

### ASX Appendix 4E – Preliminary Final Report

under ASX Listing Rule 4.3A

This reporting period
Prior corresponding period

1 July 2021 to 30 June 20221 July 2020 to 30 June 2021

### **RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMENT TO MARKET**

	% Change	This Period	Prior Period
Total revenue from ordinary activities	(82.0)%	52,431	292,746
(Loss)/profit from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	(9)%	(2,251,280)	(2,068,370)
Net (loss)/profit attributable to members	(9)%	(2,251,280)	(2,068,370)

### **DETAILS RELATING TO DIVIDENDS**

No dividends are proposed and no dividends were declared or paid during the current or prior period.

### **NET TANGIBLE ASSETS**

	As at 30 June 2022	As at 30 June 2021
Net tangible asset per ordinary share (cents per share)	0.06	0.06

### **OTHER**

Additional Appendix 4E disclosure requirements and further information can be found in the Annual Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

This report is based upon the consolidated financial statements contained within the Annual Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2022, which have been audited by RSM Australia Partners.





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### CORPORATE

### DIRECTORY

### **DIRECTORS:**

Sal Catalano (Executive Director)

Bruno Ruggiero (Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Director)

Robert Osmetti (resigned 4 August 2022) (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr Michael Wyer (appointed 22 August 2022) (Independent Non-Executive Director)

David Trimboli (Independent Non-Executive Director)

### **COMPANY SECRETARY:**

Rochelle Pattison

### PRINCIPAL BUSINESS OFFICE:

349 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000 Telephone: + 61 3 8614 8400

### **AUDITORS:**

RSM Australia Partners Level 21 55 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

### **SOLICITORS:**

PwC Legal Level 19 2 Riverside Quay Southbank VIC 3006

### **HOME STOCK EXCHANGE:**

Australian Securities Exchange Rialto Tower, 525 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

### **ASX CODES:**

QGL – fully paid ordinary shares

### **SHARE REGISTRY:**

Link Market Services Ltd Tower 4, 727 Collins Street Docklands VIC 3008

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This Annual Financial Report covers Quantum Graphite Ltd (Quantum, QGL or the Company) as a Group consisting of Quantum Graphite Ltd and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as the "Group". The financial report is presented in the Australian currency, which is Quantum's functional and presentation currency.

Quantum is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its offices are:

### Principal Place of Business

Quantum Graphite Ltd 349 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

### Registered Office

Quantum Graphite Ltd 349 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

### Website

quantumgraphite.com

### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of Quantum Graphite Ltd present their report on the Company and its subsidiaries, for the year ended 30 June 2022. Director details including relevant personal information is included in the Remuneration report.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Our principal activities are the exploration, mining and processing of natural flake graphite and the manufacture of flake graphite products. The Company has historically supplied high purity large flake graphite powders from its Uley 1 mine operation and processing facility to the refractories markets in Europe and North Asia.



### Our future activities are:



(a) the development of the Uley 2 mine operation, the next stage of development of the Company's flagship Uley flake graphite deposit; and



(b) the manufacture of natural flake based products including thermal storage media by the Quantum Sunlands Partnership (QSP), the Company's joint venture with The Sunlands Co. Pty Ltd.

### OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The net loss for the year was \$2,251,280 (2021: \$2,068,370) after providing for income tax. Our financial performance is broadly in line with plan. The Company's exploration commitments and its extensive research and development program are fully funded and will continue to deliver strategic value for shareholders. The Company will also directly benefit from the ongoing research and development activities conducted within QSP.

### Vale Vanessa O'Toole

We were deeply saddened by the sudden passing of Mrs Vanessa O'Toole, the Company's Head of Technical and Lead Geologist, on 8 January 2022. Vanessa's contribution was extensive and included building and leading an outstanding technical team. Her extraordinary efforts, unique insight and ability to develop those around her will continue to have a profound effect on the Company's future.

Our sincerest condolences are extended to Vanessa's husband David and children Sean, Finn, Hamish and Aoife. Vanessa will be missed by us and remembered in the highest regard.

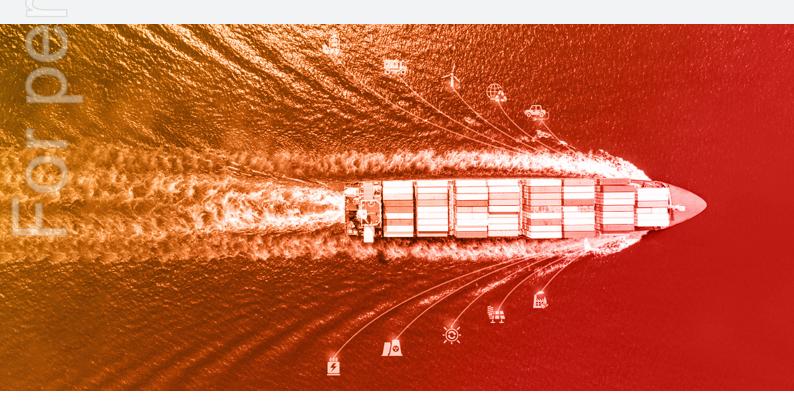
### Completion of Uley 3 Drill Program and Extension of JORC 2012 Mineral Resources

On 18 November the Company announced the maiden Mineral Resource estimate (MRE) for Uley 3 following completion of the drilling program conducted in the months of September and October 2021. The program targeted the Uley 3 geophysical anomaly, previously referred to as the Eastern Conductor.

The MRE was reported under the JORC 2012 guidelines. The maiden MRE confirmed the continuation of graphitic mineralisation to the east of Uley 2 along strike to the north of drill holes previously targeting the Eastern Conductor/Uley 3 geophysical anomaly. Importantly mineralisation remains open along strike to the south and north and at depth, well within the company's Mining and Retention leases.

### Resumption of Trading in the Company's Shares and Equity Capital Raising

During the period the suspension of trading in the Company's securities was lifted and trading resumed on 14 December 2021. In connection with the resumption of trading, the Company concluded an equity issue of 7,465,565 fully paid ordinary shares raising \$858,540 in capital.





### **Commercialisation Activities**

In May 2022, the Company signed a binding offtake agreement (MRI Agreement) with Swiss based global metal and minerals trading group MRI Trading AG (MRI). Under the MRI Agreement, the Company will sell 100% of its Uley 2 production for a term ending 5 years from the first delivery of Uley 2 flake graphite to MRI.

The MRI Agreement contains comprehensive terms relating to delivery schedule, logistics and pricing for the full spectrum of Uley 2 flake products.

Following execution of the agreement, the Company undertook a handover of its pre-existing commercial relationships and established internal processes for the Company's delivery of technical sales support to MRI

Sales and marketing activities commenced immediately following execution of the agreement including the scheduling of customer visits to North Asia and Europe.

### Extension of Definitive Feasibility Study to Encompass the Economic Impact of QSP

On 23 December 2021, the Company announced an extension to its 2019/2020 definitive feasibility study (DFS) to incorporate the potential economic impact of its share of QSP. The Company holds a 50% interest in QSP, entitling it to 50% of the financial returns from the thermal energy storage (TES) media manufacturing business.

The main raw material for the manufacture of this media is Uley 2 flake graphite. All production of thermal storage media will be sold to Sunlands Co. for assembly within its TES cells.

To assess the contribution of QSP to the Uley 2 project the Company commissioned the following discrete studies:

- (a) the high temperature test work to be undertaken by Technische Universitat Bergakadermie Freilberg's INEMET group; and
- (b) the National Electricity Market Study (NEM).

The Company concluded its arrangements with INEMET in the second half of the year after several delays resulting from the impact of the pandemic.

The INEMET test work will be performed on a range of Uley 2 flake specifications and directed at confirming the optimum specification for the advanced processing of flake to produce the TES media. A critical feature of the work is that it extends the previous bench scale test work to full commercial scale. This enables a more accurate estimate of the costs of manufacture of the TES media and thereby determine the unit contribution to the Company of every tonne of media sold by QSP to Sunlands Co.

The results of the test work will also be utilised for the construction of the commercial pilot capable of fully demonstrating the Sunlands Co. long duration energy storage (LDES) technology

The second study was directed at estimating NEM's requirements for LDES and assist in ascertaining the potential market share of Sunland Co.'s LDES technology within the NEM. The Company appointed Macroeconomics Advisory as independent consultants to undertake the study and construct a NEM specific model of the potential market for LDES. The study's summary of findings was published in March 2022 and concluded that Sunlands Co.'s LDES technology possess both the technical efficacy and commercial scalability to support the NEM's Net Zero Emissions by 2050 Plan.

