

First drill hole in Ecuador confirms the discovery of a major gold-copper system with a 784 metre¹ intersection

Highlights

- First drill hole in CEL's 100% owned El Guayabo concession in Ecuador has intersected significant
 Au-Cu-Ag-Mo mineralisation over 784 metres¹ from 16.2m to the end of the hole at 800.5m
- Significant intersections in drillhole GYDD-21-001 include (Refer Table 1):
 784.3m at 0.4 g/t AuEq² 0.2 g/t Au, 1.6 g/t Ag, 0.1 % Cu, 12 ppm Mo from 16.2m including;
 380.5m at 0.5 g/t AuEq² 0.3 g/t Au, 2.0 g/t Ag, 0.1 % Cu, 18 ppm Mo from 167.5m including;
 188.5m at 0.6 g/t AuEq² 0.4 g/t Au, 2.3 g/t Ag, 0.1 % Cu, 30 ppm Mo from 359.5m including;
 21.0m at 1.1 g/t AuEq² 0.8 g/t Au, 3.0 g/t Ag, 0.2 % Cu, 139 ppm Mo from 403.0m and
 - 30.0m at 1.1 g/t AuEq² 0.8 g/t Au, 2.6 g/t Ag, 0.2 % Cu, 25 ppm Mo from 468.5m
- Confirms the strategy for El Guaybo to provide a second gold-copper opportunity of significant scale that is complimentary to CEL's Hualilan Gold Project in Argentina where 9-rigs are drilling
- GYDD-21-001 was a low priority hole, collared significantly east of the main high-grade section of the 1.8km gold in soil anomaly, on the drill pad providing the best access for this first hole
- High priority holes GYDD-21-003 to GYDD-21-006 (assays pending) and GYDD-21-008 (in progress)
 have been targeted to test the main high-grade section of this anomaly
- A second rig was added at the completion of the third drill hole to expedite the program

Commenting on the results, CEL Managing Director, Mr Kris Knauer, said

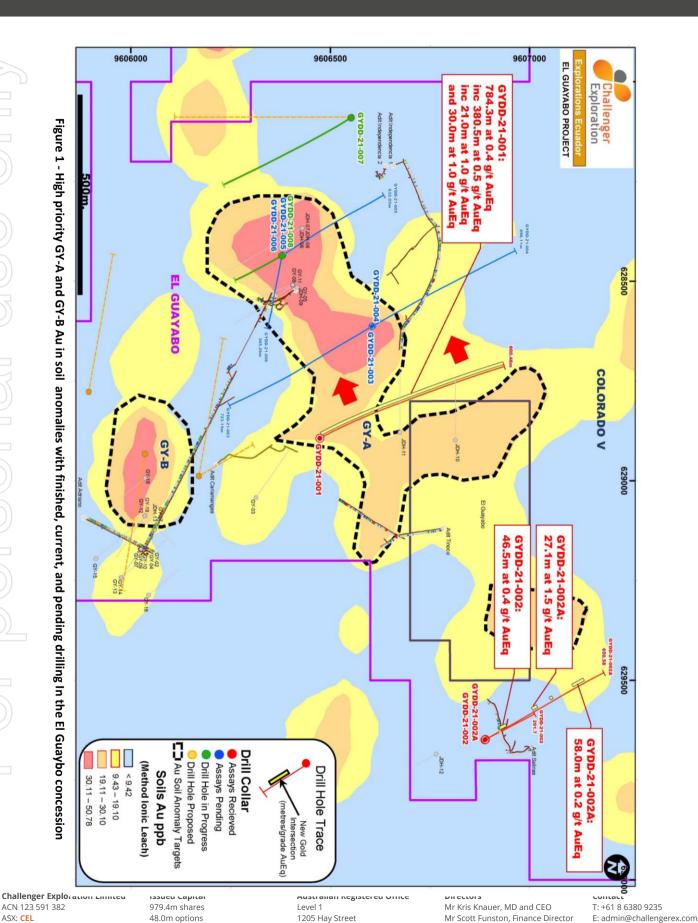
"This result is an outstanding start which confirms we have a major gold-copper system at El Guayabo. The intersection of 784 metres at 0.4 g/t gold equivalent, to the end of the hole, including a higher grade core of 380.5 metres at 0.5 or 188.5 metres at 0.6 g/t gold equivalent is comparable with the results from the Tier 1 Cangrejos gold discovery adjacent to our tenement boundary.

The results are even better in the context that these first two holes were drilled on low priority locations. While GYDD-21-001 was drilled to test a 1.8 kilometre gold in soil anomaly, the high-grade core of this anomaly is being targeted in the next four drill holes. Additionally, this is the first of nine geochemical targets within the greater El Guayabo Project with drilling on the highest priority of these targets, located in Colorado V, to start in the current quarter.

1 - the mineralisation is interpreted as steeply dipping and the true width of the mineralised intercept is estimated at 675 metres.

Challenger Exploration Limited ACN 123 591 382 ASX: CEL Issued Capital 979.4m shares 48.0m options 120m perf shares 16m perf rights Australian Registered Office Level 1 1205 Hay Street West Perth WA 6005 **Directors**Mr Kris Knauer, MD and CEO
Mr Scott Funston, Finance Director
Mr Fletcher Quinn, Chairman
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West Perth WA 6005

Mr Fletcher Quinn, Chairman

Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

120m perf shares

16m perf rights

ASX: CEL



Challenger Exploration (ASX: CEL) ("CEL" the "Company") is pleased to announce results from the Company's first two drillholes from the El Guayabo Gold-Copper Project in El Oro Province, Ecuador. The results confirm the discovery of a significant intrusion hosted gold-copper-silver-molybdenum system with both holes encountering wide zones of mineralisation associated with intrusives and intrusive breccias. The first two holes have intersected two zones of mineralisation extending over 800 metres of strike on a 1.8 kilometre long gold in soil anomaly.

The Company now has two HC 5000 drill rigs on site with a depth capacity of 1,200 metres using NQ core rods. The second rig was mobilised to site after the completion of the third drill hole, GYDD-21-003, due to the broad and consistent zones of mineralisation noted during logging. The Company is currently completing GYDD-21-007 and GYDD-21-008 with average drill metres per shift steadily increasing. Additionally, assay turn-around times in South America have improved significantly since December.

GYDD-21-001

GYDD-21-001 was collared to test a 1.8 kilometre long gold in soil anomaly defined in the Company's 100% owned El Guayabo concession. The hole encountered a significant zone of mineralisation from near surface to the end of the hole intersecting 784.3 metres at 0.4 g/t AuEq (0.2 g/t Au, 1.6 g/t Ag, 0.1 % Cu, 12 ppm Mo) from 16.2m. This mineralisation is hosted in intrusives and intrusive breccia and is consistent and pervasive throughout the length of the drill hole. The mineralisation included a higher grade core of 380.5 metres at 0.5 g/t AuEq (0.3 g/t Au, 2.0 g/t Ag, 0.1 % Cu, 18 ppm Mo) from 167.5m including 188.5 metres at 0.6 g/t AuEq (0.4 g/t Au, 2.3 g/t Ag, 0.1 % Cu, 30 ppm Mo) from 359.5m. This 188.5 metres central core containing higher-grade components of 21.0 metres at 1.1 g/t AuEq (0.8 g/t Au, 3.0 g/t Ag, 0.2 % Cu, 139 ppm Mo) from 403.0m and 30.0 metres at 1.1 g/t AuEq (0.8 g/t Au, 2.6 g/t Ag, 0.2 % Cu, 25 ppm Mo) from 468.5m.

As Figure 1 (previous page) shows GYDD-21-001 was located in a lower priority section of a 1.8 km long gold in soil anomaly with the high-grade 550 metre core of the anomaly starting 100 metres to the south-west of GYDD-21-001. The high-priority section of this 1.8 kilometre anomaly is being tested in following drillholes GYDD-21-003, GYDD-21-004, GYDD-21-005, GYDD-21-006 (assays pending) and GYDD-21-007 and GYDD-21-008 (in progress). The Company took the decision to start the program with two lower priority drill holes given these pad location provided the easiest access. Additionally, the geochemical anomaly currently being tested is the first of nine similar anomalies which will be tested. Drilling on the highest priority of these targets, located in Colorado V, is programmed to start in the current quarter.

In the context of its location, off the main high-grade section of the underlying gold in soil anomaly, drill hole GYDD-21-001 delivered an outstanding result. The mineralisation reflects the underlying soil geochemistry with consistent mineralisation across the hole and a higher-grade core that correlates with the central part of the soil anomaly in this location. The gold in soil values on the GDDD-21-001 location is approximately 30ppb with drill holes GYDD-003 and GYDD-004 (assays pending located 200 metres south-west along strike) and GYDD-005 and GYDD-006 (assays pending located a further 250 metres south-west along strike) all collared over gold in soil values near double that of GYDD-21-001.



GYDD-21-002

GYDD-21-002 was drilled targeting underground workings in the Salinas Mine adit, where underground sampling of the historical workings has returned a channel sample interval of 69.4 metres at 0.3g/t AuEq (0.2 g/t Au, 8 g/t Ag, 0.1 % Cu, 4 ppm Mo), including 31.6 metres at 0.6g/t AuEq (0.3 g/t Au, 14 g/t Ag, 0.1 % Cu, 5 ppm Mo) with a central core of 10 metres at 0.9g/t AuEq (0.2 g/t Au, 36 g/t Ag, 0.2 % Cu, 4 ppm Mo).

GYDD-21-002 intersected several zones of mineralisation including 46.5 metres at 0.4 g/t AuEq (0.3 g/t Au, 4.0 g/t Ag, 0.04 % Cu, 6 ppm Mo) from 85.0m and 27.1 metres at 1.5 g/t AuEq (1.5 g/t Au, 0.8 g/t Ag, 0.02 % Cu, 2 ppm Mo) from 279.5m including 1.5 metres at 19.2 g/t AuEq (19.1/t Au, 1.9 g/t Ag, 0.03 % Cu, 3 ppm Mo) within a greater mineralised interval of 320.0 metres at 0.3 g/t AuEq (0.3 g/t Au, 1.2 g/t Ag, 0.02 % Cu, 2 ppm Mo) from 83.5m. This represents a new zone of mineralisation and is interpreted to lie stratigraphically above the mineralisation intersected in GYDD-21-001.

The decision was made to extend GYDD-21-002 to 650 metres to collect stratigraphic and structural information on the north-eastern extension of zone drilled in GYDD-21-001 (Figure 1). The extension of GYDD-21-002 was prognosed to intersect this zone 800 metres north-east of GYDD-21-001 at the extreme north-eastern end of the greater 1.8 kilometre long gold in soil anomaly tested in GYDD-21-001. Importantly, this extension of GYDD-21-002 encountered a zone of mineralisation hosted in intrusive breccia intersecting 58.0 metres at 0.2 g/t AuEq (0.1 g/t Au, 0.3 g/t Ag, .01 % Cu, 2 ppm Mo) from 499.8m containing several splits greater than 0.5 g/t AuEq.

This intercept near the end of hole in GYDD-21-002 is highly encouraging. Both holes drilled on the eastern half of this 1.8 kilometre gold in soil anomaly intersected mineralisation with the much higher-grade western half of the 1.8 kilometre gold in soil anomaly to be tested in drillholes GYDD-21-003, GYDD-21-004, GYDD-21-005, GYDD-21-006 (assays pending), and GYDD-21-007 and GYDD-21-008 (in progress).

Ends

This ASX announcement was approved and authorised by the Board.

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Previous announcements referred to in this release include:

27 May 2020 - CEL Confirms Discovery of Large-Scale Gold System

6 Jul 2020 - Colorado V Gold Project Assay Results Reinforce the Discovery of a Large-Scale Gold System

21 Aug 2020 - CEL identifies transformational drill targets at Colorado V Gold Project

11 Dec 2020 - Significant intersections reinforce potential for a gold porphyry discovery at Colorado V

29 Oct 2021- Quarterly report for the period ending September 30 2021

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DirectorsMr Kris Knauer, MD and CEO
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Table 1: New intercepts reported.

