



ABN: 63 144 079 667

& CONTROLLED ENTITIES

(Formerly called European Cobalt Ltd)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2021

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

DIRECTORS

Tolga Kumova Dale Ginn Robert Jewson

SECRETARY

Oonagh Malone

REGISTERED OFFICE

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Ph: +61 8 6143 6740

Website: www.astonminerals.com

AUDITORS

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SHARE REGISTRY

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STOCK EXCHANGE

Australian Securities Exchange (Home Exchange: Perth, Western Australia)

ASX Code: ASO

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors present their report on Aston Minerals Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities (together referred to as "the Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Directors

The names of the Directors of the Company in office during the financial year and up to the date of this report are:

- Tolga Kumova (Executive Chairman)
- Dale Ginn (Managing Director)
- Robert Jewson (Executive Director)

Tolga Kumova transitioned from Non-Executive Chairman to Executive Chairman effective 1 April 2021. Dale Ginn transitioned from Non-Executive Director to Managing Director on 9 November 2020. Robert Jewson transitioned from the role of Managing Director to Executive Director on 9 November 2020. All directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report.

Company Secretary

Oonagh Malone was appointed Company Secretary on 3 July 2019.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Group during the year were the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of resource based projects.

Operating Results

Loss after income tax for the financial year was \$25,902,234 (2020: \$1,615,073).

Financial Position

The net assets of the Group at 30 June 2021 are \$12,590,583 (2020: \$9,425,158). The Group's working capital, being current assets less current liabilities, is \$12,542,297 at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$9,382,451).

Dividends Paid or Recommended

No dividends were paid during the year and no recommendation is made as to dividends.

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

Other than those disclosed in this annual report, no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group occurred during the financial year.

Review of Operations

During the year, the Company completed the acquisition of the Edleston Gold Project and adjacent mineral exploration interests and commenced extensive exploration on this project, while deferring non-essential work on the Dobsina Project (Co-Ni-Cu-Ag) in Slovakia.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on Directors

Tolga Kumova

Executive Chairman (appointed 29 May 2017)

Mr Kumova is a resource industry investor, entrepreneur and corporate finance specialist with over 15 years' experience in stockbroking, IPOs, corporate restructuring and asset identification. Throughout his career, Mr Kumova has raised in excess of \$500 million for ASX listed mining ventures associated with a variety of projects from early stage exploration through to construction and operations. Mr Kumova is an experienced ASX-listed company director having previously acted as Managing Director of Syrah Resources Limited (ASX: SYR) and Corporate Director of New Century Resources Limited.

Interest in shares and options
105,657,022 Fully Paid Ordinary Shares
7,333,334 Class A performance shares
7,333,334 Class B performance shares
30,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.20 each on or before 28 March 2025

Current directorships in other Australian listed entities:

African Gold Ltd (from February 2018)

Former directorships held in other Australian listed entities in the past three years:

New Century Resources Limited (resigned July 2019)

Copper Strike Limited (resigned November 2020)

Robert Jewson

Executive Director (appointed 29 May 2017)

Mr Jewson is a geologist with 11 years of experience from junior to major mining and exploration companies throughout a variety of jurisdictions and commodities. He has conducted both corporate and technical roles within the mining and exploration sectors inclusive of due diligence, business development, exploration management, acquisitions/divestment and corporate structuring. Throughout his career, Mr Jewson has identified, acquired and transacted on numerous resource projects globally.

Interest in shares and options
73,901,489 Fully Paid Ordinary Shares
6,086,667 Class A performance shares
6,086,667 Class B performance shares
30,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.20 each on or before 28 March 2025

Current directorships in other Australian listed entities:

None

Former directorships held in other Australian listed entities in the past three years:

None

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dale Ginn

Managing Director (appointed 1 April 2020)

Mr Ginn is an experienced mining executive and geologist of over 30 years based in central Canada. He is the founder of numerous exploration and mining companies and has led and participated in a variety of gold and base metal discoveries, many of which have entered production. Mr Ginn has led or was part of the discovery teams for the Gladiator, Hinge, 007, 777, Trout Lake, Photo, Edleston and Tartan Lake deposits and received the Quebec Discovery of the Year Golden Hammer award in 2018 for the Gladiator high grade gold deposit. His contributions have led to approximately 10 million ounces in resource generation as well as over \$500 million in capital raised for exploration and development projects. His experience has included both senior and junior companies such as Goldcorp, Harmony Gold, Hudbay, Westmin, San Gold, Bonterra, Gatling Exploration and others. While specialising in complex, structurally controlled gold deposits, he also has extensive mine-operations, development and start-up experience. In addition to operations experience, Mr. Ginn has most recently been extremely active as a partner with RSD Capital of Vancouver in founding and creating startup exploration companies such as Pacton Gold, and successful spinoffs like Gatling Exploration. Dale is a registered professional Geologist (P.Geo.) in the provinces of Ontario and Manitoba.

