

Starpharma presents promising additional clinical data for DEP[®] cabazitaxel in prostate cancer

- Starpharma presented promising anti-tumour activity data in prostate cancer at the European Society of Medical Oncology (ESMO) Congress on Sunday
- The new data presented shows DEP[®] cabazitaxel had a number of key advantages compared to published data for conventional cabazitaxel, including superior efficacy measured by longer progression-free survival (PFS)¹ and lower incidence of key side effects, in a heavily pre-treated patient cohort
- DEP[®] cabazitaxel showed multiple potential benefits for patients with metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer (mCRPC), including:
 - Median PFS was 3.9 months², more than 30% longer than the 2.9 months³ reported for standard cabazitaxel
 - Lower incidence of severe (Grade 3 or 4) treatment related adverse events (TRAEs) for DEP[®] cabazitaxel of 7.5%², compared to published data for standard cabazitaxel of 39.7%³
 - No severe hypersensitivity reactions or requirement for patients to have steroid pre-medication, in contrast to standard cabazitaxel

Melbourne, Australia; 12 September 2022: Starpharma (ASX: SPL, OTCQX: SPHRY) announces additional results from the mCRPC cohort of its Phase 2 DEP[®] cabazitaxel trial, following completion of dosing in this cohort. Treatment with DEP[®] cabazitaxel showed a number of key advantages compared to published data for conventional cabazitaxel, including superior efficacy, as measured by longer PFS, and a lower incidence of key side effects, despite this patient cohort being relatively more heavily pre-treated.

The new data for DEP[®] cabazitaxel was presented in a scientific poster at the ESMO 2022 Congress in Paris, France, by Principal Investigator, Professor Robert Jones of the Velindre Cancer Centre in Wales. The poster is available on www.starpharma.com.

Starpharma CEO, Dr Jackie Fairley, commented:

“Starpharma is very pleased to report this additional encouraging data at the ESMO Congress for DEP[®] cabazitaxel in heavily pre-treated, late-stage prostate cancer patients, including median progression-free survival for the first time, having now completed dosing in this cohort. These latest results show DEP[®] cabazitaxel achieved both a longer duration of progression-free survival and fewer severe side effects compared to published data on Jevtana[®], illustrating the potential for DEP[®] cabazitaxel to provide better outcomes for mCRPC patients.

“We are deeply appreciative of the cancer patients who have participated in this trial, along with the contribution of the clinical investigators involved in the study.”

¹ Progression-free survival (PFS) is the length of time during and after the treatment of a disease, such as cancer, that a patient lives with the disease but it does not progress. For this study, PFS was defined as the time from start of treatment to the first of PSA or radiologic progression.

² Jones, RH, et al. Efficacy and Safety of Dendrimer-Enhanced (DEP[®]) Cabazitaxel (CTX-SPL9111) in Men with Metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer (mCRPC) in a Phase 1/2 Trial, ESMO 2022 Congress, FPN 1403P.

³ Eisenberger, M, et al. *J Clin Oncol*, 2017;35(28):3198-206.

Trial and Patient Cohort Overview

Twenty-five patients with metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer were enrolled in this cohort across five trial sites in the UK and Australia. Trial participants received an intravenous infusion of DEP[®] cabazitaxel every 21 days, repeated for up to 12 cycles. The median time on study was 18.4 weeks.

All patients enrolled in this cohort had already been heavily pre-treated before entering the study, having previously received an average of 4 other cancer treatment types, in addition many have also had surgery and radiation. On average, patients enrolled in this study had already received more than 70 cycles/months of other treatments. Notably, 96% of patients in this trial cohort had also previously received related chemotherapies (taxanes), including docetaxel and/or conventional cabazitaxel (Jevtana[®]). This level of pre-treatment is important to note because patients with this high level of prior cancer treatment would not be expected to respond as well to further similar therapies.