Drill Hole	From	То	Interval	Au	Ag	Cu	Mo	AuEq	Comments
(#)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(%)	(ppm)	(g/t)	
GYDD-21-001	16.15	800.46	784.31	0.24	1.57	0.06	11.95	0.36	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
inc	167.50	548.00	380.50	0.32	1.97	0.07	18.41	0.47	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
inc	359.50	548.00	188.50	0.40	2.35	0.10	29.50	0.61	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
inc	403.00	431.00	28.00	0.54	6.90	0.15	104.40	0.95	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
inc	403.00	424.00	21.00	0.77	2.98	0.20	138.91	1.09	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
and	468.50	498.50	30.00	0.76	2.61	0.15	24.80	1.06	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
GYDD-21-002	85.00	131.50	46.50	0.32	3.99	0.04	5.72	0.43	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	112.00	114.30	2.30	1.33	33.17	0.12	5.10	1.95	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	129.75	131.50	1.75	2.05	7.36	0.01	1.29	2.16	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
and	279.45	306.50	27.05	1.49	0.82	0.02	2.21	1.53	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	305.00	306.50	1.50	19.16	1.89	0.03	3.21	19.23	10 g/t AuEq cut off
and	378.50	392.00	13.50	0.44	0.21	0.01	1.45	0.46	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
and	447.90	448.80	0.90	0.74	4.85	0.06	1.92	0.89	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
and	499.80	557.80	58.00	0.14	0.30	0.01	1.53	0.16	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	547.80	554.80	7.00	0.39	0.21	0.01	1.74	0.41	0.5 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	554.10	554.80	0.70	1.06	0.20	0.01	1.08	1.09	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off

See below for information regarding AuEq's reported under the JORC Code.

² Gold Equivalent (AuEq) values - Requirements under the JORC Code

- Assumed commodity prices for the calculation of AuEq is Au US\$1780 Oz, Ag US\$22 Oz, Cu US\$9,650 /t, Mo US\$40,500 /t.
- Metallurgical recovery factors for gold, silver, copper, and molybdenum are assumed to be equal. No metallurgical factors have been applied in calculating the Au Eq.
- The formula used: AuEq (g/t) = Au (g/t) + [Ag (g/t) x (22/1780)] + [Cu (%) x (9650/100*31.1/1780)] + [Mo (%) x (40500/100*31.1/1780)].
- CEL confirms that it is the Company's opinion that all the elements included in the metal equivalents calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered and sold.



About Challenger Exploration

Challenger Exploration Limited's (ASX: CEL) aspiration is to become a globally significant gold producer. The Company is developing two complementary gold/copper projects in South America. The strategy for the 100% owned Hualilan Gold project is for it to provide a high-grade low capex operation in the near term. This underpins CEL with a low risk, high margin source of cashflow while it prepares for a much larger bulk gold operation at both Hualilan and El Guaybo in Ecuador.

The Company is fully funded for the next 2 years with cash at bank of \$30 million and it has committed to a 9-rig 120,000 metre drill program at its Flagship Hualilan Gold project.

- 1. Hualilan Gold Project, located in San Juan Province Argentina, is a near term development opportunity. It has extensive historical drilling with over 150 drill-holes and a non-JORC historical resource (1) of 627,000 Oz @ 13.7 g/t gold which remains open in most directions. The project was locked up in a dispute for the past 15 years and as a consequence had seen no modern exploration until CEL acquired the project in 2019. In the past 2 years CEL has completed 495 drill holes for more than 130,000 metres of drilling. Results have included 6.1m @ 34.6 g/t Au, 21.9 g/t Ag, 2.9% Zn, 6.7m @ 14.3 g/t Au, 140 g/t Ag, 7.3% Zn and 10.3m @ 10.4 g/t Au, 28 g/t Ag, 4.6% Zn. This drilling intersected high-grade gold over almost 2 kilometres of strike and extended the known mineralisation along strike and at depth in multiple locations. Recent drilling has demonstrated this high-grade skarn mineralisation is underlain by a significant intrusion-hosted gold system with intercepts including 209.0m at 1.0 g/t Au, 1.4 g/t Ag, 0.1% Zn and 110.5m at 2.5 g/t Au, 7.4 g/t Au, 0.90% Zn in intrusives. CEL's current program which is fully funded will take metres drilled by CEL to 204,000 metres, and include metallurgical test work of key ore types, and an initial JORC Compliant Resource and PFS.
- 2. El Guayabo Gold/Copper Project covers 35 sq kms in southern Ecuador and was last drilled by Newmont Mining in 1995 and 1997 targeting gold in hydrothermal breccias. Historical drilling has demonstrated potential to host significant gold and associated copper and silver mineralisation. Historical drilling has returned a number of intersections including 156m @ 2.6 g/t Au, 9.7 g/t Ag, 0.2% Cu and 112m @ 0.6 % Cu, 0.7 g/t Au, 14.7 g/t Ag which have never been followed up. The Project has multiple targets including breccia hosted mineralisation, an extensive flat lying late-stage vein system and an underlying porphyry system target neither of which has been drill tested. CEL's first results confirm the discovery of large-scale gold system with over 250 metres of bulk gold mineralisation encountered in drill hole ZK-02 which contains a significant high-grade core of 134m at 1.0 g/t gold and 4.1 g/t silver including 63m at 1.6 g/t gold and 5.1 g/t silver.



Foreign Resource Estimate Hualilan Project

La Mancha Resources 2003 foreign resource estimate for the Hualilan Project ^							
Category	Tonnes (kt)	Gold Grade (g/t)	Contained Gold (koz)				
Measured	218	14.2	100				
Indicated	226	14.6	106				
Total of Measured & Indicated	445	14.4	206				
Inferred	977	13.4	421				
Measured, Indicated & Inferred	1,421	13.7	627				

[^] Source: La Mancha Resources Toronto Stock Exchange Release dated 14 May 2003 -Independent Report on Gold Resource Estimate.
Rounding errors may be present. Troy ounces (oz) tabled here

#1 For details of the foreign non-JORC compliant resource and to ensure compliance with LR 5.12 please refer to the Company's ASX Release dated 25 February 2019. These estimates are foreign estimates and not reported in accordance with the JORC Code. A competent person has not done sufficient work to clarify the foreign estimates as a mineral resource in accordance with the JORC Code. It is uncertain that following evaluation and/or further exploration work that the foreign estimate will be able to be reported as a mineral resource. The company is not in possession of any new information or data relating to the foreign estimates that materially impact on the reliability of the estimates or CEL's ability to verify the foreign estimates estimate as minimal resources in accordance with Appendix 5A (JORC Code). The company confirms that the supporting information provided in the initial market announcement on February 25, 2019 continues to apply and is not materially changed.

Competent Person Statement – Exploration results

The information that relates to sampling techniques and data, exploration results and geological interpretation has been compiled Dr Stuart Munroe, BSc (Hons), PhD (Structural Geology), GDip (AppFin&Inv) who is a full-time employee of the Company. Dr Munroe is a Member of the AusIMM. Dr Munroe has over 20 years' experience in the mining and metals industry and qualifies as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code (2012).

Dr Munroe has sufficient experience of relevance to the styles of mineralisation and the types of deposits under consideration, and to the activities undertaken, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Joint Ore Reserves Committee (JORC) Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results. Dr Munroe consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on information in the form and context in which it appears. The Australian Securities Exchange has not reviewed and does not accept responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of this release.

Competent Person Statement – Foreign Resource Estimate

The information in this release provided under ASX Listing Rules 5.12.2 to 5.12.7 is an accurate representation of the available data and studies for the material mining project. The information that relates to Mineral Resources has been compiled by Dr Stuart Munroe, BSc (Hons), PhD (Structural Geology), GDip (AppFin&Inv) who is a full-time employee of the Company. Dr Munroe is a Member of the AusIMM. Dr Munroe has over 20 years' experience in the mining and metals industry and qualifies as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code (2012).

Dr Munroe and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration to qualify as Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the JORC Code for Reporting of, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Dr Munroe consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on information in the form and context in which it appears. The Australian Securities Exchange has not reviewed and does not accept responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of this release.

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report template

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data -El Guayabo Project

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	 Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. 	 Newmont Mining Corp (NYSE: NEM) ("Newmont") and Odin Mining and Exploration Ltd (TSX: ODN) ("Odin") core drilled the property between February 1995 and November 1996 across two drilling campaigns. The sampling techniques were reviewed as part of a 43-101 Technical report on Cangrejos Property which also included the early results of the EI Joven joint venture between Odin and Newmont, under which the work on the EI Guayabo project was undertaken. This report is dated 27 May 2004 and found the sampling techniques and intervals to be appropriate with adequate QA/QC and custody procedures, core recoveries generally 100%, and appropriate duplicates and blanks use for determining assay precision and accuracy. Duplicates were prepared by the Laboratory (Bonder Cleg) which used internal standards. Newmont also inserted its own standards at 25 sample intervals as a control on analytical quality Diamond drilling produced core that was sawed in half with one half sent to the laboratory for assaying per industry standards and the remaining core retained on site. Cu assays above 2% were not re-assayed using a technique calibrated to higher value Cu results hence the maximum reported assay for copper is 2%. All core samples were analysed using a standard fire assay with atomic absorption finish on a 30 g charge (30 g FAA). Because of concerns about possible reproducibility problems in the gold values resulting from the presence of coarse gold, the coarse crusher rejects for all samples with results greater than 0.5 g/t were re-assayed using the "blaster" technique - a screen type fire analysis based on a pulverized sample with a mass of about 5 kg. Samples from most of these intersections were also analysed for Cu, Mo, Pb, Zn and Ag. CEL has re-sampled sections of the Newmont and Odin drill core. ½ drill core was cutover intervals that replicated the earlier sampling. Sample intervals ranged from 0.7 – 4.5m with an average of 2.0m. 53

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		Au by fire assay (50g) with AAS determination and gravimetric determination for values > 10 g/t Au and assay for 48 elements by 4-acid digest with ICP-MS determination. Rock chip
		samples are taken so as to be as representative as possible of the exposure being mapped. Colorado V:
		 Soil sampling: A database of 4,495 soil analyses has been provided by Goldking Mining Company S.A. (GK) which has yet to be fully evaluated. No information has been provided on the method of sample collection or assay technique. The soil analyses include replicate samples and second split analyses. Pulps have been securely retained by Goldking Mining Company and have been made available to CEL for check assaying. Check assaying is planned, including collection of field duplicates.
		 Rock chip sampling during regional mapping has been done on selected exposures. Sampling involves taking 2-3 kg of rock using a hammer from surface exposures that is representative of the exposure.
		 Selected intervals of drill core have been cut longitudinally and half core were submitted for gold determination at GK's on-site laboratory prior to CEL's involvement with the Project.
		 Re-sampling of the core involves taking ¼ core (where the core has previously been sampled) or ½ core (where the core has not previously been sampled). The core is cut longitudinally and sample intervals of 1 – 3 meters have been collected for analysis. ZKO-1
		and ZK1-3 have been analysed for of gold by fire assay (30g) with ICP determination and other elements by 4 acid digest with ICP-AES finish (36 elements) at SGS del Peru S.A.C. SAZK0-1, SAZK0-2, SAZK2-1, ZK0-2, ZK0-5, ZK1-5, ZK1-6, ZK2-1, ZK3-1, ZK3-4, ZK13-1 and
		ZK18-1 have been analysed for of gold by fire assay (30g) with ICP determination and other elements by 4 acid digest with combined ICP-AES and ICP-MS finish (50 elements) at SGS
		del Peru S.A.C. Samples from other holes have been analysed for gold by fire assay (30g) with ICP determination and overlimit (>10 g/t Au) by fire assay with gravimetric determination and other elements by 4-acid digest with ICP-MS (48 elements) at ALS Laboratories in Peru.
		 Underground development has been mapped and channel sampled. Channel samples have been taken by cutting a horizontal channel of approximately 5 cm width and 4 cm depth into the walls at a nominal height of 1m above the ground. The channel cuts were made
		with an angle grinder mounted with a diamond blade. Samples were extracted from the channel with a hammer and chisel to obtain a representative sample with a similar weight per metre as would be obtained from a drill core sample. Analysis of the samples has been done by ALS Laboratories in Peru using the same preparation and analysis as has been used

