

Biserbalder Update

ASX | AIM: FME

Investor Presentation

June 2023



Disclaimer

This Presentation has been prepared as a summary only and does not contain all information about Future Metals NL's ("Future" or "FME" or the Company's assets and liabilities, financial position and performance, profits and losses, prospects and rights. The information in this Presentation and made to you verbally is subject to updating, completion, revision, further verification and amendment without notice.

The information contained in this Presentation or subsequently provided to the Recipient of this Presentation whether orally or in writing by or on behalf of FME or its employees, agents or consultants is provided to the Recipients on the terms and conditions set out in this notice. The purpose of this Presentation is to provide Recipients with Information relating to FME. The Presentation has been prepared by FME and each Recipient must make his/her own independent assessment and investigation of FME and its business and assets and should not rely on any statement or the adequacy and accuracy of any Information contained in this Presentation.

FME makes no representation or warranty (express or implied) as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of the information. FME and its directors, employees, agents and consultants shall have no liability (including liability to any person by reason of negligence or negligent misstatement) for any statements, opinions, information or matters (express or implied) arising out of, contained in or derived from, or for any omissions from the Presentation, except liability under statue that cannot be excluded.

The performance and operations of FME may be influenced by a number of factors, many of which are outside the control of FME. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made by FME or any of its directors, officers, employees, advisers or agents that any intentions, expectations or plans will be achieved either totally or partially or that any particular rate of return will be achieved This Presentation does not constitute in any way an offer or invitation to subscribe for securities in FME pursuant to the Corporations Act.

Statements regarding FME's plans with respect to its mineral properties are forward looking statements There can be no assurance that FME's plans for development and or sale of its mineral properties will proceed as currently expected. There can also be no assurance that FME will be able to confirm the presence of mineral deposits, that any mineralisation will prove to be economic or that a mine will successfully be developed on any of FME's mineral properties.

The information in this presentation that relates to Exploration Results is based on, and fairly represents, information compiled by Ms Barbara Duggan, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Ms Duggan is the Company's Principal Geologist and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity she is undertaking to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for reporting of Exploration Results, Exploration Targets, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (JORC Code). Ms Duggan consents to the inclusion in this presentation of the matters based upon her information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this document that relates to metallurgical test work managed by Independent Metallurgical Operations Pty Ltd (IMO) is based on, and fairly represents, information and supporting documentation reviewed by Mr Peter Adamini, BSc (Mineral Science and Chemistry), who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM). Mr Adamini is a full-time employee of IMO, who has been engaged by FME to provide metallurgical consulting services. Mr Adamini has approved and consented to the inclusion in this presentation of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this presentation that relates to Mineral Resources is based on, and fairly represents, information compiled by Mr Brian Wolfe, who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Wolfe an external consultant to the Company and is a fulltime employee of International Resource Solutions Pty Ltd, a specialist geoscience consultancy. Mr Wolfe has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity he is undertaking to gualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for reporting of Exploration Results, Exploration Targets, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (JORC Code). Mr Wolfe consents to the inclusion in this presentation of the matters based upon his information in the form and context in which it appears.

announcements:

- 21 June 2022 | Independent Resource Estimate of 6.9 Moz PdEg
- 27 July 2022 | High Grade Ni-Cu-PGE sulphides confirmed at Panton
- 13 February 2023 | Mining and Processing Breakthrough at Panton
- 4 May 2023 | Drilling to commence at Nickel Sulphide Targets
- 24 May 2023 | RC drilling commences at Panton Ni-Cu-PGM Targets

The above announcements are available to view on the Company's website at future-metals.com.au. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the relevant original market announcements. The Company confirms that the information and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.



The Information in this presentation that relates to previous exploration results for the Projects is extracted from the following ASX

• 21 March 2023 | High Grade PGM Mineralisation from 350m Step Out Drilling

Future Metals: Panton PGM Project Overview

Scoping Study progressing; detailing a long life, low capital and high-grade PGM-Ni eration **Highest grade** • 2.9Moz @ 3.57g/t PGM_{3E} (or 3.2Moz PdEq @ 3.86g/t PdEq) **PGM Resource** in Australia within bulk resource of 6.9Moz PdEq Location and Strategically located in Australia – majority of PGM supply is from Russia and South Africa • Jurisdiction 1km off sealed highway; 70km from sealed airstrip and multiple operations nearby • Advantage Deep water port access 350km north • Flotation recovers ~80% of PGMs at a very high concentrate grade of >280g/t PGM \bullet **Metallurgy De-Risked** Hydromet testwork demonstrates 99%+ recoveries of platinum and palladium • Ore sorting separates high-grade from low-grade and waste at **97% recovery** \bullet Test work underway to further **increase PGM recoveries through leaching** of tails with no • further regrind. Results pending • Potential for **chromite by-product** through magnetic separation on flotation tails Existing decline allows for accelerated de-risking of project via bulk sampling for **Accelerated Path** metallurgical test work, as well as examining geotechnical and mining dilution conditions to Production • Replacement cost of decline, drilling and prior studies exceeds A\$30m Granted Mining Leases