The study identified that an essential feature of Sunland's LDES technology is its capability to drive large scale steam turbines and consequently, potentially be deployed as a retrofitting option for existing coal fired power stations.

### Mining Titles

All mining titles are current and remain in good standing. On 23 March 2021, the Company was notified of the renewal of EL6224 to 12 October 2021. A subsequent renewal application for EL6224 was lodged on 29 September 2021 and remains pending. The South Australian Department of Energy and Mining have advised of delays in processing renewals due to the introduction of significant changes to the South Australian minerals regulatory regime.



### SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the reporting period and that has not otherwise been disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

### **DIVIDENDS**

There were no dividends paid or declared during the reporting period or to the date of this report.

### EVENTS ARISING SINCE THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 28 July 2022, the Company issued 11,703,200 fully paid ordinary shares at a fair value price of A\$0.38 cents per share for a total consideration of \$4,317,862, net of fees. On 4 August 2022, the Company issued 17,865,000 fully paid ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of 17,865,000 unlisted restructure options (Nil exercise price, expiry 23 July 2023).

In August 2022, the Company and Sunlands Co. resolved to undertake the QSP joint venture business within a corporate structure and consequently incorporated Quantum Sunlands Partnership Pty Ltd (QSP PL) with each holding a 50% interest. Sunlands Co. will licence QSP PL with the appropriate intellectual property to enable it to manufacture TES media from Uley 2 flake.

On 9 August 2022, the Company made an off-market takeover bid for all of the ordinary shares in Lincoln Minerals Limited (Lincoln, ASX: LML) wherein the shareholders of Lincoln would receive 1 Quantum share for every 40 Lincoln shares, if the offer becomes unconditional. The bidder statement was despatched to Lincoln's shareholders on 20 September 2022.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years.

### LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

The likely developments for the Group include the update of the definitive feasibility study.





### **DIRECTORS' MEETINGS**

The number of Directors' meetings held during the reporting period and the number of meetings attended by each Director is as follows:

Directors	Boa	rd Meetings	Audit Cor	nmittee Meetings
	Attended	Entitled to Attend	Attended	Entitled to Attend
S Catalano	7	7	3	3
B Ruggiero	7	7	3	3
R Osmetti	7	7	_	-
D Trimboli	7	7	-	-

At this time, there are no separate Board committees other than the audit committee as disclosed above, as all matters usually delegated to such committees are handled by the Board as a whole.

### UNISSUED SHARES UNDER OPTION

There are 28,571,429 options over ordinary shares in Quantum Graphite Limited held by Chimaera Capital Limited in which Mr Catalano has an indirect shareholding during the financial year and at the reporting date.



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The Directors details including special responsibilities and interests in securities are summarised below.



### **SAL CATALANO**

BJuris., LLB, FITA, Executive Director

Mr Catalano has more than 25 years' global experience across business, the law and investment banking. He brings strong leadership skills and international business experience to the Board.

He was a former Principal of Paloma Partners' securities financing group, Head of Donaldson Lufkin & Jenrette's (Pershing Division) Asian securities business and a Director of Credit Suisse's Alternative Capital Group.

He is a Principal of the Chimaera Financial Group.



### **BRUNO RUGGIERO**

BE (Mech), Grad Dip MinSc (Ext. Met), Grad Cert Eng Tech (Struct)Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Director

Bruno has multiple degrees in engineering and over 30 years' global experience in the minerals industry, crossing all facets from scoping to operations, and is a founding partner of the publicly listed Lycopodium Ltd.

Currently Technical Director with Lycopodium Minerals, Bruno sets the technical direction and standards for new project initiatives that Lycopodium Minerals undertakes globally.

Special Responsibilities	Chairman of audit committee.
Interest in Shares	Indirect interest in 60,410,531 shares via an indirect interest in Chimaera Capital Ltd and SC Capital Pty Ltd.
Interest in Options	Indirect interest in 28,571,429 options.

Special Responsibilities	Member of audit committee.
Interest in Shares	Direct interest of 514,286 shares and indirect interest in 18,246,010 shares.
Interest in Options	Nil



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### ROBERT (BOB) OSMETTI

BE (Civ), MIE Aust, CPEng, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr Osmetti is a Civil Engineer with over 39 years' experience in project management and construction management of projects globally in an EPCM role including for major contractors in the minerals and construction sectors.

Mr Osmetti is one of the founding partners of Lycopodium and has held diverse senior positions within the Lycopodium group.



### **DAVID TRIMBOLI**

BCom, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr Trimboli is the founder of Seefeld Investments, with offices in London, Zug and Perth. He brings a wealth of experience in cultivating partnerships and key commercial relationships globally. Mr Trimboli is an experienced global investor with significant experience in commodities financing and trading.

He was formerly a long serving senior coal trader at the world's largest commodities trading group, Glencore International AG, and was a key member of the Glencore team when the group successfully completed its IPO in London and Hong Kong.

Special Responsibilities	Nil
Interest in Shares	Indirect interest of 11,744,926 shares.
Interest in Options	Nil

Special Responsibilities	Nil
Interest in Shares	Direct interest in 514,286 shares and indirect interest of 15,150,230 shares.
Interest in Options	Nil

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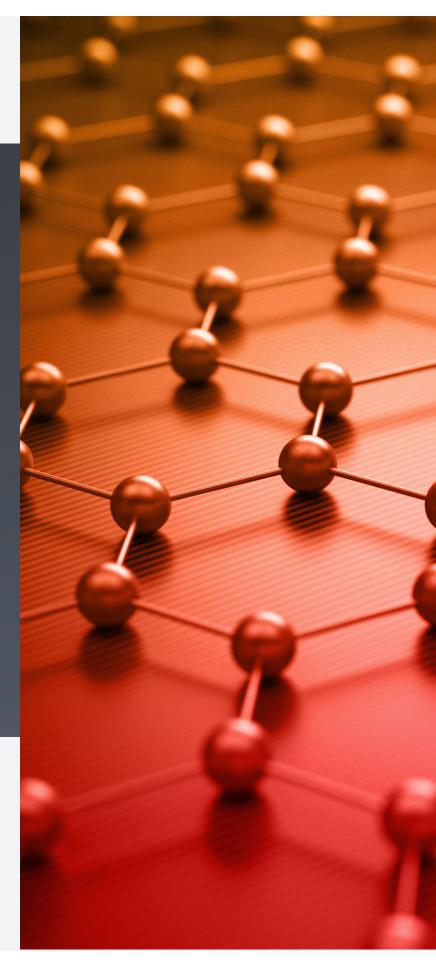
### **MICHAEL WYER**

BCom, ACA

Mr Wyer was appointed to the Board on 22 August 2022. Mr Wyer is a highly credentialed professional with more than 25 years' experience in global banking including resources and commodities financing and has held senior executive roles in finance and operations.

Mr Wyer is Global Head of Treasury and Corporate Finance at Rhodium Resources Pte Ltd, one of the region's independent leaders in commodity trading and trade financing.

Special Responsibilities	Nil
Interest in Shares	Direct interest in 18,572 shares
Interest in Options	Nil





### REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The Directors of Quantum Graphite Ltd present the Remuneration Report in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The Remuneration Report is set out under the following main headings:

- A. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- B Details of remuneration
- C. Service agreements
- D. Share-based remuneration

### A. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The Company's remuneration policy has been designed to align objectives of key management personnel with objectives of shareholders and the business, by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives through the issue of options and / or performance rights. The Board believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel and Directors to run and manage the Company. The key management personnel of the Company are the Board of Directors and Executive Officers.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for its members and key management personnel of the Company is as follows:

The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive Directors and key management personnel, is developed by the Board. All key management personnel are remunerated on a consultancy or salary basis based on services provided by each person. The Board annually reviews the packages of key management personnel by reference to the Group's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

- The Board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses, options and performance rights. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of key management personnel and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.
- Key management personnel were also entitled to participate in the Company's Performance Rights and Option Plan as approved by shareholders at the 2013 AGM.
- The Board policy is to remunerate nonexecutive Directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to nonexecutive Directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for non-executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Company, except in relation to KPI options. Additionally, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company and are able to participate in the Performance Rights and Option Plan.

During the reporting year, performance reviews of senior executives were not conducted.

### Performance based remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruence between shareholders, directors and other key management personnel. This has been facilitated through the issue of options and/or performance rights to key management personnel to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth.

