WINSOME RESOURCES

ASX: WR1 | FSE: 4XJ | OTCQB: WRSLF

ASX RELEASE | 3 April 2023

Lithium mineralisation confirmed over 3km trend at Adina

HIGHLIGHTS

- Assay results from Adina East confirm high grade lithium mineralisation some 1.9km east of the Main Zone.
- New results are detailed in Table 1 and include:
  - 1.50% Li_2O over 12.2m from 63.3m (AD-22-043),
  - 1.77% Li_2O over 6.0m from 83.4m (AD-22-044), and
  - 1.26% Li_2O over 15.0m from 47.4m (AD-22-045).
- These results bring the total strike length of lithium mineralised trend at Adina to over 3 km, with mineralisation remaining open to the east and west.
- High resolution gravity survey provides additional targets for discovery of new spodumene-bearing pegmatite swarms.
- Third drill rig being mobilised to test targets delineated in gravity survey as well as potential strike and depth extensions to main pegmatite body.

Lithium exploration and development company Winsome Resources (ASX:WR1; "**Winsome**" or "**the Company**") is pleased to announce that it has received assay results from the Adina East Prospect. Intersections are summarised in Table 1 and confirm the presence of high grade lithium mineralisation 1.9kms east of the Adina Main Zone. These results mean that mineralisation has now been defined over 3km at Adina, measured from the 2018 MetalsTech drilling at Adina[1] to the Adina Main Zone to Adina East (Figure 1). The relationship between these mineralised zones will be tested by forthcoming drilling.

[1] Refer Mining Insights Independent Geological Report contained within the Prospectus dated 11 October 2021 and released to the ASX on 26 November 2021. Previous exploration at Adina detailed pages 43-44, supporting tables pages 59-63 & 71.

WINSOME'S MANAGING DIRECTOR CHRIS EVANS SAID:

"We have now extended the strike of lithium mineralisation at Adina to 3 kilometres and it remains open to both the east and west. As part of our expanded drilling programme we will continue to test the broader Adina project to determine the scale of mineralisation as well as the link between Adina East, Adina Main and the previous drilling undertaken at Adina by MetalsTech. We look forward to further results from our intensive drilling campaign in coming weeks."

Hole	***Intercepts***	***Setting***
AD-22-043	1.50% Li_2O over 12.2m from 62.3m to 74.5m Includes: ○ 2.08% Li_2O over 7.2m from 62.3m to 74.5m	Adina East 1,480m East of AD-22-005
AD-23-044	1.77% Li_2O over 6.0m from 83.4m to 89.4m Includes: ○ 3.63% Li_2O over 2.0m from 83.4m to 85.4m	Adina East 170m East of AD-22-043
AD-23-045	1.26% Li_2O over 15.0m from 47.4m to 62.4m Includes: ○ 2.51% Li_2O over 4.0m from 50.4m to 54.4m	Adina East 340m East of AD-22-043

***Table 1**. Key mineralised intercepts, Adina East Zone*

Commentary on Adina East results

The presence of mineralisation away from the Adina Main Zone is not unexpected given the mineralisation delineated previously by MetalsTech. A 10-hole reconnaissance diamond drilling campaign was completed in 2018 with multiple, well-mineralised pegmatite zones intersected over a strike length of approximately 800m[2]. This area was the initial focus of Winsome's exploration at Adina until the Jamar discovery, which is now referred to as the Adina Main Zone. Significant results from this drilling include:

- 3.20m @ 1.45% Li_2O from 95.89m (AD18-001)
- 3.89m @ 1.40% Li_2O from 8.78m (AD18-002)
- 0.92m @ 1.85% Li_2O from 87.06m (AD18-003)
- 4.42m @ 1.42% Li_2O from 92.80m (AD18-003)
- 3.37m @ 1.32% Li_2O from 40.63m (AD18-004)
- 8.02m @ 1.27% Li_2O from 52.34m (AD18-005)
- 2.11m @ 1.24% Li_2O from 38.00m (AD18-006)
- 1.54m @ 1.50% Li_2O from 43.86m (AD18-006)

Lithium mineralisation at all three prospects (Adina Main, Adina East and Adina) occurs as spodumene crystals hosted in pegmatite with no obvious visual differences observed during logging. Multiple phases of pegmatitic intrusions are suspected to have occurred over time as detailed previously and accordingly it is currently not known whether the three prospects represent the same body, offset by faulting, or represent three or more phases of intrusive activity. Further drilling and analysis will be required to ascertain this and allow a robust geological model to be built up.

[2] Refer Mining Insights Independent Geological Report contained within the Prospectus dated 11 October 2021 and released to the ASX on 26 November 2021. Previous exploration at Adina detailed pages 43-44, supporting tables pages 59-63 & 71.

Potential exists for further pegmatite swarms to be identified within the broader Adina Project. A significant area was traversed exploring for outcropping pegmatites during the 2022 field season and further areas remain to be explored in the forthcoming 2023 field season.