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		for drill core samples.
Drilling techniques	 Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). 	Diamond core drilling HQ size from surface and reducing to NQ size as necessary. The historical records do not indicate if the core was oriented Colorado V: Diamond drilling was done using a rig owned by GK. Core size collected includes HQ, NO and NQ3. There is no indication that oriented core was recovered.
Drill sample recovery	 Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	 In a majority of cases core recovery was 100%. In the historical drill logs where core recoveries were less than 100% the percentage core recovery was noted. No documentation on the methods to maximise sample recovery was reported in histori reports however inspection of the available core and historical drilling logs indicate that core recoveries were generally 100% with the exception of the top few metres of each d hole. No material bias has presently been recognised in core. Observation of the core from various drill holes indicate that the rock is generally fairly solid even where it has been subjected to intense, pervasive hydrothermal alteration and core recoveries are generally 100%. Consequently, it is expected that the samples obtain were not unduly biased by significant core losses either during the drilling or cutting processes
		 Colorado V: Core from Goldking has been re-boxed prior to sampling where boxes have deteriorated otherwise the original boxes have been retained. Core lengths have been measured and compared to the depth tags that are kept in the boxes from the drilling and recovered lengths have been recorded with the logging. Where re-boxing of the core is required, core has been placed in the new boxes, row-by row with care taken to ensure all of the core has been transferred. No relationship has been observed between core recovery and sample assay values.
Logging	 Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. 	 El Guayabo: Geological logging was completed at 1-3 m intervals which is appropriate given the exploration was reconnaissance in nature. All core was logged qualitatively at 1 to 3 m intervals depending on geology intercepted and core was photographed.

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JORC Code explanation Criteria Commentary - The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. Inspections of core and logging have concluded that the logging was representative. 100% of all core including all relevant intersections were logged Progress of El Guayabo core re-logging and re-sampling is summarized below: Logging Core Total Depth (m) Hole ID Status Photograph **Sampling Status** Samples GY-01 249.2 Complete 25 Complete **Partial** GY-02 272.9 Complete Complete **Partial** 88 295.99 GY-03 Pending Complete Pending GY-04 172.21 Pending Complete Pending GY-05 258.27 56 **Partial** Complete **Partial** GY-06 101.94 Pending Complete Pending GY-07 127.0 Pending Complete Pending GY-08 312.32 Pending Complete Pending GY-09 166.25 Pending Complete Pending GY-10 194.47 Pending Pending Pending GY-11 241.57 Complete Complete **Partial** 84 GY-12 255.7 **Partial** Complete Pending GY-13 340.86 Pending Pending Pending GY-14 309.14 Pending Pending Pending **GY-15** 251.07 Pending Pending Pending

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GY-16

GY-17

GY-18

GY-19

Logged (m)

Total (m)

JDH-01

JDH-02

JDH-03

Contact

195.73

280.04

160.35

175.42

1,043.71

4,185.01

236.89

257.62

260.97

Pending

Complete

Pending

Pending

Re-logged

Odin Drilled

missing core

missing core

missing core

Pending

Complete

Complete

Complete

missing core

missing core

missing core

Pending

Partial

Pending

Pending

missing core

missing core

missing core

Samples Submitted

36

289

iteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary					
		JDH-04	219.00	missing core	missing core	missing core	
		JDH-05	210.37	missing core	missing core	missing core	
		JDH-06	302.74	Complete	Complete	Partial	9
		JDH-07	105.79	Pending	Pending	Pending	
		JDH-08	352.74	Pending	Pending	Pending	
		JDH-09	256.70	Complete	Complete	Partial	4
		JDH-10	221.64	Complete	Complete	Partial	4
		JDH-11	217.99	Pending	Complete	Pending	
		JDH-12	124.08	Complete	Complete	Partial	2
		JDH-13	239.33	Complete	Complete	Partial	2
		_ JDH-14	239.32	Complete	Complete	Partial	30
		Logged (m)	1,038.09	Re-logged		Samples Submitted	263
		Total (m)	3,245.18	Newmont Dri	lled		

	Depth		Core		Total
Hole_ID	(m)	Logging Status	Photograph	Sampling Status	Samples
GYDD-21-001	800.5	Complete	Complete	Complete	581
GYDD-21-002	291.7	Complete	Complete	Complete	204
GYDD-21-002A	650.6	Complete	Complete	Complete	282
GYDD-21-003	723.2	Complete	Complete	Corô phepe ete	Complete Comp 545
GYDD-21-004	696.1	Complete	Complete	Corô phapd ete	Complete3 Comp
GYDD-21-005	632.1	Complete	Complete	Corô phapd ete	Compl ette 5 Comp
GYDD-21-006	365.3	Complete	Complete	Corô phapd ete	Comple 68 Comp
GYDD-21-007	Partial	Partial	Partial	Partial	Partial
GYDD-21-008	Partial	Partial	Partial	Partial	Partial

Colorado V:

 Sorting, re-boxing and re-logging of available drill core is in progress. Core is being logged for lithology, alteration, mineralisation and structure. Where possible, logging is quantitative.

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teria	JORC Code explanation	Commenta	ry				
		• Pro	gress of Colora	ido V core re-l	ogging and re-sam	npling is summarized bel	ow:
		Hole_ID	Depth (m)	Logging Status	Core Photograph	Sampling Status	Total Samples
		ZK0-1	413.6	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	28
		ZK0-2	581.6	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	38
		ZK0-3	463.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	33
		ZK0-4	458.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	35
		ZK0-5	624.0	Complete	Pending	Samples Submitted	48
		ZK1-1	514.6	Complete	Pending	Samples Submitted	28
		ZK1-2	403.1	Complete	Complete	Not Re-Sampled	
		ZK1-3	425.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	2
		ZK1-4	379.5	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	2
		ZK1-5	419.5	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	2
		ZK1-6	607.5	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	4
		ZK1-7	453.18	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	3
		ZK1-8	556.0	Pending	Pending	Pending	
		ZK1-9	220.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	1
		ZK2-1	395.5	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	3
		ZK3-1	372.48	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	2
		ZK3-1A	295.52	Pending	Pending	Pending	
		ZK3-2	364.80	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	23
		ZK3-4	322.96	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	15
		ZK4-1	434.0	Pending	Pending	Pending	
		ZK4-2	390.5	Pending	Pending	Pending	
		ZK4-3	650.66	Pending	Pending	Pending	
		ZK4-4	285.0	Pending	Pending	Pending	
		ZK5-1	321.90	Complete	Complete	Not Re-sampled	
		ZK5-2	321.0	Complete	Complete	Not Re-sampled	

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation			Commentary					
				ZK5-3	446.5	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK5-4	508.0	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK5-5	532.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	378
				ZK6-1	552.6	Pending	Complete	Pending	
				ZK6-2	531	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK10-1	454.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	229
				ZK10-2	318.82	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	206
				ZK10-3	331.52	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	220
				ZK11-1	237.50	Complete	Complete	Not Re-sampled	
				ZK12-1	531.50	Complete	Complete	Not Re-sampled	
				ZK12-2	510.6	Complete	Complete	Not Re-sampled	
				ZK13-1	394.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	246
				ZK13-2	194.0	Pending	Complete	Pending	
				ZK13-3	197.06	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK13-4	176.57	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK13-5	184.7	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK16-1	324.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	212
				ZK16-2	385.83	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	223
				ZK18-1	410.5	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	286
				ZK19-1	548.60	Complete	Complete	Not Re-sampled	
				ZK100-1	415.0	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK103-1	524.21	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK105-1	404.57	Pending	Pending	Pending	
				ZK205-1	347.0	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	211
				SAZKO-1A	569.1	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	396
				SAZKO-2A	407.5	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	260
				SAZK2-1	430.89	Complete	Complete	Samples Submitted	195
				SAZK2-2 CK2-1	354.47 121.64	Complete missing core	Complete missing core	Not Re-Sampled missing core	
allenger Exploration Limit	red Issued Canital	Australian Registered Office	Directors		Contact			. 3	

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary	/				
		CK2-2	171.85	missing core	missing core	missing core	
		CK2-3	116.4	missing core	missing core	missing core	
		CK2-4	146.12	missing core	missing core	missing core	
		CK2-5	357.56	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK2-6	392.56	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK3-1	185.09	missing core	missing core	missing core	
		CK3-2	21.75	missing core	missing core	missing core	
		CK3-3	138.02	missing core	missing core	missing core	
		CK5-1	273.56	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK5-2	273.11	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK13-1	227.1	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK13-2	231.16	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK13-3	197.06	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK13-4	176.57	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK13-5	184.70	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		CK21-1	143.47	Complete	Complete	Complete	
		Logged (m)	25,315.07	Re-logged		Samples Submitted	7,894
		Total (m)	23,315.07	Core Shack			
		Total (m)	26,528.26	Drilled			
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	 If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. 	 All d Sam was pulv assa limit Mea 	rilling was cor ple preparation dried, crushe erized. A sub- y on a 30 g ch sures taken to	re drilling as suc on was appropri d to a nominal - sample of the p arge with an ato o ensure that th	- 10 mesh (ca 2n ulp was then ser omic absorption e sampling is re		ere split out tandard fire o Au detect material

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Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material

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was undertaken by Odin which demonstrated the repeatability of original assay results

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	being sampled.	 The use of a 1-3 m sample length is appropriate for deposits of finely disseminated mineralisation where long mineralised intersections are to be expected. CEL ½ core sampling was done by cutting the core with a diamond saw. Standards (CRM) and blanks were inserted into the batched sent for preparation and analysis. No duplicate samples were taken and ½ core was retained for future reference. The sample size is appropriate for the style of mineralisation observed. CEL rock chip samples of 2-3 kg are crushed to a nominal 2mm and a 500 g sub-sample is pulverized. The rock chips are collected from surface expose in creeks. Sampling is done so as to represent the material being mapped. The sample size is appropriate for the grain size of the material being sampled. Colorado V: No information is available on the method/s that have been used to collect the soil samples. Selected intervals of drill core have been cut longitudinally using a diamond saw and ½ core has been sampled. Sample intervals range from 0.1m to 4.5m with an average length of 1.35m. The size of the samples is appropriate for the mineralisation observed in the core. Re-sampling of the core involves cutting of ¼ core (where previously sampled) or ½ core where not previously sampled. ¼ or ½ core over intervals of 1-3 metres provides an additional provides and sales are for the mineralisation of 1-3 metres provides an additional provides and sales are for the mineralisation observed.
- "		adequate sample size for the material being sampled.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.	 The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used by Newmont and Odin are still in line with industry best practice with appropriate QA/QC and chain of custody and are considered appropriate. Available historical data does not mention details of geophysical tools as such it is believed a geophysical campaign was not completed in parallel with the drilling campaign. Duplicates were prepared by the Laboratory (Bonder Cleg) which used internal standards. Newmont also inserted its own standards at 25 sample intervals as a control on analytical quality. Later Odin undertook a re-assaying program of the majority of the higher-grade sections which confirmed the repeatability. Given the above, it is considered acceptable levels of accuracy and precision have been established CEL ¼ and ½ core samples were prepared for assay at SGS Del Ecuador S.A.in Quito, Ecuador with analysis completed by in Lima at SGS del in Peru S.A.C and by ALS Laboratories in Quito with analysis completed by ALS in Vancouver, Canada. Samples were

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JORC Code explanation Criteria Commentary crushed and a 500g sub-sample was pulverized to 85% passing 75 µm. The technique provides for a near total analysis of the economic elements of interest. CEL rock chip samples were prepared for assay at ALS Laboratories (Quito) with analysis being completed at ALS Laboratories (Peru). The fire assay and 4-acid digest provide for near-total analysis of the economic elements of interest. No standards or blanks were submitted with the rock chip samples. Colorado V: No information is available on the methods used to analyse the soil or drill core samples. Assay results are not provided in this report. Soil samples have been analysed by GK for Au, Cu, Ag, Zn, Pb, As, Mn, Ni, Cr, Mo, Sn, V, Ti, Co, B, Ba, Sb, Bi and Hg. Pulps have been securely retained and check assaying is planned. Drill core was partially assayed for gold only with assays undertaken by Goldking's on site laboratory CEL samples of drill core re-sampled by CEL blanks and CRM (standards) added to the batches to check sample preparation and analysis. 3 separate CRM's were included in the batches sent for analysis. All three have certified Au values. The results of the analysis of the CRM is shown below. With a few exceptions, the CRM has returned results within +/- 2 SD of the certified reference value. There is no bias in the results returned from either SGS or ALS laboratories. CRM3 analyses by fire assay at SGS did not include overlimit (>10 g/t). SGS - CRM1 - Au (ppm) - mean +/- 2SD ALS - CRM1 - Au (ppm) - mean +/- 2SD SGS - CRM2 - Au (ppm) - mean +/- 2SD ALS - CRM2 - Au (ppm) - mean +/- 2SD

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Contact

SGS - CRM3 - Au (ppm) - mean +/- 2SD

ALS - CRM3 - Au (ppm) - mean +/- 2SD

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No duplicate samples have been submitted.