### B. Details of remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each element of the remuneration of the Company's key management personnel ("KMP") are shown below:

### 2022 Director and other Key Management Personnel Remuneration

	Short	Post-		Salary		Share-b	ased payments	s (\$)
	term benefits - Salary and fees \$	employment benefits – Super- annuation \$	Total \$	% of remuneration that is equity based	and Fees Owing at 30 June 2022 \$	Issued for FY 2021 remuneration	Issued for FY 2022 remuneration	Total
Directors								
S Catalano	72,000	_	72,000	100%	36,000	46,344	46,344	92,688
B Ruggiero	72,000	-	72,000	100%	36,000	46,344	46,344	92,688
R Osmetti	48,000	_	48,000	100%	24,000	30,896	30,896	61,792
D Trimboli	48,000	_	48,000	100%	24,000	30,896	30,896	61,792
Total	240,000	-	240,000	100%	120,000	154,480	154,480	308,960

<sup>\*</sup>During the year, the Directors were issued ordinary shares as compensation for salary and fees outstanding for the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021.

### 2021 Director and other Key Management Personnel Remuneration

	Short	Post-		Salary		Share-b	ased payments	; (\$)
	term benefits - Salary and fees	employment benefits – Super- annuation \$	Total \$	% of remuneration that is equity based	and Fees Owing at 30 June 2021 \$	Issued for FY 2019 and FY 2020 remuneration	Issued for FY 2021 remuneration	Total
Directors								
S Catalano	72,000	_	72,000	100%	36,000	92,427	42,845	135,272
B Ruggiero	72,000	_	72,000	100%	36,000	92,427	42,845	135,272
S Chadwick	36,000	-	36,000	100%	-	92,427	42,845	135,272
R Osmetti	48,000	_	48,000	100%	24,000	52,292	28,563	80,855
D Trimboli	48,000	_	48,000	100%	24,000	52,292	28,563	80,855
Total	276,000	-	276,000	100%	120,000	381,865	381,865	567,526

<sup>\*</sup>During the year, the Directors were issued ordinary shares as compensation for salary and fees outstanding for the period from 1 September 2018 to 31 December 2020.



Transactions with KMP

Transactions with key management personnel are made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. Outstanding balances are unsecured and are repayable in cash.

Chimaera Capital Limited ("CCL") (an entity related to Sal Catalano) provides corporate, administrative, technical and asset management services to the Company including provision of the registered and main business office. The asset management services include care and maintenance of the Uley mine site, maintenance of the tailings storage facility, the works associated with the rehabilitation of the Uley original process plant site and management of the Company's production inventory. During the period, a total of \$943,500 (2021: \$1,074,400) was charged by CCL and \$494,733 payable as at 30 June 2022 (2021: \$667,760) in respect of these services.

SC Capital Pty Ltd (an entity related to Sal Catalano) provided consultancy services to the Company in connection with his position as an executive of the Company. During the period a total of \$99,000 (2021: \$99,000) was charged by SC Capital Pty Ltd and there \$9,269 payable as at 30 June 2022 (2021: \$Nil) in respect of these services.

### C. Service Agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for key management personnel are formalised in service agreements. Details of these agreements are as follows:

Name: Sal Catalano Title: Executive Director

Term of agreement: No fixed term

Details: Director fees of \$72,000 and

Consulting agreement of \$90,000 for year
ending 30 June 2022, to be reviewed
annually by the Nomination and Remuneration
Committee ending 30 June 2022, to be
reviewed annually by the Nomination and
Remuneration Committee

Name: Bruno Ruggiero

Title: Chairman and Independent

Non-Executive Director

**Details:** Director fees of \$72,000 for year ending 30 June 2022, to be reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Name: Robert Osmetti

Title: Independent Non-Executive Director

**Details:** Director fees of \$48,000 for year ending 30 June 2022, to be reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Name: David Trimboli

Title: Independent Non-Executive Director

**Details:** Director fees of \$48,000 for year ending 30 June 2022, to be reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Name: Rochelle Pattison Title: Company Secretary

**Details:** Consulting fees of \$48,000 for year ending 30 June 2022, to be reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

### **Additional Information**

The earnings of the Group for the five years to 30 June 2022 are summarised below:

	2022 \$	2021 \$	2020 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$
Total revenue	52,431	292,746	543,386	6,500	_
EBITDA	(2,167,284)	(2,021,106)	(904,763)	(3,372,388)	(2,760,584)
EBIT	(2,223,398)	(2,068,370)	(960,529)	(3,421,144)	(2,841,270)
Profit / (loss) after income tax	(2,251,280)	(2,068,370)	(960,529)	(3,543,394)	(7,390,538)

The factors that are considered to affect total shareholders return ('TSR') are summarised below:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Share price at financial year end (\$)	0.440	<b>-</b> (*)	0.028	0.105	4.025
Total dividends declared (cents per share)	-	_	_	_	_
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	(0.78)	(0.89)	(0.44)	(1.75)	(1.66)

<sup>\*</sup>Shares were not traded at 30 June 2021





### D. Share-based remuneration

### Unlisted options

All options refer to options over ordinary shares of the Company, which are exercisable on a one-forone basis under the terms of the agreements.

There were no options over ordinary shares in the Company that were granted as remuneration to each KMP during the year ending 30 June 2022.

### Performance Rights

There were no performance rights over ordinary shares in the Company granted as compensation during the reporting period.

### Share holdings of key management personnel

The number of ordinary shares of Quantum Graphite Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each KMP, including their personally related entities as at the reporting date are set out below:

### 2022

КМР	Held at 1 July 2021	Issued in lieu of Director fees	Appointment or Resignation	Participation in equity raises	Held directly or indirectly at 30 June 2022
S Catalano	59,380,667	1,029,864	-	_	60,410,531
R Osmetti	11,058,351	686,575	-	_	11,744,926
B Ruggiero	17,730,433	1,029,864	-	_	18,760,297
D Trimboli	14,977,942	686,575	-	_	15,664,517
Total	103,147,393	3,432,878	-	_	106,580,271

### Option holdings of key management personnel

There are 28,571,429 options over ordinary shares in Quantum Graphite Limited issued on 20 July 2018 and held by Chimaera Capital Limited in which Mr Catalano has an indirect shareholding during the financial year and at the reporting date.

### **END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT**

### **ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION**

The Directors believe that the Company has, in all material respects, complied with all particular and significant environmental regulations relevant to its operations.

The Company's operations are subject to various environmental regulations under the Commonwealth and State Laws of Australia. Approvals, licences, hearings and other regulatory requirements are performed, as required, by the Company's management for each permit or lease in which the Company has an interest.



### INDEMNITIES GIVEN, AND INSURANCE PREMIUMS PAID TO AUDITORS AND OFFICERS

During the year, the Company did not pay a premium to insure officers of the Group.

The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the reporting period, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify any current or former officer or auditor of the Group against a liability incurred as such by an officer or auditor.

### **NON-AUDIT SERVICES**

During the year RSM Australia Partners did not perform services in addition to its statutory duties.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditors of the Company and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the reporting period are set out in note 17 to the Financial Statements.

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under s307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is included on page 16 of this Financial Report and forms part of this Directors' Report.

### PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Board has adopted the ASX Corporate Governance Council's "Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations Fourth Edition" (ASX Recommendations). The Board continually monitors and reviews its existing and required policies, charters and procedures with a view to ensuring its compliance with the ASX Recommendations to the extent deemed appropriate for the size of the Company and its development status.

A summary of the Company's ongoing corporate governance practices is set out annually in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and can be found on the Company's website at: http://quantumgraphite.com/investors

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Bruno Ruggiero

Chairman

Sal Catalano
Executive Director

30 September 2022





### **RSM Australia Partners**

Level 21, 55 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000 PO Box 248 Collins Street West VIC 8007

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> > www.rsm.com.au

### AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Quantum Graphite Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS** 

R J MORILLO MALDONADO

Partner

Melbourne, Victoria 30 September 2022





### Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Other income	2	52,359	292,490
Corporate and asset management expenses	3	(2,275,829)	(2,361,116)
Total operating loss		(2,223,470)	(2,068,626)
Interest revenue		72	256
Interest expense		(27,882)	-
Net financing income / (expense)		(27,810)	256
Loss before tax		(2,251,280)	(2,068,370)
Income tax benefit / (expense)	4	-	-
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Quantum Graphite Limited	_	(2,251,280)	(2,068,370)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to owners of Quantum Graphite Limited		(2,251,280)	(2,068,370)
Loss per share from continuing operations Basic and diluted loss – cents per share	5	(0.78)	(0.89)



### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2022	
	Notes

7.5 dt 30 3dile 2022	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,004,704	1,236,231
Receivables	7	198,683	261,082
Total current assets		1,203,387	1,497,313
Non-current assets			
Security deposit with the Department of State Development	8	1,073,863	1,073,863
Plant and equipment	9	280,222	336,336
Intangible assets		7,189	7,189
Development assets	10(a)	14,807,253	14,245,139
Exploration and evaluation assets	10(b)	2,522,839	1,991,005
Total non-current assets		18,691,366	17,653,532
TOTAL ASSETS		19,894,753	19,150,845
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	11	1,194,753	1,060,853
Borrowings	19	1,289,754	-
Total current liabilities		2,484,507	1,060,853
Non-current liabilities			
Rehabilitation provisions	12	558,369	558,369
Total non-current liabilities		558,369	558,369
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,042,876	1,619,222
NET ASSETS		16,851,877	17,531,623
EQUITY			
Issued capital	13	60,025,762	58,454,228
Reserves	14	2,520,000	2,520,000
Accumulated losses		(45,693,885)	(43,442,605)
TOTAL EQUITY		16,851,877	17,531,623

### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	2022	Share capital	Share Options / Rights reserve	Accumulated losses	Total equity
	Balance at 1 July 2021	\$ 58,454,228	\$ 2,520,000	\$ (43,442,605)	\$ 17,531,623
	Shares issued in lieu of directors' and company secretary fees	332,958	-	-	332,958
	Issue of share capital, net of transaction costs	1,238,576	-	-	1,238,576
	Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	1,571,534	-	-	1,571,534
	Comprehensive income:				
	Loss after income tax for the year	-	-	(2,251,280)	(2,251,280)
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
1	Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	-	-	(2,251,280)	(2,251,280)
	Balance at 30 June 2022	60,025,762	2,520,000	(45,693,885)	16,851,877
	2021	Share capital	Share Options / Rights reserve	Accumulated losses	Total equity
		capital \$	/ Rights reserve \$	losses \$	equity \$
	2021  Balance at 1 July 2020  Shares issued in lieu of directors' fees	capital	/ Rights reserve	losses	equity
	Balance at 1 July 2020	capital \$ 54,249,795	/ Rights reserve \$	losses \$	equity \$ 15,395,560
	Balance at 1 July 2020  Shares issued in lieu of directors' fees	<b>capital</b> \$ 54,249,795  567,526	/ Rights reserve \$	losses \$	<b>equity</b> \$ 15,395,560  567,526
	Balance at 1 July 2020  Shares issued in lieu of directors' fees  Issue of share capital, net of transaction costs  Transactions with owners in their capacity as	\$ 54,249,795 567,526 3,636,907	/ Rights reserve \$	losses \$	\$ 15,395,560 567,526 3,636,907
	Balance at 1 July 2020  Shares issued in lieu of directors' fees  Issue of share capital, net of transaction costs  Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners  Comprehensive income:  Loss after income tax for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net	\$ 54,249,795 567,526 3,636,907	/ Rights reserve \$	losses \$	\$ 15,395,560 567,526 3,636,907
	Balance at 1 July 2020  Shares issued in lieu of directors' fees  Issue of share capital, net of transaction costs  Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners  Comprehensive income:  Loss after income tax for the year	\$ 54,249,795 567,526 3,636,907	/ Rights reserve \$	losses	\$ 15,395,560 567,526 3,636,907 4,204,433



### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		Ÿ	Ţ
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,460,461)	(1,259,489)
Interest received		72	256
R&D tax incentive received		80,017	110,219
Net cash used in operating activities	15	(1,380,372)	(1,149,014)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for development and exploration and evaluation assets		(971,567)	(53,097)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u> </u>	(971,567)	(53,097)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of share capital		858,540	2,424,906
Proceeds from borrowings		1,261,872	-
Net cash from financing activities	<u> </u>	2,120,412	2,424,906
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		(231,527) 1,236,231	1,222,795 13,436
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	6	1,004,704	1,236,231

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

These financial statements are of Quantum Graphite Ltd ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group'), for the year ended 30 June 2022.

### General Information

### a) Nature of operations

Quantum Graphite Ltd's principal activity is the manufacture of high-grade flake graphite products and the mining of and exploration for graphite deposits in South Australia.

### b) Basis of preparation

The consolidated general purpose financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB). Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards results in full compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Quantum Graphite Ltd is a listed company, registered and domiciled in Australia. Quantum Graphite Limited is a forprofit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements for the reporting period ended 30 June 2022 were approved and authorised by the Board of Directors on 30 September 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

### c) Going concern basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business.

As disclosed in the financial statements, the Group incurred a loss of \$2,251,280 and net cash outflows from operating activities of \$1,380,372 for the year ended 30 June 2022. As at 30 June 2022, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$1,281,120.

The Directors, having reviewed budget and cashflow forecast for the twelve-month period from the date of signing the financial statements, believe that it is reasonably foreseeable that the Group will continue as a going concern and that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements. The cash flow forecast reviewed considers that:

- a) after 30 June 2022, the Group has been successful in raising \$4.3 million of equity capital (net of share issue costs) to fund operations and provide working capital (refer to Note 25 *Events after the reporting period*). The directors believe that, if required, they will be successful in attracting additional capital funds; and
- b) the Group has flexibility to adjust some of the timing and scope of its exploration and evaluation activities as and when funds are available.



### 1. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### a) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Quantum Graphite Ltd ("company" or "the parent entity") as at 30 June 2022 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Quantum Graphite Ltd and its subsidiaries are together referred to in these financial statements as "the Group" or "the consolidated entity".

### Subsidiaries

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the parent company and all of its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 30 June 2022. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has

- (i) the power to direct the relevant activities;
- (ii) exposure to significant variable returns; and
- (iii) the ability to utilise power to affect the Group's own returns.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is fully transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. All subsidiaries have a reporting date of 30 June.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 16 to the Financial Statements.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a Group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted, where necessary, to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

### Joint ventures

Joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method. Joint ventures are entities in which the Company exercises joint control by virtue of a contractual agreement.

Under the equity method, on initial recognition the investment in an associate or joint venture is recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit and loss of the investee after the date of acquisition.

### b) Parent entity information

In accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, these financial statements present the results of the consolidated entity only. Supplementary information about the parent entity is disclosed in note 22. The financial information of the parent entity has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements, other than investments in controlled entities which are carried at cost less impairment.

### c) Impact of COVID-19 pandemic and the Group's response

Notwithstanding the impact of COVID-19, European market prices for the Group's products firmed significantly during the reporting period with prices continuing to trade at levels higher than the Group's projected basket price of US\$919 under the definitive feasibility study ('DFS'). The Group's DFS underpins its key strengths including low operating costs, lean overhead structure and ungeared capital structure.

### c) Impact of COVID-19 pandemic and the Group's response (continued)

The Group has prepared an assessment of its ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account all available information for a period of twelve months from the date of issuing the financial statements including the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic which has had a material impact on the Company progressing the development of Uley 2.

### d) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker (CODM) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. This includes start-up operations which are yet to earn revenues. Management will also consider other factors in determining operating segments such as the existence of a line manager and the level of segment information presented to the Board of Directors.

Operating segments have been identified based on the information provided to the chief operating decision makers — being the Board. The Group aggregates two or more operating segments when they have similar economic characteristics, and the segments are similar in the nature of the minerals targeted. Operating segments that meet the quantitative criteria, as prescribed by AASB 8 *Operating Segments*, are reported separately. However, an operating segment that does not meet the quantitative criteria is still reported separately where information about the segment would be useful to users of the financial statements.

The Directors have considered the requirements of AASB 8 *Operating Segments* and the internal reports that are reviewed by the Board in allocating resources have concluded that at this time there are no separately identifiable segments.

### e) Finance income and expense

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, gains on disposal of financial assets and changes in fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues in the profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

### f) Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the items. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the reporting period in which they were incurred.

Plant and equipment under construction is accumulated until it is installed and ready for use at which time the costs are transferred to plant and equipment and depreciated.

Depreciation is calculated using the diminishing value method to allocate asset costs over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Plant and equipment 3-20 years

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the profit or loss.



### g) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that right of tenure is current, and those costs are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area (or, alternatively by its sale) or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage which permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves and operations in relation to the area are continuing.

Accumulated costs, in relation to an abandoned area, are written off in full against profit in the period in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

### h) Development expenditure

Development expenditure represents the accumulation of all acquired exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred by or on behalf of the entity in relation to areas of interest being prepared for mining or in which economic processing of a mineral reserve has commenced. Amortisation of costs is provided on the unit of production method, with separate calculations being made for each mineral resource. The unit of production basis results in an amortisation charge proportional to the depletion of the economically recoverable mineral reserves. The net carrying value is reviewed regularly and, to the extent to which this value exceeds its recoverable amount that excess is fully provided against in the financial year in which this is determined.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

The Group records the present value of the estimated cost of legal and constructive obligations (such as those under the consolidated entity's Environmental Policy) to restore operating locations in the period in which the obligation is incurred. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of plant and equipment, waste removal and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with clauses of the mining permits. Such costs have been determined using estimates of future costs and current legal requirements and technology.