Summary of interim results

- Highly encouraging anti-tumour activity for DEP[®] cabazitaxel, including a radiological partial response (**PR**) for more than 45 weeks, and stable or improved secondary metastatic bone disease for up to 45 weeks;
- Median progression-free survival (PFS) of 3.9 months² for DEP[®] cabazitaxel which is more than 30% longer than published PFS data for standard cabazitaxel (2.9 months³) (see below and Table 1) at the same dose;
- 100% of evaluable DEP[®] cabazitaxel patients achieved a response in at least 1 measure of efficacy (soft tissue disease [stable disease (**SD**) or PR], prostate specific antigen (**PSA**), and/or bone disease);
- 90% of DEP[®] cabazitaxel patients evaluable for a PSA response achieved a reduction in PSA, and 52% achieved a PSA reduction of 50% or more from baseline;
- 83% of DEP[®] cabazitaxel patients evaluable for secondary bone disease experienced an improvement or no progression;
- 68% of DEP[®] cabazitaxel patients evaluable for 2 or 3 efficacy measures achieved a response for all evaluable measures (soft tissue disease [SD or PR], PSA, and bone disease);
- No DEP[®] cabazitaxel patients required routine steroid pre-medication or daily oral steroid and only 2 patients required prophylactic G-CSF⁴; and
- DEP[®] cabazitaxel was generally well-tolerated, with TRAEs similar to those observed with standard cabazitaxel (Jevtana[®]).

Progression-free survival

Notably, the median PFS observed in evaluable mCRPC patients treated with DEP[®] cabazitaxel was longer than published data on Jevtana[®]. Patients treated with DEP[®] cabazitaxel at the recommended Phase 2 dose (20 mg/m²) achieved a composite median PFS of at least 3.9 months². This is a more than 30% improvement in median PFS than what has been reported for patients treated with Jevtana[®] (2.9 months³) at the same dose (20 mg/m²). Even at a higher dose of Jevtana[®] (25 mg/m²) published data show patients treated with

⁴ G-CSF: granulocyte-colony stimulating factor, is used as a therapy for myelosuppression. Myelosuppression is a condition in which bone marrow function is adversely impacted, resulting in fewer red blood cells, white blood cells, and platelets. It is a side effect of some cancer treatments.

Jevtana[®] achieved a median PFS of 3.5 months³ in one study and 2.8 months⁵ in another, so DEP[®] cabazitaxel (20 mg/m²) median PFS was longer.

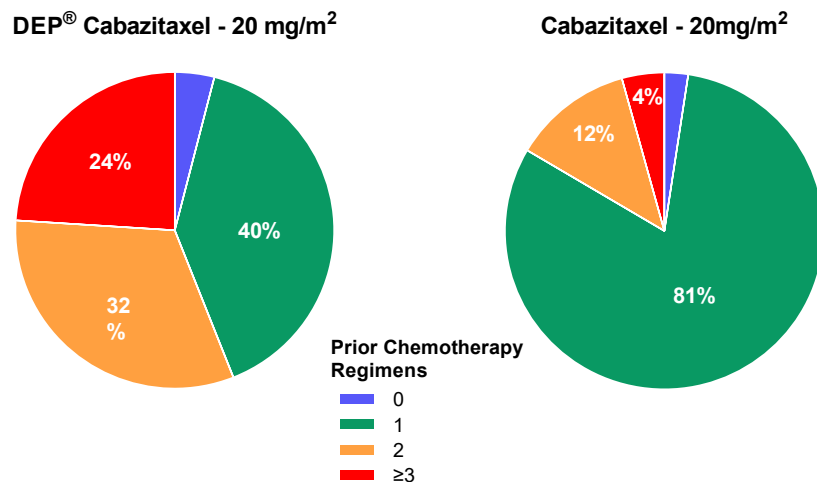
Table 1. Longer PFS (median) observed in patients treated with DEP[®] cabazitaxel compared to published data on Jevtana[®]