Two different blanks have been included randomly within the sample batches. A CRM

JORC Code explanation Criteria Commentary blank with a value of <0.01 ppm (10 ppb) Au was used initially. More recent batches have used a blank gravel material which has no certified reference value. The results are shown below. The first 4 gravel blanks show elevated Au values which is believed to be due to contamination of the blank prior to submission and not due to laboratory contamination. With one exception, the blanks have returned values below 10 ppb. SGS - CRM Blank - Au (ppb) SGS - Gravel Blank - Au (ppb) ALS - Gravel Blank - Au (ppm) ALS - Cement Blank - Au (ppm) Verification of The verification of significant intersections by either independent or El Guavabo: sampling and All intersections with results greater than 0.5 g/t were re-assayed using the "blaster" alternative company personnel. assaying The use of twinned holes. technique - a screen type fire analysis based on a pulverised sample with a mass of about 5 Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data kg. Additionally, Odin re-assayed the many of the higher-grade sections with re-assay verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. results demonstrating repeatability of the original results. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. Neither Newmont nor Odin attempted to verify intercepts with twinned holes Data was sourced from scanned copies of original drill logs and in some cases original paper copies of assay sheets are available. This data is currently stored in a drop box data base with the originals held on site. No adjustments to assay data were made. CEL assay data has not been independently verified or audited. Data is stored electronically in MS Excel and PDF format from the Laboratory and entered into a Project database for analysis. There has been no adjustment of the data. Colorado V: There is no information available on the verification of sample and assay results. No assay data is provided in this report. Soil replicate samples and second split assay results have been provided but not fully analysed at this stage. Of the 4,495 soil samples in the GK database, 166 are replicate samples and 140 are second split re-analyses. 37 samples have no co-ordinates in the database.

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		 The remaining 4,152 have analyses for all 19 elements indicated above. Significant intersections have been internally checked against the assay data received. The data received has been archived electronically and a database of all drill information is being developed. There is no adjustment of the assay data.
Location of data points	 Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	 Newmont undertook survey to located drill holes in accordance with best practice at the time. No formal check surveying has been undertaken to verify drill collar locations at this stage Coordinate System: PSAD 1956 UTM Zone 17S Projection: Transverse Mercator Datum: Provisional S American 1956 Quality of topographic control appears to be+ - 1 meter which is sufficient for the exploration activities undertaken. Rock chip samples have been located using topographic maps with the assistance of handheld GPS. Colorado V: Coordinate System: PSAD 1956 UTM Zone 17S Projection: Transverse Mercator Datum: Provisional S American 1956 No information is available on the collar and down-hole survey techniques used on the Colorado V concession. Rock chip sample locations are determined by using a handheld GPS unit which is appropriate for the scale of the mapping program being undertaken.
Data spacing and distribution	 Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	 Drilling on both concessions is exploration based and a grid was not considered appropriate at that time. A JORC compliant Mineral Resource has not been estimated Sample compositing was not used
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	 Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	A sampling bias is not evident.
Sample security	- The measures taken to ensure sample security.	El Guayabo: • Newmont sent all its field samples to the Bondar Clegg sample preparation facility in Quito

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		for preparation. From there, approximately 100 grams of pulp for each sample was air freighted to the Bondar Clegg laboratory (now absorbed by ALS-Chemex) in Vancouver, for analysis. There is no record of any special steps to monitor the security of the samples during transport either between the field and Quito, or between Quito and Vancouver. However, Newmont did insert its own standards at 25 sample intervals as a control on analytical quality. • CEL samples are kept in a secure location and prepared samples are transported with appropriate paperwork, securely by registered couriers. Details of the sample security and chain of custody are kept at the Project office for future audits. Colorado V: • GK analysed samples in an on-site laboratory. It is understood that the samples have remained on site at all times. • CEL have collected samples at the core shed at El Guayabo and secured the samples in polyweave sacks for transport by courier to SGS Laboratories in Quito for preparation. SGS in Quito courier the prepared sample pulps to SGS in Peru for analysis. Photographs and documentation are retained to demonstrate the chain of custody of the samples at all stages.
Audits or revie	ews - The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	El Guayabo:
		 The sampling techniques were reviewed as part of a 43-101 Technical report on Cangrejos Property which also included the early results of the El Joven joint venture between Odin and Newmont, under which the work on the El Guayabo project was undertaken. This report is dated 27 May 2004 and found the sampling techniques and intervals to be appropriate with adequate QA/QC and custody procedures, core recoveries generally 100%, and appropriate duplicates and blanks use for determining assay precision and accuracy. There have been no audits of reviews of CEL data for the El Guayabo. Colorado V: No audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data is known. Goldking did twin two earlier holes with results still being compiled.

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Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	 Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	 The El Guayabo (Code. 225) mining concession is located within El Oro Province. The concession is held by Torata Mining Resources S.A (TMR S.A) and was granted in compliance with the Mining Act ("MA") in on April 27, 2010. There are no overriding royalties on the project other than normal Ecuadorian government royalties. The property has no historical sites, wilderness or national park issues. The mining title grants the owner an exclusive right to perform mining activities, including, exploration, exploitation and processing of minerals over the area covered by the prior title for a period of 25 years, renewable for a further 25 years. Under its option agreement, the owner has been granted a negative pledge (which is broadly equivalent to a fixed and floating charge) over the concession. In addition, a duly notarized Irrevocable Promise to Transfer executed by TMR S.A in favor of AEP has been lodged with the Ecuador Mines Department. The Colorado V mining concession (Code No. 3363.1) located in Bellamaria, Santa Rosa, El Oro, Ecuador was granted in compliance with the Mining Act ("MA") in on July 17, 2001. It is adjacent to El Guayabo concession to the north. The concession is held by Goldking Mining Company S.A. There are no overriding royalties on the project other than normal Ecuadorian government royalties. The El Guayabo 2 (Code. 300964) mining concession is located Torata parish, Santa Rosa canton, El Oro province, Ecuador. The concession is held by T Mr. Segundo Ángel Marín Gómez and Mrs. Hermida Adelina Freire Jaramillo and was granted in compliance with the Mining Act ("MA") on 29April 29, 2010. There are no overriding royalties on the project other than normal Ecuadorian government royalties. The property has no historical sites, wilderness, or national park issues.
Exploration done by other parties	 Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties. 	 Previous exploration on the project has been undertaken by Newmont and Odin from 1994 to 1997. This included surface pit and rock chip geochemistry, followed by the drilling of 33 drill holes for a total of 7605.52 meters) to evaluate the larger geochemical anomalies. The collection of all exploration data by Newmont and Odin was of a high standard and had appropriate sampling techniques and intervals, adequate QA/QC and custody procedures, and appropriate duplicates and blanks used for determining assay precision and accuracy. The geological interpretation of this data, including core logging and follow up geology was designed and directed by in-country inexperienced geologists. It appears to have been focused almost exclusively for gold targeting surface gold anomalies or the depth extensions of higher-grade gold zones being exploited by the artisanal miners. The geologic logs for all drill holes did not record details that would have been typical, industry standards for porphyry

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Criteria Jo	ORC Code explanation	Commentary
		 copper exploration at that time. Several holes which ended in economic mineralisation have never been followed up. In short, important details which would have allowed the type of target to be better explored were missed which in turn presents an opportunity to the current owner. Colorado V: All exploration known has been completed by GK. Drilling has been done from 2016 to 2019. 56 drill holes, totaling 21,471.83m have been completed by GK. El Guayabo 2: Exploration work undertaken by the previous owner was limited to field mapping and sampling including assaying of a small number of samples for gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc. The report is only available in Spanish and assays were conducted in a local laboratory in Ecuador with the majority of this work undertaken in 2017.
Geology -	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	 It is believed that the El Guayabo, El Guayabo 2, and Colorado V concessions contain a "Low Sulfide" porphyry gold copper system and intrusive-related gold. The host rocks for the intrusive complex is metamorphic basement and Oligocene – Mid-Miocene volcanic rocks. This suggests the intrusions are of a similar age to the host volcanic sequence, which also suggests an evolving basement magmatic system. Intrusions are described in the core logs as quartz diorite and dacite. Mineralisation has been recognized in: Steeply plunging breccia bodies and in the metamorphic host rock adjacent to the breccia (up to 200 m in diameter) Quartz veins and veinlets Disseminated pyrite and pyrrhotite in the intrusions and in the metamorphic host rock near the intrusions.
Drill hole - Information	A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: • easting and northing of the drill hole collar • elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar • dip and azimuth of the hole • down hole length and interception depth • hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does	El Guayabo drill hole information is provided below.
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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary							
	not detract from the understanding of the	DRILLHOLE	EAST	NORTH	ELEVATION	AZIMUTH	DIP	FINAL	DRILLED
	report, the Competent Person should	CODE	(X)	(N)	(m.a.s.l)	(°)	(°)	DEPTHP	BY
	clearly explain why this is the case.	DDHGY 01	628928.09	9605517.20	839.01	360	-90.0	249.20	Odin
		DDHGY 02	629171.15	9606025.55	983.16	360.0	-90.0	272.90	Odin
		DDHGY 03	629041.84	9606312.81	1063.37	305.0	-60.0	295.94	Odin
		DDHGY 04	629171.68	9606025.18	983.2	125.0	-60.0	172.21	Odin
		DDHGY 05	628509.21	9606405.29	989.87	145.0	-60.0	258.27	Odin
		DDHGY 06	629170.56	9606025.97	983.11	305.0	-60.0	101.94	Odin
		DDHGY 07	629170.81	9606025.80	983.16	305.0	-75.0	127.00	Odin
		DDHGY 08	628508.95	9606405.74	989.86	145.0	-75.0	312.32	Odin
		DDHGY 09	629171.22	9606025.88	983.22	45.0	-75.0	166.25	Odin
		DDHGY 10	629170.77	9606025.24	983.12	225.0	-75.0	194.47	Odin
		DDHGY11	628507.97	9606405.33	989.83	160.0	-60.0	241.57	Odin
		DDHGY 12	629087.18	9606035.53	996.98	125.0	-60.0	255.7	Odin
		DDHGY 13	629242.46	9605975.42	997.292	320.0	-65.0	340.86	Odin
		DDHGY 14	629242.27	9605975.64	997.285	320.0	-75.0	309.14	Odin
		DDHGY 15	629194.67	9605912.35	977.001	320.0	-60.0	251.07	Odin
		DDHGY 16	629285.92	9606044.44	1036.920	320.0	-60.0	195.73	Odin
		DDHGY 17	629122.31	9606058.64	1021.053	125.0	-82.0	280.04	Odin
		DDHGY 18	628993.10	9606035.45	977.215	140.0	-60.0	160.35	Odin
		DDHGY 19	629087.23	9606034.98	997.332	45.0	-53.0	175.41	Odin