Any changes in the estimates for the costs are accounted on a prospective basis. In determining the costs of site restoration, there is uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of the restoration due to community expectations and future legislation. Accordingly, the costs have been determined on the basis that the restoration will be completed within one year of abandoning the site.

### i) Financial instruments

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to date that the Group commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified as 'fair value through profit and loss', in which case the costs are expensed to the profit or loss immediately.

### Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at either fair value or amortised cost using the effective interest method. Fair value represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value.

The Group does not designate any interest in subsidiaries as being subject to the requirements of accounting standards specifically applicable to financial instruments:

### i) Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (equity investments)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, e.g., financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, e.g., debt or equity instruments, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value, i.e., where they fail the SPPI test. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that do not pass the SPPI test are required to be classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

### *Impairment*

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the group's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding expense through profit or loss. In all other cases, the loss allowance reduces the asset's carrying value with a corresponding expense through profit or loss.

### j) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to profit or loss.

Where it is not probable to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

### k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowances for expected credit losses.



### I) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the reporting period which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted.

### m) Income Tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered, or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability
  in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the
  accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries or associates and the timing of the reversal can be controlled, and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entity's which intend to settle simultaneously.

To the extent that research and development costs are eligible under the "Research and development tax incentive" programme, a 43.5% refundable tax offset is available for companies with annual turnover of less than \$20 million. The Group recognises refundable tax offsets received in the financial year as Other income, in profit or loss.

### Tax consolidation

Quantum Graphite Limited (the 'head entity') and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime. The head entity and the subsidiary in the tax consolidated group continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The tax consolidated group has applied the 'separate taxpayer within group' approach in determining the appropriate amount of taxes to allocate to members of the tax consolidated group.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, the head entity also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from each subsidiary in the tax consolidated group.

Assets or liabilities arising under tax funding agreements with the tax consolidated entities are recognised as amounts receivable from or payable to other entities in the tax consolidated group. The tax funding arrangement ensures that the intercompany charge equals the current tax liability or benefit of each tax consolidated group member, resulting in neither a contribution by the head entity to the subsidiaries nor a distribution by the subsidiaries to the head entity.

### n) Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### o) Earnings per share

• Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Group, excluding costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

• Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after-tax effect and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

### p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### q) Share-based payments

The Company operates equity-settled based remuneration plans for its directors. None of the Company plans features any options for a cash settlement.

All goods and services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based payment are measured at their fair values. Where employees are rewarded using share-based payments, the fair values of employee' services are determined indirectly by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value is appraised at the grant dates and excludes the impact of non-market vesting conditions (for example profitability and sales growth targets s and performance conditions.

All share-based remuneration is ultimately recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding credit to share option reserve. If vesting periods or other vesting conditions apply, the expense is allocated over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest.

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. Estimated are subsequently revised if there is any indication that the number of share options expected to vest differs from previous estimates. Any cumulative adjustment prior to vesting is recognised in the current period. Non-adjustment is made to any expense recognised in prior periods if share options ultimately exercised are different to that estimated on vesting.

Upon exercise of share options, the proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to share capital.



### r) Employee benefits

The Group provides post-employment benefits through various defined contribution plans.

A defined contribution plan is a superannuation plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into an independent entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after its payment of the fixed contribution. The Group contributes to several plans and insurances for individual employees that are considered defined contribution plans. Contributions to the plans are recognised as an expense in the period that relevant employee services are received.

Employee benefits, including annual leave entitlement, are included in 'employee provisions', measured at the undiscounted amount that the Group expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

### s) Goods and services tax ("GST")

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the ATO. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST components of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

### t) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends of economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

### Key estimates

### Impairment

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined.

### Decommissioning provision

Estimates and assumptions of the appropriate discount rate at which to discount the liability, the timing of cash flows, the application of relevant environmental legislation and the future expected costs of decommissioning are all used in determining the carrying value of the decommissioning provision. The carrying amount of the provision is set out in Note 13.

### **R&D Tax Concession**

To the extent that research and development costs are eligible under the 'Research and development tax incentive' programme, a 43.5% refundable offset is available for companies with annual turnover of less than \$20million. Research and development tax incentive income is recognised at fair value when there is a reasonable expectation that the income will be received. The expected future R&D tax incentive for qualifying R&D expenditure has been accrued and is also recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has estimated the amount of future R&D incentive receivable on ongoing projects on the basis that the expected amount of the incentive can be reliably measured and receipted.

### Key judgements

### Development expenditure and plant and equipment

The future recoverability of fixed assets and capitalised development expenditure has been assessed by the directors and is dependent on a number of factors, including commodity prices, the level of reserves and resources, foreign currency rates and future technological changes that could impact the costs of mining and processing and future legal changes. Significant judgements and assumptions are required in making assessments regarding the presence of impairment indicators. This is particularly so in the assessment of long-life assets.

After assessing external and internal sources for the presence of impairment indicators for the Uley Graphite project, no impairment triggers were identified and therefore impairment testing was not required at the reporting date.

### Exploration and evaluation expenditure

The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors, including whether the Group decides to exploit the related lease itself or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

Factors that could impact the future recoverability include the level of reserves and resources, future technological changes, which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices.

To the extent that capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is determined not to be recoverable in the future, profits and net assets will be reduced in the period in which this determination is made.

In addition, exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalised if activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves. To the extent it is determined in the future that this capitalised expenditure should be written off, profits and net assets will be reduced in the period in which this determination is made.

### Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with management and other parties by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by the Board of Directors with reference to quoted market prices or using the Black-Scholes valuation method or the Monte Carlo valuation method as appropriate taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the equity instruments were granted. The assumptions in relation to the valuation of the equity instruments are detailed in Note 20. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact expenses and equity.

### I) Accounting standards issued but not yet effective and not adopted early by the Group

### AASB 2020-1 Classifications of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

This standard is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. AASB 2020-1 amends AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* to clarify for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position as current or non-current.

For example, the amendments clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The meaning of settlement of a liability is also clarified.

The Group does not expect the any impact on adoption of this standard but shall consider the appropriate classification of liabilities as current or non-current.



### 2. OTHER INCOME

	2022 \$	2021 \$
R&D tax incentive	119,280	80,016
FX Earnings – Gain/(Loss)	2,038	-
Other Income <sup>1</sup>	(68,959)	212,474
Total	52,359	292,490

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Other income represents the gain / (loss) on issue of shares in respect of directors' remuneration.

### 3. EXPENSES

J. EXI ENGLS			
2022	Corporate \$	Commercialisation \$	Total \$
Director's salary expense	240,000	-	240,000
Depreciation	56,114	-	56,114
Research & Development	189,936	-	189,936
Rental Expense	224,400	-	224,400
Data & Communications Equipment	183,684	-	183,684
Sundry Service Fees	204,000	-	204,000
Corporate Administration Costs	76,400	-	76,400
Professional fees*	893,488	-	893,488
Other	207,807	-	207,807
Total	2,275,829	-	2,275,829

<sup>\*</sup>Represents transaction and advisory fees towards facilitation of proposed debt funding arrangements.

2021	Corporate \$	Commercialisation \$	Total \$
Director's salary expense	276,000	-	276,000
Depreciation	47,265	-	47,265
Research & Development	192,600	-	192,600
Rental Expense	224,400	-	224,400
Data & Communications Equipment	183,600	-	183,600
Sundry Service Fees	204,000	-	204,000
Corporate Administration Costs	71,400	-	71,400
Professional fees*	968,144	-	968,144
Other	193,707	-	193,707
Total	2,361,116	-	2,361,116

<sup>\*</sup>Represents transaction and advisory fees towards facilitation of proposed debt funding arrangements.

Commercialisation expenses include sales and marketing and other expenses directed towards the development of value-added products and associated markets. Pre-commissioning expenses (\$Nil for both years) include costs of establishing operational readiness at Uley and pre-production testing of the plant.

### 4. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

2022 2021 \$ \$ (a) The components of income tax expense comprise: Current income tax (expense) / benefit (b) The prima facie tax loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows: Net loss (2,251,280)(2,068,370)Prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities before income (562,820)(537,776)tax at 25% (2021: 26%) Tax effect of temporary differences not brought to account as they do 1,040 898 not meet the recognition criteria Deferred tax asset not realised as recognition criteria not met 561,780 536,878 Income tax (expense) / benefit 2022 2021 \$ \$ (c) Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following: Tax losses 38,210,259 35,746,505 Deferred tax asset has not been recognised 9,552,565 9,294,091

Future utilisation of the tax losses will be subject to the satisfaction of continuity of ownership or continuity of business test. The assessment regarding the utilisation has not yet been completed and tax losses are not recognised as deferred tax assets.