A key tool in the Company's exploration strategy is the use of close spaced ground gravity surveys to delineate contacts between pegmatites, amphibolites and granitoids by mapping density changes. The intrusion of pegmatite swarms into mafic and ultramafic basement rocks at Adina is anticipated to be expressed as a detectable, subdued gravity response. Figure 2 shows an image of ground gravity data collected during 2022 which appears to delineate such responses at the Adina Main Zone as well as also several other highly encouraging targets for evaluation. Interpretation and target generation was undertaken by Perth-based consultancy NewGen Geo Pty Ltd, which specialises in the application of geophysics to pegmatite exploration. It is planned to expand the ground gravity coverage during 2023 to the southwest, including the 2018 drilling area, to identify further targets along the regional structural corridor which runs WSW – ENE.

Drilling at Adina East reported in this announcement was carried out in December 2022 and January 2023. Hole AD-22-043 was drilled some 1.6km east of the Adina Main Zone, with holes AD-23-044 and AD-23-045 being drilled to the east of AD-22-043 based on visual observations of spodumene-bearing pegmatite[3]. With lithium mineralisation being confirmed at the prospect further drilling is now planned to be carried out. A third drilling rig is currently being mobilised to site to fast-track drilling of the targets delineated by ground gravity surveying as well as test for the continuity of mineralisation along the 3km of strike between the pegmatite bodies defined at Adina Main, Adina East and in the MetalsTech drilling.

This announcement is authorised for release by the Board of Winsome Resources Limited.

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[3] *"Pegmatite body at Adina extended to 1,600m of potential strike"* ASX Announcement 25 January 2023

ABOUT WINSOME RESOURCES

Winsome Resources (ASX: WR1) is a Perth-based, lithium focused exploration and development company with five project areas in Quebec, Canada. Three of Winsome's projects – Cancet, Adina and Sirmac-Clappier are 100% owned by the Company. The Company also has exclusive option agreements to acquire and explore 669 claims totalling 385km^2 in Decelles and a further 259 claims totalling 149km^2 at Mazerac, located near the Quebec mining town of Val-d'Ór.

The most advanced of Winsome's projects - Cancet and Adina, provide shallow, high grade lithium deposits and are strategically located close to established infrastructure and supply chains.

In addition to its impressive portfolio of lithium projects in Quebec, Winsome Resources owns 100% of the offtake rights for lithium, cesium and tantalum from Power Metals Corp (TSXV:PWM) Case Lake Project in Eastern Ontario, as well as a 10% equity stake in PWM.

Winsome is led by a highly qualified team with strong experience in lithium exploration and development as well as leading ASX listed companies.

More details: www.winsomeresources.com.au

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This document contains forward-looking statements concerning Winsome. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact and actual events and results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties and contingencies. Many factors could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking information provided by the Company, or on behalf of, the Company. Such factors include, among other things, risks relating to additional funding requirements, metal prices, exploration, development and operating risks, competition, production risks, regulatory, including environmental regulation and liability and potential title disputes.

Forward-looking statements in this document are based on the Company's beliefs, opinions and estimates of Winsome as of the dates the forward-looking statements are made, and no obligation is assumed to update forward-looking statements if these beliefs, opinions and estimates should change or to reflect other future developments.

COMPETENT PERSON'S STATEMENT

The information in this report which relates to Exploration Results is based on, and fairly represents, information and supporting documentation prepared by Mr Carl Caumartin, VP Exploration of Winsome Resources Ltd. Mr Caumartin is a member of the Quebec Board of Professional Engineers (OIQ, Canada) and he has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity which has been undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves".

Mr Caumartin consents to the inclusion in this release of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which they appear. Mr Caumartin is a shareholder of Winsome.

The information in this announcement relating to the Geophysical component of the Exploration Results is based on information and supporting documentation compiled by Mr Regis Neroni, who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG) and a Registered Professional Geoscientist (RPGeo) in the fields of Geophysics and Mineral Exploration. Mr Neroni is a Consulting Geophysicist with NewGen Geo Pty Ltd and has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation under consideration and to the activity which is being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves".

Mr Neroni consents to the inclusion in this release of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which they appear.