Interest in shares and options

25,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.10 each on or before 22 December 2023 25,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.15 each on or before 22 December 2023 30,000,000 Options exercisable at \$0.20 each on or before 28 March 2025

Current directorships in other Australian listed entities:

Raiden Resources Limited (from May 2021)

Former directorships held in other Australian listed entities in the past three years: None

COMPANY SECRETARY

Oonagh Malone (appointed 3 July 2019)

Ms Malone is a principal of a corporate advisory firm which provides company secretarial and administrative services. She has over 10 years' experience in administrative and company secretarial roles for listed companies and is a member of the Governance Institute of Australia. She currently acts as company secretary for ASX-listed African Gold Ltd, Benz Mining Corp, Caprice Resources Limited, Carbine Resources Limited, Hawkstone Mining Limited, RareX Limited and Riversgold Limited. She is non-executive director of Peak Minerals Limited.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each director of Aston Minerals Ltd and for the executives receiving the highest remuneration.

1. Employment Agreements

Mr Robert Jewson is appointed with a 2 year fixed term to 9 November 2022, with an option to extend the term by mutual agreement. Until 8 November 2020, Mr Jewson's annual salary was \$168,000 plus superannuation, with a 3 month period required for termination without cause. From 9 November 2020 until 31 March 2021, Mr Jewson's annual salary was \$120,000 plus superannuation, with a 6 month period required for termination without cause. From 1 April 2021, Mr Jewson's annual salary was \$180,000 plus

DIRECTORS' REPORT

superannuation with a 6 month period required for termination without cause. Mr Jewson is also eligible to participate in any short-term or long-term incentive plan that the Company may introduce, subject to the rules of any such plan.

Mr Dale Ginn was appointed Managing Director on 9 November 2020 with a 2 year fixed term to 9 November 2022, with an option to extend the term by mutual agreement. Until 8 November 2020, Mr Ginn's annual salary was \$168,000 plus superannuation, with a 3 month period required for termination without cause. From 9 November 2020, Mr Ginn's annual salary was \$220,000 plus superannuation with a 6 month period required for termination without cause. Mr Ginn is also eligible to participate in any short-term or long-term incentive plan that the Company may introduce, subject to the rules of any such plan.

Until 31 March 2021, Mr Kumova's annual remuneration was \$168,000, inclusive of superannuation, with a 3 month period required for termination without cause. From 1 April 2021, Mr Kumova's annual salary was \$140,000, inclusive of superannuation, with a 6 month period required for termination without cause. Mr Kumova is also eligible to participate in any short-term or long-term incentive plan that the Company may introduce, subject to the rules of any such plan.

Appointments of any non-executive directors are formalised in the form of service agreements between themselves and the Company. Their engagements have no fixed term but cease on their resignation or removal as a director in accordance with the Corporations Act.

2. Remuneration policy

The Company's remuneration policy has been designed to align director and executive objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Company's financial results. The Board believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives and directors to run and manage the Company, as well as create goal congruence between directors, executives and shareholders.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for Board members and senior executives of the Company is as follows:

- The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive directors and other senior executives, was developed by the Board;
- All executives receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), superannuation and are entitled to the issue of share options. The remuneration committee reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors.

This table summarises the earnings of the Group and other factors that are considered to affect shareholder wealth for the five years to 30 June 2021.

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Loss after income tax attributable to shareholders (\$) Share price at Year end (\$) | (25,902,234) 0.155 | (1,615,073) 0.040 | (6,897,188) 0.018 | (4,116,880) 0.062 | (19,801,271) 0.089 |
| Movement in share price for the year (\$) Total dividends declared (\$) Returns of capital Basic loss per share (cents) | 0.115 - - (3.04) | 0.022 - - (0.21) | (0.044) - - (0.91) | (0.027) - - (0.58) | 0.024 - - (8.09) |

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The performance of executives is measured against criteria agreed annually with each executive and is based predominantly on the forecast growth of the Company's shareholders' value. The Board may, however, exercise its discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options, and can recommend changes to the committee's recommendations. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance criteria. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.

Executives are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

Any executive director, who is an Australian resident for tax purposes, receives a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which was 9.5% during the year. No other retirement benefits are paid.

All remuneration paid to directors and executives is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. Any share based payments are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The remuneration committee determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability.

Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to the performance of the Company. However, to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.

3. Options issued as part of remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2021

On 9 June 2021, shareholders approved the current Employee Securities Incentive Plan to permit the issue of equity instruments to employees and similar parties without separate shareholder approval.

Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to the performance of the Company. However, to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.

