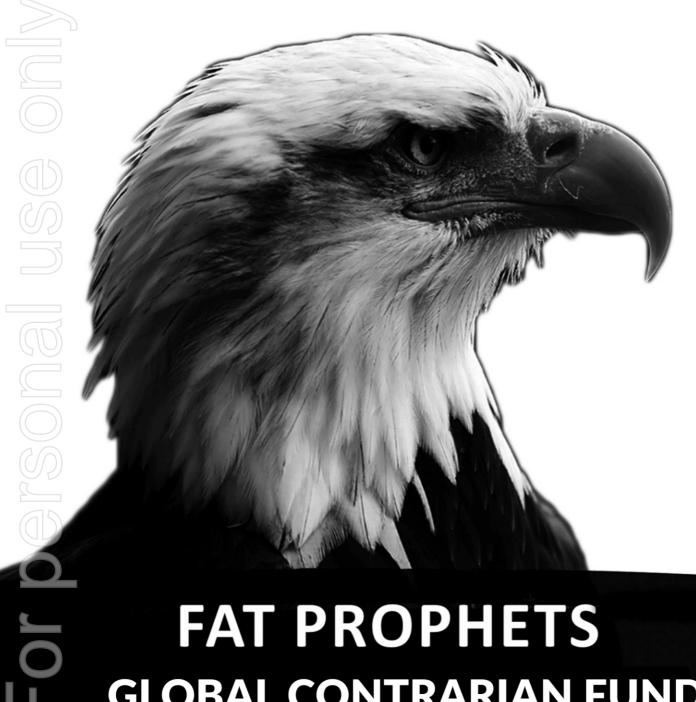
fatPROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND

ACN 615 414 849



FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND 2023 ANNUAL REPORT



2023 Full Year Results & Board Update

4 September 2023

Over the past twelve months, various macroeconomic factors combined to create an exceptionally difficult environment for the fund. As a result, the Board of Directors of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd (ASX: FPC) reports a **loss (after income tax benefit) of \$534,000 (after tax)** from ordinary activities for the **financial year ending June 30th**. The Company's Net Tangible Assets for the 12th months ending June 2023 per share after tax were \$1.0537 (\$1.0534 June 30th 2022). Due to these results, the Company will not be declaring a final dividend for the 2023 financial year. To reiterate previous guidance the Board intends to pay dividends as soon as possible considering best accounting and prudent business practice.

The Boards position on dividends remains that the objective is to deliver a stream of fully franked dividends to shareholders, provided the Company has sufficient profit reserves and franking credits, and it is within prudent business practices. This will be whilst adhering to the Company's investment mandate.

In accordance with the Buy-Back Booklets dated 28 September 2021 and 29 September 2022, the Board of FPC completed two tranches of the Equal Access Buyback (EABB), in August 2022 and in May 2023. The Board determined after very careful consideration that the EABB October 2023 tranche would not proceed (see announcement 13th July 2023). When reaching this conclusion, the Board observed that the trading activity of the most recent tranches primarily consisted of short-term profit seekers, rather than long term shareholders using the EABB as a form of additional liquidity. As such, the continued use of the EABB and the consequent shrinking of the outstanding shares was determined not to be in the best interests of long-term shareholders.

Also, during the financial year FPC conducted a Share Purchase Plan (SPP) for eligible shareholders. This was concluded in December 2022 raising \$1,029,042 and issuing 1,210, 638 shares in FPC.

Our CIO, Angus Geddes will detail more on the investment performance, the portfolio and positioning for the coming months in the Portfolio Managers Report.

Last, the FPC AGM will be held at Fat Prophets office at 10.30am on October 11th, on behalf of the board we look forward to seeing you there.

Kind regards,

MILL

Michael Gallagher Chairman Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund



Fat Prophets Contrarian Fund 3/22 Market Street, Sydney NSW, 2000, Australia Ph: 1300 881 177 ACN: 615 414 849 www.fpcontrarian.com.au invest@fatprophets.com.au



4 September 2023

Portfolio Managers Report

Dear Shareholders,

The past twelve months have proven challenging in financial markets. Not only has the recession that almost everyone was forecasting back in December failed to emerge, but the rally in US equities has surpassed even the most bullish of forecasts with the Nasdaq having the best year in history. The consensus view amongst economists calls for soft or landing scenario with the US economy despite perceived risks from China and residual concerns on inflation. Neither of these risks seem to have deterred equity investors.

30 June 2023 snapshot

| Listing date | 22 March 2017 |
|---|---------------|
| Gross assets | \$30.04M |
| Market capitalisation | \$24.40M |
| Share price* | \$0.80 |
| Shares on issue | 30,500,138 |
| Net tangible assets (pre-tax) | \$0.9841 |
| Net tangible assets (post-tax) | \$1.0537 |
| Since inception fully franked dividends | 13.0 cents |
| *Based on the 30 June 2023 share price | |
| | |

We adopted a conservative approach in the middle of last year and held excessive cash balances for some time, combined with periodic hedging which was a drag on relative performance. Nevertheless, we remain fervently committed to managing your portfolio and believe there are some excellent contrarian opportunities in the markets. We have consequently deployed a decent portion of liquidity.

The energy sector is one that stands out, given the low but recovering oil price over much of the past year. Many major oil and gas producers are generating significant free cashflow and paying large dividends and perhaps unappreciated by the market. We added Japan's Inpex, Woodside, and Santos to the portfolio with the view that oil prices are headed higher with the US likely to avoid a hard landing and a still growing China albeit at a slower pace.

The transition to renewables has also been mired in controversy with much debate about the time line. Our view is that uranium is set to play an important role, and shore up base load power requirements for national grids. Uranium is making a comeback and, on this front, spot prices are seeing significant improvement following a lengthy bear market. Uranium miners are also recovering from depressed levels and stand to benefit from higher spot prices. We added Paladin Energy which is seeking to restart the Heinrich Langer mine in Namibia early next year and URA, which is Global X Uranium miners ETF comprised of the world's largest producers.

The Japanese banks were strong performers for the fund during the year, with investors finally recognising the inherent value on offer coupled with rising ROE and increasing returns for shareholders. With the Bank of Japan's relaxation of monetary policy (and easing of yield curve control measures) the JGB 10yr bond has risen considerably providing lift for the financial sector. We believe this rerating has much further to go. Japan is one country that has stood and benefited from the inflationary cycle, which has shocked the nation out of years of deflation. We believe that Japanese equities are headed for much better times in coming years.

Our exposure to the gold sector delivered during the year, but we believe there is further to go with the US dollar on headed for another leg down over the medium term. Not only are interest rate differentials with the US and the Rest of the World set to narrow, but growth prospects should also





begin to balance out. The US has been perceived as the only game in town for some time, but this could change. The path towards de-dollarisation has also begun, and as nations diversify reserves, gold will likely attract further central bank and government attention.

Australian gold producers did relatively well with A\$ spot prices closing in on \$3000oz generating significant free cashflow. We continue to see value amongst the Australian gold producers in particular.

Finally, there has been an abundance of negative sentiment spilling out over China. Chinese equities have not performed this year but for certain sectors that might be about to change. China's megacap tech and internet sector on balance managed to return very solid and highly cash generative results for the recent quarter. This opens an opportunity given that the consensus view is predominantly pessimistic, yet valuations are now only at historically low levels but at a record discount to US counterparts. Despite the gloom and uncertainty around China's economy, we see a potential inflection on the horizon for large cap Chinese internet tech names in the coming year.