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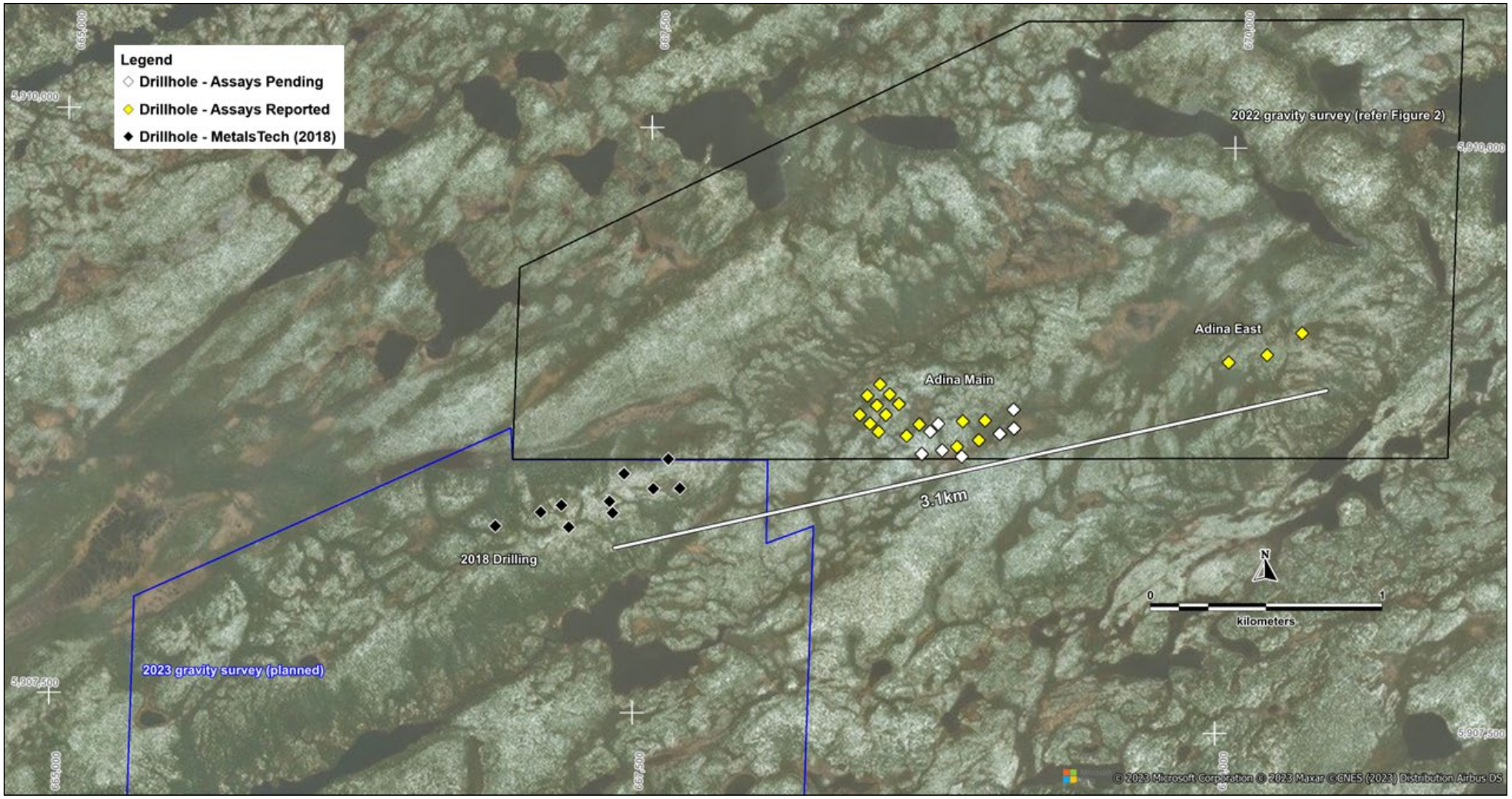

Figure 1: Plan view Adina Project showing all drilling.