DEP [®] cabazitaxel (20 mg/m ²) (N=25)	Jevtana ^{®3} (20 mg/m ²) (N=598*)	Jevtana ^{®3} (25 mg/m ²) (N=602*)	Jevtana ^{®5} (25 mg/m ²) (N=378*)
3.9 months	2.9 months	3.5 months	2.8 months

* Intent-to-treat (ITT) populations

These very encouraging findings for DEP[®] cabazitaxel in this study were observed despite many patients being at an increased risk of neutropenic complications, due to their age (mean = 73 years) and large number of prior chemotherapy regimens. More than half the DEP[®] cabazitaxel patients (56%²) had received at least two prior chemotherapy regimens, whereas only 16%³ of patients from published Jevtana[®] data had received this level of prior treatment (Figure 1). DEP[®] cabazitaxel patients received an average of 4 other cancer treatments, and more than 70 cycles/months of treatment before entry into the study.

Figure 1. Number of prior chemotherapy regimens for patients in the Phase 2 mCRPC cohort vs trial of conventional cabazitaxel (Jevtana[®])²



Adverse Events

In this heavily pre-treated DEP[®] cabazitaxel cohort, TRAEs were generally mild to moderate, and all have also been reported for Jevtana[®]. In addition, the incidence of Grade 3 and 4 TRAEs in patients treated with DEP[®] cabazitaxel was only 7.5%², substantially lower than published reports for Jevtana[®] (39.7%³) at the same dose (20 mg/m²) (see Table 2).

⁵ de Bono, JS, et al. *Lancet*, 2010;376(9747):1147-54.

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Notably, the incidence of Grade 3 and 4 neutropenia was 16.0%² in this cohort of patients treated with DEP[®] cabazitaxel, less than half of the 41.8%³ reported for patients treated with Jevtana[®]. A lower incidence of problematic severe bone marrow toxicities was also observed in patients treated with DEP[®] cabazitaxel compared to published data on Jevtana[®]³. Notably, and despite the older age of this cohort, secondary prophylactic use of G-CSF was only required by 2 patients.

Table 2. Lower incidence of Grade 3 and 4 TRAEs observed in patients treated with DEP[®] cabazitaxel compared to published data on Jevtana[®]

DEP [®] cabazitaxel (20 mg/m ²) (N=25)	Jevtana ^{®3} (20 mg/m ²) (N=580 [†])	Jevtana ^{®3} (25 mg/m ²) (N=595 [†])
7.5%	39.7%	54.5%

[†] Safety populations (received at least 1 dose)

Table 3. Lower incidence of severe bone marrow toxicities in patients treated with DEP[®] cabazitaxel compared to published data on Jevtana[®]

Bone Marrow Toxicity	DEP [®] cabazitaxel (20 mg/m ²) (N=25)	Jevtana ^{®3} (20 mg/m ²) (N=580 [†])
Neutropenia* ≥ grade 3	16.0%	41.8%
Febrile neutropenia ≥ grade 3	0%	2.1%
Thrombocytopenia* ≥ grade 3	0%	2.6%
Neutropenic infection / sepsis	0%	2.1%

* Lab detected neutropenia or thrombocytopenia, regardless of whether or not event was reported as an adverse event

[†] Safety population (received at least 1 dose)

Patients with mCRPC in this DEP[®] cabazitaxel study have now completed dosing. These new results, together with the previously reported interim findings (see [ASX announcement dated 25 November 2021](#)), indicate an improved and favourable efficacy and safety profile of DEP[®] cabazitaxel compared to published data on Jevtana[®].

In addition to the positive Phase 2 clinical data reported here for DEP[®] cabazitaxel in prostate cancer, encouraging efficacy signals, including multiple partial responses, have been observed in other cancer types, often in heavily pre-treated patients. These cancer types include platinum resistant ovarian cancer, and other relapsed and refractory cancers, including oesophageal squamous cell carcinoma and gastro-oesophageal junction adenocarcinoma. Starpharma is recruiting a number of additional patients with these tumour types into the trial as positive findings in these indications could expand the application of DEP[®] cabazitaxel and its market potential. Final results from the DEP[®] cabazitaxel trial will be reported following completion of dosing and analyses of all cohorts, however the data reported at the ESMO Congress will feed into ongoing licensing discussions.