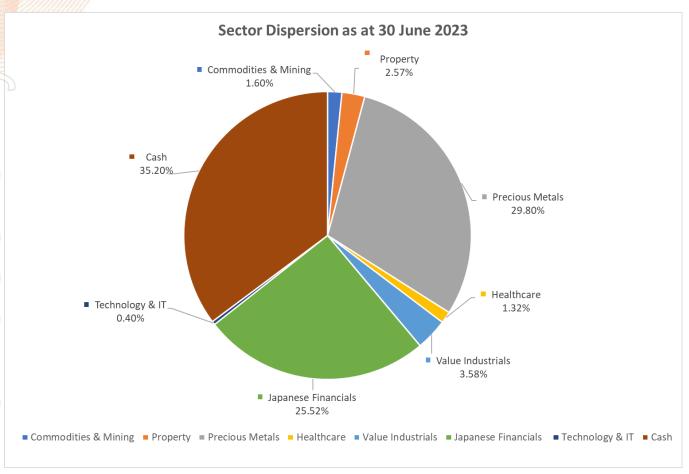
| Top 20 Holdings | Country | 30 June 2023 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group | Japan | 9.82% |
| Evolution Mining Ltd | Australia | 5.14% |
| Newcrest Mining Limited | Australia | 5.02% |
| Resona Holdings Inc | Japan | 4.58% |
| Northern Star Resources | Australia | 4.50% |
| Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group | Japan | 3.83% |
| Mizuho Financial Group | Japan | 3.80% |
| Telstra Group Ltd | Australia | 3.58% |
| Chiba Bank Ltd | Japan | 3.48% |
| Fat Prophets Property | Australia | 2.57% |
| Global X Sil Min ETF | United States | 2.34% |
| VanEck Vectors Junior Gold Miners ETF | United States | 2.28% |
| St Barbara Limited | Australia | 1.92% |
| Gold Road Resources Ltd | Australia | 1.78% |
| Vaneck Vectors Gold Miners ETF | United States | 1.45% |
| Coeur D'alene Mines Corp | United States | 1.42% |
| Paradigm Biopharmaceuticals Limited | Australia | 1.32% |
| Fresnillo PLC | United Kingdom | 1.24% |
| Red 5 Ltd | Australia | 1.01% |
| Chalice Gold Mines | Australia | 0.83% |



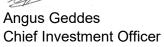
Fat Prophets Contrarian Fund 3/22 Market Street, Sydney NSW, 2000, Australia Ph: 1300 881 177

ACN: 615 414 849 www.fpcontrarian.com.au invest@fatprophets.com.au





We thank you for your ongoing support.



Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund



Financial Report

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD FINANCIAL REPORT

| Contents | Page |
|--|------|
| Corporate Directory | 1 |
| Directors' Report | 2 |
| Auditor's Independence Declaration | 5 |
| Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income | 6 |
| Statement of Financial Position | 7 |
| Statement of Changes in Equity | 8 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 9 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 10 |
| Directors' Declaration | 21 |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 22 |
| | |

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD CORPORATE DIRECTORY

| Directors: | Michael Gallagher Katrina Vanstone Angus Geddes |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Company Secretary: | Brett Crowley |
| Investment Manager: | Fat Prophets Funds Management Pty Limited |
| Auditor: | PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership Level 8, 1 O'Connell Street SYDNEY NSW 2000 |
| Country of Incorporation: | Australia |
| Registered Office: | Level 3 22 Market Street SYDNEY NSW 2000 |
| Share Registry: | Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited Yarra Falls, 452 Johnston Street ABBOTSFORD VIC 3067 |
| ASX Code : | FPC |
| ACN: | 615 414 849 |
| Website: | www.fpcontrarian.com.au |
| Corporate Governance Statement: | $\underline{http://fpcontrarian.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/Corporate-Governance-Statement.pdf}$ |
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FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD ACN 615 414 849 **DIRECTORS' REPORT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The directors present their report on Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Directors' Experience and Other Directorships

The following persons were directors of the Company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report (unless otherwise stated):

Michael Gallagher (appointed 19 October 2016)

Chairman and Non-executive director

Director - Alternative Investment Management Association

Director - Spinnaker Investment Management

Michael Gallagh
Chairman and Nt
Director - Alterna
Director - Spinna.

Michael Gallaghe
the Director of TI
Alternative Future
university student
in Australia and I
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Katrina Vanstone
Non-executive dire

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Angus Geddes (apexecutive director

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Attendance at Meetings

Board of Directors

Director

Michael Gallagher
Katrina Vanstone
Angus Geddes

Audit Committee Molicael

Director

Michael Gallagher
Katrina Vanstone
Angus Gallagher
Katrina Vanstone Michael Gallagher is the Non-Executive Chair of the ASX listed Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund, having held this position since FPC listed. Michael is also the Director of The Australian branch of the Alternative Investment management association (AIMA) having been appointed in 2014. He is a director of the Alternative Future Foundation, a key industry charity supporting many charitable causes. Michael also Chairs Australian Students Asset management, a university student funds management programme designed to align students and industry. Prior to AIMA, Michael was CEO and Co-Founder of Kima Capital in Australia and Hong Kong. He has also held positions as Australasian Head of Equites for Rand Merchant Bank and was a Divisional Director in Equity Derivatives at Macquarie Bank in Australia, South Africa and the UK. Michael holds a BComm in Econometrics and Finance from UNSW.

Katrina Vanstone (appointed 19 October 2016)

Non-executive director

Katrina has worked in financial markets for over 30 years, both in Australia and offshore, including such leading organisations as HSBC and Deutsche Bank. Katrina has extensive experience in foreign exchange, interest rates and credit markets across asset and liability portfolios. She has held roles in trading, sales and syndication. She has extensive experience in the wholesale debt and derivative markets with strong product knowledge across capital structures and debt raisings, risk management and hedging, and cash and currency management. Katrina has a Bachelor of Economics and an Advanced Diploma in Financial Planning. Katrina is a member of the Financial Planning Association of Australia.

Angus Geddes (appointed 19 October 2016)

Angus is the Chief Investment Officer at Fat Prophets, the portfolio manager of the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund, with primary responsibility for the investment decisions of the Company. Angus founded Fat Prophets, an independent advisory and funds management business more than 20 years ago. He oversees the investment management activities of the firm, as well as overseeing the publication of the Fat Prophets daily investment blog. During his career, Angus has worked as a money market dealer in New Zealand, and a financial consultant in the United Kingdom and the United States. Moving to Australia in 1996, Angus worked for five years as a stockbroker at Bankers Trust and JB Were before co-founding Fat Prophets in June 2000.

Board of Directors Meetings

| | weetings neid and | |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Director | Entitled to Attend | Meetings Attended |
| Michael Gallagher | 5 | 5 |
| Katrina Vanstone | 5 | 5 |
| Angus Geddes | 5 | 4 |

Mostings Hold and

Audit Committee Meetings

| | Meetings Held and | |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Director | Entitled to Attend | Meetings Attended |
| Michael Gallagher | 3 | 3 |
| Katrina Vanstone | 3 | 3 |

Directors' Interests in Shares and Options The relevant interests of the directors and their related entities in the securities of the Company as at 30 June 2023 were:

| Directors and officers | Number of Shares | Number of Options |
|---|------------------|-------------------|
| Michael Gallagher | 53,372 | - |
| Katrina Vanstone | 30,434 | - |
| Angus Geddes | 305,540 | - |
| Fat Prophets Pty Ltd (controlled by Angus Geddes) | 2,539,153 | - |
| Brett Crowley | - | - |

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD ACN 615 414 849 DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Principal Activities of the Company

The Company's principal activity is to invest predominantly in a concentrated portfolio of listed securities from global equity markets, with the objective of providing long-term capital growth.

Review of Operations

The performance of the Company, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

| | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Loss before income tax | (850) | (13,442) |
| Income tax benefit | 316 | 4,253 |
| Loss for the year attributable to shareholders | (534) | (9,189) |

Year ended

Year ended

Please refer to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for further details.

The invested position of the Company as at 30 June 2023 was 61% (2022: 86%) in equity securities and 33% (2022: 9%) in cash and cash equivalents and interest bearing liabilities. The invested position is recognised on the balance sheet in cash and cash equivalents, financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, and interest bearing liabilities.

Dividends

No dividends were declared in respect of the year ended 30 June 2023. During the year ended 30 June 2022, an interim fully franked dividend of 3.0 cents per share was paid on 21 June 2022. The Ex-Dividend date was 7 June 2022, and the Record Date was 8 June 2022.