Panton mining portal

Future Metals: Nickel Sulphide Exploration

Significant nickel sulphide discovery potential outside the existing PGM deposit

Drilling underway at BC1 and Panton West

- Untested with coincident indicators across EM, magnetics, gravity, soils and rock chips
- Nearby intercepts include:
- 4m @ **1.18% Ni, 1.05% Cu**, 2.18g/t Au from 242.5m
- 19m @ 0.49% Ni, 0.28% Cu, 0.51 g/t PGM_{3E} from 88m, incl:
 - 3m @ **1.16% Ni, 0.66% Cu**, 0.67 g/t PGM_{3E} from 95m
- **522m** @ 0.19% Ni, 0.016% Co, 0.34g/t PGM_{3E} from 100m

Highly Prospective Land Position

- East Kimberley has frontier discovery potential
- IGO Ltd has consolidated a 15,255km² land position in the Kimberley region
- FME holds a coveted land position with proven depositmaking geological activity
- Exploration model guided by Ni-Cu-PGM expert Jon Hronsky





Corporate Overview

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Justin Tremain (Non-Executive Chairman)

- Experienced company director with extensive expertise across the mineral resources sector
- Current MD of West African gold explorer Turaco Gold (ASX:TCG), Non-Executive Director of Caspin Resources (ASX:CPN)

Allan Mulligan (Non-Executive Director)

- Experienced mining engineer and company director
- +35yrs experience in mining operations, mine start-up and construction of large-scale platinum (Lonmin plc) and gold mines
- Previous technical oversight role at Panton in early 2000's



Elizabeth Henson (Non-Executive Director)

- Experienced board representative with expertise in governance and finance
- PriceWaterhouseCoopers senior international private tax partner and director based in London



Robert Mosig (Non-Executive Director)

- Experienced geologist with +30yrs
- Experience in platinum group metals, gold and diamond exploration
- Involved in early exploration of Panton











MANAGEMENT TEAM

Jardee Kininmonth (Managing Director and CEO)

- Experienced corporate finance and mining professional
- Prior roles at mining private equity fund EMR Capital, and Galaxy Resources & Allkem
- Multi-commodity experience, with extensive experience in managing crossfunctional teams and working with projects across the mining life cycle

Andrew Shepherd (GM - Project Development)

- Qualified mining professional with +25yrs experience
- Previously manager of technical services at St Barbara
- Planning, development and implementation of complex, global, multidiscipline mining projects

Barbara Duggan (Principal Geologist)

- Geologist with +20yrs experience in mineral exploration
- Extensive experience in Australia and Canada with a focus on nickel sulphide and magmatic hydrothermal mineral systems specialising in integrated mineral systems targeting at a district to deposit scale

Dr Jon Hronsky (Senior Exploration Advisor)

- +35yrs experience in global mineral exploration with a focus on magmatic layered intrusives
- Targeting work led to discovery of West Musgrave nickel sulphide province
- Consultant to major mining companies for past 15 years previously head of generative exploration at BHP and global geoscience leader for WMC Resources

Hydrogen Applications Expected to Fuel Future PGM Demand

Traditional Demand

Pt + Pd Demand Composition (koz), 2022 estimated



Industrial applications are expected to increase - i.e., Pt use in Chinese class production

World Platinum Investment Council expects investment (bullion and coin) forecast to swing to a net demand position

Other demand includes 333koz relating to pollution control

Demand for platinum from hydrogen based applications is expected to grow **by 100% in 2023*** as government initiatives supporting the clean energy transition drive significant investment in the hydrogen and fuel cell industry:

- US Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 ("IRA")
- EU Green Industrial Plan



CEO says "silent majority" question whether the automotive industry should limit

European President and CEO says "we need both technologies (battery and fuel

emission vehicles. "Forcing a transition to electric vehicles, which are more expensive than fossil-fuel or hybrid equivalents, will make car ownership unaffordable for many"