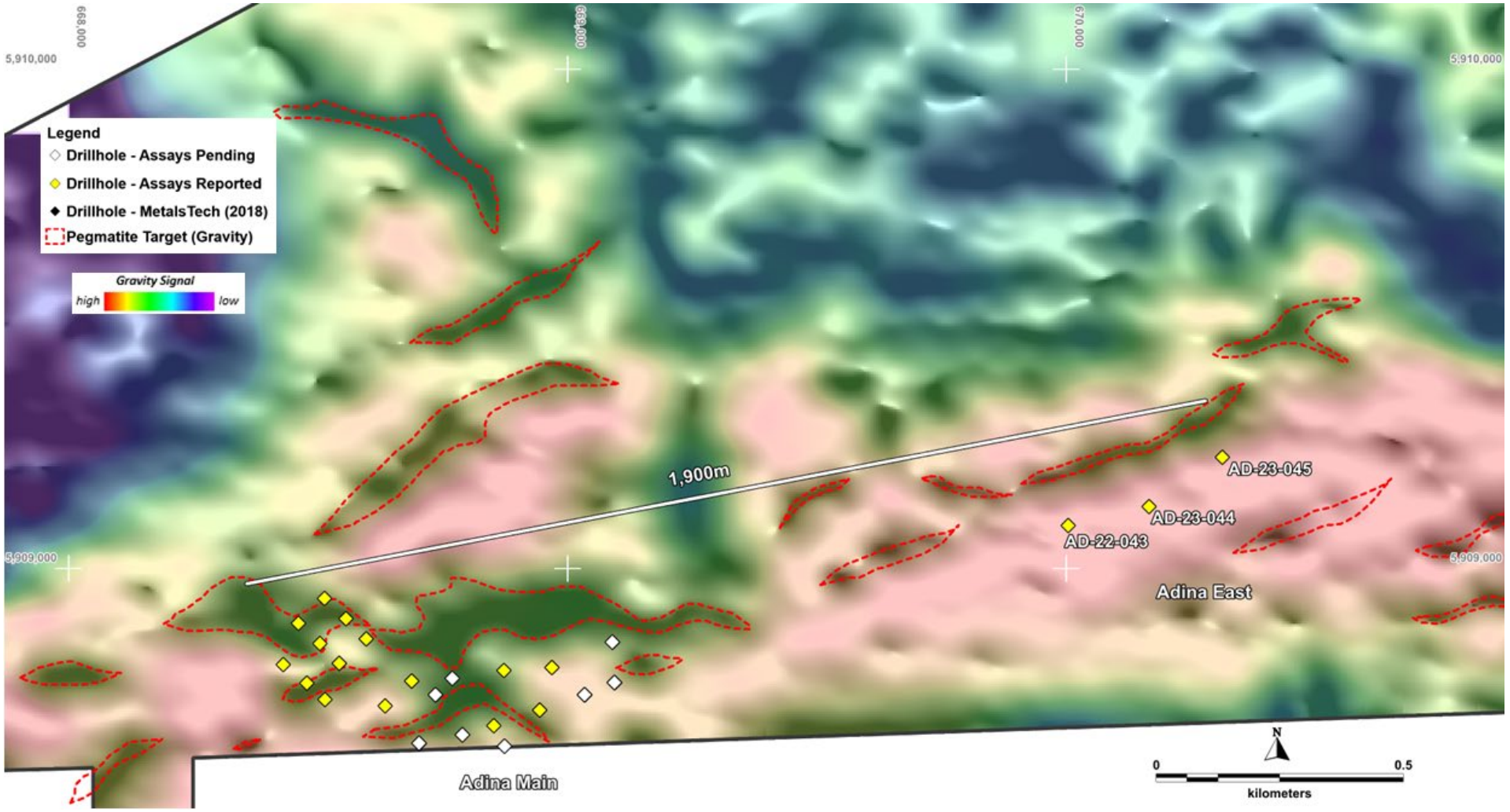

Figure 2: Plan view Adina Main and Adina East showing Adina East drilling over ground gravity image.

