200	15-Jul-2024	-	-	-	21,000,000
	FY 22	15,666,668 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	09-Mar-22	\$0.010700	09-Mar-2025	-	-	3,916,667	11,750,001
	FY 23	-	15,666,668	-	04-May-23	\$0.008890	04-May-2026	-	-	-
<b>Employees<sup>(4)</sup></b>	FY 19	1,500,000	-	30-Nov-18	\$0.010300	30-Nov2018/19/20	1,250,000	250,000	750,000	250,000
	FY 20	1,449,187	-	15-Nov-19	\$0.010351	15-Nov2019/20/21	716,125	576,832	-	139,293
	FY 21	2,985,076	-	25-Jun-21	\$0.010050	25-Jun2021/22/23	2,487,563	1,077,943	-	1,326,701
	FY 22	1,698,067	-	15-Dec-21	\$0.026010	15-Dec2021/22/23	1,089,326	448,546	-	1,249,521
	FY 23	-	1,630,437	-	06-Dec-22	\$0.023000	06-Dec2022/23/24	543,479	217,392	-
<b>Total Rights in Issue</b>		<b>191,135,090</b>	<b>32,963,772</b>				<b>104,236,493</b>	<b>9,570,713</b>	<b>5,169,586</b>	<b>209,358,564</b>

<sup>(4)</sup>The grant of employee performance rights are subject to certain milestone conditions: A three year period, 33.3% of the total performance rights will vest per annum with the first tranche eligible for vest upon issue of the Performance Rights. Any Rights not exercised on the measurement date lapse.

The Plan was approved by the shareholders at the February 2018 annual general meeting. The scheme is designed to provide long-term incentives to the executive management team (including executive Directors) to deliver long-term shareholder returns. Under the Plan, participants are granted Performance Rights to receive ordinary shares which only vest if certain performance conditions are met. Participation in the Plan is at the Board's discretion and no individual has a contractual right to participate in the Plan or to receive any guaranteed benefits. The Board can amend vesting conditions on issued Performance Rights. Any change to vesting conditions which affects a related party requires shareholder approval.

**Performance Rights for the Managing Director for FY18, FY19 and FY20 have the following performance conditions:**

- <sup>(1)</sup> Fifty percent of grant vests if the Company's returns on equity over a three-year period are within 50-75% range of all companies in the S&P ASX 300.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Fifty percent of grant vests if the Company's total shareholder return (TSR) over a three-year period is within 50-75% range of all companies in the S&P ASX 300.

**Performance Rights for the Managing Director for FY21, FY22 and for KMPs for all years have the following performance conditions:**

- <sup>(3)</sup> Time based and will be eligible to vest from the third anniversary from the grant dates.

Once vested, the Performance Rights remain exercisable for a period of four years. Performance Rights Shares are granted under the Plan for no consideration and carry no voting rights during the vesting period. The Performance Rights have an implied service condition meaning the Directors and Employees must remain employed for the entire period.

Performance Rights issued in FY23 were valued for a total of \$316,069 being expensed over the vesting period, with \$54,315 charged to the Consolidated Income Statement for this reporting period. This is reflected in the share-based payment expense at 30 September 2023.

**Fair values were determined as follows:**

The fair value at grant date for Managing Director and KMP Performance Rights were based on an independent valuation performed by Moore. The Key Variables used in this model are as follows:

Variable	Input
Valuation Date	04 May 2023
Spot Price (\$)	\$0.015
Exercise Price (\$)	Nil
Issue Date	04 May 2023
Expiry date	04 May 2030
Expected future volatility (%)	100%
Risk free rate (%)	3.17%
Dividend yield (%)	0%
Vesting Date	04 May 2026
Provision for Employee Exit (%)	16%

The fair value at grant date for Employee Performance Rights was based on the 12 month weighted average market price for FY22.

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### G) Loans to directors related entities

Loans to Mr A.L Kent and related entities are set out below.

	2023	2022
<b>Andrew L. Kent</b>		
Beginning of year	101,396	42,289
Loan advances	143,860	59,107
End of year	245,256	101,396

### H) Other transactions with directors and key management personnel

A number of directors, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or joint control over the financial or operating policies of those entities.

These entities transacted with the Group during the year. The terms and conditions of the transactions with directors and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

The Group leases its principal office facility from Ileveter Pty Ltd, a company associated with a director, Mr A.L Kent. The rent paid was at market rates at the time of lease inception and amounted to \$250,000 for the current year (2022: \$488,808).

At 30 September 2023, the Company owed \$25,000 (2022: \$25,000) in unpaid Director Fees to current Non-Executive Directors of the Company. At the AGM, 99.12% of votes received were in favour of adoption of the remuneration report. Votes received represented 4% of the full registry.

The Company is owed \$245,246 for various expenses paid on behalf of Ileveter Pty Ltd, a Company associated with a director, Mr A.L. Kent. Mr A L Kent was in the process of making these repayments prior to the year end until his sudden demise in September 2023. The Company is in communication with the Executors of Mr A.L. Kent's estate to agree a repayment plan which includes taking a payment holiday on rental payment to reduce the outstanding balance.

**This is the end of the Audited Remuneration Report.**

# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

**ELDERTON**  
AUDIT PTY LTD

## Auditor's Independence Declaration

To those charged with Governance of Aspermont Limited.

As auditor for the audit of Aspermont Limited for the year ended 30 September 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Aspermont Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

Elderton Audit Pty Ltd.

**Elderton Audit Pty Ltd**

Rafay

**Rafay Nabeel**  
Director

Perth  
20 December 2023

Limited Liability by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Note	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<b>Continuing Operations</b>			
Revenue	4	19,248	18,729
Cost of sales		(8,183)	(6,698)
<b>Gross Profit</b>		<b>11,065</b>	<b>12,031</b>
Distribution expenses		(411)	(598)
Marketing expenses		(4,937)	(4,298)
Corporate and administration		(5,060)	(5,122)
Finance costs		69	25
Share based payments	12b	(445)	(567)
Other expenses		(901)	(934)
Other gains and (losses)	5b	(752)	(323)
Share of net loss in associate	19	(458)	(525)
<b>Profit/(loss) before income tax</b>		<b>(1,830)</b>	<b>(311)</b>
Income tax benefit/(expense)	6	130	(118)
<b>Net profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent entity</b>		<b>(1,700)</b>	<b>(429)</b>
<b>Other Comprehensive Income</b> (Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss)			
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		(3)	190
<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss)</b>		<b>(3)</b>	<b>190</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to equity holders of parent entity</b>		<b>(1,703)</b>	<b>(239)</b>
<b>Earnings per share information</b>			
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	18	(0.070)	(0.018)
Diluted Earnings per share	18	(0.070)	(0.018)

The accompanying notes form part of these consolidated financial statements.



## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

	Note	2023 \$000	2022 Restated \$000
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	14	4,044	6,634
Trade and other receivables	7	1,729	1,237
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>5,773</b>	<b>7,871</b>
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Financial assets		275	171
Investment in Associates	19	-	458
Property, plant and equipment	8	495	35
Deferred tax assets	6	1,550	1,306
Intangible assets	9	9,219	8,124
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>11,539</b>	<b>10,094</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>17,312</b>	<b>17,965</b>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Trade and other payables	10	3,662	3,146
Income in advance	11	6,812	6,511
Borrowings		35	35
Lease Liabilities	8b	267	-
Provisions		51	46
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>10,827</b>	<b>9,738</b>
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Deferred tax liabilities	6	1,550	1,306
Lease payable	8b	194	-
Provisions		80	71
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>1,824</b>	<b>1,377</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>12,651</b>	<b>11,115</b>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		<b>4,661</b>	<b>6,850</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Issued capital	12	11,364	11,265
Reserves		(54)	(200)
Accumulated losses		(6,649)	(4,215)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<b>4,661</b>	<b>6,850</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these consolidated financial statements.