On 29 March 2021, the Company advised that it would seek shareholder approval to issue 30,000,000 share options to each director with an exercise price of \$0.20 and an expiry date of 28 March 2025. This approval was received on 9 June 2021 and these options were issued on 18 June 2021 and vested immediately with a value of \$0.15035 per option. These represents a value of \$4,510,500 per director for a total expense recognized of \$13,531,500 for these options. The value of these options was so high because they were approved by shareholders on 9 June 2021 when the share price closed at \$0.19 (\$0.135 at 29 March 2021), which is only 5% less than the exercise price of \$0.20, and these options have been valued based on the one year historic volatility to 9 June 2021 of 130%.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

4. Details of remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2021:

The remuneration for each key management personnel (KMP) of the Company during the period was as follows:

| 2021 | Short-term Benefits | Post- employment Benefits | Other Long-term Benefits | Share I | pased Payments | Total | Performance Related | % of Options as Remuneration |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|----------------|------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Key Management Person | Cash, salary & commissions | Superannuation | Other | Equity | Options | | | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | % | % |
| Directors | | | | | | | | |
| Tolga Kumova | 66,500 | - | - | - | 4,510,500 | 4,577,000 | - | 98.5% |
| Dale Ginn | 160,664 | - | - | - | 5,628,750 | 5,789,414 | - | 96.2% |
| Robert Jewson | 163,315* | 15,515* | - | - | 4,510,500 | 4,689,330 | - | 97.2% |
| | 390,479 | 15,515 | - | - | 14,649,750 | 15,055,744 | - | 97.3% |

^{*} Includes annual leave provision movement of \$10,615 for salary and \$1,009 for superannuation.

| 2020 | Short-term Benefits | Post- employment Benefits | Other Long-term Benefits | Share base | d Payments | Total | Performance Related | % of Options as Remuneration |
|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|---------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Key Management | Cash, salary & commissions | Superannuation | Other | Equity | Options | | | |
| Person | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | % | % |
| Directors | * | Y | * | 4 | Y | * | 70 | 70 |
| Tolga Kumova | 55,500 | - | - | - | _ | 55,500 | - | - |
| Robert Jewson | 218,000* | 20,710* | - | - | - | 238,710 | - | - |
| Dale Ginn | 10,500 | - | - | - | - | 10,500 | - | - |
| Eddie King | 45,000 | - | - | - | - | 45,000 | - | - |
| Don Carroll | 45,000 | - | - | - | - | 45,000 | - | - |
| | 374,000 | 20,710 | - | - | - | 394,710 | - | - |

^{*} Includes annual leave provision movement of \$2,000 for salary and \$190 for superannuation.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

5. Equity holdings of KMP Ordinary Shares

Number of ordinary shares held by KMP during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 was as follows:

| 30 June 2021 | Balance at beginning of year/ appointment | Purchased during the year | Options exercised | Net change other | Balance at end of year / resignation |
|--|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|
| Directors | | | | | |
| Tolga Kumova | 75,657,022 | - | 30,000,000 | - | 105,657,022 |
| Dale Ginn | - | - | - | - | - |
| Robert Jewson | 53,901,489 | - | 20,000,000 | - | 73,901,489 |
| | 129,558,511 | - | 50,000,000 | - | 179,558,511 |
| 30 June 2020 | Dolones et | Purchased | Outions | Nist shaves | Dalamaa at |
| So Julie 2020 | Balance at beginning of year/ appointment | during the year | Options exercised | Net change other | Balance at end of year / resignation |
| Directors | beginning of year/ | during the | • | • | end of year / |
| | beginning of year/ | during the | • | • | end of year / |
| Directors | beginning of year/ appointment | during the | • | • | end of year / resignation |
| Directors Robert Jewson | beginning of year/ appointment 53,901,489 | during the | • | • | end of year / resignation 53,901,489 |
| Directors Robert Jewson Tolga Kumova | beginning of year/ appointment 53,901,489 | during the | • | • | end of year / resignation 53,901,489 |
| Directors Robert Jewson Tolga Kumova Dale Ginn | beginning of year/ appointment 53,901,489 | during the | • | • | end of year / resignation 53,901,489 |

Option holdings

Number of options held by KMP during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 was as follows:

| 30 June 2021 | Balance at beginning of year/appointment | Granted as remuneration | Options purchased/ exercised/ expired | Net change other | Balance at end of year / resignation |
|---------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Directors | | | | | |
| Tolga Kumova | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 | (30,000,000) | - | 30,000,000 |
| Dale Ginn | - | 80,000,000 | - | - | 80,000,000 |
| Robert Jewson | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 | (30,000,000) | - | 30,000,000 |
| | 60,000,000 | 140,000,000 | (60,000,000) | - | 140,000,000 |
| | | | | | |