Issued Capital 979.4m shares 48.0m options 120m perf shares 16m perf rights

Australian Registered Office Level 1 1205 Hay Street West Perth WA 6005

Directors Mr Kris Knauer, MD and CEO Mr Scott Funston, Finance Director Mr Fletcher Quinn, Chairman Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		DRILLHOLE E

DRILLHOLE	EAST	NORTH	ELEVATION	AZIMUTH	DIP	FINAL	DRILLED
CODE	(X)	(N)	(m.a.s.l)	(°)	(°)	DEPTHP	BY
JDH01	627185.78	9606463.27	933.47	280.0	-60.0	236.89	Newmont
JDH02	627260.37	9606353.12	921.56	280.0	-45.0	257.62	Newmont
JDH03	627191.61	9606200.35	952.82	280.0	-45.0	260.97	Newmont
JDH04	627429.81	9606324.00	933.80	280.0	-45.0	219.00	Newmont
JDH05	627755.97	9606248.70	1066.24	280.0	-45.0	210.37	Newmont
JDH06	628356.37	9606416.13	911.58	150.0	-45.0	302.74	Newmont
JDH07	628356.37	9606416.13	911.58	150.0	-75.0	105.79	Newmont
JDH08	628356.37	9606416.13	911.58	150.0	-60.0	352.74	Newmont
JDH09	628507.01	9606408.43	990.18	150.0	-45.0	256.70	Newmont
JDH10	628897.96	9606813.62	985.60	270.0	-45.0	221.64	Newmont
JDH11	628878.64	9606674.39	1081.96	270.0	-45.0	217.99	Newmont
JDH12	629684.61	9606765.31	993.45	150.0	-60.0	124.08	Newmont
JDH13	629122.61	9606058.49	1020.98	125.0	-60.0	239.33	Newmont
JDH14	628897.15	9605562.77	852.59	90.0	-45.0	239.32	Newmont

El Guayabo CEL drill hole information:

hole ID	East (m)	North (m)	Elevation	Azimuth (°)	Dip (°)	final depth	Driller
GYDD-21-001	628893.56	9606473.61	1074.98	330	-60	800.5	CEL
GYDD-21-002	629648.12	9606889.41	913.03	330	-60	291.7	CEL
GYDD-21-002A	629648.91	9606888.00	913.71	330	-60	650.6	CEL
GYDD-21-003	628613.31	9606603.66	1031.61	149	-60	723.2	CEL
GYDD-21-004	628612.17	9606605.66	1031.91	330	-60	696.1	CEL
GYDD-21-005	628433.90	9606380.35	962.07	329	-60	632.1	CEL
GYDD-21-006	628435.80	9606378.12	962.20	100	-60	365.3	CEL
GYDD-21-007	628090.04	9606551.67	839.68	150	-60	Drilling	CEL
GYDD-21-008	628435.62	9606377.74	962.24	150	-60	Drilling	CEL
GYDD-21-009	628932.60	9606035.43	987.81	100	-60	Planned	CEL
GYDD-21-010	628088.44	9606552.79	839.92	180	-60	Planned	CEL
GYDD-21-011	628987.88	9606169.64	1018.56	330	-60	Planed	CEL

Challenger Exploration Limited ACN 123 591 382 ASX: CEL Issued Capital 979.4m shares 48.0m options 120m perf shares 16m perf rights Australian Registered Office Level 1 1205 Hay Street West Perth WA 6005 Directors
Mr Kris Knauer, MD and CEO
Mr Scott Funston, Finance Director
Mr Fletcher Quinn, Chairman
Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

riteria	JORC Code explanation	Comr	nentary						
			drill hole informat						
		hole ID	East (m)	North (m)	Elevatio	Azimuth	Dip	final	Driller
		71/0 4	626270 705	0.0000000000	n 204.452	(°)	(°)	depth	CI I 71 "
		ZK0-1	626378.705	9608992.99	204.452	221	-60	413.60	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK0-2	626378.705	9608992.99	204.452	221	-82	581.60	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK0-3	626475.236	9609095.444	197.421	221	-75	463.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK0-4	626476.119	9609098.075	197.225	221	-90	458.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK0-5	626475.372	9609100.909	197.17	300	-70	624.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-1	626310.629	9608865.923	226.385	61	-70	514.60	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-2	626313.901	9608867.727	226.494	150	-70	403.10	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-3	626382.401	9608894.404	229.272	61	-70	425.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-4	626502.206	9608982.539	227.333	61	-70	379.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-5	626497.992	9608979.449	227.241	241	-70	419.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-6	626500.813	9608979.367	227.315	180	-70	607.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-7	626498.548	9608979.541	227.28	241	-82	453.18	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-8	626501.094	9608980.929	227.208	61	-85	556.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK1-9	626416.4	9609040.6	202.416	203	-23	220.00	Lee Mining
		ZK2-1	626329.859	9609005.863	213.226	221	-90	395.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK3-1	628295.833	9608947.769	309.987	279	-38	372.48	
		ZK3-1-A	626416.4	9609040.6	202.416	179	-29	295.52	Lee Mining
		ZK3-2	628295.833	9608947.769	309.987	205	-30	364.80	-
		ZK3-4	628295.833	9608947.769	309.987	170	-30	322.96	
		ZK4-1	626281.066	9609038.75	224.176	221	-90	434.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK4-2	626281.066	9609038.75	224.176	221	-70	390.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK4-3	626386.498	9609186.951	225.517	221	-70	650.66	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK4-4	626287.7817	9609031.298	215	215	-05	285.00	S. G.
		ZK5-1	626377.846	9608790.388	273.43	221	-78	321.90	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK5-2	626377.539	9608793.769	273.542	41	-78 -78	319.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK5-3	626383.556	9608800.999	273.622	330	-78 -70	446.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK5-4	626383.556	9608800.999	273.622	330	-70 -78	508.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK5-4 ZK5-5	626432.795	9608847.735	242.572	61	-76 -70	532.00	Shandong Zhaojin
						221			
		ZK6-1	626230.28	9609020.202	260.652		-70 70	552.60	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK6-2	626165.623	9608991.594	271.928	221	-70	531.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK10-1	626700.8538	9609675.002	126.617	221	-53	454.00	Lee Mining
		ZK10-2	626744.7	9609711	110.817	310	-30	318.82	
		ZK10-3	626744.7	9609711	110.817	310	-60	331.52	

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Mr Fletcher Quinn, Chairman
Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Comm	entary						
		ZK11-1	626446.263	9608705.238	290.028	221	-78	237.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK12-1	626088.326	9609034.197	314.552	221	-70	531.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK12-2	626019.538	9608961.409	294.649	221	-70	510.60	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK13-1	627763.877	9609906.484	197.899	180	-70	394.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK13-2	627757.925	9609713.788	234.34	0	-70	194.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK13-3	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	197.06	
		ZK13-4	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	176.57	
		ZK13-5	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	184.70	
		ZK16-1	626432.95	9609539.705	207.288	153	-45	330.00	
		ZK16-2	626432.95	9609539.705	207.288	183	-45	394.00	
		ZK18-1	627123.327	9609846.268	142.465	180	-70	410.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK19-1	626753.271	9608802.634	386.627	221	-70	548.60	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK100-1	626170.882	9608923.778	251.177	131	-70	415.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		ZK103-1	628203.1453	9607944.85	535.324	215	-53	524.21	Lee Mining
		ZK105-1	628172.5923	9607826.055	541.244	183	-54	404.57	Lee Mining
		ZK205-1	626257.123	9608795.904	243.297	160	-70	347.00	Shandong Zhaojin
		SAZKO-1A	627477.062	9609865.618	217.992	180	-70	569.10	Shandong Zhaojin
		SAZK0-2A	627468.807	9609805.054	213.63	180	-70	407.50	Shandong Zhaojin
		SAZK2-1	627330.0126	9609556.466	201.145	76	-05	430.89	Lee Mining
		SAZK2-2	627330.0126	9609556.466	201.145	62	-05	354.47	Lee Mining
		CK2-1	626328.573	9609000.856	216.798	221	-45	121.64	Shandong Zhaojin
		CK2-2	626328.573	9609000.856	216.798	251	-45	171.85	Shandong Zhaojin
		CK2-3	626328.573	9609000.856	216.798	191	-45	116.40	Shandong Zhaojin
		CK2-4	626328.573	9609000.856	216.798	221	-70	146.12	Shandong Zhaojin
		CK2-5	626254.4315	9608931.693	190.593	342	-05	357.56	Lee Mining
		CK2-6	626298.1066	9608961.819	203.231	332	-18	392.56	Lee Mining
		CK3-1	626359.641	9608859.373	205.96	20	-15	185.09	Shandong Zhaojin
		CK3-2	626359.641	9608859.373	205.96	163	00	21.75	Shandong Zhaojin
		CK3-3	626359.641	9608859.373	205.96	50	-15	138.02	Shandong Zhaojin
		CK5-1	626460.1233	9608906.592	202.124	194	-74	273.56	Lee Mining
		CK5-2	626457.0999	96089.8.4999	202.126	251	-69	273.11	Lee Mining
		CK13-1	626610.0642	9608838.445	202.556	41	-05	227.10	Lee Mining
		CK13-2	626610.0642	9608838.445	202.556	41	-40	231.16	Lee Mining
		CK13-3	626605.2307	9608833.471	202.556	221	-59	197.06	Lee Mining
		CK13-4	626604.0848	9608836.544	203.013	209	-45	176.57	5
		CK13-5	626607.5245	9608832.296	203.013	136	-45	184.70	
		CK21-1	626693.536	9608691.062	204.927	41	00	143.47	

Issued Capital 979.4m shares 48.0m options 120m perf shares 16m perf rights Australian Registered Office Level 1 1205 Hay Street West Perth WA 6005 Directors
Mr Kris Knauer, MD and CEO
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Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Data aggregation methods	 In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	 No grade cutting has been used to derive the weighted average grades reported. Minimum cut of grade of 0.2 g/t Au Equivalent (AuEq) was used for determining intercepts. Aggregate intercepts have been reported with higher grade inclusions to demonstrate the impact of aggregation. A bottom cut of 0.5 g/t Au Equivalent has been used to determine the higher-grade inclusions. Given the generally consistent nature of the mineralisation the impact of the aggregation of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results does not have a large impact. For example, in the intercept of 156m @ 2.6 g.t Au in hole GGY-02: over half of the intercept comprises gold grades in excess of 1 g/t Au only 20% of the intercept includes grades between 0.2 and 0.5 g/t Au over one third includes gold grades in excess of 2 g/t Au. Au Eq assumes a gold price of USD 1,780/oz, a silver price of USD 22 /oz, a copper price of USD 9,650 /t, and a Molybdenum price of US\$45,500 Metallurgical recovery factors for gold, silver,copper, and Molybdenum are assumed to be equal. No metallurgical factors have been applied in calculating the Au Eq, hence the formula for calculating the Au Eq is: Au (g/t) + (Ag (g/t) x 22/1780) + (1.68604 x Cu (%) + (7.07612 x Mo (%)). CEL confirms that it is the company's opinion that all the elements included in the metal equivalents calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered and sold.