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Issued Capital \$000	Accumulated Losses \$000	Other Reserves \$000	Share Based Reserve \$000	Currency Translation Reserve \$000	Fixed Assets Reserve \$000	Total \$000
<b>Balance at 1 October 2021</b>	<b>11,178</b>	<b>(3,787)</b>	-	<b>1,921</b>	<b>(2,509)</b>	<b>(278)</b>	<b>6,525</b>
Loss for the period	-	(428)	-	-	-	-	(428)
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>							
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	-	-	-	-	190	-	190
<b>Total comprehensive income/ (loss)</b>	-	<b>(428)</b>	-	-	<b>190</b>	-	<b>(238)</b>
<b>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners</b>							
Shares issued (net of issue costs)	87	-	-	-	-	-	87
Issue of performance rights	-	-	-	476	-	-	476
<b>Balance at 30 September 2022</b>	<b>11,265</b>	<b>(4,215)</b>	-	<b>2,397</b>	<b>(2,319)</b>	<b>(278)</b>	<b>6,850</b>
Adjustment due to historic period error <sup>1</sup>	-	(734)	-	-	(201)	-	(935)
<b>Restated Balance at 30 September 2022</b>	<b>11,265</b>	<b>4,949</b>	-	<b>2,397</b>	<b>(2,520)</b>	<b>(278)</b>	<b>5,915</b>
<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to note 2 for information on restatement of opening retained earnings.							
<b>Balance at 1 October 2022</b>	<b>11,265</b>	<b>(4,949)</b>	-	<b>2,397</b>	<b>(2,520)</b>	<b>(278)</b>	<b>5,915</b>
Loss for the year	-	(1,700)	-	-	-	-	(1,700)
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>							
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	-	-	-	-	(3)	-	(3)
<b>Total comprehensive income/ (loss)</b>	-	<b>(1,700)</b>	-	-	<b>(3)</b>	-	<b>(1,703)</b>
<b>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners</b>							
Shares issued (net of issue costs)	99	-	-	-	-	-	99
Issue of performance rights	-	-	-	350	-	-	350
<b>Balance at 30 September 2023</b>	<b>11,364</b>	<b>(6,649)</b>	-	<b>2,747</b>	<b>(2,523)</b>	<b>(278)</b>	<b>4,661</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these consolidated financial statements.



## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Note	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Cash receipts from customers		18,188	20,123
Cash payments to suppliers and employees		(18,875)	(18,749)
Interest and other costs of finance paid		(13)	36
Interest received		110	4
<b>Net cash (used in)/ from operating activities</b>	14(b)	<b>(590)</b>	<b>1,414</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for plant and equipment		(20)	(34)
Payment for intangible assets		(1,032)	(622)
Payment for investments		(695)	(660)
Interest on lease liabilities		(28)	(11)
<b>Net cash (used in)/from investing activities</b>		<b>(1,775)</b>	<b>(1,327)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from issue of shares		-	-
Share issue transaction costs		(3)	(3)
Repayment of lease liabilities		(222)	(484)
<b>Net cash from financing activities</b>		<b>(225)</b>	<b>(487)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash held</b>		<b>(2,590)</b>	<b>(400)</b>
<b>Cash at the beginning of the year</b>		<b>6,634</b>	<b>7,028</b>
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies		-	6
<b>Cash at the end of the year</b>		<b>4,044</b>	<b>6,634</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these consolidated financial statements.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. General information

Aspermont Limited (the "Company") is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Stock Exchange. The consolidated financial statements of Aspermont Limited and its controlled entities (the "Group") comprises the Company and its subsidiaries and the consolidated entity's interests in associates and jointly controlled entities.

These financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 20 December 2023.

**Aspermont Limited's registered office and its principal place of business are as follows:**

Principal place of business and registered office	Principal place of business United Kingdom
613-619 Wellington Street PERTH WA 6000	WeWork 1 Poultry London, UK EC2R 8EJ
Tel: +61 8 6263 9100	Tel: +44 (0) 208 187 2330

## 2. Significant accounting policies

### Statement of compliance

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, including Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The Group is a for-profit entity for the purposes of preparing the financial statements.

The financial report covers the consolidated group of Aspermont Limited and controlled entities. Separate financial statements of Aspermont Limited, as an individual entity, are no longer presented as a consequence of a change to the Corporations Act 2001. Financial information for Aspermont Limited as an individual entity is included in note 3.

The financial report of Aspermont Limited and controlled entities complies with all International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

### Basis of preparation

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected financial assets for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

The accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### Restatement of Comparatives

During the year ended 30 September 2023 there was an error discovered in Income in Advance balances relating to brought forward figures in 2017 where revenue had been incorrectly recognised as Income in Advance instead of being released in the profit and loss in the year and a correction in the classification of capital reduction from foreign exchange reserves to retained earnings. This has in the change in opening retained earnings brought forward in 2022 and is in accordance with treatment for historical period errors as prescribed in AASB 108.

### New Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Applied

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 September 2023 reporting period.

### Rounding of Amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in Legislative Instrument 2016/191 and in accordance with the Legislative Instrument, amounts in the consolidated financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the entity is a going concern, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity, realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

For the year ended 30 September 2023 the entity recorded a loss for the year of \$1.7m, a net cash outflow from operating activities of 0.6m and net working capital surplus excluding deferred revenue of \$1.8m.

The Directors have reviewed the Company's overall position and believe the Company will have sufficient funds to meet the Company's commitments.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the entity is a going concern, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity, realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business for the following reasons:

1. The Directors have forecast the group to generate positive operating cash flows in the next 12 months through an increase in revenue in the digital, subscription and events revenue streams and/or
2. The Directors expect the Group to be successful in securing additional funds through debt or equity issues if the need arises.

### (a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts comprise the accounts of Aspermont Limited and all of its controlled entities, the "Group". A controlled entity is any entity that Aspermont is exposed to, or has the rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of controlled entities are included in the consolidated accounts from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

A list of controlled entities is contained in note 13 to the financial statements.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the economic entity during the year, their operating results have been included from the date control was obtained or until the date control ceased.

Non-controlling interests in the equity and results of the entities that are controlled are shown as a separate item in the consolidated financial report.

In the parent entity the investments in the subsidiaries are carried at cost, less impairment.

### Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of Aspermont Limited.

## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

When the Group ceases to have control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, jointly controlled entity or financial asset. Any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in a jointly controlled entity or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income where appropriate.

### (b) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash includes:

- i. cash on hand and at call deposits with banks or financial institutions, net of bank overdrafts; and
- ii. investments in money market instruments with less than 14 days to maturity.

### (c) Plant and equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the carrying amount is greater than the estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

The depreciable amounts of all plant and equipment are depreciated on a diminishing value basis over their useful lives to the economic entity commencing from the time an asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Plant and equipment	13.5% - 40%
Right-of-use asset	Range remaining lease term: 1-2 years

### (d) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Group's liability for employee entitlements arising from services rendered by employees to reporting date. Employee entitlements expected to be settled within one year together with entitlements arising from wages and annual leave, which will be settled after one year, have been measured at their nominal amount. Other employee entitlements payable later than one year has been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those entitlements. Contributions are made by the Group to employee superannuation funds and are charged as expenses when incurred.



## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (e) Financial instruments

#### Recognition

The Group recognises receivables on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are classified based on the objective of the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the characteristics of the contractual cash flows.

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual cash flows from the asset expires, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows such that substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

#### Financial assets at fair value

Financial assets at fair value are non-derivative financial assets.

Financial assets at fair value are measured initially at fair value which includes transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. They are measured subsequently at fair value with movements in fair value being recognised in the profit or loss, unless:

- ⑤ The financial asset is an equity investment, and
- ⑤ The Group has made an irrevocable election to present gains and losses on the financial asset in other comprehensive income. This election has been made on an individual equity basis.

Dividends from equity investments are included in the profit or loss regardless of whether the election has been made to recognise movements in fair value in other comprehensive income.

Profit or loss arising on the sale of equity investments is recognised in the profit or loss unless the election has been made to recognise fair value movements in other comprehensive income.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets held at amortised cost are non-derivative finance assets with fixed or determinable payments not quoted in an active market. If the financial assets are expected in one year or less they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

#### Impairment

Impairment losses on financial assets at fair value are recognised in profit or loss, unless the election has been made to recognise movements in fair value in other comprehensive income, in which case impairment losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

### (f) Income tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or liability is settled.

Deferred tax is credited in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity. Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the economic entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Aspermont Limited and its wholly owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the Tax Consolidation System. Aspermont Limited is responsible for recognising the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities for the tax consolidated group. The Group notified the ATO in April 2004 that it had formed an income tax consolidated group to apply from July 2002.

### Tax consolidation

Aspermont and its wholly owned Australian subsidiaries are a tax consolidated group. As a consequence, as the head entity in the tax consolidated group, Aspermont will recognise current and deferred tax amounts relating to transactions, events and balances of the wholly owned Australian controlled entities in the Group in future financial statements as if those transactions, events and balances were its own, in addition to the current and deferred tax balances arising in relation to its own transactions, events and balances.