DIRECTORS' REPORT

| 30 June 2020 | Balance at beginning of year/ appointment | Granted as remuneration | Options purchased/ exercised/ expired | Net change other | Balance at end of year / resignation |
|---------------|--|-------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Directors | | | | | |
| Robert Jewson | 30,000,000 | - | - | - | 30,000,000 |
| Tolga Kumova | 30,000,000 | - | - | - | 30,000,000 |
| Dale Ginn | - | - | - | - | - |
| Eddie King | - | - | - | - | - |
| Don Carroll | <u> </u> | - | - | - | - |
| | 60,000,000 | - | - | - | 60,000,000 |

Performance Shares

Number of performance shares held by KMP during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 was as follows:

| 30 June 2021 | Balance at beginning of year/ appointment | Net change other | Balance at end of year |
|---|--|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Directors | | | |
| Tolga Kumova | 14,666,668 | - | 14,666,668 |
| Dale Ginn | - | - | - |
| Robert Jewson | 12,173,334 | - | 12,173,334 |
| | 26,840,002 | - | 26,840,002 |
| | _ | | _ |
| | | | |
| 30 June 2020 | Balance at | Net change | Balance at |
| 30 June 2020 | Balance at beginning of year/ appointment | Net change other | Balance at end of year |
| 30 June 2020 Directors | beginning of year/ | _ | |
| | beginning of year/ | _ | |
| Directors | beginning of year/ appointment | _ | end of year |
| Directors Robert Jewson | beginning of year/ appointment 12,173,334 | _ | end of year 12,173,334 |
| Directors Robert Jewson Tolga Kumova | beginning of year/ appointment 12,173,334 | _ | end of year 12,173,334 |

DIRECTORS' REPORT

6. Other KMP transactions

The Company incurred no other transactions with related parties.

End of Remuneration Report (Audited)

After Balance Date Events

On 1 July 2021 the Company:

- Issued 4,500,000 performance rights expiring 1 July 2024, unless the performance rights lapse under the terms of the Employee Securities Incentive Plan. These performance shares covert into one share each, at the participant's election, on achievement of the following vesting conditions:
 - o 1,500,000 vest on a 5 day VWAP of \$0.20 and 12 months service.
 - o 1,500,000 vest on a 5 day VWAP of \$0.25 and 18 months service.
 - o 1,500,000 vest on a 5 day VWAP of \$0.30 and 24 months service.
- Issued 2,000,000 share options expiring 28 March 2025 with an exercise price of \$0.20 per option. These options were issued to an external consultant, with no enforceable commitment for the issue of these options effective at 30 June 2021. These options were no issued in respect of any services performed before 1 July 2021.

On 12 July 2021 the Company announced the acquisition of a further 140km² of land contiguous with the Edleston Project, extending the total land area of the project to 263km².

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Future Developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Company and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

Meetings of Directors

In addition to signing 8 circular resolutions of the Board, 3 formal meetings of directors were held during the financial year. Attendances by each director during the period were as follows:

| | Directors' Meetings | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Number eligible to attend | Number attended | | |
| Robert Jewson | 3 | 3 | | |
| Tolga Kumova | 3 | 3 | | |
| Dale Ginn | 3 | 3 | | |

Environmental Issues

The Company is not aware of any breaches in relation to environmental matters.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Options

At 30 June 2021, the unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option are as follows:

| Date of Expiry | Exercise Price | Number under Option |
|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 22 December 2023 | \$0.10 | 25,000,000 |
| 22 December 2023 | \$0.15 | 25,000,000 |
| 28 March 2025 | \$0.20 | 90,000,000 |

During the year ended 30 June 2021, 82,500,000 shares of the Company were issued on the exercise of options. 10,000,000 options lapsed on expiry on 26 May 2021 without being exercised. No other share options were exercised, expired or lapsed during the year. No shares have been issued as a result of the exercise of options since year end.

Performance Shares

At 30 June 2021, the Company has 73,333,334 (2020: 73,333,334) performance shares on issue. The performance shares vest on the achievement of specified performance conditions (refer to Note 14).

Proceedings on Behalf of Company

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Indemnifying of Officers

During the year, the Company paid premiums in respect of a contract insuring all the directors and officers of the Company against liabilities, past, present and future.

In accordance with normal commercial practice, the disclosure of the total amount of premiums under and the nature of the liabilities covered by the insurance contract is prohibited by a confidentiality clause in the contract.

Corporate Governance

In recognising the need for the highest standards of corporate behaviour and accountability, the Directors support, and adhere to, good corporate governance practices. Refer to the Company's Corporate Governance Statement at www.astonminerals.com.

Non-Audit Services

There were no fees paid or payable to the external auditors for non-audit services provided during the year ended 30 June 2021.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Auditor's Declaration of Independence

The auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2021 has been received and is included within the financial statements.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors.