Net Assets

As at 30 June 2023 the net assets of the Company were \$32,138,000 (2022: \$41,710,000). Please refer to the Statement of Financial Position for further details.

State of Affairs

During the financial year there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company.

Events Subsequent to Balance Date

No matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the result of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Indemnification of Officers

The Company has indemnified directors and officers for any actions that may arise as a result of acting in their capacity as directors and officers of the Company in respect of:

- a) Liability to third parties when acting in good faith; and
- b) Costs and expenses of defending legal proceedings and ancillary matters.

The terms of the policy preclude disclosure of the premium.

Environmental Regulations

The Company's operations are not subject to any significant environmental regulations.

Remuneration Report

This remuneration report sets out information about the remuneration of the Company's directors for the year ended 30 June 2023, under the requirements of Section 300A(1) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Key management personnel

The directors and other key management personnel of the Company during the whole of the financial year, and up to the date of this report are (unless otherwise indicated):

Michael Gallagher Chairman Katrina Vanstone Director

Angus Geddes Director and Chief Investment Officer Simon Wheatley Investment Portfolio Manager Robert Dardano Chief Financial Officer

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD ACN 615 414 849 **DIRECTORS' REPORT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Remuneration Report (continued)

Directors' Remuneration

The Company has a Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee which reviews and advises the Board on the composition of the Board and its committees.

| Dire | ectors' base fees are set out in the Constitution at a maximum of \$125,000 combined pe | er annum. | | |
|------|---|-----------------|----------------|--------|
| Dire | ectors' remuneration received or receivable for the year ended 30 June 2023 was: | | | |
| | Director | Directors' fees | Superannuation | Total |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Michael Gallagher | 44,000 | - | 44,000 |
| | Katrina Vanstone | 33,000 | - | 33,000 |
| | Angus Geddes | - | - | - |
| | | 77,000 | - | 77,000 |
| Dire | ectors' remuneration received or receivable for the year ended 30 June 2022 was: | | | |
| | Director | Directors' fees | Superannuation | Total |
| | Michael Calleghan | 44.000 | 3 | 44.000 |
| | Michael Gallagher | 44.000 | - | 44.000 |

| Director | Directors' fees | Superannuation | Total |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Michael Gallagher | 44,000 | - | 44,000 |
| Katrina Vanstone | 33,000 | - | 33,000 |
| Angus Geddes | | - | |
| | 77,000 | | 77,000 |

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

There are no proceedings that the directors have brought, or intervened in, on behalf of the Company.

Non-Audit Services

Details of amount paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor are outlined in Note 9(b) to the financial statements. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

Rounding of amounts

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases to the nearest dollar in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial / Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, unless otherwise indicated.

Signed at Sydney this 31 August 2023, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors by:

Michael Gallagher Chairman



Auditors' Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2023, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

//

PKF

PAUL PEARMAN PARTNER

31 AUGUST 2023 SYDNEY, NSW

PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Sydney

Level 8, 1 O'Connell Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia GPO Box 5446 Sydney NSW 2001

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755 Hunter Street Newcastle West NSW 2302 Australia PO Box 2368 Dangar NSW 2309

p +61 2 4962 2688 f +61 2 4962 3245

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD ACN 615 414 849 STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

| | Note | Year ended 30 June 2023 \$'000 | Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000 |
|---|------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Investment income | | 530 | 00 |
| Interest Dividends | | 530 687 | 90 1,517 |
| Losses on investments held at fair value through profit or loss | | (366) | (13,816) |
| (Losses)/gains on foreign exchange | | (120) | 480 |
| Other income | | <u>1</u> | 1_ |
| Total revenue/(loss) | | 732 | (11,728) |
| Expenses | | | |
| Management fees | 9(a) | 446 | 697 |
| Interest expense | | 432 | 323 |
| Directors' fees | | 77 | 77 |
| ASX fees Insurance | | 76 50 | 61 50 |
| Audit fees | 9(b) | 34 | 32 |
| Transaction costs | 12 | 235 | 268 |
| Legal and tax advice | 12 | 114 | 28 |
| Share registry fees | | 44 | 53 |
| Other operating expenses | | 74 | 125 |
| Total expenses | | 1,582 | 1,714 |
| Loss before income tax | | (850) | (13,442) |
| Income tax benefit | 7(a) | 316 | 4,253 |
| Loss after income tax | | (534) | (9,189) |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Total comprehensive loss attributable to shareholders | | (534) | (9,189) |
| Basic losses per share (cents) | 10 | (1.54) | (21.75) |
| Diluted losses per share (cents) | 10 | (1.54) | (21.75) |
| | | | |

This Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD ACN 615 414 849 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

| | Note | As at 30 June 2023 \$'000 | As at 30 June 2022 \$'000 |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss Current tax asset Deferred tax assets | 4 5 2(e) 7(c) | 24,865 138 19,471 - 2,056 | 23,577 210 35,722 424 1,882 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 46,530 | 61,815 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities Payables Deferred tax liabilities | 4 6 7(c) | 14,167 215 10 | 19,743 223 139 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 14,392 | 20,105 |
| NET ASSETS | | 32,138 | 41,710 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Share capital Retained losses Profits reserve | 8 | 35,211 (3,093) 20 | 44,249 (2,559) 20 |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | 32,138 | 41,710 |

This Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD ACN 615 414 849 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

| | Note | Share Capital \$'000 | Retained Profits/ (Losses) \$'000 | Profits Reserve \$'000 | Total Equity |
|--|--------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at 30 June 2021 | | 48,232 | 9,761 | 20 | 58,013 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | | - | (9,189) | - | (9,189) |
| Subtotal | - | - | (9,189) | - | (9,189) |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners | | | | | |
| Distributions paid | | - | (3,131) | - | (3,131) |
| Shares acquired under buy-back | 8 _ | (3,983) | - | - | (3,983) |
| Subtotal | _ | (3,983) | (3,131) | - | (7,114) |
| Transfer to profit reserve | _ | - | - | _ | _ |
| | - | - | - | - | |
| Balance at 30 June 2022 | - | 44,249 | (2,559) | 20 | 41,710 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | | - | (534) | - | (534) |
| Subtotal | - | - | (534) | - | (534) |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners | | | | | |
| Ordinary shares issued under Share Purchase Plan (SPP) | 8 | 1,029 | _ | _ | 1,029 |
| Shares acquired under buy-back | 8 | (10.067) | _ | _ | (10,067) |
| Subtotal | - | (9,038) | | - | (9,038) |
| Transfer to profit recentle | | | | | |
| Transfer to profit reserve | - | | <u> </u> | - | |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | - - | 35,211 | (3,093) | 20 | 32,138 |

This Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD ACN 615 414 849 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

| | Note | Year ended 30 June 2023 \$'000 | Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000 |
|--|------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Purchase of investments | | (43,342) | (68,228) |
| Proceeds from sale of investments | | 59,227 | 80,329 |
| Dividends received | | 694 | 1,514 |
| Interest received | | 620 | - |
| Other income received | | 1 | 1 |
| Realised FX gains/losses | | 105 | 138 |
| Management fees paid | | (510) | (737) |
| Performance fees paid | | · • | (156) |
| Interest paid | | (440) | (360) |
| Income tax received/(paid) | | 437 | (2,210) |
| Other operating expenses | | (665) | (741) |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | 11 | 16,127 | 9,550 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Payment for shares buy-back including transaction costs | | (10,067) | (3,983) |
| Distributions paid | | (10,001) | (3,131) |
| Proceeds from share issue | | 1,029 | (0,101) |
| | | · · · · · · | |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | | (9,038) | (7,114) |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | | (225) | 342 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 6,864 | 2,778 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | | 3,834 | 1,056 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | 4 | 10,698 | 3,834 |

This Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

1. General information and summary of significant accounting policies

Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Limited ("the Company") is a listed investment company incorporated in Australia. The Company was incorporated on 19 October 2016. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is 22 Market Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

These general purpose financial statements are for the year ended 30 June 2023, and were authorised for issue by the directors on 31 August 2023. The Company will be managed in accordance with the Constitution and investment objectives as detailed in the Replacement Prospectus dated 16 January 2017. The Manager is Fat Prophets Funds Management Pty Ltd, ACN 615 545 537, an Authorised Representative of Fat Prophets Pty Ltd (AFSL 229183).

A summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the Company in the preparation of the financial statements is set out as below:

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the Corporations Act 2001. For the purposes of preparing financial statements, the Company is a for-profit entity.

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the historical cost convention except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities

The Company manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Company's investments are classified at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise:

- Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition

These include financial assets and liabilities that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. These are investments in listed equity securities. The fair value through profit or loss classification is available for the majority of financial assets held by the Company and the financial liabilities arising from the units must be fair valued.

Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Company's documented investment strategy as outlined in the Prospectus. The Company's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate information about these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

The Company recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities from this date. Other financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the date they originated.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged.

(iii) Measurement

- Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

- Receivables

Loans and receivables are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and are subsequently amortised if meet the SPPI and business model test, using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses, if any. Such assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment.

At each reporting date, the Company shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

- Other financial assets and liabilities

Management considers that the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and amounts due from brokers approximate fair value.

1. General information and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Investments

Fair value in an active market

The Company values listed investments at last quoted sale price. However, at balance date it assesses the difference between that price and the last bid/(ask) price for each long/(short) quoted investment, to determine whether another price within the bid/(ask) price spread is more representative of fair value.

Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of investments that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation techniques that provide a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

(d) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Company competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Company's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions during the period denominated in foreign currency have been translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Overseas investments and currency, together with any accrued income, are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation at balance date exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in profit or loss. Net exchange gains and losses arising on the revaluation of investments are included in gains on investments.

Hedging may be undertaken in order to minimise possible adverse financial effects of movements in exchange rates. Hedging gains or losses are included as part of gains/(losses) on foreign exchange.

(e) Revenue/income recognition

Interest income and expenses, including interest income and expenses from non-derivative financial assets, are recognised through profit or loss as they accrue, as per the effective interest rate method of the instrument calculated at the acquisition date. Interest income includes the amortisation of any discount or premium, transaction costs or other differences between the initial carrying amount of an interest-bearing instrument and its amount at maturity on an effective interest rate basis. Interest income is recognised on a gross basis, including any withholding tax, if applicable.

Dividend income relating to exchange traded equity is to be recognised through profit or loss on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recognised as an expense.

Trust distributions (including distributions from cash management trusts) are recognised on a present entitlement basis through profit or loss on the day distributions are announced.

(f) Expenses

All expenses, including performance fees and investment management fees, are recognised through profit or loss on an accruals basis.

(g) Dividend policy

The Company may pay dividends to Shareholders from earnings generated from its operating activities to the extent permitted by law and in accordance with prudent business practices. Such dividends will be franked to the extent that available imputation credits permit.

(h) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Company is subject to income tax at 30% on taxable income. A capital gains tax concession may be available to investors where certain requirements are met.

The Company may incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded net of withholding tax in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on the corporate tax rate. The relevant tax rate is applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

1. General information and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Goods and services tax ("GST")

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australia Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivables or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position.

(k) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and securities sold. Dividends are receivable when they have been declared and are legally payable. Interest is accrued at the balance date from the time of last payment. Amounts receivable for securities sold are recorded when a sale has

(I) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for amounts owing by the Company at period end which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(m) Derivative financial instruments

The Company may invest in financial derivatives. Derivative financial instruments are accounted for on the same basis as the underlying investment exposure. Gains and losses relating to financial derivatives are included in profit or loss as part of gains/(losses) on investments.

(n) Amounts due/to from brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by period end. Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within two business days. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired include significant financial difficulties of the broker, and the probability that the broker will enter into bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default in payments.

(o) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(p) Earnings per share

Undiluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the period from the date of listing to balance date.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares (options) outstanding during the year.

(q) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of some assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are considered to be relevant, and reasonable under the circumstance. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The methods used in the valuation of investments are set out in Note 1(c) to these financial statements.

(r) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

There were no new standards, interpretations or amendments to existing accounting standards that are mandatory for the reporting period ending 30 June 2023 that are material to the financial statements.

(s) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2023, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

(t) Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Company is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

2. Financial risk management

(a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Company's Investment Strategy is to construct a leveraged portfolio made up of a concentrated number of positions across a range of asset classes using the most appropriate investment instrument. The Company should not be seen as a predictable, low risk investment. The Company's investments will be concentrated across a small number of positions, the value of which will fluctuate on a daily basis and the Company is therefore considered to have a higher risk profile than cash assets.

The Company's activities are exposed to different types of financial risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, and price risk) and credit risk. The Company may employ derivative financial instruments to hedge these risk exposures in order to minimise the effects of these risks. The use of derivatives is an essential part of proper portfolio management and is not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset of the Company against a fluctuation in market values or foreign exchange rates or to reduce volatility;
- as a substitute for physical securities;
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy;
- adjusting the duration or the weighted average maturity of fixed interest portfolios.

The use of short selling and derivatives may indirectly leverage the Portfolio on a gross basis.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate. These fluctuations can be caused by market volatility, interest rates, economic cycles, political events and levels of economic growth, both global and domestic. The Company is materially exposed to two different types of market risks, namely foreign currency risk and price risk. Market risk exposures are assessed and minimised through employing established investment strategies.

The Company has a focused portfolio and, due to the concentrated nature of the Company's investments, considerable short term volatility may be experienced. The Company may also short specific securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, are overvalued. All of the portfolio positions are subject to research and peer group review and if appropriate opportunities cannot be found the Company will hold cash until new opportunities arise.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial commitment, recognised asset or liability will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency rates.

The Company holds assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar (the functional currency) and is therefore exposed to foreign currency risk when the value of assets denominated in other currencies fluctuates due to movements in exchange rates.

The Company may enter into foreign exchange forward contracts both to hedge the foreign exchange risk implicit in the value of portfolio securities denominated in foreign currency and to secure a particular exchange rate for a planned purchase or sale of securities. The terms and conditions of these contracts rarely exceed one period and the level of hedging will depend on the Investment Manager's expectation of future currency exchange rate movements.

As the nature of these contracts is to hedge the international investment activities of the Company, they are accounted for by marking to market at balance date in a manner consistent with the valuation of the underlying securities. The currency position of the Company is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

The Company's portfolio in different currencies at balance date is summarised below:

| | Australian Dollars | US Dollars | Euros | Japanese Yen | Hong Kong Dollars | Other Currencies | Total |
|--|-----------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------|
| | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 24,611 | 254 | - | - | - | - | 24,865 |
| Financial assets at fair value through | | | | | | | |
| profit or loss: | | | | | | | |
| Listed securities | 8,548 | 2,761 | - | 7,669 | - | 493 | 19,471 |
| Receivables | 137 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 138 |
| Current tax asset | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Deferred tax assets | 2,056 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,056 |
| Total assets | 35,352 | 3,016 | - | 7,669 | - | 493 | 46,530 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | - | 6,415 | 89 | 5,200 | - | 2,463 | 14,167 |
| Payables | 215 | - | - | - | - | - | 215 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | 10 |
| Total liabilities | 225 | 6,415 | 89 | 5,200 | - | 2,463 | 14,392 |
| Net assets | 35,127 | (3,399) | (89) | 2,469 | - | (1,970) | 32,138 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk (continued)

| | Australian Dollars | US Dollars | Euros | Japanese Yen | Hong Kong Dollars | Other Currencies | Total |
|--|-----------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------|
| | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 | A\$'000 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 23,565 | - | - | - | - | 12 | 23,577 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | | | | | | | |
| Listed securities | 19,834 | 6,299 | - | 5,654 | 1,561 | 2,374 | 35,722 |
| Receivables | 199 | 10 | - | - | - | 1 | 210 |
| Current tax asset | 424 | - | - | - | - | - | 424 |
| Deferred tax assets | 1,882 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,882 |
| Total assets | 45,904 | 6,309 | - | 5,654 | 1,561 | 2,387 | 61,815 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | - | 8,831 | - | 5,578 | 1,621 | 3,713 | 19,743 |
| Payables | 215 | - | - | 5 | 3 | - | 223 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 139 | - | - | - | - | - | 139 |
| Total liabilities | 354 | 8,831 | - | 5,583 | 1,624 | 3,713 | 20,105 |
| Net assets | 45,550 | (2,522) | - | 71 | (63) | (1,326) | 41,710 |