These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated group continues to be a standalone taxpayer in its own right.

### (g) Foreign currency

#### Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of each of the Group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

#### Transaction and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss or Other Comprehensive Income, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge, in which case they are included in other comprehensive income.

**2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Group Companies**

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates at that reporting date.
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period.
- All resulting exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the Group's foreign currency translation reserve in the statement of financial position through other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

**(h) Intangible assets**

**Goodwill**

Goodwill and goodwill on consolidation are initially recorded at the amount by which the purchase price for a business exceeds the fair value attributed to its net assets at date of acquisition. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisition of associates is included in investments in associates.

**Mastheads and Tradenames**

Mastheads and Tradenames acquired separately are capitalised at cost and from a business combination are capitalised at fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, the cost model is applied to the class of intangible assets.

Mastheads and Tradenames are tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment exists, and the carrying amount is reviewed annually by the directors to ensure that it is not in excess of the recoverable amount.

**IT development and software**

Costs incurred in developing products or systems and costs incurred in acquiring software and licenses that will contribute to future period financial benefits through revenue generation and/or cost reduction are capitalised to software and systems. Costs capitalised include direct payroll and payroll related costs of employees' time spent on the project. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over periods generally ranging from 2 to 5 years.

IT development costs include only those costs directly attributable to the development phase and are only recognised following completion of technical feasibility and where the Group has an intention and ability to use the asset.

**Intangible assets acquired as part of an acquisition**

Intangible assets acquired as part of an acquisition of a business are capitalised separately from goodwill if the asset is separable or arises from contractual or legal rights, and the fair value can be measured reliably on initial recognition. Purchased intangible assets are initially recorded at cost and finite life intangible assets are amortised over their useful economic lives on a straight-line basis.

Where amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis, the following useful lives have been determined for classes of intangible assets:

<b>Trademarks:</b>	10 years
<b>Customer &amp; subscription contracts/relationships:</b>	5 years

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## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (i) Revenue

#### *Recognition and Measurement*

Revenues are recognised at fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of the amount GST or relevant sales tax payable to the relevant taxation authority.

#### *Performance obligations and timing of revenue recognition*

The majority of the Group's revenue is derived from selling services with revenue recognised at a point in time when service has been delivered or consumed by the customer and control has transferred to the customer. This is generally when the services are delivered to or consumed by the customer. There is limited judgement needed in identifying the point control passes.

#### **Advertising and Sponsorship Revenues:**

Revenue for advertising and sponsorship activities are recognised when the advertisement has been broadcast/displayed or the sponsorship service has been performed.

#### **Subscriptions Revenues:**

Subscriptions are received in advance for the subscription period applied for. Subscriptions received during the financial year for content to be published or accessed online after reporting date have been deferred and will be recognised in the accounting period in which the respective content services subscribed for are made available.

#### **Event and Delegate Revenues:**

Event revenue whether for sponsorship, exhibition stand or delegate tickets for attending the event is recognised in the accounting period in which the respective event occurs.

#### *Determining the transaction price*

Most of the Group's revenue is derived from fixed price contracts and therefore the amount of revenue to be earned from each contract is determined by reference to those fixed prices.

#### *Allocating amounts to performance obligations*

For most contracts, there is a fixed unit price for each product sold, with discounts sometimes given for orders placed at a specific time. Therefore, there is no judgement involved in allocating the contract price to each product ordered in such contracts. Where a customer orders more than one product line, the Group is able to determine the split of the total contract price between each product line by reference to each product's standalone selling prices (all product lines are capable of being, and are, sold separately).

#### *Costs of fulfilling contracts*

No judgement is needed to measure the amount of costs of obtaining contracts – it is the commission paid.

#### *Transition*

The Group adopted AASB 15 on the required effective date using the modified retrospective method. Thus, the Group will not apply AASB 15 requirements to the comparative period presented. The Group's revenue recognition policies prior to AASB 15 were in line with the requisites of the new standard and the impact if any would be immaterial.

### (j) Other income

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Grants from the government are recognised as other income when they are received by the Group and all attached conditions have been fulfilled.

## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (k) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

### (l) Rounding of amounts

The parent entity has applied the relief available to it under Legislative Instrument 2016/191 and accordingly, amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

### (m) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

### (n) Share-based payment transactions

The Group in some instances has settled services received through issue of shares or share options. The costs of these transactions are measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. Where options are issued, the fair value at grant date is determined using a combination of trinomial and monte carlo option pricing models which require estimated variable inputs. In particular, the expected share price volatility is estimated using the historic volatility (using the expected life of the option), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility. The cost is recognised together with a corresponding increase in equity over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled. Information relating to share based payments is set out in note 12.

### (o) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

#### **Key Estimates — Impairment**

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates. Key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are disclosed in note 9(b).

#### **Key Estimates — Useful lives**

The Group assesses the useful lives at each reporting date in respect of assets within indefinite useful lives such as the Mastheads and Tradenames. The assets are assessed utilising conditions specific to the Group. This requires judgement and consideration of the assets utilisation and continued use within the Group.

#### **Key Estimates — Income tax**

The Aspermont Group operates in multiple jurisdictions which have applicable taxation laws. During any given year Aspermont seeks independent taxation advice and records the impact of that advice and any tax applicable. Should there be a change to the taxation position as a result of past transactions this may give rise to an income tax liability or asset.

## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### Key Estimates — Shared Based Payments

The Group in some instances has settled services received through issue of shares or share options. The costs of these transactions are measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. Where options are issued, the fair value at grant date is determined using a combination of trinomial and monte carlo option pricing models which require estimated variable inputs. In particular, the expected share price volatility is estimated using the historic volatility (using the expected life of the option), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility. Information relating to share based payments is set out in note 12.

The cost is recognised together with a corresponding increase in equity over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled.

### (p) Earnings per share

#### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Group, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus entitlements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

## 2. Significant accounting policies *(continued)*

### (q) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised at fair value, being the original invoice value any credit loss allowance. They are non-interest bearing and generally on 30 credit terms from date of invoice.

The loss allowance is based on a simplified model of recognising lifetime expected credit losses immediately upon recognition. Where a debt is known to be uncollectable, it is considered a bad debt and written off.

### (r) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

### (s) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

### (t) Accounting standards adopted

The Group has adopted the following new accounting standards that have previously been assessed for their impact on the Group's financial report. There have been no changes in the previous assessment of their impact which is not material to the Group:

AASB 2012-3	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
AASB 2013-3	Amendments to AASB 136 – Recoverable Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets
AASB 2014-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Parts A to C)
AASB 15	Revenues from contracts with Customers
AASB 9	Financial Instruments
AASB 16	Leases

### (u) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer who makes strategic decisions.



### 3. Parent entity information

The following details relate to the parent entity only, Aspermont Limited, at 30 September 2023. The information presented here has been prepared using consistent accounting policies as presented in note 2.

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Current assets	3,768	4,165
Non-current assets	8,133	8,546
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>11,901</b>	<b>12,711</b>
Current liabilities	5,435	4,502
Non-current liabilities	1,805	1,359
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>7,240</b>	<b>5,861</b>
Contributed equity	11,584	11,266
Accumulated losses	(8,410)	(5,553)
<b>Reserves:</b>		
Share based payment reserve	2,747	2,397
Financial asset reserves	(276)	(276)
Other Reserves	(639)	(639)
Currency Translation Reserve	(345)	(345)
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>4,661</b>	<b>6,850</b>
<b>Profit/(Loss) for the year</b>	<b>(1,046)</b>	<b>(337)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive loss for the year</b>	<b>(3)</b>	<b>190</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year</b>	<b>(1,049)</b>	<b>(147)</b>

#### 4. Revenue

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Continuing operations:		
Client Revenues	9,760	10,051
Audience Revenues	9,488	8,678
	<b>19,248</b>	<b>18,729</b>
Other income:		
Interest	110	4
Other income	17	23
	<b>127</b>	<b>27</b>

Amounts contained within other income is income generated through non-core activities such as the interest on deposits. Basis of revenue recognition is further described in note 2 (i) and revenue derived from different geographies are shown in segment analysis note 17.