Issued Capital 979.4m shares 48.0m options 120m perf shares 16m perf rights Australian Registered Office Level 1 1205 Hay Street West Perth WA 6005 **Directors**Mr Kris Knauer, MD and CEO
Mr Scott Funston, Finance Director
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Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

Drillhole		Minerali	sed Inte	Total		Gold		Ag			Cu		Au Equiv	Azimuth	Incl	TD
(#)		From	То	(m)		(g/t)		(g/t)			(%)		(g/t)	(deg)	(deg)	(m)
JDH-001	from	183	190.6	7.6	m @	0.3	g/t Au +		not a	ssa	yed		n/a	280	-60	236.9
JDH-002	from	7.6	152.9	145.3	m @	0.4	g/t Au +		not a	ssa	yed		n/a	280	-45	257.5
	and	199	243	44.0	m @	0.4	g/t Au +		not a	ssa	yed		n/a			
JDH-003	from	35.95	71.6	35.7	m @	0.5	g/t Au +		not a	essa	yed		n/a	280	-45	261
	and	120.4	254.6	134.2	m @	0.4	g/t Au +		not a	ssa	yed		n/a			
	inc	146.81	224.08	77.3	m @	0.5	g/tAu+		not a	ssa	yed		n/a			
JDH-004	from	3.96	21.95	18.0	m @	0.4	g/tAu+		not a	ssa	yed		n/a	280	-45	219
	and	79.74	120.42	40.7	m @	0.4	g/t Au +		not a	ssa	yed		n/a			
	and	150.9	203.7	52.8	m @	0.7	g/t Au +		not a	ssa	yed		n/a			
JDH-005	from	5.2	81.4	76.2	m @	0.4	g/t Au +		not a	issa	yed		n/a	280	-45	210.4
	and	169.7	208.5	38.8	m @	0.2	g/t Au +		not a	ssa	yed		n/a			
JDH-006	from	17.99	89.6	71.6	m @	0.2	q/t Au +	2.0	g/t Ag	+	0.10	% Cu	0.42	150	-45	302.7
	and	164.8	281	116.2	m @	0.6	g/t Au +									
	inc	227.8	281.09	53.3	m @	1.2	g/t Au +	13.2	g/t Ag	+	0.62	% Cu	2.39			
JDH-007	from	39.7	84.45	44.8	m @	0.3	g/t Au +	1.4	g/t Ag	+	0.04	% Cu	0.38	150	-75	105.8
JDH-008	from	104.7	136.7	32.0	m @	0.1	q/t Au +	3.6	g/t Ag	+	0.13	% Cu	0.41	150	-60	352.7
	and	249.08	316.15	67.1	m @		g/tAu+		g/t Ag	_						
	and	291.76	316.15	24.4	m @	0.5	g/t Au +	9.2	g/t Ag	+	0.34	% Cu	1.13			
JDH-009	from	10.3	122.03	111.7	m @	0.7	g/t Au +	14.6	g/t Ag	+	0.58	% Cu	1.85	150	-45	256.7
	inc	34.6	91.54	56.9	m @		g/tAu+									
	and	201.4	205.4	4.0	m @	11.4	g/t Au +	9.7	g/t Ag	+	0.01	% Cu	11.54			
	and	255.1	eoh	1.5	m @	0.7	g/tAu+	1.5	g/t Ag	+	0.02	% Cu	0.75			
JDH-10	from	1.5	50.9	49.4	m @	0.5	g/t Au +	2.5	g/t Ag	+	0.09	% Cu	0.68	270	-45	221.6
	and	90.54	119	28.5	m @	0.2	g/t Au +	3.0	g/t Ag	+	0.10	% Cu	0.40			
	and	140	203	81.6	m @	0.4	g/tAu+	1.3	g/t Ag	+	0.07	% Cu	0.53			
JDH-011	from	100.7	218	117.3	m @	0.4	g/tAu+	4.6	g/t Ag	+	0.10	% Cu	0.62	270	-45	218.0
JDH-012	from	12.2	53.96	41.8	m @	0.6	g/t Au +	6.5	g/t Ag	+	0.02	% Cu	0.67	150	-60	124.1
JDH-013	from	53.35	69.6	16.3	m @	0.5	q/t Au +	1.2	g/t Ag	+	0.01	% Cu	0.48	150	-60	239.3
	and	89.9	154.9	65.0	m @	1.4	g/tAu+	2.8	g/t Ag	+	0.06	% Cu	1.53			
	inc	114.32	142.76	28.4	m @	2.8	g/t Au +		g/t Ag							
JDH-014	from	26.96	75.69	48.7	m @	0.4	g/t Au +	5.2	g/t Ag	+	0.10	% Cu	0.63	90	-60	239.4
	and	85.84	116.32		m @		g/tAu+		g/t Ag			% Cu				
	and	128.52	175.3	46.8	m @	0.5	g/t Au +		g/t Ag		0.08	% Cu	0.63			
	and	179.35	217.98	38.6	m @	0.1	g/t Au +	2.5	g/t Ag	+	0.08	% Cu	0.26			
ed Office	D	irectors				C	ontact									

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Directors
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Drillhole		Mineral	ised Inte	Total		Gold	Ag		Cu		Au Equiv	Azimuth	Incl	TD
(#)		From	To	(m)		(g/t)	(g/t)	(%)		(g/t)	(deg)	(deg)	(m)
GGY-001	from	10	69	59.0 r	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 2.8	g/t Ag +	0.07	% Cu	0.35	360	-90	249.2
	and	139	249.2	110.2	m @	0.4	g/t Au + 1.1	g/t Ag +	0.06	% Cu	0.51			
	inc	141	174	33.0	m @	0.6	g/t Au + 2.0	g/t Ag +	0.08	% Cu	0.76			
GGY-002	from	9.7	166	156.3 r	m @	2.6	g/t Au + 9.7	g/t Ag +	0.16	% Cu	2.99	360	-90	272.9
	inc	27	102	75.0 ı	m @	4.6	g/t Au + 19.1	g/t Ag +	0.22	% Cu	5.21			
	and	114	166	52.0 I	m @	1.3	g/t Au + 3.3	g/t Ag +	0.18	% Cu	1.64			
	plus	244	272.9	28.9 ו	m @	0.3	g/t Au + 2.4	g/t Ag +	0.04	% Cu	0.37			
GGY-003	from	40	260.75	220.8	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 2.9	g/t Ag +	0.06	% Cu	0.36	305	-60	295.9
GGY-004	from	1	42	41.0 ı	m @	0.5	g/t Au + 2.3	g/t Ag +	0.03	% Cu	0.56	125	-60	172.2
GGY-005	from	12	162	150.0 r	m @	0.4	g/t Au + 11.0	g/t Ag +	0.30	% Cu	0.99	145	-60	258.3
	inc	14	54	40.0	m @	0.6	g/t Au + 25.5	g/t Ag +	0.60	% Cu	1.95			
	and	180	194	14.0 r	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 6.1	g/t Ag +	0.22	% Cu	0.64			
GGY-006	from	72	101.9	49.0 ı	m @	0.4	g/t Au + 2.3	g/t Ag +	0.03	% Cu	0.45	305	-60	101.9
GGY-007	from	0.9	41	40.1 ı	m @	1.1	g/t Au + 2.6	g/t Ag +	0.04	% Cu	1.20	305	-75	127
	inc	110	127	17.0 ı	m @			g/t Ag +	_	% Cu	0.98			
GGY-008	from	16	271	255.0 ı	m @	0.1	g/t Au + 6.5	g/t Ag +	0.24	% Cu	0.62	145	-75	312.3
	inc	235	271	36.0 ı	m @	0.4	g/t Au + 11.5	g/t Ag +	0.50	% Cu	1.32			
GGY-009	from	1.65	45	43.4 1	m @	1.7	g/t Au + 3.0	g/t Ag +	0.06	% Cu	1.80	45	-75	166.2
GGY-010	from	0	69	69.0 ı	m @	1.6	g/t Au + 2.3	g/t Ag +	0.03	% Cu	1.67	225	-75	194.5
	inc	21	50	29.0 1	m @	2.9	g/t Au + 2.7	g/t Ag +	0.03	% Cu	2.98			
	and	75	95	20.0	m @	0.3	g/t Au + 0.8	g/t Ag +	0.01	% Cu	0.33			
GGY-011	from	14	229	215.0	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 9.6	g/t Ag +	0.36	% Cu	0.89	160	-60	241.6
	inc	14	97	83.0 ı	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 14.9	g/t Ag +	0.50	% Cu	1.24			
	inc	202	229	27.0 ı	m @	0.4	g/t Au + 15.2	g/t Ag +	0.80	% Cu	1.90			
GGY-012	from	57	192	135.0 ı	m @	0.3	g/t Au + 2.0	g/t Ag +	0.06	% Cu	0.39	125	-60	256
	and	156	192	36.0 ı	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 3.3	g/t Ag +	0.13	% Cu	0.44			
GGY-013	from	229.7	280	50.3 ı	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 2.2	g/t Ag +	0.05	% Cu	0.31	320	-65	340.9
GGY-014				nsi							0.00	320	-75	309.1
GGY-015	from	110	132.4	22.4 1	m @	0.4	g/t Au + 0.5	g/t Ag +	0.03	% Cu	0.41	320	-60	251.1
	and	157	225.5	68.5 ı	m @	0.3		g/t Ag +		% Cu	0.45			
GGY-016	from	8	30	22.0 1	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 0.7	g/t Ag +	0.01	% Cu	0.26	320	-60	195.7
	and	42	57	15.0 r	m @	0.3	g/t Au + 0.5	g/t Ag +	0.02	% Cu	0.34			
	and	105	118	13.0 ı	m @	0.2	g/t Au + 0.7	g/t Ag +	0.01	% Cu	0.26			
	and	185	188	3.0 ı	m @	1.0	g/t Au + 0.8	g/t Ag +	0.02	% Cu	1.04			
GGY-017	from	0	24	24.0 ו	m @	0.5	g/t Au + 1.3	g/t Ag +	0.01	% Cu	0.49	125	-82	280.4
	and	69	184	115.0 ı	m @	0.5	g/t Au + 2.1	g/t Ag +		% Cu	0.53			
	inc	125	147	22.0 1	_			g/t Ag +	_	% Cu	0.29			
	and	206	241	35.0 1			-	g/t Ag +	_	% Cu				
	and	254	277	23.0 ı				g/t Ag +		% Cu	0.63			
GGY-018	from	81	136	55.0 ı	m @		-	g/t Ag +		% Cu	0.34	140	-60	160.4
GGY-019	from	89	155	66.0	m @	0.3	g/t Au + 2.0		0.03	% Cu	0.36	45	-53	175.4
d Office		Directo	ors				Contac	t						