Tolga Kumova Chairman

30 September 2021



To the Board of Directors

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements Aston Minerals Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2021, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit;
 and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours Faithfully

HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD

DOUG BELL CA

Partner

Dated at Perth this 30th September 2021



Accounting Firms

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

| | Note | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|--|--------|-------------------|-------------|
| Revenue | 2 | 36,392 | 151,320 |
| Other income | 3 | 726,336 | 61,480 |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | | - | (8,795) |
| Administration expenses | | (342,752) | (572,672) |
| Corporate compliance expenses | | (235,983) | (185,055) |
| Share-based payments | 14 | (14,649,750) | - |
| Employee benefits and consulting expense | | (405,494) | (458,473) |
| Exploration expenditure and acquisition costs | 4 | (11,030,983) | (602,878) |
| Loss from continuing operations before income tax | | | |
| benefit | | (25,902,234) | (1,615,073) |
| Income tax expense | 5 | - | |
| Loss from continuing operations after income tax benefit | - | (25,902,234) | (1,615,073) |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| Exchange differences on translating foreign operations | | | |
| | | (130,549) | (49,427) |
| Total comprehensive loss | - - | (26,032,783) | (1,664,500) |
| Loss attributable to: | | | |
| Members of the parent entity | | (25 002 224) | (1 615 072) |
| Non-controlling interest | | (25,902,234) | (1,615,073) |
| Non-controlling interest | - | (25,902,234) | (1,615,073) |
| | | | |
| Total comprehensive loss attributable to: | | (26.022.702) | (4.664.500) |
| Members of the parent entity | | (26,032,783) | (1,664,500) |
| Non-controlling interest | - | (26,032,783) | (1,664,500) |
| | - | · · · · · | <u> </u> |
| Basic and diluted loss per share (cents) | 6 | (3.04) | (0.21) |

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

| ASSETS | Note | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|-----------------------------|------|---------------|--------------|
| Current Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 7 | 13,430,346 | 9,474,837 |
| Trade and other receivables | 8 | 29,768 | 26,659 |
| Financial assets | 9 | 858,553 | - |
| Other assets | 10 | 42,314 | 34,364 |
| Total Current Assets | | 14,360,981 | 9,535,860 |
| Non-Current Assets | | | |
| Plant and equipment | 11 | 18,423 | 42,707 |
| Financial assets | 9 | 29,863 | - |
| Total Non-Current Assets | | 48,286 | 42,707 |
| Total Assets | | 14,409,267 | 9,578,567 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 12 | 1,761,070 | 107,419 |
| Provisions | | 57,614 | 45,990 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 1,818,684 | 153,409 |
| Total Liabilities | | 1,818,684 | 153,409 |
| Net Assets | | 12,590,583 | 9,425,158 |
| | | | |
| EQUITY | 4.2 | 444 750 247 | 07 204 750 |
| Issued capital | 13 | 111,750,217 | 97,201,759 |
| Reserves | 14 | 23,126,433 | 8,607,232 |
| Accumulated losses | | (122,280,282) | (96,378,048) |
| Non-controlling interest | | (5,785) | (5,785) |
| Total Equity | | 12,590,583 | 9,425,158 |

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

| | Issued Capital \$ | Foreign translation reserve \$ | Share based payment reserve \$ | Accumulated Losses \$ | Non-controlling interest \$ | Total \$ |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | 07 204 750 | 05.660 | 0.550.004 | (04.752.075) | (5.705) | 44 000 550 |
| Balance at 1 July 2019 | 97,201,759 | 95,668 | 8,560,991 | (94,762,975) | (5,785) | 11,089,658 |
| Loss for the period | - | - | - | (1,615,073) | - | (1,615,073) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | (49,427) | - | - | - | (49,427) |
| Total Comprehensive Income | | (49,427) | - | (1,615,073) | - | (1,664,500) |
| Shares issued during the year | | | | | | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Options issued during the year | | - | | | | |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | 97,201,759 | 46,241 | 8,560,991 | (96,378,048) | (5,785) | 9,425,158 |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2020 | 97,201,759 | 46,241 | 8,560,991 | (96,378,048) | (5,785) | 9,425,158 |
| Loss for the period | - | - | - | (25,902,234) | - | (25,902,234) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | - | (130,549) | - | - | - | (130,549) |
| Total Comprehensive Income | | (130,549) | - | (25,902,234) | - | (26,032,783) |
| Shares issued during the year | 14,570,004 | _ | _ | - | _ | 14,570,004 |
| Capital raising costs | (21,546) | | | | | (21,546) |
| | (21,340) | | 14 640 750 | | | |
| Options issued during the year Balance at 30 June 2021 | 111,750,217 | (84,308) | 14,649,750 23,210,741 | (122,280,282) | (5,785) | 14,649,750 12,590,583 |