#### 5. Expenses

Profit/ (loss) before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<b>(a) Operating Expenses:</b>		
Bad debts written off	(8)	6
Consulting and accounting services	75	50
Depreciation and amortisation of plant, equip and intangible assets	735	1,007
Directors fees	410	357
Employee benefits expense	4,610	4,478
Foreign exchange gains/(losses)	70	(192)
Finance costs	41	(25)
Legal costs	37	(23)
Rental expense on operating lease	323	186
	<b>6,293</b>	<b>5,844</b>
<b>(b) Other (Gains)/Losses:</b>		
Dilapidations charge	-	350
Impairment of other receivables in joint venture	779	-
Grants	(27)	(27)
	<b>752</b>	<b>323</b>
<b>(c) Remuneration of auditors of the parent entity for:</b>		
Auditing or reviewing the accounts	75	50

## 6. Taxation

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
(a) Income tax expense/(benefit)		
The components of tax expense/ (revenue) comprise:		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	(130)	118
	<b>(130)</b>	<b>118</b>
The prima facie tax on profit/ (loss) before tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:		
Profit/(loss) from operations	(1,830)	(311)
Income tax calculated at 25% (2022: 26%)	(458)	(77)
<i>Tax effect of permanent differences:</i>		
Increase in income tax expense due to:		
Non-deductible expenditure	891	273
Tax losses not recognised	-	-
Decrease in income tax expense due to:		
Derecognise capital losses		
Non-assessable income	(61)	-
Tax losses recouped not previously recognised	(44)	(78)
Effect of different tax rates of foreign operations	(458)	-
Income tax expense/(benefit) attributable to profit from ordinary activities	<b>(130)</b>	<b>118</b>
<b>Effective tax rate</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>(38%)</b>
(b) Deferred Tax		
Deferred income tax at 30 September relates to the following:		
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Intangible assets in relation to business combinations	<b>1,436</b>	<b>1,306</b>
ROU Assets	<b>114</b>	-
Total	<b>1,550</b>	<b>1,306</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Provisions	<b>180</b>	<b>254</b>
Investment - Subsidiaries	-	-
Future benefit of carried forward losses	<b>1,255</b>	<b>1,052</b>
Leases	<b>115</b>	-
	<b>1,550</b>	<b>1,306</b>

6. Taxation (continued)

	Intangible assets relating to business combinations \$000
<b>Balance at 1 October 2020</b>	<b>1,423</b>
Credited/(charged):	
- to profit or loss	-
- to equity	1
Currency movements	-
<b>Balance at 30 September 2021</b>	<b>1,424</b>
Credited/(charged):	
- to profit or loss	(118)
- to equity	-
Currency movements	-
<b>Balance at 30 September 2022</b>	<b>1,306</b>
Credited/(charged):	
- to profit or loss	130
- to equity	-
Currency movements	-
<b>Balance at 30 September 2023</b>	<b>1,436</b>

The movement in deferred tax assets for each temporary difference during the year is as follows:

	Provisions \$000	Future benefit of carried forward losses \$000	ROU assets \$000	Leases \$000	Total \$000
<b>Balance at 1 October 2020</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>1,180</b>	-	-	<b>1,423</b>
Credited/(charged):					
- to profit or loss	242	(242)	-	-	-
- to equity	-	-	-	-	-
Currency movements			-		
<b>Balance at 30 September 2021</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>938</b>	-	-	<b>1,423</b>
Credited/(charged):					
- to profit or loss	(232)	114	-	-	(118)
- to equity	-	-	-	-	-
Currency movements			-		
<b>Balance at 30 September 2022</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>1,052</b>	-	-	<b>1,305</b>
Credited/(charged):					
- to profit or loss	(73)	203	115	(114)	131
- to equity			-		
Currency movements			-		
<b>Balance at 30 September 2023</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>1,255</b>	-	-	<b>1,436</b>

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## 6. Taxation (continued)

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Amounts recognised directly in equity		
Aggregate current and deferred tax arising in the reporting period and not recognised in the statement of comprehensive income but directly debited or credited to equity:		
Net deferred tax – credited directly to equity	130	(118)
Tax expense/(income) relating to items of other comprehensive income	-	-
Financial assets reserve	-	-

*Note 1 - Deferred tax assets and liabilities are required to be measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply in the future income year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. The Directors have determined that the deferred tax balances be measured at the tax rates stated.*

### Tax consolidation

Aspermont and its wholly owned Australian subsidiaries are a tax consolidated group. The accounting policy in relation to this legislation is set out in note 2 (f).

On adoption of the tax consolidation legislation, the entities in the tax consolidated group entered into a tax sharing agreement which limits the joint and several liability of the wholly owned entities in the case of a default by the head entity, Aspermont Limited.

## 7. Trade and other receivables

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<b>Current</b>		
Trade receivables	802	734
Allowance for expected credit loss	Note 7(a) (71)	(77)
Other receivables	1,532	479
Related party receivables	Note 15(b) 245	101
Impairment of Other Receivable in Joint Venture	Note 19(b) (779)	-
<b>Total current trade and other receivables</b>	<b>1,729</b>	<b>1,237</b>
<b>Non-current</b>		
<b>Total non-current trade and other receivables</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

The consolidated entity has recognised a gain of \$8,231 (2022: gain of \$6,185) in profit or loss in respect of the expected credit losses for the year ended 30 September 2023. The total 2023 ECL allowance is \$67,210 as detailed below.

Consolidated	Expected ECL %	Carrying amount \$	Allowance for ECL \$
Not overdue	2.58 %	614,648	15,850
0-30 days overdue	4.52 %	118,866	5,367
30-60 days overdue	7.74 %	3,320	257
60+ days overdue	12.07 %	379,069	45,736
		<b>1,115,903</b>	<b>67,210</b>

The ageing of the receivables and allowance for expected credit losses provided for above are as follows:

Information about the Group's exposure to interest rate risk and credit risk is provided in note 17.

## 7. Trade and other receivables (continued)

### (a) Allowance for expected credit loss ("ECL")

As at 30 September 2023 current trade receivables of the Group with a nominal value of \$0.1m were provided against (2022 – \$0.1m).

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
1 to 3 months	-	-
Over 3 months	71	77
	71	77

The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
At 1 October	75	129
Allowance for impairment	(3)	(9)
Foreign exchange movement	20	(23)
Receivables written off	(21)	(21)
	71	75

Movements in the allowance for the impairment of receivables are as follows:

The creation and release of the allowance for impaired receivables has been included in "other expenses" in the Statement of Profit or Loss. Amounts charged to the provision are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

### (b) Past due but not impaired

As at 30 September 2023, trade receivables of \$0.2m (2022: \$0.2m) were past due but not impaired. These are not considered impaired due to the geographical location resulting in a delay in receiving payment. Trade receivables include revenues deferred. The ageing analysis of these trade debtors is as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
1 to 3 months	190	92
Over 3 months	-	141
	190	233

### 7. Trade and other receivables (continued)

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets and are not past due. Based on the credit history of these other classes, it is expected that these amounts will be received when due. The Group does not hold any collateral in relation to these receivables.

Information about the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk in relation to trade and other receivables is provided in note 16.

Due to the short term nature of these receivables, their carrying amount is assumed to approximate their fair value. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of receivable mentioned above.

### 8. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Consolidated	
	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Property, Plant and Equipment – at cost	1,949	1,904
Accumulated depreciation	(1,910)	(1,869)
Owned Property, Plant & Equipment	39	35
Right-of-use assets – at cost	2,502	1,818
Accumulated depreciation	(2,046)	(1,818)
Right-of-use assets – at 30 September 2023	456	-
<b>Total Property, Plant and Equipment</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>35</b>

Property, Plant and Equipment comprise owned and leased assets that do not meet the definition of investment property.

## 8. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

### (a) Movements in carrying amounts

	Property, Plant and Equipment \$000	Leases and Right-of-use Assets <sup>(b)</sup> \$000	Total \$000
<b>Gross carrying amount</b>			
<b>Balance at 1 October 2021</b>	<b>1,886</b>	<b>1,818</b>	<b>3,704</b>
Additions	34	-	34
Currency movements	(16)	-	(16)
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 30 September 2022</b>	<b>1,904</b>	<b>1,818</b>	<b>3,722</b>
Additions	20	684	704
Currency movements	25	-	25
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 30 September 2023</b>	<b>1,949</b>	<b>2,502</b>	<b>4,451</b>
<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>			
<b>Balance at 1 October 2021</b>	<b>(1,858)</b>	<b>(1,361)</b>	<b>(3,219)</b>
Depreciation expense	(42)	(457)	(499)
Currency movements	31	-	31
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 30 September 2022</b>	<b>(1,869)</b>	<b>(1,818)</b>	<b>(3,687)</b>
Adjustment on transition to AASB 16	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	(33)	(228)	(261)
Currency movements	(9)	-	(9)
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 30 September 2023</b>	<b>(1,910)</b>	<b>(2,046)</b>	<b>(3,956)</b>
<b>Net Book Value</b>			
As at 30 September 2022	35	-	35
<b>As at 30 September 2023</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>495</b>



**8. Property, Plant and Equipment** *(continued)*
**(b) Leases Liabilities**

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<b>Maturity Analysis – contractual undiscounted cashflows</b>		
Less than one year	267	-
One to five years	194	-
More than five years	-	-
<b>Total Undiscounted Lease Liabilities at 30 September</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position at 30 September</b>		
Current	267	-
Non-current	194	-

The Company leases its office building under a lease agreement on a three-year term with two years remaining. It adopted AASB 16 and recognises this lease as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability.