3,107,027

3,107,027

### EARNINGS PER SHARE

Capital losses

	2022	2021
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of Quantum Graphite Limited (\$)	(2,251,280)	(2,068,370)
Weighted average number of shares used in basic earnings per share	288,592,716	233,447,618
Basic and Diluted Loss per share (cents)	(0.78)	(0.89)

In accordance with AASB 133 'Earnings per Share', Options issued and outstanding at the end of the reporting period have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive in nature due to the losses incurred during the current and previous reporting periods.



### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Closing balance

Cash and cash equivalents include the following:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash at hand and in bank.	Ť	•
Cash at bank <sup>1</sup>	1,004,704	1,236,231
Cash and cash equivalents	1,004,704	1,236,231
Reconciliation of cash at the end of the year.	-	
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the f follows:	inancial year as shown in the statement o	f cash flows as
Cash and cash equivalents	1,004,704	1,236,231
<sup>1</sup> Includes an amount of \$996,420 (2021: \$1,227,628) which a party.	are held in custody with Chimaera Capital	Limited, a related
7. RECEIVABLES	2022	2024
	2022 \$	2021 \$
GST receivable	59,403	161,066
R&D Tax Incentive receivable	119,280	80,016
Other receivables	20,000	20,000
Total receivables	198,683	261,082
8. SECURITY DEPOSIT WITH THE DEPARTMENT ENERG	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2022 \$	2021 \$
Opening balance	1,073,863	1,073,863

The security deposit represents funds deposited with the DEM as security for remediation and rehabilitation in respect of the Company's Uley mining project. Details of the provision for remediation and rehabilitation is contained in note 12.

1,073,863

1,073,863

### 9. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2022	Plant & Equipment \$	Motor vehicles \$	Total \$
Gross carrying amount	Ψ	Ψ	<b>Y</b>
Opening balance	797,454	39,566	837,020
Disposals	(4,280)	-	(4,280)
Balance 30 June 2022	793,174	39,566	832,740
Depreciation and impairment			
Opening balance	(461,118)	(39,566)	(500,684)
Depreciation	(56,114)	-	(56,114)
Accumulated depreciation on disposal	4,280	-	4,280
Balance 30 June 2022	(512,952)	(39,566)	(552,518)
Carrying amount 30 June 2022	280,222	-	280,222
2021	Plant & Equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Gross carrying amount Opening balance	797,454	39,566	837,020
Balance 30 June 2021	797,454	39,566	837,020
Depreciation and impairment			
Opening balance	(413,853)	(39,566)	(453,419)
Depreciation	(47,265)	-	(47,265)
Balance 30 June 2021	(461,118)	(39,566)	(500,684)
Carrying amount 30 June 2021	336,336	-	336,336

The carrying amount does not exceed the director's assessment of the recoverable value of the plant and equipment.



### 10. (a) DEVELOPMENT ASSETS

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Opening balance	14,245,139	13,748,705
Expenditure on exploration during the year	562,113	496,434
Closing balance	14,807,252	14,245,139

The closing balance represents the capitalised portion of Uley project expenditure. The directors have assessed that the carrying amount of the Uley project (including all plant and equipment, environmental infrastructure e.g. Tailings Storage Facilities, mining titles, JORC 2012 Reserves and Resources and all project approvals under the South Australian Mining Act 1971) does not exceed the recoverable amount. The carrying value of development assets has been tested for impairment as part of a single cash-generating unit (CGU) represented by the Uley Project. Details of impairment testing are set out below.

### 10. (b) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Opening balance	1,991,005	1,754,371
Expenditure on exploration during the year	531,834	236,634
Closing balance	2,522,839	1,991,005

### Impairment testing

The Group has determined that it has a single cash-generating unit (CGU) represented by the Uley 2 Project. Accordingly, the associated plant and equipment, development assets, and exploration and evaluation assets ("the Uley 2 Assets") have been allocated to the CGU.

The Group expects to secure debt of approximately US\$70M at an interest rate ranging from 6% to 8%, and continue the exploration activities, commence production and achieve sales of its products. The recoverable amount of the Group's Uley 2 Assets has been determined by a value-in-use calculation using a discounted cash flow model, based on the project period and production profile established under the Definitive Feasibility Study and approved by management, together with a terminal value.

Key assumptions are those to which the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating units is most sensitive. The following key assumptions were used in the discounted cash flow model:

- (a) 12.5% post-tax discount rate;
- (b) Plant utilisation and resource availability over the forecast period is from the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) report;
- (c) Projected revenue growth rate based on Uley 2 production assuming no growth in the basket prices per tonne of production (estimated at USD 900 920 per tonne).

### 10. (b) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

Subject to the comments below in Sensitivity Analysis:

- (a) The discount rate of 12.5% post-tax reflects management's estimate of the time value of money and the Group's weighted average cost of capital adjusted for the risk-free rate and the volatility of the share price relative to market movements; and
- (b) Management's adoption of the projected revenue on the basis of no increase in the basket prices is considered prudent and justified.

### Sensitivity Analysis

As disclosed in note 1, the directors have made judgements and estimates in respect of the impairment testing. Should these judgements and estimates not occur the resulting carrying amount of the assets may decrease. The sensitivities are as follows:

- (a) Revenue over the projection period would need to decrease by more than 27% before the assets would need to be impaired, with all other assumptions remaining constant.
- (b) The post-tax discount rate should be 30% or more for the assets to be impaired, with all other assumptions remaining constant.

Management believes that other reasonable changes in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of the assets is based would not cause the cash-generating unit's carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

If there are any negative changes in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of the assets is based, this would result in a further impairment charge for the assets.

### 11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables, which are all current, recognised in the statement of financial position can be analysed as follows:

2022

2021

	\$	\$
Trade and other payables <sup>1</sup>	1,028,753	850,653
Accrued expenses	166,000	210,200
Total	1,194,753	1,060,853

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Trade and other payables includes:

- A total of \$494,733 (2021: \$667,760) payable to Chimaera Capital Limited, of which Chimera Capital Limited has agreed to defer the current amount outstanding in respect of the Technical and Administration Services Arrangement to the earlier of QGL's next capital raise or 1 July 2023.

- Directors' fees of \$120,000 (2021: \$120,000) whereby Directors control the timing of payment of Directors' fees, and the Directors intend to continue to take settlement in shares subject to approval at the AGM.

### 12. REHABILITATION PROVISION

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Decommissioning provision	558,369	558,369
	558,369	558,369

The provision represents the present value of the estimated future decommissioning costs (in the amount of  $$1,073,863 - \sec note 8$ ) of the Uley mine site which at the reporting date was restricted to removal of the Phase I processing plant including associated infrastructure and rehabilitation of a portion of the Uley Pit and water treatment areas. The estimated provision brought to account is reflective of the stage of development of the Uley project. The management has assessed that the effect of unwinding of discount on the provision is not material.



### 13. ISSUED CAPITAL

	Number of shares	2022 \$
(a) Issued and paid-up capital		·
Fully paid ordinary shares	294,431,800	60,025,762
	294,431,800	60,025,762
(b) Movement in fully paid ordinary shares		_
Opening balance	281,834,890	58,454,228
Shares issued on 26 November 2021 – in lieu of directors' and company secretary fees	3,699,545	332,958
Issue of share capital towards exploration expenditure (professional and consultancy fees)	1,431,800	380,036
Issue of share capital for cash	7,465,565	858,540
Balance as at 30 June 2022	294,431,800	60,025,762
	Number of shares	2021 \$
(a) Issued and paid up capital		
Fully paid ordinary shares	281,834,890	58,454,228
	281,834,890	58,454,228
(b) Movement in fully paid ordinary shares		
Opening balance	218,874,240	54,249,795
Shares issued on 7 December 2020 – in lieu of directors fee	11,127,961	567,526
Issue of share capital towards professional fees	9,850,000	640,000
Issue of share capital towards exploration expenses	6,492,308	572,001
Issue of share capital for cash	35,490,381	2,424,906
Balance as at 30 June 2021	281,834,890	58,454,228

The share capital of Quantum Graphite Limited consists only of fully paid ordinary shares. All shares are eligible to receive dividends and the repayment of capital and represent one vote at the shareholders' meeting of the Company. The shares do not have a par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital. In the event of winding up the Group, ordinary shareholders rank after all creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

### 13. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

### Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. Capital is regarded as total equity, as recognised in the statement of financial position, plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group would look to raise capital when an opportunity to invest in a business or company was seen as value adding relative to the current company's share price at the time of the investment.