Foreign currency sensitivity

A sensitivity of 10 per cent has been selected to account for the current level of exchange rate volatility observed in the market. As at reporting date, the Australian dollar to United States dollar (AUD/USD) exchange rate was 0.66565 (2022: 0.68765), Australian dollar to Hong Kong dollar (AUD/HKD) exchange rate was 5.216433 (2022: 5.395956) and Australian dollar to Japanese Yen (AUD/JPY) exchange rate was 96.20972 (2022: 93.420702). As the Hong Kong dollar and Japanese yen are pegged to the US dollar, any movement in the US dollar is likely to result in a movement of a similar proportion in the Hong Kong dollar and Japanese yen. As at reporting date, had the Australian dollar weakened/(strengthened) by 10% against the US dollar with all other variables held constant, assuming that the Hong Kong dollar and Japanese yen follows the US dollar, the net assets attributable to shareholders would have been \$271,781 higher/(\$332,177) lower (2022: \$274,130 higher/(\$518,443) lower).

(ii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate, whether those changes are specifically related to an individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company is primarily exposed to price risk for its investments in listed securities. The price risk of securities is dependent upon the financial circumstances of the companies in which the securities are purchased, including their profits, earnings and cash flows. The return on a security's investment may also be affected by the quality of company management, the general health of the sector in which it operates and government policy.

In cases where financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, future prices will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Refer to Note 2(b)(i) for the management of foreign currency risk. Some securities present a risk of loss of capital and, except where equities are sold short, the maximum exposure resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of those instruments. Potential losses from equities sold short can be unlimited.

The Investment Manager's security selection process is fundamental to the management of price risk. When considering taking a position, whether long or short, the price at which it is established is a critical element within the overall process and includes the use of technical, peer group and market analysis together with adequate diversification to reduce the impact of a negative return on any one position.

The Company's overall market positions are monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

The Company's net equity exposure as at 30 June 2023 is set out below:

| | As at 30 June 2023 | As at 30 June 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Industry Groups | | |
| Consumer services | 3% | 27% |
| Materials | 40% | 19% |
| Software and services | 0% | 2% |
| Banks | 0% | 0% |
| Energy | 0% | 3% |
| Media | 0% | 5% |
| Consumer Durables | 0% | 0% |
| Diversified Financials | 47% | 22% |
| Real Estate | 4% | 3% |
| Capital Goods | 0% | 1% |
| Communications | 6% | 6% |
| Insurance | 0% | 9% |
| Retailing | 0% | 3% |
| Technology | 0% | 0% |
| Commercial and Professional Services | 0% | 0% |
| Total | 100% | 100% |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Price risk (continued)

Price sensitivity

The directors of the Company believe that it is difficult to accurately estimate future returns. Equity market returns can be volatile and returns from period to period often have a wide variance. As such, the Company uses a long term performance average, rather than a short term performance number, when estimating sensitivity to price risk. The longer return average takes into consideration the full market cycle, whereas an estimate based solely on last period's performance is likely to be misleading when the market cycle shifts.

As at reporting date, if the listed security prices in the portfolio had increased/(decreased) by 1% with all other variables being constant, this would have increased/(decreased) the net assets attributable to shareholders by approximately +/(-) \$194,710 (2022: \$357,220). The impact of price movements in currency contracts is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Company.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to perform contractual obligations (i.e. default in either whole or part) under a contract causing the Company to make a financial loss.

Market prices generally incorporate credit assessments into valuations and risk of loss is implicitly provided for in the carrying value of assets and liabilities as they are marked to market at balance date.

The Investment Manager minimises the Company's concentrations of credit risk by adopting a number of procedures, including the following:

- Undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties on recognised and reputable exchanges;
- Ensuring that these counterparties together with the respective credit limits are approved.

The contractual credit risk of assets is represented by the net payments or receipts that remain outstanding, and the cost of replacing the derivative position in the event of a counterparty default. The Company does not hold any collateral as security or any other credit enhancements. There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired as at balance date.

The Company has appointed BNP Paribas as Prime Broker to the Company. BNP Paribas is subject to regulatory oversight and capital requirements imposed by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. As at the date of this report, BNP Paribas has a credit rating of A- (S&P) for long term and a rating of A-2 for short term debt.

The terms of the Prime Broker Agreement provide that the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund utilise custodial assets for its own lending and financing purposes (including to borrow, lend, charge, re-hypothecate, and dispose of) up to, but not exceeding, 180% of the value of the Company's outstanding liabilities with BNP Paribas. These assets are owned by BNP Paribas in its Prime Broker capacity. Under the terms of the Prime Broker Agreement, BNP Paribas is obliged to return to the Company the equivalent custodial assets irrespective of what transpires between it and any third party with whom the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund has transacted.

Cash holdings with BNP Paribas are not subject to this arrangement and are always considered to be held by BNP Paribas in its Prime Broker capacity.

As at balance date, the maximum value of the Company's gross assets available to the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund for its lending and financing activities is \$44.34 million (30 June 2022: \$59.30 million). Under the Prime Broker arrangements in place, the amount does not require disclosure by the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund. The maximum net exposure to the Prime Broking activities of BNP Paribas, after offsetting the Company's outstanding liabilities with \$14.17 million (30 June 2022: \$19.74 million) approximates \$30.17 million (30 June 2022: \$39.56 million) as at balance date. The credit position of the Company is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. This risk is controlled through the Company's investment in financial instruments, which under market conditions are readily convertible to cash. In addition, the Company maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements. Accordingly, the entity is not considered to be exposed to material liquidity risks in relation to its financial instruments.

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade and other payables which have no contractual maturities but are typically settled within 30 days.

(e) Fair value measurements

The Company measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

The Company has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value measurements (continued)

(i) Fair value in an active market (Level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and listed equity securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(ii) Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2023:

| | Level 1 \$'000 | Level 2 \$'000 | Level 3 \$'000 | Total \$'000 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| At 30 June 2023 | \$ 555 | Ψ 000 | ΨΟΟΟ | Ψ 000 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | | | | |
| Listed securities | 19,471 | - | - | 19,471 |
| | 19,471 | • | - | 19,471 |
| At 30 June 2022 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | | | | |
| Listed securities | 35,722 | - | - | 35,722 |
| | 35,722 | | - | 35,722 |

(iii) Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

(iv) Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying value of trade receivables and trade payables approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of the instruments and low credit risk.