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

| | Note | 2021 \$ Inflows/ (Outflows) | 2020 \$ Inflows/ (Outflows) |
|--|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Interest received | | 48,339 | 161,791 |
| Other income | | 39,173 | 30,333 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (806,385) | (1,442,111) |
| Exploration and evaluation expenditure | | (4,348,305) | (731,799) |
| Net cash (used in) operating activities | 17(a) | (5,067,178) | (1,981,786) |
| Cash flows from investing activities Payments for plant and equipment | | _ | - |
| Payments for financial instruments | | (300,837) | - |
| Proceeds on disposal of financial instruments | | 60,489 | - |
| Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment | | - | 23,274 |
| Option fees received for tenements | | 39,210 | 31,147 |
| Net cash provided by/ (used in) investing activities | | (201,138) | 54,421 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Proceeds from issue of shares and options | | 9,250,004 | - |
| Capital raising costs | | (21,546) | - |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | | 9,228,458 | - |
| Net increase in cash held Cash at beginning of the financial period | | 3,960,142 9,474,837 | (1,927,365) 11,397,289 |
| Exchange differences on cash and cash | | | |
| equivalents | | (4,633) | 4,913 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at period end | 7 | 13,430,346 | 9,474,837 |

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

These consolidated financial statements and notes represent those of Aston Minerals Limited (the "Company") and controlled entities (the "Group"). Aston Minerals Limited is a listed public company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The financial statements were authorised for issue on 30 September 2021 by the Directors of the Company.

Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, including Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the IASB. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below. They have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected financial assets for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated.

Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the Company in the preparation of the financial report.

a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Incomes and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the relevant assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable Standards). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under AASB 9 'Financial Instruments' or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or jointly controlled entity.

b) Income Tax

The income tax expense (revenue) for the period comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting date. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the period as well unused tax losses. Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at reporting date. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates, and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

the temporary difference can be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists, the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

c) Plant and Equipment

Items of plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives to the Company commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset Depreciation Rate

Plant and equipment 20 - 30%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in profit or loss. When re-valued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

d) Leases

Assets and liabilities are recognised for all leases with a term of more than 12 months unless the underlying asset is of low value or the lease is not for any specific identifiable asset.

Capitalised leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Lease liabilities are valued at the net present value of the expected stream of committed lease payments. Lease payments are recognised as an interest expense to the extent that they represent interest on the outstanding lease liability. The Company currently has no leased assets or lease liability as the serviced office agreement does not specify or require fixed office locations, with staff offices moved at the discretion of the lessor, and the Company has no other agreements for the lease of identifiable assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

e) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure, including the costs of acquiring tenements, are expensed as incurred.

Expensing exploration and evaluation expenditure as incurred is irrespective of whether or not the Board believe expenditure could be recouped from either a successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective assets.

f) Financial Instruments

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates and are solely principal and interest. All other financial instrument assets are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss unless the entity makes an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on equity instruments (that are not held-for-trading) in other comprehensive income. Financial assets may be impaired based on an expected credit loss model to recognise an allowance. Such impairment is measured with a 12-month expected credit loss model unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime expected credit loss model is adopted

For financial liabilities, the portion of the change in fair value that relates to the Group's credit risk is presented in other comprehensive income.

Hedge accounting requirements align the accounting treatment with the Group's risk management activities. The Group does not currently have any impaired financial assets, financial liabilities with changes in fair value due to credit risk presented in other comprehensive income, or financial instruments requiring hedge accounting.

Fair Value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value of all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

De-recognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity is no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

g) Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information including dividends received from subsidiaries, associate or jointly controlled entities deemed to be out of pre-acquisition profits. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed. Impairment testing is performed annually for intangible assets with indefinite lives. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

h) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within a 12 month period have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related oncosts. Employee benefits payable later than 12 months have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

Equity-settled compensation

The Company operates equity-settled share-based payment employee share and option schemes. The fair value of the equity to which employees become entitled is measured at grant date and recognised as an expense over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase to an equity account. The fair value of shares is ascertained as the market bid price. The fair value of options is ascertained using a Black – Scholes pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting date such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

j) Foreign currencies

The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each group entity are expressed in Australian dollars ('\$'), which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks;
 and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for
 which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net
 investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive
 income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the accumulated exchange differences in respect of that operation attributable to the Group are reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or jointly controlled entities that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

k) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

I) Borrowing Costs

All borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

m) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

n) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The Group measures some of its assets and liabilities at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis, depending on the requirements of the applicable Accounting Standard.

Fair value is the price the Group would receive to sell an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset or minimises the payments made to transfer the liability, after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value of liabilities and the entity's own equity instruments (excluding those related to share-based payment arrangements) may be valued, where there is no observable market price in relation to the transfer of such financial instruments, by reference to observable market information where such instruments are held as assets. Where this information is not available, other valuation techniques are adopted and, where significant, are detailed in the respective note to the financial statements.