The capital risk management policy remains unchanged from the 30 June 2021 Annual Report.

### 14. RESERVES

### Balance of share-based payments reserve

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Opening balance	2,520,000	2,520,000
Closing balance	2,520,000	2,520,000

	\$	\$
Opening balance	2,520,000	2,520,000
Closing balance	2,520,000	2,520,000
Share based payments are in line with the Quantum Graphite Ltd's remuneration p director's report. Listed below are summaries of options and performance rights g		e outlined in the
Shares options were issued at fair value of \$2,520,000 with an expiry date of 23/7,	2023 and an exercise	price of NIL.
Share Option Reserve 2022	Number of options	2022 \$
Opening balance	28,571,429	2,520,000
Balance at 30 June 2022	28,571,429	2,520,000
Share Option Reserve 2021	Number of options	2021 \$
Opening balance	28,571,429	2,520,000
Balance at 30 June 2021	28,571,429	2,520,000

### Nature and purpose of reserves

The share-based payments reserve is used to recognise the fair value of all equity issued pursuant to share based payments.



### 15. RECONCILIATION OF LOSS AFTER INCOME TAXES TO CASHFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating activities		
	2022 \$	2021 \$
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(2,251,280)	(2,068,370)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	56,114	47,265
Issue of equity shares towards payment of directors' fees	308,959	567,526
Issue of equity shares towards payment of company secretary fees	24,000	640,000
Loss on issue of shares at market value	68,959	-
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	4,279	-
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	62,399	(118,105)
Increase/(decrease) in payables	346,198	(217,330)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,380,372)	(1,149,014)

# **16. INVESTMENTS IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES**

The Company has the following subsidiaries:

company nactine renorming case and nec			Percentage	e held
Name of Subsidiary	Country of Registration	Class of Shares	2022	2021
Quantum Graphite Operations Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100%	100%
17. AUDITOR REMUNERATION  Audit services			2022 \$	2021 \$
Auditors of Quantum Graphite Ltd – RSM Audit and review of Financial Reports			57,000	55,000
Audit services remuneration			57,000	55,000

### 18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### **Exploration commitments**

The renewal application for EL6224 was lodged on 29 September 2021 and remains pending. The Company has met all expenditure commitments in respect to EL6224.

### Contingent liabilities

The Group has no contingent assets or liabilities as at 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: \$nil)

### 19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group's related party transactions include its subsidiaries, key management personnel and shareholders.

(a) Parent entity

Quantum Graphite Limited is the parent entity

(b) Transactions with subsidiary

Loans between entities in the wholly owned Group are not interest bearing, unsecured and are payable upon reasonable notice having regard to the financial stability of the Company.

(c) Transactions with key management personnel

Key Management Personnel remuneration includes the following which are disclosed in detail in the remuneration report:

	\$	\$
Short-term benefits	240,000	276,000
Total remuneration	240,000	276,000

The Outstanding balances with key management personnel included in Trade and Other Payables at 30 June 2022 amounts to \$120,000 (2021: \$120,000).



### 19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(d) Transactions with other related parties

2022	2021
\$	\$

### Transactions during the period

Chimaera Capital Limited (substantial shareholder in the Group)

Expenses towards occupancy costs, IT services, accounting services, asset
management services and other corporate administration charges. Asset management
943,500
1,074,400
services include care and maintenance of the Uley mine site, maintenance of the
environmental facilities, the works associated with the rehabilitation of the Uley
original process plant site and management of the Company's production inventory.

SC Capital Pty Ltd (director-related entity)

- Consultancy services received in connection with Sal Catalano's position as executive 99,000 99,000 director of the Company

### (e) The Sunlands Co. Pty Ltd Collaboration (director-related entity)

Prior to the formation of the joint venture with The Sunlands Co. Pty Ltd (Sunlands Co.), the Company and Sunlands Co. were parties to a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) from 21 November 2019 to 23 June 2021. The provisions of the MOU detailed the technical and commercial collaboration between the parties in respect of Sunlands Co.'s thermal energy storage (TES) technology. Activities were directed at supporting Sunlands Co.'s development of its test work programs and commercial deployment strategies including the planning and development of a commercial pilot facility.

On 23 June 2021, the Company announced that it had entered into a joint venture with Sunlands Co. to manufacture the graphite based thermal storage media for the TES battery cells. Each party holds a 50% interest in the joint venture. On 22 December 2021, Quantum-Sunlands Partnership Pty Ltd (QSP) was formed. The parties have negotiated a Shareholder Deed which governs the joint venture relationship including the licence grant of Sunlands Co. intellectual property to QSP and the supply of Uley 2 flake production to QSP. As at 30 June 2022, there was no investment made into QSP.

### (f) Receivables from and payables to related parties

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties:

	30 Julie 2022	20 Julie 2021
	\$	\$
Current payables:		
Trade payables to Chimaera Capital Limited	494,733	667,760
Trade payables to SC Capital Pty Ltd	9,269	-
	504,002	667,760
(g) Funds held in custody with Chimaera Custody Services		
Group's cash and cash equivalents held in trust with Chimaera		
Custody Services, a division of Chimaera Capital Limited.	996,420	1,227,628
(h) Loans to/from related parties		
Related party loan from Chimaera Capital Limited	1,289,754	

Interest is payable at a rate of 8.125% per annum, with a repayment date of 16 January 2023. The loan has been recognised as a current labiality within the 30 June 2022 annual report.

30 June 2022

30 June 2021

### 20. EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION

### (a) Employee benefits expense

Expenses recognised for employee benefits are analysed below:	2022 \$	2021 \$
Salaries / contract payments for Directors 240,000		276,000
	240,000	276,000
(b) Post-employment benefits expense		
Expenses recognised for post-employment employee benefits are analysed below:	2022 \$	2021 \$

# (c) Share-based employee remuneration

As at 30 June 2022, the Group maintained a performance rights and option plan for employee and director remuneration. There were no unlisted options granted to Directors as remuneration during the financial year.

Share options and weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

Superannuation payments for Directors and employees

2022	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (\$)
Opening balance	28,571,429	0.00
Outstanding and exercisable as at 30 June 2022	28,571,429	0.00
2021	Niversham of	Weighted
	Number of options	average exercise price (\$)
Opening balance		_

The weighted average share price\* during the financial year was \$0.44 (2021: \$0.05).

\*calculated for the period during which the company's shares were traded.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at the end of the financial year was 1.05 years (2021: 2.05 years).

### Fair value of options granted

The fair value at grant date of the Director options has been determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.



### 21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, trade receivables and trade payables.

The total for each category of financial instruments are as follows:

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,004,704	1,236,231
Receivables	7	198,683	261,082
	_	1,203,387	1,497,313
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	1,194,753	1,060,853
Borrowings	19	1,289,754	<u>-</u>
		2,484,507	1,060,853

### Financial risk management policy

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Risk management is carried out by the Executive Director under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as interest rate and credit risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate and ageing analysis for credit risk.

### a) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Group might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities.

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate working capital is maintained for the coming months. Upcoming capital needs and the timing of equity and debt raisings are assessed by the Board. Financial liabilities are expected to be settled within 12 months.

### b) Interest rate risk

### Financial assets

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Cash the only asset affected by interest rate risk as cash is the Group's only financial asset exposed to fluctuating interest rates. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk on cash balances and term deposits held in interest bearing accounts. The Board constantly monitors its interest rate exposure and attempts to maximise interest income by using a mixture of fixed and variable interest rates, whilst ensuring sufficient funds are available for the Group's operating activities. The Group's net exposure to interest rate risk at 30 June 2022 approximates the value of cash and cash equivalents.

### Financial liabilities

As at 30 June 2022, the Group has a fixed interest rate of 8.125% p.a. on its unsecured borrowings of \$1,289,754 from a related party. The Group does not have any variable rate borrowings as at the balance sheet date.

### 21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has a strict code of credit, including confirming references and setting appropriate credit limits. The Group obtains guarantees where appropriate to mitigate credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date to recognised financial assets is \$1,203,387 (2021: \$1,497,313) as disclosed in Notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements. The Group does not hold any collateral.

### d) Sensitivity analysis

### Interest rate

The Group has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at reporting date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks.