**Lease payments not recognised as a liability**

The Group has elected not to recognise a lease liability for short term leases (leases of expected term of 12 months or less) or leases of low value assets. Payments made under such leases are expensed on a straight-line basis.

The expenses relating to payments not included in the measurement of lease liability is as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Short term leases	-	-
Leases of low value assets	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**9. Intangible assets**

Consolidated	Goodwill \$000	Software \$000	Purchased mastheads & tradenames \$000	Other acquired assets \$000	Total \$000
<b>Gross carrying amount</b>					
<b>Balance at 1 October 2021</b>	<b>14,458</b>	<b>5,492</b>	<b>10,922</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>31,034</b>
Additions	-	622	-	-	622
Currency movements	(1,277)	(185)	(713)	-	(2,175)
<b>Balance at 30 September 2022</b>	<b>13,181</b>	<b>5,929</b>	<b>10,209</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>29,481</b>
Additions	-	622	-	-	622
Currency movements	1,529	248	791	-	2,568
<b>Balance at 30 September 2023</b>	<b>14,710</b>	<b>7,209</b>	<b>11,000</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>33,080</b>
<b>Accumulated Amortisation</b>					
<b>Balance at 1 October 2021</b>	<b>(14,458)</b>	<b>(4,994)</b>	<b>(2,906)</b>	<b>(162)</b>	<b>(22,520)</b>
Amortisation expense	-	(549)	-	-	(549)
Currency movements	1,277	170	241	-	1,688
Disposal	-	24	-	-	24
<b>Balance at 30 September 2022</b>	<b>(13,181)</b>	<b>(5,349)</b>	<b>(2,665)</b>	<b>(162)</b>	<b>(21,357)</b>
Amortisation expense	-	(586)	-	-	(586)
Currency movements	(1,529)	(225)	(267)	-	(2,021)
Disposal	-	102	-	-	102
<b>Balance at 30 September 2023</b>	<b>(14,710)</b>	<b>(6,058)</b>	<b>(2,932)</b>	<b>(162)</b>	<b>(23,862)</b>
<b>Net Book Value</b>					
As at 30 September 2022	-	<b>580</b>	<b>7,544</b>	-	<b>8,124</b>
As at 30 September 2023	-	<b>1,151</b>	<b>8,068</b>	-	<b>9,219</b>

The Group has allocated goodwill, software, purchased Mastheads and Tradenames and other acquired assets to the Publishing cash generating units ("CGU").

## 9. Intangible assets (continued)

### a) Determination of recoverable amounts

The recoverable amount of the CGUs, which are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, is determined based on value in use using discounted cash flow projections based on financial forecasts covering a five-year period with a terminal growth rate applied thereafter. The Group determined that each of the components of Publishing (Print, Online and Events) to be a CGU. The Group performed its annual impairment test in September 2023.

The cash flow projections which are used in determining any impairment require management to make significant estimates and judgements (key assumptions in preparing projections are set out below). Each of the assumptions is subject to significant judgement about future economic conditions and the ongoing structure of the publishing and digital industries. Management has applied their best estimates to each of these variables but cannot warrant their outcome. Management has determined that there is no impairment as at 30 September 2023. In determining that no impairment was required at 30 September 2023, Management also took into consideration that the market capitalisation of the Group was above the book value of its equity.

### b) Impairment losses recognized

As a result of the analysis performed, there is headroom in the Group's CGU (the recoverable value exceeded the carrying amount) and management did not identify an impairment charge (2022: nil).

### c) Key assumptions

The key assumptions on which management has based its cash flow projections when determining the fair value less cost of disposal calculations are set out below. These assumptions are consistent with industry market participant expectations.

**Cash flow forecasts were used based on the EBITDA for the CGU for the Group's latest five-year business plan approved by the board on the following basis:**

⑤ Year 1 cash flows - Based on current forecast in line with Board approved budgets.

#### Year 2-5 cash flows:

- ⑤ Average EBITDA growth of 45% as a result of the following underlying assumptions:
- ⑤ Revenue growth of 3% is assumed for media services and 29% for data services related activity on market maturity of established products, continued roll-out, introduction of new products and services, product extensions and continued channel development.
- ⑤ Revenue growth of 12% in subscriptions – these assumptions are in line with current performance, industry trends and management's expectation of market development.
- ⑤ Revenue growth of +30% in live events – these assumptions are in line with past performance, and management's expectation of market development.
- ⑤ Investment expense for new initiatives on new products and services.
- ⑤ Expenses expected to grow in line with business expansion.
- ⑤ Terminal perpetuity growth rate of 2% (30 September 2022: 2%) based on accepted principles of a mature business operating in a stable environment for the foreseeable future.
- ⑤ The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 13% (2022: 15%) which reflects management's best estimate of the time value of money, changes in market risk free rates, the risks specific to media and events market not already reflected in the cash flows and the capital structure of the Group with zero debt.

**9. Intangible assets** (continued)

**d) Sensitivity**

The calculations are sensitive to changes in key assumptions as set out below:

The recoverable amount of the CGU would equal the carrying amount if the key assumptions were to change as follows:

- ⑤ Discount rate – increase from 15% to 24%,
- ⑤ Terminal growth rate – decrease from 2% to -22%
- ⑤ Year 1 to 5 cash flow forecasts – reduction of 66% EBITDA year on year

The Mastheads and Tradenames support the brand acquired which has been publishing for a significant period of time (circa 100 years) and although content is distributed both in print and digital format, both content is driven off the mastheads which have not changed and the same brand content is marketed. There is no reason that these Mastheads and Tradenames are not used indefinitely given the brand recognition and market position.

**10. Trade and other payables**

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<b>Current – unsecured</b>		
Trade payables	1,623	1,075
Sundry creditors and accrued expenses	1,416	1,392
Annual leave and long service leave provision	623	679
	<b>3,662</b>	<b>3,146</b>

Trade and other payables are carried at amortised cost. Liabilities are brought to account for amounts payable in relation to goods received and services rendered, whether or not billed to the Group at reporting date. The Group operates in a number of diverse markets, and accordingly the terms of trade vary by business. Terms of trade in relation to trade payables are, on average, 30 to 60 days from the date of invoice.

Information about the Groups' exposure to risk is provided in note 16.

Due to the short-term nature of these payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

**11. Income in advance**

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<b>Current</b>		
Opening balance	6,511	5,440
Net movement during the year	(433)	1,071
Historic Period adjustment (note 2)	734	-
	<b>6,812</b>	<b>6,511</b>

Current income in advance relates to subscription, advertising and event revenue received prior to services rendered.

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## 12. Issued capital

	2023 #	2022 #	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Fully paid ordinary shares	2,438,763,694	2,429,192,981	11,364	11,265
<b>Ordinary shares</b>				
At the beginning of the reporting period	2,429,192,981	2,420,584,250	11,265	11,178
<b>Shares issued during the year:</b>				
Rights issue	-	-	-	-
Share issue costs	-	-	(1)	(3)
Employee share issue	9,570,713	8,608,731	100	90
<b>At Reporting date</b>	<b>2,438,763,694</b>	<b>2,429,192,981</b>	<b>11,364</b>	<b>11,265</b>

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held. At shareholders' meetings, each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

Issued capital at 30 September 2023 amounted to \$11.4m (2,438,763,694 ordinary shares).

### (a) Options

The establishment of the Executive Option Plan was approved by the directors in April 2000. The Executive Option Plan is designed to retain and attract skilled and experienced board members and executives and provide them with the motivation to make the Group successful. Participation in the plan is at the Board's discretion.