3. Segment information

Identification of reportable operating segments

The Company is organised into one main operating segment with the key function of the investment of funds internationally. AASB 8: Operating Segments requires disclosure of revenue by investment type and geographical location, which is outlined below:

| | Year ended 30 June 2023 \$'000 | Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (a) Investment Income by investment type | , | |
| Equity securities - dividends | 687 | 1,517 |
| Total | 687 | 1,517 |
| (b) Investment Income by geographical area | | |
| Oceania | 328 | 1,048 |
| Europe - Other | 7 | 41 |
| Hong Kong | - | 13 |
| Asia ex Hong Kong | 297 | 363 |
| North America | 55 | 52 |
| Total | 687 | 1,517 |

4. Cash and cash equivalents and interest bearing liabilities

| | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 |
|--|---------------|--------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Cash at bank (custodian) - AUD Cash at bank (custodian) - other currencies | 24,611 254 | 23,565 12 |
| | 24,865 | 23,577 |
| Interest bearing liabilities Overdraft at custodian | (14,167) | (19,743) |
| | 10,698 | 3,834 |

Overdraft at Custodian is a cash facility offered by the Custodian.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

| 5. | eivat | |
|----|-------|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| | | As at 30 June 2023 \$'000 | As at 30 June 2022 \$'000 |
|----|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Dividends receivable | 34 | 41 |
| | GST receivable | 104 | 79 |
| | Interest receivable | - | 90 |
| | | 138 | 210 |
| i. | Payables | | |
| | • | As at | As at |
| | | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 |
| | | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| | Management fees payable | 33 | 97 |
| | Recoverable fees payable | 182 | 118 |
| | Interest payable | - | 8 |
| | | 215 | 223 |

Income tax

(a) Income tax expense

The aggregate amount of income tax attributable to the financial year differs from the amount of income tax that would be payable by the Company if its taxable income for the year were equal to the amount of the profit before income tax. The difference between these amounts is explained as follows:

2023

2022

| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
|--|--------|----------|
| Loss for the year before income tax expense | (850) | (13,442) |
| Prima facie income tax expense calculated at 30% (2022: 30%) | (255) | (4,033) |
| Tax impact of imputation credits and foreign tax credits | 49 | 125 |
| Imputation and foreign tax credits applied | - | (182) |
| Imputation credits converted to tax losses | (98) | (163) |
| Over provision in respect of prior years | (12) | - |
| Income tax benefit | (316) | (4,253) |
| Income tax benefit comprised of: | | |
| Deferred tax asset | (316) | (4,253) |
| (b) Tax effects of items credited to equity | | |
| Amounts credited to equity in relation to the income tax effect of amounts recognised in equity: | | |
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Initial public offering listing fee | 234 | 234 |
| | 234 | 234 |
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| (c) Deferred tax | | |
| Deferred tax asset on unrealised investment gain | 179 | 1,714 |
| Deferred tax asset on unrealised foreign exchange loss | - | (103) |
| Deferred Unrealised FX Cash Gain on P&L | 67 | - |
| Deferred tax asset on tax losses | 1,810 | 163 |
| Deferred tax asset/(liability) on dividends | (10) | (12) |
| Deferred tax asset/(liability) on interest | - | (24) |
| Deferred tax asset on accruals | | 5 |
| Total deferred tax asset | 2,046 | 1,743 |

8. Share capital

Shares

There is a single class of ordinary shares on issue. For all shares issued in accordance with the Prospectus dated 16 January 2017 an option was also issued. The amount paid by each shareholder was allocated between the share and the option based on relative market prices on the first day of trading. Costs of fundraising were allocated between shares and options on the same basis.

Each Share confers on its holder equal voting rights and to share equally in dividends and any surplus on winding up.

Subject to the Corporations Act 2001 and the Listing Rules, Shares are fully transferable.

The rights attaching to Shares may be varied with the approval of Shareholders in general meeting by special resolution.

There were no options issued in FY2022-2023.

Movements in share capital during the period are set out below:

| more more more agreed adming the period and section section. | As at 30 June 2 | As at 30 June 2023 | | 2 |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------|
| | Shares | \$'000 | Shares | \$'000 |
| Ordinary shares - fully paid, net of IPO costs, net of tax | 30,500,138 | 35,211 | 39,682,914 | 44,249 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

8. Share capital (continued)

Movement in ordinary share capital

| | Year end 30 June 2 | | Year ended | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|-------------|---------|
| | Shares | \$'000 | Shares | \$'000 |
| Opening balance | 39,682,914 | 44,249 | 43,126,084 | 48,232 |
| Ordinary shares issued under Share Purchase Plan (SPP) | 1,210,638 | 1,029 | - | - |
| Shares acquired under buy-back | (10,393,414) | (10,067) | (3,443,170) | (3,983) |
| Total | 30,500,138 | 35,211 | 39,682,914 | 44,249 |

Costs of shares issued in relation to the IPO, net of tax, transferred to equity

At 30 June 2023, the Company incurred the following fees in relation to the IPO that were transferred to equity:

| | As at 30 June 2023 \$'000 | As at 30 June 2022 \$'000 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Listing Cost | 780 | 780 |
| Sub-total | 780 | 780 |
| Less current and future period tax deductions | (234) | (234) |
| Total costs of shares | 546 | 546 |

Ac at

Substantial share holders

The top twenty shareholders as at 30 June 2023 were:

| | AS at | AS at |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 |
| Shareholder | Unitholding | Unitholding |
| 1 HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited-A/C 2 | 2,844,593 | 305,440 |
| 2 Y B & S Investments Pty Ltd <atf a="" c="" prose="" unit=""></atf> | 492,907 | 457,612 |
| 3 Mr Colin Weekes | 408,574 | 408,574 |
| 4 Rational Research Pty Ltd < Rational Research S/F A/c> | 300,000 | 258,622 |
| 5 Inmont Pty Ltd <nicholas a="" c="" galante=""></nicholas> | 223,622 | 223,622 |
| 6 Ironwood Investments Pty Limited <phillips a="" c="" fund="" super=""></phillips> | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| 7 RASF Nominees Pty Ltd <mclean a="" c="" superannuation=""></mclean> | 194,745 | 159,450 |
| 8 Mr Nicholas James Galante + Mrs Kerry Maria Galante | 180,000 | 180,000 |
| 9 Drilltech Services Pty Ltd | 178,863 | 143,568 |
| 10 H&S Stenning Pty Ltd <stenning a="" c="" family="" sf=""></stenning> | 175,314 | 175,314 |
| 11 M&S Kaushal Pty Ltd <kaushal a="" c="" fam="" sf=""></kaushal> | 165,775 | 165,775 |
| 12 Mr Gregory James Blight & Mr Stephen Maxwell Blight <gregory a="" blight="" c="" f="" s=""></gregory> | 163,622 | 163,622 |
| 13 Alison Jane McDonnell + Todd Andrew McDonnell | 163,622 | 163,622 |
| 14 Rinella Super Pty Ltd <rinella a="" c="" f="" family="" s=""></rinella> | 158,622 | 158,622 |
| 15 Mr William Raymond Younger <w a="" c="" fund="" r="" super="" yonger=""></w> | 156,808 | 156,808 |
| 16 Mr Anthony Herbert Liddiard + Dr Andrea Melaney Liddiard <liddiard a="" c="" family=""></liddiard> | 156,769 | 110,425 |
| 17 Mr Michael Edgerton + Mrs Marianne edgerton <the a="" bodene="" c="" fund="" super=""></the> | 150,000 | 150,000 |
| 18 Ravenshaw Pty Ltd <brodie a="" c="" family="" super=""></brodie> | 150,000 | 150,000 |
| 19 HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited | 144,022 | 147,522 |
| 20 Mayacamas Pty Ltd | 140,000 | 140,000 |

9. Expenses

(a) Fees paid to the Investment Manager

The Company has appointed Fat Prophets Funds Management Pty Limited as the Investment Manager. A summary of the fees (GST exclusive) charged by the Investment Manager is set out below.

(i) Management fee

The Investment Manager is entitled to be paid a management fee equal to 1.25% p.a. of the Portfolio Net Asset Value. The management fee is calculated and accrued on the last day of each month and paid within 20 days of the end of the month.

(ii) Performance fee

At the end of each quarter, the Investment Manager is entitled to receive a performance fee of 20% (plus GST) of the difference between the Net Portfolio Value at the end of the relevant period and highest Net Portfolio Value of any preceding period.