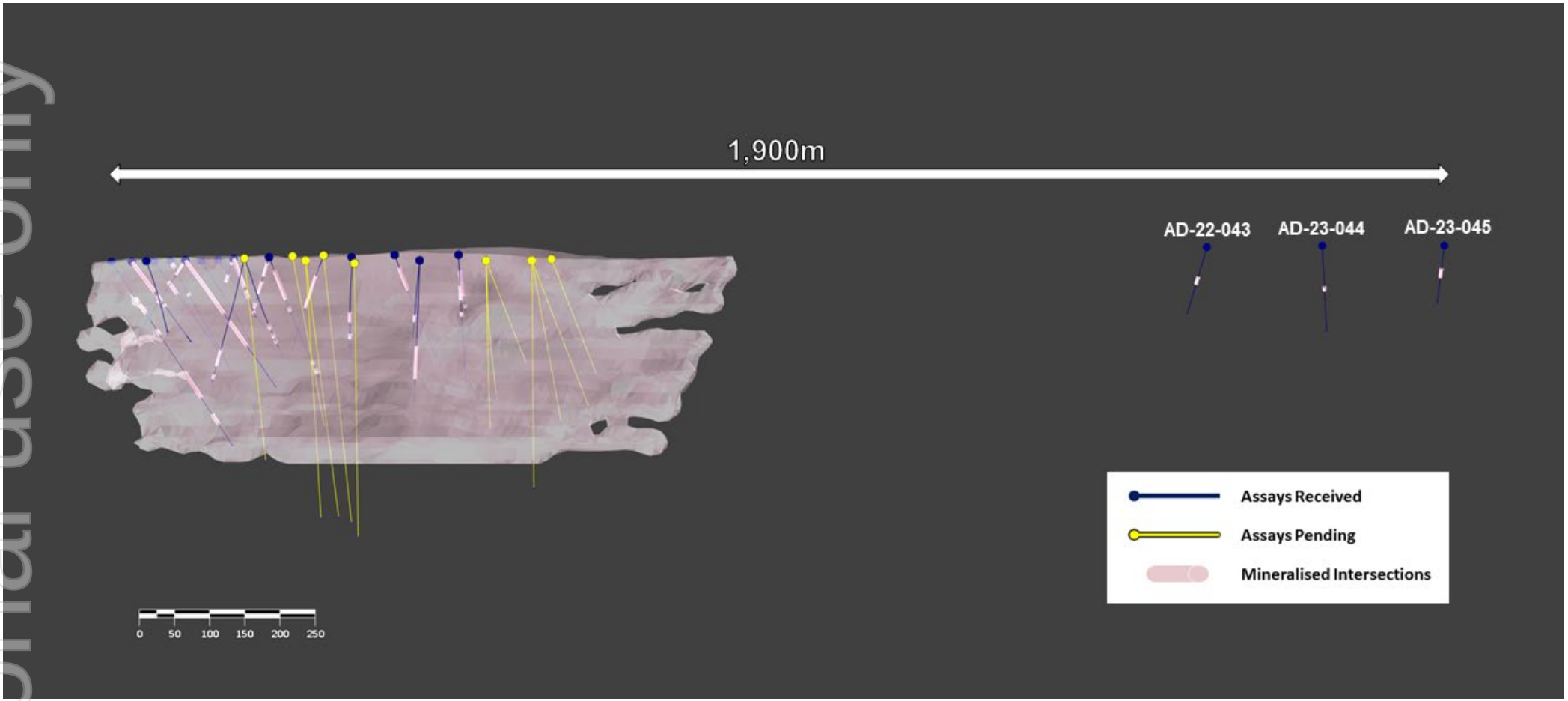

Figure 3: Long section looking NW showing Adina East drilling and conceptual pegmatite model for Adina Main.

Appendix 1: Significant Drillhole Lithium Intercepts – New Results Adina East [4].

Hole ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azimuth	From	To	Thickness	Li_2O
	(NAD83)	(NAD83)	(m)	(degrees)	(degrees)	(m)	(m)	(m)	%
AD-22-043	670003	5909088	531	-45	340	62.3	74.5	12.2	1.50
including						62.3	69.5	7.2	2.08
AD-23-044	670165	5909126	533	-45	340	83.4	89.4	6.0	1.77
including						83.4	85.4	2.0	3.63
AD-23-045	670312	5909224	533	-45	330	47.4	62.4	15.0	1.26
including						50.4	54.4	4.0	2.51

[4] Intercepts calculated using a 0.3 % Li_2O cut-off grade, minimum 5m thickness and widths including up to 7m internal dilution.

Appendix 2: Significant Drillhole Lithium Intercepts – Previous Results [5].

Hole ID	Easting (NAD83)	Northing (NAD83)	RL (m)	Dip (degrees)	Azimuth (degrees)	From (m)	To (m)	Thickness (m)	Li_2O %
AD-22-001 [2]	668477	5908772	511	-45	135	3.0	66.1	63.1	1.35
including						3.0	11.0	8.0	1.61
including						23.0	39.0	16.0	2.16
including						60.4	66.1	5.7	2.37
including						73.1	85.8	12.7	1.89
further including						73.1	77.2	4.1	4.19
AD-22-002 [2]	668503	5908851	511	-45	135	6.0	11.0	5.0	0.60
AD-22-003 [3]	668555	5908901	513	-45	135	85.0	89.0	4.0	2.08
AD-22-004 [3]	668513	5908739	512	-45	135	87.1	90.2	3.1	1.50
						93.0	96.0	3.0	1.18
AD-22-005 [1]	668542	5908812	513	-45	135	2.3	109.9	107.6	1.34
including						2.3	23.0	20.7	1.52
including						23.0	41.0	18.0	0.68
including						41.0	71.0	30.0	2.21
including						71.0	97.5	26.5	1.05
including						103.0	109.9	6.9	0.96
AD-22-005A [2]	668542	5908812	513	-45	315	4.6	28.5	23.9	1.52
including						4.6	18.5	13.9	2.04
						78.6	84.4	5.8	1.59
AD-22-006 [3]	668596	5908861	515	-45	135	2.2	57	54.8	1.14
including						2.2	8	5.8	1.88
including						10	20	10.0	1.69
including						27	32	5.0	1.37
including						45	51	6.0	1.54
						66.2	78	11.8	0.55
AD-22-006B [3]	668596	5908861	515	-45	315	1	11	10.0	0.89
						34.1	37.45	3.35	1.46
AD-22-007 [2]	668430	5908809	510	-45	135	88.6	105.6	17.0	1.56
including						98.6	105.6	7.0	2.72
						141.9	151.4	9.5	0.69
						232.8	287.0	54.2	1.04
including						232.8	238.8	6.0	2.14
including						249.0	260.0	11.0	1.14

[5] Refer footnotes to table for announcement details. Intercepts calculated using a 0.3 % Li_2O cut-off grade, minimum 5m thickness and widths including up to 7m internal dilution.