The exercise price of options issued will be not less than the greater of the minimum value set by the ASX Listing Rules and the weighted average closing sale price of the Company's shares on the ASX over the five days immediately preceding the day of the grant, plus a premium determined by the directors.

When shares are issued pursuant to the exercise of options, the shares will rank equally with all other ordinary shares of the Company.

No Options were issued during the year (2022: 500,000,000 Options issued during the year and a total expense of \$900).

The table below summaries options in issue for the Consolidated and parent entity:

**12. Issued capital (continued)**

	Balance at the start of the year Number	Granted during the year Number	Exercised during the year Number	Lapsed during the year Number	Balance at end of the year Number	Vested and exercisable at end of the year Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price
<b>2023</b>	583,577,323	-	-	(260,000,000)	323,577,323	323,577,323	3c
<b>2022</b>	333,577,323	500,000,000	-	(250,000,000)	583,577,323	583,577,323	3c

Of the above options 323,577,323 expire 30 September 2025.

The weighted average share price during the financial year was 3.00 cents (2022: 2.08 cents).

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at the end of the financial year was 2.00 years (2022: 1.78 years).

**(b) Employee performance rights**

Under the executive long-term incentive plan, Performance Rights ("Rights") have been granted to executives and other senior management who will have an impact on the Group's performance. On satisfaction of any vesting conditions, each Right will convert to a share on a one-for-one basis. Details of the plan are included in the Remuneration Report pages 34 to 44.

The total expense recognised for share-based payments during the financial year for the Group was \$444,818 (2022: \$565,853).

	2023 Number	2022 Number
<b>Outstanding at 1 October</b>	191,135,091	166,584,264
Granted during the year	32,963,772	33,159,558
Forfeited during the year	-	-
Exercised	(9,570,713)	(8,608,731)
Lapsed during the year	(5,169,586)	-
<b>Outstanding at 30 September</b>	<b>209,358,564</b>	<b>191,135,091</b>

In addition to the normal issue of performance rights, there was an issue of options included in this expense.

Valuation details for the rights granted in the year is included in remuneration report on page 43 of this report.

**Share based reserve**

The share-based payments reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees but not yet exercised.

**Currency translation reserve**

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign controlled entity are taken to the currency translation reserve, as described in note 2. The reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the net investment is disposed of.

**(c) Capital risk management**

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of regularly reviewing working capital requirements and projected cashflow needs of the business. Further information regarding the liquidity and capital risk maintained by the Group is disclosed in Note 16 (c).

## 12. Issued capital (continued)

The gearing ratios at 30 September 2023 and 30 September 2022 were as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Total Borrowings	35	35
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(4,044)	(6,634)
Net debt	(4,009)	(6,599)
Total equity	5,445	6,850
Total capital	1,436	251
<b>Gearing ratio</b>	(279)%	(2,629)%

## 13. Particulars in relation to controlled entities

Name of Entity	Place of Incorp.	Class of share	Economic Entity Interest	
			2023 %	2022 %
<b>Parent entity:</b>				
Aspermont Limited	NSW			
<b>Controlled Entities:</b>				
Resourceful Events Pty Ltd	NSW	Ord	100	100
Corporate Intelligence & Communications Pty Ltd	WA	Ord	100	100
Kondinin Information services Pty Ltd	WA	Ord	100	100
Aspermont Media Limited	UK	Ord	100	100
Aspermont (Hong Kong) Ltd	HKG	Ord	100	100
Aspermont Brazil Ltd	Brazil	Ord	100	100
E-Farming	NSW	Ord	100	100
Aspermont Global Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Ord	70	70

**14. Cash flow information**

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
(a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at the financial year as shown in the statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to items in Statement of financial Position as follows:		
Cash at bank and on deposit	4,044	6,634
	4,044	6,634
(b) Reconciliation of operating profit/ (loss) after tax to net cash from operating activities		
Loss after income tax	(1,700)	(429)
<b>Non-cash flows in profit/ (loss)</b>		
Depreciation and amortisation	735	1,007
Impairment of loan receivable	898	-
Profit on sale of subsidiary		
Finance cost	28	(11)
Rental expense	-	187
Non-cash income tax expense	(130)	118
Share based payments	445	567
Non-cash items	(440)	-
Exchange Rate Movement	6	-
<b>Change in assets and liabilities:</b>		
(Increase)/Decrease in receivables	(342)	262
(Increase)/Decrease in right of use assets	(456)	457
Increase/(Decrease) in creditors and accruals	336	(1594)
(Increase)/Decrease in investments	-	445
Increase/(Decrease) in unearned revenue	(440)	1,072
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	15	(91)
(Increase)/Decrease in doubtful debts	(6)	(54)
(Decrease)/Increase in finance lease	461	(522)
(Increase)/Decrease in income taxes payable	-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in deferred taxes payable	-	-
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(590)</b>	<b>1,414</b>



## 15. Key management personnel and related party disclosures

### (a) Key management personnel compensation

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Short-term employee benefits	2,422	2,145
Post-employment benefits	112	102
Share based payments	397	518
	2,931	2,766

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the audited remuneration report on pages 34 to 44 of the Directors' Report.

### (b) Liabilities and loans to director related entities

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<i>Unsecured loans</i>		
Beginning of year	(101)	(43)
Loan advances	264	776
Loan repayments	(120)	(717)
<b>End of year</b>	<b>(245)</b>	<b>(101)</b>

Detailed loan movements are disclosed in the audited remuneration report on pages 34 to 44 of the Directors' Report.

The Company is owed \$245,246 for various expenses paid on behalf of Mr A.L. Kent and related entities. Mr A.L. Kent was in the process of making these repayments prior to the year end until his sudden demise in September 2023. The Company is in communication with the Executors of Mr A.L. Kent's estate to agree a repayment plan. Management have assessed and concluded that no allowance is needed for expected loss.

### (c) Other transactions with key management personnel and director related entities

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Rental expense for principal offices	250	508

Transactions between key management personnel are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. The Group leases its principal office facility from Ileveter Pty Ltd, a company associated with a director, Mr A.L. Kent. The rent paid was at market rates at the time of lease inception. The lease agreement has a term of one year expiring 30 October 2024 which can be renewed with mutual agreement.

At 30 September 2023 the Company owed \$ 25,000 (2022: \$25,000) in unpaid Director Fees to current Directors of the Company.

**16. Financial risk management**

In the normal course of its operations, the consolidated entity is exposed to a variety of financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The consolidated entity's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the business. The consolidated entity does not use derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange contracts to hedge certain risk exposures. The consolidated entity uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks and ageing analysis for credit risk.

Risk management is carried out by the management team within the parameters thought prudent by the Audit & Risk Committee of the Board.

**(a) Market risk**

*(i) Foreign exchange risk*

The consolidated entity operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the United Kingdom pound and US dollar and to a lesser extent the Euro.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency that is not the consolidated entity's functional currency. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis and cash flow forecasting.

Management has instituted a policy requiring group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The group companies are required to bring significant foreign currency transactions to the attention of the central finance function for evaluation, if they occur.

A 10% strengthening/weakening of the Australian dollar against the following currencies at 30 September 2023 and 30 September 2022 would have increased/(decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown in the following table. The analysis assumes that all other variable, in particular interest rate remains constant.

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
GBP	(92)	(20)
Total	(92)	(20)

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**16. Financial risk management** *(continued)*
**(a) Market risk** *(continued)*

The consolidated entity has revenues and resulting trade and other receivables in non-functional currencies as follows:

	USD		EUR	
	2023		2022	
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Trade and other receivables	109	16	309	22
Non-current receivables			-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>22</b>

Based on the financial instruments held by the consolidated entity as at the reporting date, the sensitivity of the consolidated entity's profit/(loss) after tax for the year and equity at the reporting date to movements in the Australian dollar to US dollar and Australian dollar to Euro exchange rates was:

- ⑤ Had the Australian dollar weakened/strengthened by 5% against the US dollar with all other variables remaining constant, the consolidated entity's profit after tax would have been \$5,450 lower/higher (2022: \$15,450 lower/higher).
- ⑤ Had the Australian dollar weakened/strengthened by 5% against the Euro with all other variables remaining constant, the consolidated entity's profit after tax would have been \$800 lower/higher (2022: \$1,100 lower/higher).

**(b) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss for the consolidated entity. Credit risk is managed co-operatively by the finance function and operations for customers, including receivables and committed transactions and at the consolidated entity level for credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions.