DEP[®] cabazitaxel

Developed by Starpharma, DEP[®] cabazitaxel is a patented, dendrimer nanoparticle version of conventional cabazitaxel, which is marketed as Jevtana[®] and widely used in the treatment of prostate cancer. Unlike standard cabazitaxel, DEP[®] cabazitaxel is highly water soluble, does not contain toxic detergent-like excipients associated with anaphylaxis, and avoids the need for steroid pre-medication. In both preclinical and clinical studies, DEP[®] cabazitaxel has shown an improved side effect profile, notably markedly reduced bone marrow toxicity demonstrated by lower rates of severe neutropenia, thrombocytopenia, and severe anaemia, which are all reportedly experienced by a significant proportion of patients treated with Jevtana[®].

About Starpharma

Starpharma Holdings Limited (ASX:SPL, OTCQX:SPHY) is a global biopharmaceutical company and a world leader in the development of new pharmaceutical and medical products based on proprietary polymers called dendrimers, with programs for respiratory viruses, DEP[®] drug delivery and VivaGel[®]. Starpharma has developed VIRALEZE[™], an antiviral nasal spray that is registered for sale in >30 countries, and available outside Australia in certain markets online. VIRALEZE[™] is not approved for sale or supply in Australia. SPL7013 is utilised in approved products - the VivaGel[®] condom and VivaGel[®] BV. VivaGel[®] products have been licensed in >160 countries, are registered in >45 countries and available for sale in the UK, Europe, Japan, South East Asia, South Africa, Australia and New Zealand.

As a leading company in dendrimer-based drug delivery, Starpharma's proprietary drug delivery platform technology, DEP[®], is being used to improve pharmaceuticals, to reduce toxicities and enhance their performance. There are numerous internal and partnered programs underway to develop DEP[®] versions of existing drugs, particularly in the area of anti-cancer therapies. DEP[®] partnerships include oncology programs with AstraZeneca, with MSD in the area of Antibody Drug Conjugates (ADCs), with Chase Sun in the area of anti-infectives and other world leading pharmaceutical companies. Starpharma's partnered DEP[®] programs have the potential to generate significant future milestones and royalties.

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Disclosure

This ASX Announcement was authorised for release by the Chairman, Mr Rob Thomas.

Forward Looking Statements

This document contains certain forward-looking statements, relating to Starpharma's business, which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "promising", "plans", "anticipated", "will", "project", "believe", "forecast", "expected", "estimated", "targeting", "aiming", "set to", "potential", "seeking to", "goal", "could provide", "intends", "is being developed", "could be", "on track", "outlook" or similar expressions, or by express or implied discussions regarding potential filings or marketing approvals, or potential future sales of product candidates. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such statements. There can be no assurance that any existing or future regulatory filings will satisfy the FDA's and other authorities' requirements regarding any one or more product candidates nor can there be any assurance that such product candidates will be approved by any authorities for sale in any market or that they will reach any particular level of sales. In particular, management's expectations regarding the approval and commercialization of the product candidates could be affected by, among other things, unexpected trial results, including additional analysis of existing data, and new data; unexpected regulatory actions or delays, or government regulation generally; our ability to obtain or maintain patent or other proprietary intellectual property protection; competition in general; government, industry, and general public pricing pressures; and additional factors that involve significant risks and uncertainties about our products, product candidates, financial results and business prospects. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. Starpharma is providing this information as of the date of this document and does not assume any obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this document as a result of new information, future events or developments or otherwise. Clinical case studies and other clinical information given in this document are given for illustrative purposes only and are not necessarily a guide to product performance and no representation or warranty is made by any person as to the likelihood of achievement or reasonableness of future results. Nothing contained in this document nor any information made available to you is, or shall be relied upon as, a promise, representation, warranty or guarantee as to the past, present or the future performance of any Starpharma product.