The formula for the Performance Fee is outlined below:

 $PF = 0.20 \times (CNPV - PNPV + D - NC)$

Where:

PF = the amount of the Performance Fee;

CNPV is the Net Portfolio Value on the last business day of the relevant quarter;

PNPV is the higher of:

(i) the Net Portfolio Value on the last business day of the immediately preceding quarter; and

(ii) the previous highest Net Portfolio Value calculated under this formula;

9. Expenses (continued)

(a) Fees paid to the Investment Manager (continued)

(ii) Performance fee (continued)

D is the aggregate of all dividends or other distributions in respect of all Shares paid or payable to Shareholders, or the value of entitlements other than cash dividends or distributions where those other entitlements are given or due to Shareholders, on a pre-tax basis, where the Shares were quoted 'ex' dividend, distribution or other entitlement on the ASX in respect of such dividend, distribution or other entitlement at any time during the quarter;

NC is the aggregate dollar value of any new capital subscribed for Shares during the quarter (including dividend reinvestments and exercise of options), calculated at the subscription price for that new capital less the costs incurred in raising that new capital less the aggregate dollar value of any buy-back of Shares or capital reduction or capital return during the quarter.

If PF is a negative number, no Performance Fee is payable in respect of that quarter.

The Performance Fee shall be paid to the Manager within twenty (20) days of the end of each quarter.

(b) Auditor's remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by PKF, the auditor of the Company:

| | Year ended 30 June 2023 \$ | Year ended 30 June 2022 \$ |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Audit and review of the financial statements | 28,000 | 26,500 |
| Tax compliance services | 6,000 | 6,000 |
| | 34,000 | 32,500 |

10. Losses per share

| 10. | Losses per share | | |
|-----|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Year ended 30 June 2023 | Year ended 30 June 2022 |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share | 34,563,041 | 42,259,302 |
| | Basic losses per share (cents) | (1.54) | (21.75) |
| | Weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share | 34,563,041 | 42,259,302 |
| | Diluted losses per share (cents) | (1.54) | (21.75) |
| 11. | Reconciliation of Net loss after income tax to Cash Flow from Operating Activities: | | |
| | | Voor onded | Voor onded |

| | Year ended 30 June 2023 \$'000 | Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Net loss after income tax | (534) | (9,189) |
| Purchase of investments | (43,342) | (68,228) |
| Proceeds from sale of investments | 59,227 | 80,329 |
| Net gains on investment | 366 | 13,816 |
| Net gains/(losses) on foreign exchange | 225 | (342) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| Decrease/(Increase) in receivables | 72 | (152) |
| Decrease/(Increase) in current tax assets | 424 | (424) |
| Increase in deferred tax assets | (174) | (1,576) |
| Decrease in current tax liability | - | (1,785) |
| Decrease in deferred tax liabilities | (129) | (2,678) |
| Decrease in payables | (8) | (221) |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | 16,127 | 9,550 |

12. Investment transactions

The total number of securities transactions entered into the during the reporting year, together with total brokerage paid during the reporting year was:

Number of transactions - 215 (2022: 229)

Total brokerage paid - \$235,037 (\$101,445 on purchases and \$133,592 on sales) (2022: \$267,313 (\$109,963 on purchases and \$157,350 on sales)).

Brokerage is a function of trading turnover, turnover was lower in 2023 v 2022.

13. Investment Portfolio

Investments by geographical region and currency:

| | As at 30 June 2023 Fair Value A\$'000 | As at 30 June 2022 Fair Value A\$'000 |
|----------------|--|--|
| Australia | 8,548 | 19,834 |
| Europe - Other | 493 | 2,374 |
| Hong Kong | - | 1,561 |
| Japan | 7,669 | 5,654 |
| North America | 2,761 | 6,299 |
| Total | 19,471 | 35,722 |

| | | | A\$'000 | A\$'000 |
|-----|--|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | Australia | | 8,548 | 19,834 |
| | Europe - Other | | 493 | 2,374 |
| | Hong Kong | | - | 1,561 |
| | Japan | | 7,669 | 5,654 |
| | North America | <u>-</u> | 2,761 | 6,299 |
| | Total | - | 19,471 | 35,722 |
| | The top 10 holdings of the Fund as at 30 June 2023 are as follows: | | | As at |
| | The top to helange of the fana as at 50 band 2020 are as length. | | 30 | June 2023 |
| | Security | Domicile | A\$'000 | % of portfolio |
| | Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group | Japan | 2,951 | 15.16% |
| | Evolution Mining Ltd | Australia | 1,546 | 7.94% |
| | Newcrest Mining Limited | Australia | 1,509 | 7.75% |
| | Resona Holdings Inc | Japan | 1,378 | 7.08% |
| | Northern Star Resources | Australia | 1,353 | 6.95% |
| | Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group | Japan | 1,151 | 5.91% |
| | Mizuho Financial Group | Japan | 1,143 | 5.87% |
| | Telstra Group Ltd | Australia | 1,075 | 5.52% |
| | Chiba Bank Ltd | Japan | 1,045 | 5.37% |
| | Fat Prophets Property | Australia | 774 | 3.97% |
| 14. | Related party transactions | | | |
| | All transactions with related parties are conducted on normal commercial terms a | and conditions, and are as follows: | | |
| | - The compensation arrangements with the Directors and Executive Directors | (refer to Directors' Remuneration below); | | |
| | - The interests in the Company held directly or indirectly by the Directors a report); and | nd Executive Directors (refer to remunera | ition report included | in the directors' |
| | The Management Agreement between the Company and the Investment Manager. | Manager (refer to Note 9 for details of fee | es paid to the Invest | tment Manager). |
| | Directors Remuneration | | | |
| | Directors' remuneration received or receivable for the year ended 30 June 2023 | was: | | |
| | Director | Directors' fees | Superannuation \$ | Total \$ |
| | Michael Gallagher | 44,000 | <u> </u> | 44,000 |
| | Katrina Vanstone | 33,000 | _ | 33,000 |
| | Angus Geddes | - | _ | - |
| | 3 | 77,000 | - | 77,000 |
| | Directors' remuneration received or receivable for the year ended 30 June 2022 | was: | | |
| | | Directors' fees | Superannuation | Total |
| | Director | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Michael Gallagher | 44,000 | - | 44,000 |
| | Katrina Vanstone | 33,000 | - | 33,000 |
| | | | | |

- The compensation arrangements with the Directors and Executive Directors (refer to Directors' Remuneration below);
- The interests in the Company held directly or indirectly by the Directors and Executive Directors (refer to remuneration report included in the directors'
- The Management Agreement between the Company and the Investment Manager (refer to Note 9 for details of fees paid to the Investment Manager). Angus Geddes is Director of the Investment Manager.

| | Directors' fees | Superannuation | Total |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------|
| Director | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Michael Gallagher | 44,000 | - | 44,000 |
| Katrina Vanstone | 33,000 | - | 33,000 |
| Angus Geddes | - | - | - |
| | 77,000 | - | 77,000 |
| | | | |

| | Directors' fees | Superannuation | Total |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------|
| Director | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Michael Gallagher | 44,000 | - | 44,000 |
| Katrina Vanstone | 33,000 | - | 33,000 |
| Angus Geddes | - | - | - |
| | 77,000 | - | 77,000 |

15. Contingencies

As at 30 June 2023 (2022: None), the Directors were not aware of any liabilities or gain or loss contingencies considered material, individually or in aggregate, that were required to be accrued or disclosed.

16. Commitments

As at 30 June 2023 (2022: None), the Directors were not aware of any commitments considered material, individually or in aggregate, that were required to be accrued or disclosed.

17. Events subsequent to reporting date

No significant events have occurred since the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Company disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023 or on the results and cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD ACN 615 414 849 DIRECTORS' DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

- 1 In the directors' opinion:
 - (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 20 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as disclosed in Note 1 (a), the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
 - The notes to the financial statements include a statement of compliance with Australian Financial Reporting Standards;
 - The directors have been given by the Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer the declarations for the year ended 30 June 2023 required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Michael Gallagher Chairman

Sydney, NSW 31 August 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD

Report on the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Directors' Declaration of the Company.

In our opinion, the financial report of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- i) Giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

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Key Audit Matters (cont'd)

1. Valuation and existence of investments

Why significant

As at 30 June 2023, the carrying value of financial assets was \$19.47m which represented 61% of the Company's Net Assets, as disclosed in Note 2(e) and Note 13 of the financial report.