The consolidated entity does not generally obtain collateral or other security to support financial instruments subject to credit risk. As the profile of the revenue comprises a very large number of small customers, the Group accepts some amount of credit risk but has historically experienced no significant loss.

All cash balances are on deposit with banks that have S&P Long Term credit ratings of A in the UK and AA in Australia.

The consolidated entity's total capital is defined as the shareholders' net equity plus net borrowings, which amounted to \$4.6m at 30 September 2023 (2022: \$6.9m). The objectives when managing the economic entity's capital is to safeguard the business as a going concern, to maximise returns to shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure in order to reduce the cost of capital.

**16. Financial risk management** *(continued)*
**(c) Liquidity and capital risk**

The consolidated entity does not have a target debt/equity ratio but has a policy of maintaining a flexible financing structure so as to be able to take advantage of investment opportunities when they arise.

The consolidated entity's liquidity position is managed to ensure sufficient liquid funds are available to meet its financial obligations in a timely manner. The consolidated entity manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and ensuring that the consolidated entity has the ability to access required funding. The consolidated entity has historically maintained backup liquidity for its operations and currently maturing debts through its financial asset portfolio.

The following tables analyse the consolidated entity's financial liabilities into maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. As amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows including future interest payments, these balances will not necessarily agree with the amounts disclosed on the statement of financial position.

Consolidated entity as at 30 September 2023:

	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Total contractual Cashflows	Carrying Amount
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
<b>Non-derivatives</b>						
Trade and other payables	1,602	-	-	-	1,602	1,602
Borrowings	35	-	-	-	35	35
	<b>1,637</b>	-	-	-	<b>1,637</b>	<b>1,637</b>

Consolidated entity as at 30 September 2022:

	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Total contractual Cashflows	Carrying Amount
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
<b>Non-derivatives</b>						
Trade and other payables	1,050	-	-	-	1,050	1,050
Borrowings	35	-	-	-	35	35
	<b>1,085</b>	-	-	-	<b>1,085</b>	<b>1,085</b>



**16. Financial risk management** *(continued)*
**(d) Financial assets and liabilities by category**

The financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable, bank loans, related party loans and leases. Investments accounted for using the equity method are excluded from the information provided below:

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables is considered to be a reasonable

	Weighted average interest rate	Balance	Weighted average interest rate	Balance
	2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$000		\$000
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00%	4,044	0.00%	6,632
Trade and other receivable	-	1,729	-	1,235
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>				
Trade and other payables	-	1,623	-	1,075
Related party borrowings	9.50%	35	9.50%	35

approximation of their fair value due to their short-term nature. The fair value of borrowings as at the reporting date is considered to be a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Refer to note 2 for the method used to fair value the non-current receivable.

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## 17. Segment information

The economic entity primarily operates in the media publishing industry as well as in conferencing and investments, within Australia and in the United Kingdom.

Segment Reporting:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
<b>Revenue</b>		
Client	9,760	10,051
Audience	9,488	8,678
<b>Total segment revenue</b>	<b>19,248</b>	<b>18,729</b>
<b>Revenue by Geography</b>		
APAC	12,319	11,068
EMEA	2,391	3,052
Americas	4,095	4,538
Other	393	71
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>19,248</b>	<b>18,729</b>
<b>Result</b>		
<b>Segment result</b>	<b>4,445</b>	<b>5,929</b>
<i>Unallocated items:</i>		
Corporate overheads and provisions	(4,561)	(3,843)
Depreciation & Amortisation	(735)	(1,007)
Other income	27	27
Share based payments	(445)	(567)
Finance costs	69	25
Share of Loss in Associate	(458)	(525)
Dilapidation charge	(172)	(350)
<b>Loss for year before income tax</b>	<b>(1,830)</b>	<b>(311)</b>
<b>Segment assets</b>		
<b>Segment assets</b>	<b>11,719</b>	<b>10,026</b>
<i>Unallocated assets:</i>		
Cash	4,044	6,634
Deferred tax asset	1,550	1,306
Other assets	-	-
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>17,312</b>	<b>17,965</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Liabilities</b>	<b>11,066</b>	<b>9,774</b>
<i>Unallocated liabilities:</i>		
Provision for income tax	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	1,550	1,306
Borrowings	35	35
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>12,651</b>	<b>11,115</b>

## 17. Segment information (continued)

Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss:

### Description of segments:

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Managing Director who makes strategic decisions.

In line with the ongoing development and strategy of the Group's trading business, the reporting segments have in the current reporting period has been amended within Publishing to separately show: media services - combination of the advertising and events, XaaS – media subscriptions and related services and data – mainly lead generation activity.

The segments derive revenue from the following products and services:

The Publishing segment derives subscription, advertising and sponsorship revenues from print and online publications as well as from running events and holding conferences in various locations across a number of trade sectors including the mining, agriculture, energy and technology sector. It also derives revenue from B2B lead generation activity it undertakes on behalf of clients utilising its contacts database.

As a result, prior year segment results which had events separately broken out now gets reported within media services and data revenue are now separately reported broken out from media services.

### Segment revenue and expenses:

Segment revenue and expenses are accounted for separately and are directly attributable to the segments.

## 18. Earnings/ (loss) per share (EPS)

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
(a) Basic loss per share (cents per share)	(0.070)	(0.018)
(b) Diluted loss per share (cents per share)	(0.070)	(0.018)
(c) Loss used in calculating earnings per share		
Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating basic and diluted loss per share	(1,700)	(428)
(d) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic earnings per share	2,425,884,942	2,417,256,150
Options	323,577,323	583,577,323
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating diluted earnings per share	2,425,884,942	2,417,256,150

## 19. Investment in Associate

### (a) Investment in Associate

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Opening Balance	458	378
Add: Shares issued	-	660
Less: Share of Associate's loss	(458)	(580)
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>458</b>

### (b) Other receivables

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Current		
Working Capital Loan	779	181
Impairment of working capital loan	(779)	-
	<b>-</b>	<b>181</b>

### (c) Statement of Financial Position

	2023 <sup>1</sup> \$000	2022 \$000
<b>Carrying Value of Investment</b>		
Current Assets	265	806
Non-Current Assets	-	549
Current Liabilities	(2,425)	(1,695)
<b>Net Assets</b>	<b>(2,160)</b>	<b>(340)</b>
<b>Carrying Amount of the Group's Investment</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>458</b>
<b>Group's Share of Profit/(Loss) for the Year</b>		
Revenue	148	13
Expenses	(1,676)	(1,319)
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) After Tax</b>	<b>(1,824)</b>	<b>(1,306)</b>
<b>Group's Share of Profit/(Loss) for the Year</b>	<b>(458)</b>	<b>(580)</b>

<sup>1</sup>Based on unaudited management accounts

### (d) Additional Information

The Group has a 58% (2022: 44%) ownership in Blue Horseshoe Ventures Pty Ltd. (BHV) but as the Group has joint control this has been recognised as investment in joint venture using equity method.

Associates are those entities over which the Group is able to exert significant influence, but which are not subsidiaries. A joint venture is an arrangement that the Group controls jointly with one or more other investors, and over which the Group has rights to a share of the arrangement's net assets rather than direct rights to underlying assets and obligations for underlying liabilities.

### 19. Investment in Associate *(continued)*

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Any goodwill or fair value adjustment attributable to the Group's share in the associate or joint venture is not recognised separately and is included in the amount recognised as investment.

- 
- a) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulation 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- 
- b) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 September 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- 

The carrying amount of the investment in associates and joint ventures is increased or decreased to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate and joint venture, adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies of the Group.

BHV entered into voluntary administration on 17th August 2023, following the appointment of Mr. Kimberley Stuart Wallman and Mr. Gregory Paul Quin, Registered Liquidators, Chartered Accountants and Partners of HLB Mann Judd Insolvency WA, as joint & several Administrators of the Company pursuant to section 436A of the Corporations Act 2001.

The appointed administrators resolved that the Deed of Company Arrangement as announced on 21 November 2023 following an interest in acquiring the business was not achieved. As a result on 11 December 2023, they moved to administer the voluntary winding up of the business. ([Announcement](#))

As a result, The Group has fully impaired its other receivables from the Joint venture resulting in a charge of \$779k being taken into the profit and loss account.

### 20. Events subsequent to the year end

The appointed administrators resolved that the Deed of Company Arrangement as announced on 21 November 2023 following an interest in acquiring the business was not achieved. As a result on 11 December 2023, they moved to administer the voluntary winding up of the business.