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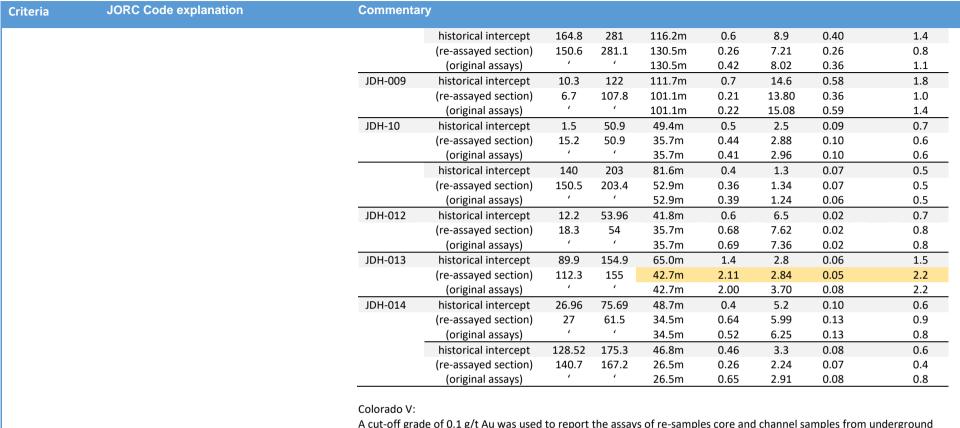
Directors
Mr Kris Knauer, MD and CEO
Mr Scott Funston, Finance Director
Mr Fletcher Quinn, Chairman
Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commenta	ry							
		Comparison	showing historic and re-a	ssayed in	tercepts fo	or El Guayabo	o drill holes	are shown	below:	
		Drill hole				Total	Au	Ag	Cu	Au Ec
		(#)		From	То	(m)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(%)	(g/t)
		GGY-001	historical intercept	139	249.2	110.2m	0.4	1.1	0.06	0.5
		33. 332	(re-assayed section)	141	177	36.0m	0.54	2.30	0.08	0.7
			(original assays)	,	,	36.0m	0.56	1.51	0.08	0.7
			(re-assayed section)	205	236	31.0m	0.19	0.89	0.03	0.3
			(original assays)	,	,	31.0m	0.21	0.13	0.03	0.3
		GGY-002	historical intercept	9.7	166	156.3m	2.6	9.7	0.16	3.0
		33. 332	(re-assayed section)	40	102	62.0m	5.22	21.33	0.25	5.9
			(original assays)	,	,	62.0m	4.83	19.96	0.23	5.5
			historical intercept	114	166	52.0m	1.3	3.3	0.18	1.6
			(re-assayed section)	114	171	57.0m	1.20	3.44	0.18	1.5
			(original assays)	•	,	57.0m	1.24	3.53	0.17	1.6
		GGY-005	historical intercept	12	162	150.0m	0.4	11.0	0.30	1.0
			(re-assayed section)	10	60	50.0m	0.45	19.23	0.33	1.2
			(original assays)	•	•	50.0m	0.51	21.74	0.44	1.
			(re-assayed section)	64	98	34.0m	0.10	5.25	0.16	0.
			(original assays)	•	•	34.0m	0.84	6.22	0.16	1.2
			(re-assayed section)	132	162	30.0m	0.10	6.35	0.33	0.
			(original assays)	•	•	30.0m	0.07	6.18	0.31	0.7
		GGY-011	historical intercept	14	229	215.0m	0.2	9.6	0.36	0.
			(re-assayed section)	14	126	112.0m	0.17	10.89	0.30	0.
			(original assays)	•	•	112.0m	0.18	11.73	0.36	0.
			(re-assayed section)	166	206	40.0m	0.09	5.08	0.22	0
			(original assays)	•	•	40.0m	0.09	4.90	0.22	0.5
			(re-assayed section)	218	231	13.0m	0.22	8.52	0.41	1.0
			(original assays)	•	,	13.0m	0.34	19.48	0.96	2.2
		GGY-017	historical intercept	69	184	115.0m	0.5	2.1	0.03	0.!
			(re-assayed section)	94	129	35.0m	0.45	2.76	0.04	0.0
			(original assays)	•	•	35.0m	0.30	4.01	0.03	0.4
			(re-assayed section)	206	258	52.0m	0.37	2.00	0.06	0.5
			(original assays)	•	•	52.0m	0.26	1.42	0.06	0.4
		JDH-006	historical intercept	17.99	89.6	71.6m	0.2	2.0	0.10	0.4
			(re-assayed section)	10.3	81.3	71.0m	0.18	1.38	0.03	0.2
			(original assays)	•	•	71.0m	0.20	1.59	0.07	0.3

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A cut-off grade of 0.1 g/t Au was used to report the assays of re-samples core and channel samples from underground development with up to 10 metres of internal dilution below cut-off allowable for the reporting of significant intercepts, consistent with a large low-grade mineralized system. Intersections that use a different cut-off are indicated.

Colorado V drill hole results from re-sampling of available core:

Hole_id	From	To	Interval	Au	Ag	Cu	Mo	Note
	(m)	(m)	(m)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(ppm)	(ppm)	
ZK0-1	9.4	37.5	28.1	0.4	1.0			
and	66.5	89.5	23.0	0.9	4.7			
and	105.7	129.7	24.0	0.3	1.0			
and	167.5	214.0	46.5	0.4	7.1			

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary	/							
		ZK1-3	46.0	103.7	57.7	0.5	1.9			
		inc	56.0	85.7	29.7	0.8	3.1			
		from	127.0	163.0	36.0	0.5	3.5			
		and	290.5	421.0	130.5	0.5	3.1			
		inc	302.5	380.5	78.0	0.7	3.5			
		ZK1-5	211.4	355.0	145.6	1.5	1.7			
		inc	253.0	340.0	87.0	2.1	1.9			
		ZK0-2	13.3	108.2	94.9	0.3	1.7			
		inc	75.7	108.2	32.5	0.4	2.6			
		and	172.7	193.1	20.4	0.3	2.1			
		and	225.0	376.4	151.4	0.9	3.8			
		inc	227.0	361.0	134.0	1.0	4.1			
		inc	227.0	290.0	63.0	1.6	5.1			
		ZK3-4	26	38	12	0.3	1.5	513	5	
		and	50	114	64	0.2	1.5	549	5	
		inc	86	88	2	1.5	1.4	458	3	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	180	250	70	0.2	1.6	777	3	
		ZK3-1	49.5	112.5	63	0.1	1.7	654	5	
		inc	94.5	96	1.5	1.5	1.4	3126	7	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	94.5	174	79.5	0.1	2	662	4	
		inc	171	172.5	1.5	1.4	2.6	771	7	1 g/t Au cut off
		SAZK0-1	31.2	90.8	59.6	0.2	1.4	392	3	
		and	131.5	179.5	48	0.1	4.3	824	6	
		and	229.8	292.8	63	0.2	1	325	8	
		and	319	490.8	171.8	0.2	1.5	616	12	,
		inc	352	446.5	94.5	0.3	2.4	996	15	1 g/t Au cut off
		SAK2-1	66.5	275	208.5	0.3	1.5	626	5	
		inc	122	185	63	0.6	2.1	825	3	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	225.5	227	1.5	1.6	1.4	638	2	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	288.5	330.5	42	0.2	2	454	1	
		inc	288.5	291.5	3	1.3	5.6	1136	1	1 g/t Au cut off
		SAZK0-2	0	80.7	80.7	0.4	1.9	478	3	- 1
		inc	30.7	51.2	20.5	1	2.5	460	5	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	136	148	12	0.6	0.4	61	14	4 /
		inc	137.5	140.5	3	1.4	0.3	10	4	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	200.5	403.8	203.3	0.3	1.3	588	15	Hole ends in
										mineralisation

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Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary								
		inc	293.5	399.3	105.8	0.5	1.3	635	16	
		inc	214	215.5	1.5	1.8	2.1	681	12	1 g/t Au cut off
		inc	344.5	399.3	54.8	0.7	1.5	767	12	
		inc	361.8	366.3	4.5	5.5	0.8	502	61	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	397.8	399.3	1.5	1.3	2.3	770	2	1 g/t Au cut off
		ZK1-13	46.2	73.2	27	0.1	0.8	306	1	_
		and	140	141.5	1.5	1.9	0.7	236	1	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	161	196	35	0.1	1.4	391	2	
		ZK0-5	6.1	19.8	13.7	0.2	1.3	313	10	
			46.3	130.1	83.8	0.5	1.2	356	7	
		inc	67	118	51	0.7	1.4	409	5	0.5 g/t Au cut off
		inc	75.7	76.8	1.1	1.2	1.4	483	2	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	80.7	81.7	1	1.8	2.2	549	4	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	93.7	94.7	1	13.9	3.4	354	7	1 g/t Au cut off
		and	146.5	296.5	150	0.2	1	310	3	
		and	370	371.5	1.5	0.9	5.2	1812	3	
		and	414.3	415.8	1.5	1.2	0.3	127	1	
		and	560.5	562	1.5	2.3	0.6	189	2	
		and	596	598.2	2.2	1.7	2.1	391	4	
		and	607	608.5	1.5	2	0.8	190	2	
		ZK18-1	NSI							
		ZK0-4	3.70	458.00	454.30*	0.20	1.3	0.04	5.9	
		inc	42.60	154.25	111.65	0.39	1.9	0.05	7.6	0.5 g/t AuEq cut off
		inc	69.70	97.20	27.50	0.66	1.7	0.05	8.6	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
		ZK10-1	25.02	151.00	125.98	0.16	1.1	0.06	17.9	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
		and	309.00	326.00	17.00	0.16	0.91	0.07	6.1	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
		and	354.02	451.00	96.98*	0.17	1.2	0.06	15.8	
		inc	435.02	451.00	15.98*	0.32	1.8	0.07	2.6	
		ZK16-2	19.00	267.31	248.31	0.33	2.7	0.07	2.6	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
		inc	140.00	254.00	114.00	0.53	2.9	0.09	3.3	0.5 g/t AuEq cut off
		inc	224.00	254.00	30.00	0.85	3.6	0.12	3.4	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
		* Mineralisation	n to end of	hole						
				mple results		-				
		Channel_id	From (m)	Interval (m)		Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (%)	Mo (ppm)	Comment
		Main Adit	0.0	264.0		0.30	2.1	0.05	9.4	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off

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Mr Sergio Rotondo, Exec. Director

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary								
		inc	0.0	150.0	0.60	0.46	2.4	0.07	9.8	0.5 g/t AuEq cut off
		inc	0.0	112.0	0.71	0.55	2.7	0.08	9.3	1 g/t AuEq cut off
		and	276.0	32.0	0.29	0.21	1.4	0.04	5.1	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
		Main Adit	20.0	39.1	0.30	0.28	2.3	0.03	4.5	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
		(west drive)								
		and	74.0	56.0	0.69	0.64	1.8	0.01	2.8	0.5 g/t AuEq cut off
		inc	84.0	46.0	0.81	0.76	2.1	0.01	3.0	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off

Drill Hole	From	Interval	AuEq	Au	Ag	Cu	Мо	Comment
	(m)	(m)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(%)	(ppm)	
GYDD-21-								
001	16.15	784.31	0.36	0.24	1.57	0.06	11.95	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
inc	167.50	380.50	0.47	0.32	1.97	0.07	18.41	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
inc	359.50	188.50	0.61	0.40	2.35	0.10	29.50	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
inc	403.00	28.00	0.95	0.54	6.90	0.15	104.40	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
inc	403.00	21.00	1.09	0.77	2.98	0.20	138.91	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
and	468.50	30.00	1.06	0.76	2.61	0.15	24.80	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
GYDD-21-								
002	85.00	46.50	0.43	0.32	3.99	0.04	5.72	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	112.00	2.30	1.95	1.33	33.17	0.12	5.10	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	129.75	1.75	2.16	2.05	7.36	0.01	1.29	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off
and	279.45	27.05	1.53	1.49	0.82	0.02	2.21	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	305.00	1.50	19.23	19.16	1.89	0.03	3.21	10 g/t AuEq cut off
and	378.50	13.50	0.46	0.44	0.21	0.01	1.45	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
and	447.90	0.90	0.89	0.74	4.85	0.06	1.92	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
and	499.80	58.00	0.16	0.14	0.30	0.01	1.53	0.1 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	547.80	7.00	0.41	0.39	0.21	0.01	1.74	0.5 g/t AuEq cut off
incl.	554.10	0.70	1.09	1.06	0.20	0.01	1.08	1.0 g/t AuEq cut off

Relationship between mineralisation These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of

The geometry of the breccia hosted mineralisation appears to be predominantly vertical pipes while the geometry of the intrusive hosted mineralisation is not yet clear. The owner cautions that only and only the down hole lengths are reported and the true width of mineralisation is not known.