The financial assets consist of Australian and International equities held at fair value through profit and loss. Accordingly, the fluctuations in investment valuation are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Given the nature and principal activity of the Company being to invest in listed securities, combined with the quantum of investments held, we have identified that the valuation and existence of these investments to be a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our work included, but was not limited to, the following procedures:

- Performing a reconciliation of the investments balance from the 30 June 2022 balance, taking into consideration purchases, sales and other relevant transactions and agreed the sum to the 30 June 2023 balance.
- Agreeing investment quantity holdings at 30 June 2023 to independent third party sources.
- Agreeing all the listed equities investment prices to independent market pricing sources as at 30 June 2023.
- Obtaining a report on whether the controls over investment purchases and sales transactions were suitably designed and operated effectively for the year and assessed the report.

2. Accuracy and completeness of management fees

Why significant

The management calculations are based on the portfolio Net Asset Value and made with related parties therefore heightening the inherent risk associated with these balances, as disclosed in Note 9(a) of the financial report. For the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company has recognised management fees of \$446K.

Given the nature of the various inputs and complexity of the management fee calculations, we have determined that the accuracy and completeness of this balance to be a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our work included, but was not limited to, the following procedures:

- Recalculating management fees recognised in accordance with the terms outlined in the prospectus.
- Testing key inputs used in the calculation of the management fees and performed an independent assessment.
- Assessing the adequacy of the disclosure of the management fees in the financial report.



Other Information

Other information is financial and non-financial information in the annual report of the Company which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for Other Information in the annual report.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the Director's report. The remaining Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of the Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, the auditor does not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information in the Financial Report and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the Directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using a going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individual or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud
or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
control.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (cont'd)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and other related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2023.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2023, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

DKE

PAUL PEARMAN PARTNER

31 AUGUST 2023 SYDNEY, NSW

Additional Information

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.10, the Company provides the following information to shareholders not elsewhere disclosed in this Annual Report. The information provided is current as at 1 September 2023 (**Reporting Date**).

Substantial holders

As at the Reporting Date, the names of the substantial holders of the Company and the number of equity securities in which those substantial holders and their associates have a relevant interest, as disclosed in substantial holding notices given to the Company, are as follows:

| Holder of Equity Securities | Class of Equity Securities | Number of Equity Securities held | % of total, issued securities capital in relevant class |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Fat Prophets Pty Ltd | Ordinary Shares | 2,539,153 | 8.42% |

Number of holders

As at the Reporting Date, the only class of equity securities on issue are ordinary shares. The number of holders of ordinary shares is 1447.

Voting rights of equity securities

The only class of equity securities on issue in the Company which carries voting rights is ordinary shares.

As at the Reporting Date, there were 1447 holders of a total of 30,167,236 ordinary shares of the Company.

At a general meeting of the Company, every holder of ordinary shares present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote on a show of hands and on a poll, one vote for each ordinary share held. On a poll, every member (or his or her proxy, attorney or representative) is entitled to vote for each fully paid share held and in respect of each partly paid share, is entitled to a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid up (not credited) on that partly paid share bears to the total amounts paid and payable (excluding amounts credited) on that share. Amounts paid in advance of a call are ignored when calculating the proportion.

Distribution of holders of ordinary shares

The distribution of holders of ordinary shares on issue in the Company as at the Reporting Date is as follows:

Distribution of ordinary shareholders

| Holdings Ranges | Holders | Total Units | % |
|-------------------------|---------|-------------|--------|
| 1 – 1,000 | 73 | 33,114 | 0.11 |
| 1,001 – 5,000 | 291 | 964,376 | 3.20 |
| 5,001 – 10,000 | 227 | 1,919,546 | 6.36 |
| 10,001 – 100,000 | 505 | 16,810,462 | 55.72 |
| 100,001 – 9,999,999,999 | 51 | 10,439,738 | 34.61 |
| Totals | 1,147 | 30,167,236 | 100.00 |

Unquoted securities

There are no unquoted securities on issue.

Less than marketable parcels of ordinary shares (UMP Shares)

The number of holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares based on the closing market price at the Reporting Date is as follows:

| Total Securities | UMP Shares | UMP Holders | % of issued shares held by UMP holders |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| 30,167,236 | 7<u>3</u>1 3 | 45 | 0 <u>.02</u> 4 |

On-market buyback

The Company is not currently conducting an on-market buy-back.

On-market purchase of securities under employee incentive scheme

No securities were purchased on-market during the reporting period under or for the purposes of an employee incentive scheme; or to satisfy the entitlements of the holders of options or other rights to acquire securities granted under an employee incentive scheme.

Twenty largest shareholders

The Company only has one class of quoted securities, being ordinary shares. The names of the 20 largest holders of ordinary shares, and the number of ordinary shares and percentage of capital held by each holder is as follows:

| | | | % Units |
|---------------------------------|---|------------|---------|
| 1 | HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED - A/C | 2,539,153 | 8.42 |
| 2 | Y B & S INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <atf a="" c="" prose="" unit=""></atf> | 492,907 | 1.63 |
| 3 | MR COLIN WEEKES | 408,574 | 1.35 |
| 4 | AWSG INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <awsg a="" c="" fund="" investments="" s=""></awsg> | 305,440 | 1.01 |
| 5 | RATIONAL RESEARCH PTY LTD <rational a="" c="" f="" research="" s=""></rational> | 300,000 | 0.99 |
| 6 | INMONT PTY LTD <nicholas a="" c="" galante=""></nicholas> | 223,622 | 0.74 |
| 7 | IRONWOOD INVESTMENTS PTY LIMITED <phillips a="" c="" fund="" super=""></phillips> | 200,000 | 0.66 |
| 8 | RASF NOMINEES PTY LTD <mclean a="" c="" superannuation=""></mclean> | 194,745 | 0.65 |
| 9 | MR NICHOLAS JAMES GALANTE + MRS KERRY MARIA GALANTE | 180,000 | 0.60 |
| 10 | DRILLTECH SERVICES PTY LTD | 178,863 | 0.59 |
| 11 | H&S STENNING PTY LTD <stenning a="" c="" family="" sf=""></stenning> | 175,314 | 0.58 |
| 12 | MRS JANET BACKHOUSE | 168,096 | 0.56 |
| 13 | M&S KAUSHAL PTY LTD <kaushal a="" c="" fam="" sf=""></kaushal> | 165,775 | 0.55 |
| 14 | HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED | 164,022 | 0.54 |
| 15 | MR GREGORY JAMES BLIGHT + MR STEPHEN MAXWELL BLIGHT <gregory a="" blight="" c="" f="" s=""></gregory> | 163,622 | 0.54 |
| 15 | ALISON JANE MCDONELL + TODD ANDREW MCDONELL | 163,622 | 0.54 |
| 17 | RINELLA SUPER PTY LTD <rinella a="" c="" f="" family="" s=""></rinella> | 158,622 | 0.53 |
| 18 | MR WILLIAM RAYMOND YOUNGER <wr a="" c="" fund="" super="" younger=""></wr> | 156,808 | 0.52 |
| 19 | MR ANTHONY HERBERT LIDDIARD + DR ANDREA MELANEY LIDDIARD <liddiard a="" c="" family=""></liddiard> | 156,769 | 0.52 |
| 20 | MR MICHAEL EDGERTON + MRS MARIANNE EDGERTON <the a="" bodene="" c="" fund="" super=""></the> | 150,000 | 0.50 |
| 20 | RAVENSHAW PTY LTD <brodie a="" c="" family="" super=""></brodie> | 150,000 | 0.50 |
| Totals: Top | 21 holders of ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHARES | 6,795,954 | 22.53 |
| Total Remaining Holders Balance | | 23,371,282 | 77.47 |

Item 7 issues of securities

There are no issues of securities approved for the purposes of item 7 of section 611 of the Corporations Act which have not yet been completed.