6

Supply Concentrated in Russia and South Africa

Supply is highly concentrated to Russia and South Africa

Geographic Distribution of Platinum & Palladium Mine Supply (koz)



South Africa's supply environment is challenged due to power availability, labour relations, deepening mines and aging infrastructure





PGMs are a scarce metal

Ex-South Africa PGMs are much less abundant than metals such as lithium & copper



Location and Infrastructure

A Well Serviced and Active Mining Region



Port Facilities



Sealed Airstrip



Hydropower

Great Northern

Highway



Multiple Mining Operations

Derby





Mineral Resource Estimate

MRE consists of high-grade reef and surrounding bulk mineralisation

- 129Mt @ 1.20g/t PGM_{3F}, 0.19% Ni, and 154ppm Co (1.66g/t PdEq¹)
- Containing 5.0Moz PGM_{3E}, 239kt Ni, and 20kt Co (6.9Moz PdEq1)

B

- High-grade reef portion
 25Mt @ 3.57g/t PGM_{3E}, and 192ppm Co (3.86g/t 25Mt @ **3.57g/t PGM_{3E}**, 0.24% Ni, and 192ppm Co (3.86g/t PdEq¹);
 - Containing 2.9Moz PGM_{3F}, 60kt Ni, and 5kt Co (3.2Moz PdEq¹);
 - MRE covers only 5.1km of 12km of mapped outcropping chromite reefs
 - Bulk (open pit) mineralisation constrained to a depth of ~150m, high-grade up to ~800m

Significant growth potential along strike and at depth for higher grade and bulk mineralisation







separation, concentration and leaching

Milling and flotation to produce high grade concentrate with option to sell into smelting market or upgrade further

Bulk test work shows 97% chromitite ore and separation from low grade and waste

Low grade

stockpile

Flotation recoveries of ~80% at low mass pulls, achieving concentrate grades >280g/t PGM

Concentration

concentrate Tailings Leaching

Bulk Ni-PGM

concentrate





Low emissions upgrading of concentrate with Lifezone's proven hydromet process, producing upgraded metals products for direct sale to refiners or refining on site

Grid (Hydro)

Downstream

processing

Panton concentrate is amenable to Lifezone's hydrometallurgical processing with recoveries of >99% for Pt, Pd, Ni & Cu (>92% for Au & Co)

Chromite

sponge

PGM

Ni & Co metal or sulphate

Copper cathode



Ore Sorting to Unlock Panton

Ore sorting shows high efficiency in separating high-grade chromite reef ore from waste and low Grade

Mitigates impact of mining dilution

 \square

- Improves processed head grade, reducing capex & opex
- 'Cleans' ore ahead of flotation, removing significant gangue which inhibits flotation conditions



Low grade stockpile 1g/t PGM

Ore Sorting

High-grade mill feed 8g/t PGM

Waste Material

Waste Material

Low grade stockpile

1g/t PGM

Low-Emission PGM Production

- Scoping activities underway with
 Lifezone, developer of a robust
 hydrometallurgical process purpose built for
 processing PGM concentrates
- Test work of Lifezone's hydromet process on Panton concentrate demonstrated recoveries of over 99% for Pt, Pd, Ni and Cu and ~93% for Au and Co
- Vastly improves economics by increasing payabilities, decreasing logistics costs, while also enabling production of low CO₂ products
- Produces upgraded metals products which can be directly sold to refiners or refined on site, providing a key input for **clean energy technologies such as fuel cells, electrolysers and catalytic convertors**

Source: Kell hydrometallurgical extraction of precious and base metals from flotation concentrates - Piloting, engineering and implementation advances. June 2019. K Liddell, M Adams, L Smith

Project Delivery De-Risked

Future Metals has capitalised on the significant sunk cost and learnings of prior owners to progress **Development of Panton. Scoping study is drawing**

- **Metallurgical solution** in place with multiple product options, underpinned by consistent results and bulk testing
- >45,000m of drilling and associated data to draw from
- **Granted Mining Leases**
- Prior flora, fauna & heritage surveys demonstrating no red flags
- Existing decline from prior **underground mining** trials and bulk metallurgical sample recovery in 2002 and 2006
- Prior detailed design work on non-process infrastructure and TSF
- **Replacement cost of decline, drilling and prior** studies exceeds A\$30m

Mining during bulk sample extraction (2002)

Panton Geology

12km long, 2.5km wide and 1.7km thick layered mafic-ultramafic intrusion

Folded into a south-westerly plunging synclinal structure with extensive cross faulting