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JORC Code explanation Commentary Criteria widths and Exploration Results. The preliminary interpretation is that the breccia hosted mineralisation occurs in near vertical breccia pipes. Thus, intersections in steeply intercept *If the geometry of the* inclined holes may not be representative of the true width of this breccia hosted mineralisation. The relationship between the drilling lenaths mineralisation with orientation and some of the key mineralised structures and possible reporting bias in terms of true width is illustrated in the figure below. respect to the drill hole Interbedded metasediments and HYDROTHERMAL BRECCIA QUARTZ DIORITE hydrothermal breccias Disseminated Sulphides (Cpy, some Py, Po) angle is known, its Silicification and Chlorite / Sericite alteration 116 m @ 0.3 g/t Au (Au assays only 116 m @ 0.6 g/t Au + 8.9 g/t Ag + 0.4% Cu 112 m @ 0.7 g/t Au + 4.6 g/t Ag + 0.6% Cu 221 m @ 0.2 g/t Au + 3 g/t Ag + 0.1% Cu Note: combined intercept nature should be reported. Metasediments Altered GREY, QUARTZITIC BRECC 112 m @ 0.4 g/t Au (Au assays only and DACITE intrusive Note: combined intercept If it is not known and Mod to strong alteration (quartz, serici carbonate, Po - Cpy - Sph - Aspy, only the down hole hydrothermal fracturing) Andalusite rich metasediments 69.0 m @ 1.6 g/t Au+2.3 g/t Ag+ 0.03% 156.0 m @ 2.6 g/t Au+9.7 g/t Ag+ 0.2% 145 m @ 0.4 g/t Au (Cpy- Au assays only) lengths are reported, and 44 m @ 0.4 g/t Au (Cpy- Au assays only) there should be a clear statement to this effect 900m (eg 'down hole length, true width not known'). 800 QUARTZ - DIORITE (Sulphide Po - Py - Aspy - Sph 700 on fractures and as specks) 134 m @ 0.4 g/t Au (no other assays done) 600 400 600m 200 Legend **Breccias** Pophyritic Qtz Diorite Quartz Diorite Intrusive Metamorphic Undifferentiated Intrusive Drill Hole Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) Diagrams See section above and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	locations and appropriate sectional views.	
Balanced reporting	 Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. 	- The reporting is fair and representative of what is currently understood of the geology of the project.
Other substantive exploration data	 Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. 	El Guayabo: Quantec Geophysical services conducted a SPARTAN Broadband Magnetotelluric and TITAN IP/EMAP surveys completed February 3rd to April 1st, 2019 over the El Guayabo property by Quantec Geoscience Ltd. on behalf of AAR Resources. The survey covered 16 square kilometersa with data collected on 300m 3D spacing on a gride oriented at 10 degerees and 100 degerees. The grid was moved 10 degrees so the survey could be orineted perpendicu;lar to the main geological srtuctures. The survey involved a total of 205 Magnetotelluric (MT) sites and 2 test TITAN IP/EMAP profiles were surveyed The final survey results to which will be delivered will consist of: • Inversion 2D products • 2D model sections (for each line) of the: • DC resistivity model; • IP chargeability model using the DC resistivity model as a reference; • MT(EMAP) resistivity model; • Joint MT+DC resistivity model; IP chargeability model using the MT+DC resistivity model; • Inversion 3D products • 3D MT model; • Cross-sections and Elevation Plan maps of the 3D MT models;
		Figures showing Survey Locations and Results are included in the boidy of this release
		DCIP is an electrical method that uses the injection of current and the measurement of voltage difference along with its rate of decay to determine subsurface resistivity and chargeability respectively. Depth of investigation is mainly controlled by the array geometry but may also be limited by the received signal (dependent on transmitted current) and ground resistivity. Chargeability is particularly susceptible to data with a low signal-to-noise ratio. The differences in penetration depth between DC resistivity and chargeability are a function of relative property contrasts and relative signal-to-noise levels between the two measurements. A detailed introduction to DCIP is given in Telford, et al. (1976). The primary tool for evaluating data is through the inversion of the data in two or three dimensions. An inversion model depends not only on the data collected, but also on the associated data errors in the reading and the "model norm". Inversion models are not unique

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JORC Code explanation Criteria Commentary and may contain "artefacts" from the inversion process. The inversion model may not accurately reflect all the information apparent in the actual data. Inversion models must be reviewed in context with the observed data, model fit, and with an understanding of the model norm used. The DC and IP inversions use the same mesh. The horizontal mesh is set as 2 cells between electrodes. The vertical mesh is designed with a cell thickness starting from 20 m for the first hundred metres to accommodate the topographic variation along the profiles, and then increases logarithmically with depth. The inversions were generally run for a maximum of 50 iterations. The DC data is inverted using an unconstrained 2D inversion with a homogenous half-space of average input data as starting model. For IP inversions, the apparent chargeability is computed by carrying out two DC resistivity forward models with conductivity distributions $\sigma(xi,zj)$ and $(1-\eta)\sigma(xi,zj)$ (Oldenburg and Li, 1994), where (xi,zj) specifies the location in a 2D mesh. The conductivity distributions used in IP inversions can be the inverted DC model or a half space of uniform conductivity. Two IP inversions are then calculated from the same data set and parameters using different reference models. The first inversion of the IP data uses the previously calculated DC model as the reference model and is labelled the IP dcref model. The second IP inversion uses a homogeneous half-space resistivity model as the reference model and is labelled IP hsref model. This model is included to test the validity of chargeability anomalies, and to limit the possibility of inversion artefacts in the IP model due to the use of the DC model as a reference. The results of this second IP inversion are presented on the digital archived attached to this report. MAGNETOTELLURIC INVERSIONS The Magnetotelluric (MT) method is a natural source EM method that measures the variation of both the electric (E) and magnetic (H) field on the surface of the earth to determine the distribution at depth of the resistivity of the underlying rocks. A complete review of the method is presented in Vozoff (1972) and Orange (1989). The measured MT impedance Z, defined by the ratio between the E and H fields, is a tensor of complex numbers. This tensor is generally represented by an apparent resistivity (a parameter proportional to the modulus of Z) and a phase (argument of Z). The variation of those parameters with frequency relates the variations of the resistivity with depth, the high frequencies sampling the sub-surface and the low frequencies the deeper part of the earth. However, the apparent resistivity and the phase have an opposite behaviour. An increase of the phase indicates a more conductive zone than the host rocks and is associated with a decrease in apparent resistivity. The objective of the inversion of MT data is to compute a distribution of the resistivity of the surface that explains the variations of the MT parameters, i.e. the response of the model that fits the observed data. The solution however is not unique and different inversions must be performed (different programs, different conditions) to test and compare solutions for artefacts versus a target anomaly. An additional parameter acquired during MT survey is the Tipper. Tipper parameters Tzx and Tzy (complex numbers) represent the transfer function between the vertical magnetic field and the horizontal X (Tzx), and Y (Tzy) magnetic fields respectively (as the impedance Z represent the transfer function between the electric and magnetic fields). This tipper is a 'local' effect, mainly defined by the lateral contrast of the resistivity. Consequently, the tipper can be used to estimate the geological strike direction. Another important use of the tipper is to display its components as vectors, named induction vectors. The induction vectors (defined by the real components of Tzx and Tzy) plotted following the Parkinson-Real-Reverse-Angle convention will point to conductive zones. The tipper is then a good mapping tool to delineate more conductive zones.

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Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary				
		The depth of investigation is determined primarily by individual sounding may easily exceed 20 km. However the array is comparable to the depth of investigation. The inversion model is dependent on the data, but a models are not unique, may contain artefacts of the information apparent in the actual data. Inversion may represent the user must understand the model norm used and for this project, 2D inversions were performed on the direction is perpendicular to the profile for all sites: the field); no TE mode (crossline E-field) were used in the The 2D inversions were performed using the TM-mo assuming 10% and 5% error for the resistivity and purcomponent Z. No static shift of the data has been ap The 3D inversion was carried out using the CGG RLM over an area of approximately 5km x 3.5km. All MT so The 3D inversion was completed using a sub-sample of the measured data from 10 kHz to 0.01 Hz with a nor impedance tensors (Zxx, Zxy, Zyx, and Zyy) were used the measured tipper data (Tzx, Tzy) were also used a homogenous half space with resistivity of 100 Ohmmesh with 75 m x 75 m cell size was used in horizont cover the first 4 km. Padding cells were added in each 3D inversion was run for a maximum of 50 iterations In addition a total of 129 samples distributed along chargeability properties (Chargeability M and Susce Sample Core IP Tester, manufactured by Instruments only as first order estimate, and not as "absolute" (tru subject to some errors (i.e. wrong size of the core en	rer, the data can be respectively and the end to be evaluate whether TITAN/EMAP the TM mode is a 2D inversions. The resistivity and hase respectively and the MT data with the M	n only be confidently ociated data errors a press and may not the reviewed in context are the model is geoly profiles data. For each then defined by the display which is equivalent and an experience of the analysed to measure the investigation of the investigation of the investigation of the resistivity model commodate the investigation of the should be noted the ings by the field crew	interpreted when the and the model norm. Therefore accurately resident the observed data ogically plausible. The profile, we assume the inline E-field (and crossolated at 6 frequencies and the sent to 5% error on the sent to 5% error on the sent to 5% error on the sent to 5% on each profile, the complete arror set to 5% on each profile and the sent to 0.02 on each profile and the sent to 5% on each	e aperture of the inversion effect all the ta, model fit. the strike is line H- sper decade, is impedance impedance impedance on. site covering MT complex in parameter. Annuiform as defined to inditions. The Ohm*m) and yses was the old be taken
		Colorado V: Exploration Target: An Exploration Target for two mineralized zones on to soil anomalies, drill hole geological and assay informations.		-	-	-
		Exploration Target Anomaly A	Unit	Low estimate	High Estimate	
		Surface area (100 ppb Au in soil envelope):	m^2	250000	250000	
		Depth	m	400	400	

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		Bulk Density	kg/m³	2600	2750			
		Tonnage	Mt	260	275			
		Grade Au	g/t	0.4	0.7			
		Grade Ag	g/t	1.5	2.5			
		tonnage above cut-off	%	70%	90%			
		Contained Au	Moz	2.3	5.6			
		Contained Ag	Moz	8.8	19.9			
		Exploration Target Anomaly B	Unit	Low estimate	High Estimate			
		Surface area (100 ppb Au in soil envelope):	m²	175000	175000			
		Depth	m	400	400			
		Bulk Density	kg/m³	2600	2750			
		Tonnage	Mt	182	193			
		Grade Au	g/t	0.4	0.7			
		Grade Ag	g/t	1.5	2.5			
		% Tonnage above cut-off	%	70%	90%			
		Contained Au	Moz	1.6	3.9			
		Contained Ag	Moz	6.1	13.9			
		Total of Target A & B	Unit	Low estimate	High Estimate			
		Tonnage	Mt	442	468			
		Contained Au	Moz	4.0	9.5			
		Contained Ag	Moz	14.9	33.8			
		The potential quantity and grade of the Colorado V Exploration Target is conceptual in nature. There has been insufficing exploration to estimate a Mineral Resource and that it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of Mineral Resource.						
		The following is an explanation of the inputs used in f Surface Area: The surface area of the target ha			hole gold significant	intersectio		

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		 vertically to the surface. The surface projection of the intersections in the drill holes coincides with the 100 ppb Au gold-in-soil anomaly contour. This area has been used to estimate the horizontal extent of the mineralization. Depth: A depth of 400 metres from surface has been used as an estimate of the depth that an open pit and underground bulk tonnage mining project would be expected to extend. The mineralization at Colorado V is controlled by steeply plunging / dipping intrusions and breccia which is expected to extend to at least 400m depth from surface. Bulk Density: The bulk density is based on geological observations of the rocks that host the mineralization. Typical bulk densities for these rock types are in the range used. Gold and Silver grades: The gold and silver grade range has been estimated from the weighted average and median sample grades and deviations from mean from drill core and underground panel sampling. Proportion of tonnage above cut-off grade: These values are estimates based on drill hole intersection grade continuity down-hole assuming that not all of the Target volume, if sampled would be above the economic cut-off grade.
Further work	 The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	 El Guaybo Project Re-logging and re-assaying core including SWIR/alteration mapping to better vector on the porphyry and breccia targets – available assays 6 elements only, no SWIR, and not logged by porphyry experts. Helicopter magnetic survey on east-west flight lines with 50m spacing, processing and interpretation of these data. Channel sampling of the adit and artisanal workings - > 1km of underground exposure of the system which has never been systematically mapped or sampled. Sampling of additional breccia bodies - only 2 of the 10 known breccias have been systematically defined and properly sampled. Complete interpretation of the 3D MT survey (with IP lines) covering 16 sq. This will include integration of all the geological data and constrained inversion modelling The aim of the program above is to define targets for a drilling program
		 Colorado V Project Re-logging and re-assaying of drill core where only partial gold assays are available. Helicopter magnetic survey on east-west flight lines with 50m spacing, processing and interpretation of these data. Channel sampling of mineralized exposures in the adits and underground workings. Surface mapping and sampling. Compile and integrate existing soil survey data with CEL's MMI soil survey covering 16 sq kms. Additional soil geochemical sampling (MMI and C-horizon) to be completed near main anomalies The aim of the program above is to further test the Exploration Targets and identify targets for drilling.

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