Hole ID	Easting (NAD83)	Northing (NAD83)	RL (m)	Dip (degrees)	Azimuth (degrees)	From (m)	To (m)	Thickness (m)	Li_2O %
		including				275.3	287.0	11.7	1.77
						324.6	343.6	19.0	0.88
		including				324.6	329.6	4.6	2.01
AD-22-008 [2]	668460	5908892	510	-45	135	41.9	65.7	23.8	0.88
		including				41.9	48.9	7.0	1.31
		including				51.9	54.9	3.0	1.34
		including				60.5	63.5	3.0	1.89
AD-22-009 [3]	668512	5908942	511	-45	135	33.9	37.9	4.0	0.26
AD-22-011 [3]	668687	5908776	517	-45	320	13.6	37	23.4	0.88
		including				28	37	9.0	1.70
						51	72	21.0	0.82
		including				51	66	15.0	1.00
						94.8	102.2	7.4	0.53
AD-22-034 [3]	668852	5908687	517	-45	340	112.9	129.9	17.0	1.32
		including				112.9	117.9	5.0	1.93
		including				121.9	128.9	7.0	1.67
						156.9	164.4	7.5	1.28
AD-22-035 [3]	668634	5908726	519	-45	315	41.6	101	59.4	1.26
		including				41.6	63	21.4	1.71
		including				78	101	23.0	1.49
AD-22-036 [3]	668687	5908776	517	-45	360	28	83.5	55.5	1.35
		including				49	58	9.0	2.40
		including				62	71	9.0	1.51
		including				74	83.5	9.5	1.17
						101.8	107.7	5.9	0.36
						227.7	234.5	6.8	0.76
AD-22-037 [3]	668702	5908651	515	-55	315	162.3	190.7	28.4	1.12
		including				162.3	179.7	17.4	1.48
						207.7	213.1	5.4	1.75
AD-22-039 [3]	668702	5908651	515	-45	360	135	142	7.0	0.59
						154	160	6.0	2.37
						166	170.6	4.6	0.97
AD-22-041 [3]	668872	5908797	520	-45	360	26.3	71	44.7	1.56
		including				26.3	41.4	15.1	2.00
		including				48	66	18.0	1.92

Hole ID	Easting (NAD83)	Northing (NAD83)	RL (m)	Dip (degrees)	Azimuth (degrees)	From (m)	To (m)	Thickness (m)	Li_2O %
AD-22-042 [3]	668968	5908803	520	-45	340	32.7	80.1	47.4	1.64
including						32.7	47.3	14.6	2.15
including						55.1	78.1	23.0	1.78
						100.4	104.65	4.25	1.39
AD-22-046 [3]	668968	5908803	520	-65	340	45	66	21.0	1.09
including						45	49	4.0	1.20
including						52	65	13.0	1.33
						84	90	6.0	2.82
AD-22-055 [3]	668944	5908718	512	-55	330	95.5	105.5	10	1.55
AD-22-059 [3]	668944	5908718	512	-82	330	123	167	44.0	1.08
including						123	133	10.0	1.37

[1] Assays previously reported. *"Strong lithium mineralisation recorded from first Adina drill hole assays"* ASX Announcement 6 January 2023

[2] Assays previously reported. *"New assay results confirm strong lithium mineralisation at Adina"* ASX Announcement 14 February 2023

[3] Assays previously reported. *"Assays confirm Adina as a robust, high-grade lithium project"* ASX Announcement 23 March 2023

Appendix 3: Diamond Drilling Summary for Winsome's drilling program at Adina.

Hole ID	Easting (NAD83)	Northing (NAD83)	RL (m)	Dip (Degrees)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Total Depth (m)
AD-22-001	668477	5908772	511	-45	135	171.0
AD-22-002	668503	5908851	511	-45	135	213.0
AD-22-003	668555	5908901	513	-45	135	138.0
AD-22-004	668513	5908739	511	-45	135	147.0
AD-22-005	668542	5908812	513	-45	135	261.0
AD-22-005A	668542	5908812	513	-45	315	162.0
AD-22-006	668596	5908861	515	-45	135	118.0
AD-22-006B	668596	5908861	515	-45	315	56.5
AD-22-007	668430	5908809	510	-45	135	390.0
AD-22-008	668460	5908892	510	-45	135	210.2
AD-22-009	668512	5908942	511	-45	135	246.0
AD-22-011	668687	5908776	517	-45	320	150.0
AD-22-034	668688	5909055	519	0	135	196.4
AD-22-035	668634	5908726	519	-45	315	186.0
AD-22-036	668687	5908776	517	-45	360	243.0
AD-22-037	668702	5908651	515	-45	315	228.0
AD-22-039	668702	5908651	515	-45	360	201.0
AD-22-041	668872	5908797	520	-45	360	213.0
AD-22-042	668968	5908803	520	-45	340	150.0
AD-22-043	670003	5909088	531	-45	340	141.1

AD-22-046	668968	5908803	520	-75	340	186.0
AD-22-055	668944	5908718	512	-55	330	300.0
AD-22-059	668944	5908718	512	-82	330	204.0
AD-23-044	670165	5909126	533	-45	340	168.0
AD-23-045	670312	5909224	533	-45	330	114.0
AD-22-048	668702	5908651	515	-75	360	297.0
AD-23-053	669034	5908748	512	-45	360	187.0
AD-23-054	669090	5908854	512	-45	360	231.0
AD-23-057	669034	5908748	512	-65	360	213.0
AD-23-060	669034	5908748	512	-85	240	240.0
AD-23-071	669094	5908773	512	-85	360	324.0
AD-23-072	669094	5908773	512	-65	360	252.0
AD-23-073	669094	5908773	512	-45	360	292.1
AD-23-048	668702	5908651	515	-75	360	297.0
AD-23-028	668735	5908748	518	-50	350	315.7
AD-23-030	668874	5908645	508	-75	340	402.0
AD-23-038A	668789	5908668	512	-60	350	420.0
AD-23-050	668789	5908668	512	-75	350	378.0
AD-23-051	668769	5908781	519	-75	360	392.5

Appendix 4 – Visual estimates of mineralisation intersections in Adina diamond drill holes where assays are yet to be received (main sampling intervals).