Intrusive 'complex' subject to multiple magmatic pulses over time; potential to host multiple deposit 'types'

Historical exploration focus was the Bushveld analogous high-grade PGM reef mineralisation

Analysis of historical data and recent exploration has shown pervasive Ni-Cu-PGM sulphide mineralisation sits outside of the PGM reefs

Exploration is now focussed on discovery of a basal contact or feeder conduit-style deposit such as Jinchuan, Savannah or Gonneville

FUTURE

Nickel sulphide targets: BC1

- Shallow embayment feature (BC1) identified under cover with coincident anomalies across magnetics, soils, stream sediments and drilling – nearby sulphide rich intercepts include:
 - 19m @ 0.49% Ni, 0.28% Cu, 0.51g/t PGE_{3E} from 88m, incl:
 - 3m @ 1.16% Ni, 0.66% Cu, 0.67 g/t PGE_{3E} from 95m
 - 7m @ 0.33%, 0.24% Cu, 0.87 g/t PGE from 95m
- Ni-Cu sulphide 'hot spot' defined scout drilling of BC1 has commenced and further soil sampling and mapping is planned for Q3 2023
- Evidence of magmatic sulphide mineralisation distinctly different from the chromitite reef;
 PS053 contained heavily disseminated sulphide in core grading 4m @ 1.18% Ni, 1.05% Cu, 0.71 g/t
 Pd, 0.05 g/t Pt, 2.18 g/t Au

15

Nickel sulphide targets: Panton West

Panton West is interpreted to be **the basal contact position** of a sill of similar to Panton

Falcon gravity data used to identify the sill's position which has been shifted by late stage faulting

Discrete magnetic features with coincident **HoistEM** anomalies are prominent in the target area

Field validation has shown a complex system which supports the potential for Ni-Cu-PGM mineralisation

UNE 2023 | INVESTOR PRESENTATION

16

Delivering Value Through Sustainable Development

Future Metals is committed to growing value for shareholders while maintaining high ESG standards

Creating a positive case study for community engagement in the East **Kimberley**

- Partnership agreement with the Traditional Owners; the Malarngowem people
- Ongoing reciprocal education to build trust and acceptance
- Commitment to provide economic opportunities in line with project maturity
- Hiring from local towns, now and into the future

- Minimise impact where possible; from exploration activities through to construction & operations
- Work with regulators and Traditional Owners so community expectations are managed and met
- Sustainability at the core of project development decisions; renewable power, carbon sequester, water usage & recycling, emissions minimisation, supplying customers focussed on the clean energy transition

ISE

Health, Safety and Wellbeing

People & Opportunity

Community & Social Investment

Environmental stewardship

Becoming the First PGM Producer in Australia

Exploration

RC drilling at BC1 & Panton West Assay results Soil sampling and mapping programme Follow up drilling, geophysics and sampling

Study & Metallurgical Activities

JORC Resource modelling Mine design & optimisation Process design - upstream & downstream Scoping study delivery Flow sheet optimisation & variability testing

Scoping Study Partners

18

Corporate Overview

1. Various vesting conditions based on VWAP share prices and project milestones

INVESTOR PRESENTATION **JUNE 2023**

Why Invest in Future Metals?

Panton hosts the perfect suite of metals to support the growing demand from manufacturers of catalytic convertors, hydrogen electrolysers and fuel cells, and batteries.

Project delivery derisked

Development optionality

Large Ni-Cu sulphide discovery potential

Top tier jurisdiction

In-Situ Value Per Tonne Contribution

| | Mass | | | | Grade | | | | |
|--------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| | (Mt) | Pd(g/t) | Pt(g/t) | Au(g/t) | PGM _{3E} (g/t) | Ni (%) | Cu (%) | Co (ppm) | PdEq (g/t) |
| Reef | 25.4 | 1.71 | 1.61 | 0.24 | 3.57 | 0.24 | 0.07 | 192 | 3.86 |
| Dunite | 103.4 | 0.31 | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.62 | 0.17 | 0.03 | 145 | 1.12 |
| Total | 128.9 | 0.58 | 0.52 | 0.10 | 1.20 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 154 | 1.66 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Metal recoveries used in the value per tonne calculations are shown below (same as PdEq inputs):

- Reef: Palladium 80%, Platinum 80%, Gold 70%, Nickel 45%, Copper 67.5% and Cobalt 60%
- Dunite: Palladium 70%, Platinum 70%, Gold 70%, Nickel 45%, Copper 67.5% and Cobalt 60%