### 21. Contingent Liabilities

The Group is not aware of any other contingent liabilities and unrecorded commitments at the date of this report that would significantly affect the operations of the Group.



# DIRECTOR'S DECLARATION

## In the directors' opinion:

1. the financial statements and notes set out on pages 46 to 84 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
2. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and

*Note 2 - confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.*

The directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

*This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.*



**A. Kent**  
Director

Perth  
20 December 2023

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## ELDERTON

AUDIT PTY LTD

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aspermont Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

##### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Aspermont Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 September 2023 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

##### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described as in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

##### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

##### Intangible Assets

Refer to Note 9, Intangible Assets (\$9,219,123) and accounting policy Notes 2(h).

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the matter
The Group has a significant amount of Intangible assets.	Our audit work included, but was not restricted to, the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assessing the valuation methodology adopted by management which is disclosed in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements;</li> <li>• Assessing the assumptions and methodologies used by the management in the preparation of the discounted cash flow models;</li> </ul>
Australian Accounting Standard (AASB) 136 Impairment of Assets, requires an annual impairment test for intangible assets with indefinite useful lives.	
The impairment assessment involves significant judgements and estimation from management.	

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**Independent Auditor's Report** (continued)

Due to these facts, the assessment of carrying value of the intangible assets is considered to be a key audit matter.

- Enquired management and held discussion about their future plan and revenue forecast in the context of likelihood of future events;
- Challenging the key assumptions utilized in the discounted cash flow model including the revenue and expense growth rates, the terminal growth rate and discount rate by comparing them to historical results, economic and other forecasts;
- Recalculating the mathematical accuracy of the discounted cash flow model, agreeing budgeted cash flows to the latest budget and assessing the performance against budget/forecasts in prior periods;
- Performed sensitivity analysis around the key assumptions including the revenue and expense growth rates and discount rate applied;
- Reviewed Board minutes to ensure that management has discussed, assessed and approved impairment;
- Verified IT costs capitalised during the period with supporting documents;
- Obtained details of on-going IT projects and enquired management about their nature and stage of completion; and
- Evaluating the adequacy of the related disclosures.

**Revenue Recognition**

Refer to Note 4, 11 and accounting policy Notes 2(i).

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the matter
<p>The Group has recognized revenue of \$19,247,929 and income in advance of \$6,811,736.</p> <p>The application of revenue recognition accounting standards is complex and involves a number of key judgements and estimates.</p> <p>There is also a risk around the timing of revenue recognition, particularly focused on the contractual terms of delivery and location of the customers.</p> <p>Based on these factors, we have identified revenue recognition as a key risk for our audit.</p>	<p>Our audit work included, but was not restricted to, the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• considering the appropriateness of the revenue recognition accounting policies.</li> <li>• understanding the significant revenue processes including performance of an end to end walkthrough of the revenue assurance process and identifying the relevant controls.</li> <li>• testing the design and operating effectiveness of the relevant controls.</li> <li>• performing cut off procedures by selecting a sample of transactions close to the year-end and testing whether revenue related to next financial year has been reported as income in advance.</li> <li>• assessing the timing of revenue recognition based on transfer of control to the customer by reviewing contracts and other supporting documentation.</li> <li>• verifying a sample of transactions with supporting documents.</li> <li>• assessing the adequacy of the Group's revenue disclosures using our understanding obtained during the testing against the requirements of AASB 15.</li> </ul>

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## Independent Auditor's Report *(continued)*

### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 September 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Group are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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**Independent Auditor's Report** *(continued)*

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**Report on the Remuneration Report**

**Opinion on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included on page 34 to page 44 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 September 2023.

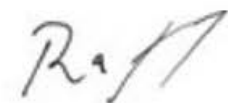
In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of the Group, for the year ended 30 September 2023, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

**Responsibilities**

The directors of the Group are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.



**Elderton Audit Pty Ltd**



**Rafay Nabeel**  
Director

Perth  
20 December 2023

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# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

## FOR LISTED PUBLIC COMPANIES

The following additional information is required by the Australian Securities Exchange Limited in respect of listed companies:

### a) Shareholding

#### Ordinary share capital

2,438,763,694 (2022: 2,429,192,981) shares are held by 432 (2022: 424) individual holders. All issued ordinary shares carry one vote per share.

Distribution of Shareholders Number Category (size of holding)	Ordinary shares	
	2023	2022
1 – 1,000	27	25
1,001 – 5,000	5	4
5,001 – 10,000	13	13
10,001 – 100,000	121	114
100,001 – and over	266	268
	<b>432</b>	<b>424</b>

The number of shareholdings held with less than marketable parcel is 64 (2022:63).

### b) Share options (Unquoted)

Number of Options	Number of Holders	Exercise Price	Date of Expiry
323,577,323	9	3c	30 September 2025

### c) Unlisted performance rights

Number of Rights	Number of Holders
209,358,564	17

### d) Stock exchange listing

Quotation has been granted for all of the ordinary shares of the Company on all Member Exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange Limited under the symbol ASP. It also maintains a secondary listing on the German Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol 00W as well as the Tradegate Exchange under the symbol 00W.

**e) Substantial shareholders**

	Name	Number of Ordinary fully paid shares held	% Held of Issued Ordinary Capital
1	Mr. Andrew Kent and beneficial interests	578,306,495	22.71%
2	Mr. John Stark and beneficial interests	411,970,603	16.89%
3	Mr. Alex Kent and beneficial interests	271,357,877	11.13%
4	Mr. T Klinger and beneficial interests	142,537,973	5.85%

**f) 20 Largest Shareholders – Ordinary shares**

Position	Holder Name	Holding	%
1	DRYSDALE INVESTMENTS LIMITED	289,996,116	11.89%
2	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	288,577,906	11.83%
3	WHITE RABBIT VENTURES	270,681,877	11.10%
4	ALLANDALE HOLDINGS PTY LTD	240,698,661	9.87%
5	ILEVETER PTY LTD	171,183,375	7.02%
6	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES	124,919,370	5.12%
7	ALLAN DALE REAL ESTATE PTY LTD	108,048,870	4.43%
8	BLUE SEA INVESTMENT HOLDINGS PTY LTD	87,276,787	3.58%
9	GINGA PTY LTD	67,919,452	2.79%
10	RIMWAGE PTY LIMITED	56,111,050	2.30%
11	MR JOHN STARK & MRS JULIE STARK	54,357,000	2.23%
12	GINGA PTY LTD	42,904,906	1.76%
13	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	34,162,276	1.40%
14	RIBO TRUST	28,000,000	1.15%
15	B F A PTY LTD	22,614,545	0.93%
16	NISHIL KHIMASIA	20,096,773	0.82%
17	MR HUGO STRATTON-KENT	20,000,000	0.82%
18	THIRTY SIXTH VILMAR PTY LTD	18,980,029	0.78%
19	BLACKCOURT (NSW) PTY LIMITED	18,298,542	0.75%
20	J & J WALLACE (NOMINEES) PTY LTD	17,285,715	0.71%

# CORPORATE DIRECTORY

## Directors

**Andrew Kent** - Chairman and Non-Executive Director  
(until 10 September 2023)

**John Stark** - Alternate Director to Andrew Kent

**Alex Kent** - Managing Director

**Geoffrey Donohue** - Lead Independent Director

**Tricia Klinger** - Non-Executive Director

**Dean Felton** - Non-Executive Director

**Graeme McCracken** - Non-Executive Director

## Company Secretary

**Tim Edwards**

## Other Key Management Personnel

**Nishil Khimasia** – Chief Financial Officer, Group

**Ajit Patel** – Chief Operating Officer, Group

**Matt Smith** – Chief Commercial Officer, Group

**Josh Robertson** - Chief Marketing Officer, Group

## Registered Office

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Facsimile: (08) 6263 9148

## Postal Address

PO Box 78  
Leederville WA 6902

## Solicitors

Ian B. Mitchell & Associates  
19-29 Martin Place  
Sydney NSW 2000

Steinepreis Paganin  
The Read Buildings, 16 Milligan Street  
Perth WA 6000

## Auditors

Elderton Audit Pty Ltd  
Level 32, 152 St Georges Terrace  
Perth WA 6000

## Share Registry

Automatic Registry Services  
Level 2 / 267 St Georges Terrace  
Perth WA 6000

## Bankers

National Australia Bank Group  
197 St Georges Terrace  
Perth WA 6000

## Australian Stock Exchange Limited

ASX: ASP  
FRA: 00W

## Website

[www.aspermont.com](http://www.aspermont.com)





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