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Thickness (m)	Visual Estimate %
AD-23-053	81.2	116	34.8	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
AD-23-054	25	45	20	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
	45	65	20	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
	179	189	10	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
	201	214	13	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
AD-23-057	66.4	99	32.6	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
AD-23-060	57	62.5	5.5	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
	124.3	165.2	40.9	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
AD-23-071	61	83	22	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
	127	141.5	14.5	Pegmatite – spodumene observed
AD-23-072				Logging/sampling in progress
AD-23-073				Logging/sampling in progress
AD-23-048				Logging/sampling in progress
AD-23-028				Logging/sampling in progress
AD-23-030				Logging/sampling in progress
AD-23-038A				Logging/sampling in progress
AD-23-050				Logging/sampling in progress
AD-23-051				Logging/sampling in progress

Legend for Appendices 3 and 4:

AD-22-005	Assays previously reported
AD-22-001	Assays reported in this announcement
AD-22-006	Assays awaited, collar/lithological data reported previously
AD-22-060	Assays awaited, collar/lithological data reported in this announcement

The Company reminds investors that the presence of spodumene crystals within pegmatite does not necessarily equate to lithium mineralisation or indicate the percentage of lithium mineralisation, which can only be accurately confirmed by chemical assays. When such laboratory results become available, they will be reported in full in a future report.

Visual estimates have been removed from this table for holes where assays have been received and reported (refer Appendices 1 and 2).

JORC Code, 2012 edition Table 1

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	***Explanation***
Sampling techniques	• All core is NQ (76mm) in this program. Core sample intervals were geologically logged, measured for average length, photographed, and placed into numbered core trays. • Sample were sent to SGS Minerals Geochemistry under standard preparation procedures. • Gravity data obtained by ground measurements at regular intervals.
Drilling techniques	• NQ diamond drilling was completed at Adina. Oriented core drilling was not completed. Downhole surveying was conducted using a gyro-based system.
Drill sample recovery	• The recovery of the diamond drilling samples was reported by the operators and supervised by our consulting geologist. • No sample bias has been established.
Logging	• NQ core was logged and cut according to geological boundaries, with ~1 m intervals targeted for individual samples. Features such as rock type, modal mineralogy, rock textures, alteration were recorded. Geological logging information was recorded directly onto the Geotic Logger system and compiled onto Database platform, with weekly backups. • The core is stored in the Geological consultants (TechnoMinex) yard in Rouyn-Noranda which is a secure location. • Various qualitative and quantitative logs were completed. All core has been photographed. • The logging database contains lithological data for all intervals in all holes in the database.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	• Drill core was split (sawn) by TechnoMinex facilities in Rouyn-Noranda(“RN”), QC; half core sample intervals submitted to SGS preparation facilities in Sudbury, ON; - 250gr pulp sub-samples were analysed at SGS analytical facilities in Burnaby, BC; Pulps and coarse rejects to be returned to Winsome, for storage at TechnoMinex facilities in RN. • Laboratory QC procedures for drill core assays involve the use of internal certified reference material as assay standards, along with blanks, duplicates and replicates. • Ground gravity data was collected by Abitibi Geophysics and Atlas Geophysics. Station spacing was 20m x 100m. Gravity data were acquired using Scintrex CG-5u and CG-6 gravimeters. • Gravity data QAQC, processing and interpretation were undertaken by NewGen Geo Pty Ltd. Gravimeters underwent routine calibration with