2022		Effect on:		
		Profit	Equity	
	Sensitivity*	\$	\$	
Interest rate	+ 1.50%	+15,000	+15,000	
	- 1.50%	-15,000	-15,000	
2021		Effect on:	<b>.</b>	
	Sensitivity*	Profit \$	Equity \$	
Interest rate	+ 1.50%	+19,000	+19,000	
	- 1.50%	-19,000	-19,000	

<sup>\*</sup>The method used to arrive at the possible change of 150 basis points was based on the analysis of the absolute nominal change of the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) monthly issued cash rate. Historical rates indicate that for the past five financial years, interest rate movements ranged between 0 to 150 basis points. It is considered that 150 basis points a 'reasonably possible' estimate as it accommodates for the maximum variations inherent in the interest rate movement over the past five years.

The fair values of all financial assets and liabilities of the Group approximate their carrying values.

### e) Net fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement: Disclosures requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (level 2), and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The carrying amounts of all financial assets and liabilities approximate their net fair values due to their short-term nature.



### 22. PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

Information relating to Quantum Graphite Limited (the parent entity) is set out below:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Statement of financial position	Ť	*
Total current assets	42,832	1,236,231
Total assets	18,298,187	18,935,617
Total current liabilities	679,926	771,706
Total liabilities	679,926	771,706
Issued capital	60,025,762	58,454,228
Accumulated losses	(44,927,501)	(42,810,317)
Share option reserve	2,520,000	2,520,000
Total Equity	17,618,261	18,163,911
Statement of profit of loss and other comprehensive income		
Loss after income taxes	(2,117,184)	(1,902,086)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(2,117,184)	(1,902,086)

The parent entity has not entered into a deed of cross guarantee with the subsidiary.

The parent entity had no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021. The parent entity had no capital commitments for property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

# 23. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Directors have considered the requirements of AASB 8 *Operating Segments* and the internal reports that are reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (the Board) in allocating resources have concluded that at this time there are no separately identifiable segments. The segment details are therefore fully reflected in the body of the financial statements.

2022

### 24. NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	\$	\$
Shares issued as compensation towards exploration expenditure (professional and consultancy fees)	380,036	572,001
	380,036	572,001

2021

### 25. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 28 July 2022, the Company issued 11,703,200 fully paid ordinary shares at a fair value price of A\$0.38 cents per share for a total consideration of \$4,317,862, net of fees. On 4 August 2022, the Company issued 17,865,000 fully paid ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of 17,865,000 unlisted restructure options (Nil exercise price, expiry 23 July 2023).

In August 2022, the Company and Sunlands Co. resolved to undertake the QSP joint venture business within a corporate structure and consequently incorporated Quantum Sunlands Partnership Pty Ltd (QSP PL) with each holding a 50% interest. Sunlands Co. will licence QSP PL with the appropriate intellectual property to enable it to manufacture TES media from Uley 2 flake.

On 9 August 2022, the Company has made an off-market takeover bid for all of the ordinary shares in Lincoln Minerals Limited (Lincoln, ASX: LML) wherein the shareholders of Lincoln would receive 1 Quantum share for every 40 Lincoln shares, if the offer becomes unconditional. The bidder statement was despatched to Lincoln's shareholders on 20 September 2022.

There are no other events that have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years.



# Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of Quantum Graphite Limited:

- (a) the consolidated financial statements and notes of Quantum Graphite Limited are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - i. giving a true and fair view of its financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
  - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
  - iii. complying with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in Note 1 to the financial statements; and

Sal Catalano Director

(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that Quantum Graphite Limited will be able to pay its debts when they become due and payable.

The directors have been given the declaration required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Bruno Ruggiero

Director

Melbourne

30 September 2022





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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Quantum Graphite Limited

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Quantum Graphite Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group'), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### **Key Audit Matter**

### How our audit addressed this matter

### Assessment of carrying value of Development Assets

Refer to Note 10 in the financial statements

As at 30 June 2022 the Group's Development assets relating to Uley Project ('the Project') had a carrying amount of \$14,807,253.

As required by AASB 136 *Impairment of Assets*, ('AASB 136') management performed an impairment assessment as at 30 June 2022 by:

- calculating the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit ("CGU") being the Project, which was determined to be the value-in-use of the Project, using a discounted cash flow model; and
- comparing the resulting value-in-use of the Project to the carrying amounts.

We determined this to be a Key Audit Matter due to the significance of these assets in the consolidated statement of financial position (74% of the total assets of the Group).

In addition, the directors' assessment of the recoverable amount of these assets involves significant management judgement about the future underlying cash flows relating to the Project and the discount rates applied to them. Our audit procedures in relation to determination of recoverable amount of the Project included:

- Gathering an understanding of the status of the Development assets through discussions with management and review of the ASX announcements and other available information:
- Assessing the directors' methodology for determining the recoverable value of the Project;
- Reviewing the value-in-use calculations, including challenging the reasonableness of key assumptions adopted, such as cash flow projections, plant utilisation and resource availability, future revenue growth rates, discount rates and terminal value;
- Checking the mathematical accuracy of the valuein-use model and reconciling input data to supporting evidence;
- Reviewing management's sensitivity analysis over the key assumptions in the model and assessing whether the assumptions have been applied on a consistent basis across each scenario; and
- Assessing the disclosures in Note 10 to the financial statements to assess compliance with the disclosure requirements of AASB136.

### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <a href="https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar2\_2020.pdf">https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar2\_2020.pdf</a> This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **Report on the Remuneration Report**

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Quantum Graphite Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2022, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

**RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS** 

R J MORILLO MALDONADO

Partner

Melbourne, Victoria

30 September 2022



# **ASX Additional Information**

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. This information is effective as at 28 September 2022.

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

### Substantial shareholders

The substantial shareholder who has notified the Company in accordance with Section 671B of the Corporations Act at the date of this report are:

Chimaera Capital Ltd – 25.70%

### Voting rights

Holding

Ordinary shares On a show of hands, every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a

poll each share shall have one vote.

Options No voting rights.

Distribution of equity by security holders

The following information was current at 28 September 2022.

Ordinary

<b>3</b>	Shares (Quoted)
1 – 1,000	245
1,001 – 5,000	409
5,001 – 10,000	321
10,001 – 100,000	495
100,001 and over	231
Number of Holders	1,701

### Unmarketable parcels

There were 289 holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares (\$500 amounts to 1,283 shares at 39.0 cents per share).

### **Business objectives**

The Company has used its cash and assets readily convertible to cash in a way consistent with its business objectives.

# On-market buy-back

There is no current on-market buy-back.

# Twenty largest holders of All Ordinary Shares on issue

Rank	Name	A/C designation	28 Sep 2022	%IC
1	CHIMAERA CAPITAL LIMITED		75,678,713	25.70
2	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	<ib au="" drp="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	12,262,762	4.16
3	ZIZIPHUS PTY LTD		11,972,551	4.07
4	SELSO PTY LTD	<osmetti 2="" a="" c="" family="" no=""></osmetti>	11,744,926	3.99
5	MR MICHAEL JAMES MADDOX		5,667,646	1.92
6	LYCOPODIUM LIMITED		5,315,167	1.81
7	GOLDER ASSOCIATES PTY LTD		4,830,974	1.64
8	ACN 112 940 057 PTY LTD		4,725,026	1.60
9	SC CAPITAL PTY LTD		4,710,823	1.60
10	MRS ROCHELLE JANE PATTISON & MS KATHERINE MARGARET FORREST	<sylvan a="" c="" f="" s=""></sylvan>	2,947,001	1.00
11	NEXT AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	<next a="" c="" fund="" super=""></next>	4,123,192	1.40
12	G & N LORD SUPERANNUATION PTY LTD	<gnr a="" c="" fund="" superannuation=""></gnr>	4,000,000	1.36
13	DR JOHN CORRAN CRAWFORD & MRS PAMELA MARY CRAWFORD	<crawford a="" c="" fund="" super=""></crawford>	3,130,435	1.06
14	GLOBAL EQUIPMENT TRADING COMPANY PTY LTD	<getco a="" c="" investment=""></getco>	2,833,823	0.96
15	AGENS PTY LTD	<the a="" c="" collins="" f="" mark="" s=""></the>	3,200,000	1.09
16	ST JUDE'S PROGENY PTY LTD		3,166,673	1.08
17	R&M SINCLAIR HOLDINGS PTY LTD	<r&m a="" c="" fd="" sinclair="" super=""></r&m>	3,149,803	1.07
18	LUALA PTY LTD		3,106,787	1.06
19	INVERAREY PTY LTD	<the a="" c="" kilchurn=""></the>	3,054,860	1.04
20	INSYNC INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	<weekley 1="" a="" c="" fund="" no="" super=""></weekley>	3,000,000	1.02
		Total	172,621,162	58.63
		Balance of register	121,810,638	41.37
		Grand total	294,431,800	100.00

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# **QUANTUM GRAPHITE LIMITED**

349 Collins Street Melbourne, Victoria, 3000 Australia

quantumgraphite.com