Valuation techniques

In the absence of an active market for an identical asset or liability, the Group selects and uses one or more valuation techniques to measure the fair value of the asset or liability, The Group selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Group are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach: valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Income approach: valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Cost approach: valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Group gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurements into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Group would change the categorisation within the fair value hierarchy only in the following circumstances:

- (i) if a market that was previously considered active (Level 1) became inactive (Level 2 or Level 3) or vice versa; or
- (ii) if significant inputs that were previously unobservable (Level 3) became observable (Level 2) or

When a change in the categorisation occurs, the Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy (i.e. transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy) on the date the event or change in circumstances occurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

o) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from the sale of goods and disposal of other assets is recognised when the Group has satisfied the performance obligation in relevant contracts by transfer of the promised asset to a customer with the customer obtaining control of the asset.

Other revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method.

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

p) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

Taxation

Balances disclosed in the financial statements and the notes thereto related to taxation, are based on the best estimates of directors. These estimates take into account both the financial performance and position of the Company as they pertain to current income taxation legislation, and the directors understanding thereof. No adjustment has been made for pending or future taxation legislation. The current income tax position represents that directors' best estimate, pending an assessment by the Australian Taxation Office.

Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity.

Option valuations using Binomial or Black-Scholes models are highly sensitive to the exercise price in proportion to the share price at the grant date, and to the estimated volatility. Both lots of options granted during the year were valued using the 1 year historic volatilities, as calculated from daily percentage movements in quoted share prices. These volatilities were used, instead of longer-term historic volatilities, based on judgements about the changing volatility of the share price, particularly due to the suspension of trading from 20 September 2019 to 13 November 2019. Expected volatilities as high as 120% and 130% are considered reasonable because of the stage of the current focus of the Group's activities in conjunction with the nature of the exploration findings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Recognition of income

An option fee of \$39,210 (€25,000) (2020: \$31,147 (€20,000)) was received during the year for the potential divestment of Swedish mineral exploration interests. These option fees, included in note 3, have been recognised in other income. These option fees are treated as consideration for performance obligations satisfied at a point in time because the customer gained access to the sites from the payment date, and because the relative scale of the potential final exercise price of \$6,329,114 (€2,000,000 per option for two options) dwarfs the option fees to an extent that the option fees are reasonably not considered partial consideration for the mineral exploration interests. These option fees have not been recognised as revenue because granting of options over mineral exploration interests is not in the course of the Group's ordinary activities.

q) New accounting standards for application in the current period

New, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Group has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the company during the financial year.

The adoption of the new *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting* from 1 July 2020 has not led to any changes in accounting or disclosure for the Group, but the new Conceptual Framework may be referred to if accounting matters arise that are not addressed by accounting standards.

The adoption of the new definition of Material included in AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Definition of Material from 1 July 2020 provides a new definition of material, which now extends materiality consideration to obscuration and clarifies that materiality now depends on the nature or magnitude of information.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2021.

The Directors have reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and interpretations in issue not yet adopted that are relevant to the Group and effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2021. As a result of this review, the Directors have determined that there is no material impact of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations on issue and not yet adopted by the Group and therefore no material change is necessary to Group accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

| 2. Revenue | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Interest received Other revenue | 36,392 - | 151,320 |
| | 36,392 | 151,320 |
| 3. Other income | | |
| Option fees received for potential disposal of tenements Government grants and rebates Gain in the value of listed investments | 39,210 39,173 647,953 726,336 | 31,147 30,333 - 61,480 |
| 4. Exploration expenditure and acquisition costs | | |
| Option fees for Edleston Gold Project Shares issued for the acquisition of the Edleston Gold Project (see note 13(b)) Shares issued for the acquisition of additional ground at the Edleston Gold Project (see note 13(b)) Payment for acquisition of the Edleston Gold Project (\$CAD650,000) Exploration expenditure and due diligence costs | (5,145,000) (175,000) (684,645) (5,026,338) | (153,206) - - - (449,672) |
| | (11,030,983) | (602,878) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

| 5. Income tax benefit | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| Net loss before tax | (25,902,234) | (1,615,073) |
| Income tax benefit on above at 30% | (7,770,670) | (484,522) |
| Increase/(decrease) in income tax due to the tax effect of: | | |
| Different tax rates applicable to foreign subsidiaries | 372,277 | - |
| Non-deductible expenses | 6,107,829 | 197,303 |
| Current year tax losses not recognised | 1,465,885 | 361,746 |
| Movement in unrecognised temporary differences | (133,250) | (54,429) |
| Deductible equity raising costs | (42,071) | (20,098) |
| Income tax reported in the statement of comprehensive income | - | |
| Unrecognised deferred tax assets | | |
| Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following: | | |
| Tax revenue losses | 2,997,714 | 1,591,453 |
| Deductible temporary differences | 181,935 | 68,270 |
| Unrealised capital gains | (194,386) | - |
| Tax capital losses | 4,500 | 4,500 |
| | 2,989,763 | 1,664,223 |

Unrecognised deferred tax balances are based on the best available information, but are uncertain because of variations in foreign tax treatment and tax treatment of potential capital losses on foreign assets. Estimated tax losses are Australian tax revenue losses of \$5,360,543 (\$4,574,084 per 2020 Australian lodged tax returns) and Canadian tax revenue losses of \$4,631,837, with accumulated Australian capital losses of \$15,000 (2020: \$15,000). Unrecognised deferred tax balances do not include losses of European or Indonesian subsidiaries because these may unavailable when required.