Criteria	Explanation
	base station measurements used to adjust for drift and other effects in processing.
Quality control & Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	• Industry standard assay quality control techniques were used for lithium related elements. • Assay and laboratory procedures have been selected following a review of techniques provided by internationally certified laboratories. • Samples are submitted for multi-element ICP analysis by SGS, which is applicable for high-grade lithium analysis. • Sodium Peroxide Fusion is used followed by combined ICP-AES and ICP-MS analyses (56 elements). Li is reported by the lab and converted to Li_2O for reporting using a factor of 2.153 • No handheld instruments were used for analysis. • Comparison of results with standards indicate sufficient quality in data. No external laboratory checks have been used but are planned to be completed shortly. • Different grades of certified reference material (CRM) for lithium mineralisation were inserted, as well as field duplicates, and blanks. The CRM's submitted represented a weakly mineralised pegmatite (OREAS 750), and a moderate lithium mineralised pegmatite (AMIS 0341) to high grade lithium mineralised pegmatite (OREAS 752 & 753). Quality Assurance and Quality Control utilised standard industry practice, using prepared standards, field blanks (approximately 0.4 kg), duplicates sampled in the field and pulp duplicates at the lab. • Blank samples were submitted at a rate of approximately 5%, same for duplicates and repeat assay determinations, whereas standards were submitted at a rate of approximately 20%.
Verification of sampling and assaying	• Hard copy field logs are entered into and validated on an electronic Excel database, both of which are stored at the Winsome Perth office and with Technominex. • Data verification was carried out by the Project Geologist on site, and a final verification was performed by a Senior Geologist at the Technominex core handling facilities in Rouyn Noranda. • Diamond core drilled was photographed on site where a preliminary geological logging was performed. Core boxes were then crated and ship to Technominex handling facilities for detailed logging and sample splitting/cutting. • Half core samples were packaged and ship to the SGS Sudbury Laboratory facilities Ontario, for preparation. • No assays have been adjusted. A factor of 2.153 has been applied to the reported Li assays so to report as Li_2O.
Location of data points	• The drill holes have been reported as being located by hand-held GPS. Historical drill holes have been verified by GPS.

Criteria	*Explanation*
	• Gravity stations were located using RTK GPS Leica ATX 1230GG and GS18 instrumentation. • The grid datum is NAD83. Zone 18N. • Topographic elevation and landmarks are readily visible from a Digital Elevation Model with a 50cm grid resolution and orthophoto obtained from Lidar surveys performed in 2017 and 2022 over the property. Government topographic maps have been used for topographic validation. The GPS is otherwise considered sufficiently accurate for elevation data. • Down hole dip surveys were taken at approximately 30m intervals and at the bottom of the diamond drill holes.
Data spacing and distribution	• In this early delineation stage, drilling is largely set along sections at 100m spacing and aiming to intercept targeted horizon at 80-100m centres. • No assessment has been made regarding the current drill hole location and intersections with respect to resources or reserve estimation. • Gravity stations spacing was 20m x 100m. • No sample compositing has been completed. However, internal dilution of non-mineralised material into calculated grade over widths reported herein may occur but is not considerable.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	• Drilling is designed to confirm the historical drilling results and test potential mineralisation. They were oriented sub-perpendicular to the potential mineralised trend and stratigraphic contacts as determined by field data and cross section interpretation. Intersection widths will therefore be longer than true widths. • No significant sample bias has been identified from drilling due to the optimum drill orientation described above. Where present, sample bias will be reported.
Sample security	• The company takes full responsibility on the custody including the sampling process itself and transportation. • Samples were shipped via accredited transporter KEPA Transport from project site to Technominex facilities in Rouyn-Noranda, where samples were split and then delivered to SGS facilities in Sudbury for sample preparation
Audits or reviews	• No external audit of the database has been completed, apart for the consulting geologists acting on behalf of the company. Drill hole sample data is verified at time of entry into excel as well as when assays are linked.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	*Explanation*
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	• The Winsome Adina Lithium Project is a 100% owned by Winsome Adina Lithium Inc. • All tenements are in good standing and have been legally validated by a Quebec lawyer specialising in the field.
Exploration done by other parties	• Initial Exploration and Review was undertaken by MetalsTech Limited. • Government mapping records multiple lithium bearing pegmatites within the project areas with only regional data available.
Geology	• The mineralisation encountered at the Adina project is typical of a Lithium-Caesium-Tantalum (LCT) type of pegmatite. The pegmatite body is oriented sub-parallel to the general strike of the host rocks. The host rocks are composed of Archean Lac Guyer greenstone rocks, which include mafic and ultramafic rocks interlayered with horizons of metasedimentary and felsic volcanic rocks

Drill hole Information	• For the current drill program, the following information has been included for all holes reported:
	  • easting and northing of the drill hole collar
	  • elevation or RL (reduced level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar
	  • dip and azimuth of the hole
	  • down hole length and interception level
	  • hole length
	• A summary of drill hole information was included in the Independent Geologists Report prepared by Mining Insights within the Company's prospectus

Data aggregation methods	• No sample weighting or metal equivalent values have been used in reporting. • Aggregation issues are not considered material at this stage of project definition. No metal equivalent values were used
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	• The pierce angle of the drilling varies from hole to hole, in order to attempt, wherever possible, to represent true widths
Diagrams	• See figures and maps provided in the text of the announcement.
Balanced reporting	• Winsome Resources Ltd will endeavour to produce balanced reports accurately detailing the results from any exploration activities. • All drillholes and intersections have been presented in this announcement and in previous announcements.

Criteria	*Explanation*
Other substantive exploration data	• No other substantive exploration data is available at this time.
Further work	• Winsome Resources Ltd continues to complete further site investigations. • Further work planned includes comprehensive data interpretation, field mapping and exploration drilling.