Assumed metal prices used are also shown below:

 Palladium US\$1,700/oz, Platinum US\$1,300/oz, Gold US\$1,700/oz, Nickel US\$18,500/t, Copper US\$9,000/t and Cobalt US\$60,000/t

Panton JORC Mineral Resource

nly

| Resource | Category | Mass | Grade | | | | | | | Contained Metal | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| S O O | | (Mt) | Pd (g/t) | Pt (g/t) | Au (q/t) | PGM3E (g/t) | Ni (%) | Cu (%) | Co (ppm) | PdEq (g/t) | Pd (Koz) | Pt (Koz) | Au (Koz) | PGM3E (Koz) | Ni (kt) | Cu (Kt) | Co (Kt) | PdEq (Koz) |
| Reef | Indicated | 7.9 | 1.99 | 1.87 | 0.31 | 4.16 | 0.24 | 0.07 | 190 | 4.39 | 508 | 476 | 78 | 1,062 | 19.1 | 5.2 | 1.5 | 1,120 |
| D D | Inferred | 17.6 | 1.59 | 1.49 | 0.22 | 3.30 | 0.23 | 0.07 | 193 | 3.63 | 895 | 842 | 123 | 1,859 | 41.1 | 13.1 | 3.4 | 2,046 |
| SO | Subtotal | 25.4 | 1.71 | 1.61 | 0.24 | 3.57 | 0.24 | 0.07 | 192 | 3.86 | 1,403 | 1,318 | 201 | 2,922 | 60.3 | 18.2 | 4.9 | 3,166 |
| Dunite | Inferred | 103.4 | 0.31 | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.62 | 0.17 | 0.03 | 145 | 1.12 | 1,020 | 825 | 225 | 2,069 | 179.6 | 30.2 | 15.0 | 3,712 |
| Q | Subtotal | 103.4 | 0.31 | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.62 | 0.17 | 0.03 | 145 | 1.12 | 1,020 | 825 | 225 | 2,069 | 179.6 | 30.2 | 15.0 | 3,712 |
| | Indicated | 7.9 | 1.99 | 1.87 | 0.31 | 4.16 | 0.24 | 0.07 | 190 | 4.39 | 508 | 476 | 78 | 1,062 | 19.1 | 5.2 | 1.5 | 1,120 |
| | Inferred | 121 | 0.50 | 0.43 | 0.09 | 1.01 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 147 | 1.49 | 1,915 | 1,667 | 348 | 3,928 | 221 | 43 | 18 | 5,758 |
| | Total | 129 | 0.59 | 0.52 | 0.11 | 1.20 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 150 | 1.66 | 2,423 | 2,143 | 426 | 4,990 | 240 | 49 | 20 | 6,878 |

Palladium Equivalent Calculation

Palladium Metal Equivalents

Based on metallurgical test work completed on Panton samples, all quoted elements included in the metal equivalent calculation (palladium, platinum, gold, nickel, copper and cobalt) have a reasonable potential of being ultimately recovered and sold.

Metal recoveries used in the palladium equivalent (PdEq) calculations are in the midpoint of the range of recoveries for each element based on metallurgical test work undertaken to date at Panton. It should be noted that palladium and platinum grades reported in this presentation are lower than the palladium and platinum grades of samples that were subject to metallurgical test work (grades of other elements are similar).

Metal recoveries used in the palladium equivalent (PdEq) calculations are shown below:

- Reef: Palladium 80%, Platinum 80%, Gold 70%, Nickel 45%, Copper 67.5% and Cobalt 60%
- Dunite: Palladium 70%, Platinum 70%, Gold 70%, Nickel 45%, Copper 67.5% and Cobalt 60%

Assumed metal prices used are also shown below:

Palladium US\$1,700/oz, Platinum US\$1,300/oz, Gold US\$1,700/oz, Nickel US\$18,500/t, Copper US\$9,000/t and Cobalt US\$60,000/t

Metal equivalents were calculated according to the follow formula:

- Reef: PdEq (Palladium Equivalent g/t) = Pd(g/t) + 0.76471 x Pt(g/t) + 0.875 x Au(g/t) + 1.90394 x Ni(%) + 1.38936 x Cu(%) + 8.23 x Co(%)
- Dunite: PdEq (Palladium Equivalent g/t) = Pd(g/t) + 0.76471 x Pt(g/t) + 0.933 x Au(g/t) + 2.03087 x Ni(%) + 1.481990 x Cu(%) + 8.80 x Co(%)