The deferred tax benefit of tax losses not brought to account will only be obtained if:

- The Group derives future assessable income of a nature and an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the tax losses to be realised;
- The Group continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation; and
- No changes in tax legislation adversely affect the Group realising the benefit from the deduction of the losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

| 6. Earnings per share | 2021 Cents per Share | 2020 Cents per Share |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Basic/diluted loss per share | (3.04) | (0.21) |
| The loss and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in this calculation of basic/diluted loss per share are as follows: | 2024 | 2020 |
| Loss from continuing operations | 2021 \$ (25,902,234) | 2020 \$ (1,615,073) |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic/ diluted loss per share | Number 853,334,329 | Number 761,697,329 |
| 7. Cash and cash equivalents | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
| Cash at bank and on hand Short term deposits | 9,430,346 4,000,000 | 2,374,837 7,100,000 |
| | 13,430,346 | 9,474,837 |
| Short term deposits are held at bank, mature within 3 months and cal with forfeiture of accrued interest. | n be withdrawn c | n shorter terms |

8. Trade and other receivables

| Current | | |
|----------------------|--------|--------|
| GST / VAT receivable | 28,822 | 12,893 |
| Interest receivable | 946 | 13,766 |
| | 29,768 | 26,659 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

9 Financial Assets

| (a) Current financial Assets | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ | |
|--|------------|------------|---|
| Shares in a listed company | Y | * | |
| Balance at start of period | - | | - |
| Acquisition of shares in a Canadian listed company | 210,600 | | - |
| Increase in value of shares during the period | 647,953 | | - |
| Balance at end of period | 858,553 | | - |

During the year the Group acquired 4,000,000 shares in an unrelated Canadian listed company for a holding of under 5% of that company. These shares were acquired for \$CAD0.05 or \$AUD0.05265 per share for a total cost of \$210,600. At 30 June 2021, these shares were valued at \$CAD0.20 or \$AUD0.2146 per share for a total value of \$858,553. The increase in value of these shares over the year of \$647,953 has been recognised in the balance of other income. These shares are a tier 1 financial instrument because they are valued based on quoted prices on a securities exchange.

(b) Non-current financial Assets

Security bonds

| Balance at start of period | - | - |
|--|----------|---|
| Acquisition of tenement security bonds | 90,237 | - |
| Disposal of security bonds | (60,489) | - |
| Foreign exchange movement | 115 | - |
| Balance at end of period | 29,863 | _ |

During the year the Group paid Swedish tenement security bonds of SEK (Swedish Krona) 568,495 or \$90,237, then was refunded SEK376,921 or \$AUD60,489 of these bonds. At 30 June 2021, these tenement security bonds were valued at SEK191,574 or \$AUD29,863. These security bonds are a tier 1 financial instrument because they are valued in foreign currency.

There have been no transfers between measurement levels during the period and there are currently no other financial instruments in any other measurement levels.

42,314

34,364

10. Other assets

Current
Prepayments ______

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

| 11. | Plant and equipment | | | 2021 \$ | 20120 \$ |
|----------|--|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Plant ar | nd Equipment | | | | |
| At Cost | | | | 99,999 | 103,419 |
| Accumu | llated Depreciation | | <u>_</u> | (81,576) | (60,712) |
| | | | _ | 18,423 | 42,707 |
| | ent in the carrying amounts for eather the current financial period: | ch class of plant | and equipmen | t between the beg | inning and the |
| Plant ar | nd Equipment | | | | |
| | g balance | | | 42,707 | 100,036 |
| Additio | ns | | | - | - |
| Disposa | ıls | | | - | (32,069) |
| _ | exchange revaluation | | | (1,193) | 1,385 |
| Depreci | | | _ | (23,091) | (26,645) |
| Closing | balance | | = | 18,423 | 42,707 |
| 12. | Trade and other payables | | | | |
| Current | | | | | |
| Trade p | ayables and accruals | | = | 1,761,070 | 107,419 |
| 13. | Issued capital | | | | |
| (a) | Issued and paid up capital | | | | |
| Ordinar | y shares fully paid of no par value | | = | 111,750,217 | 97,201,759 |
| (b) | Movement in ordinary shares | 2021 | 2021 | 2020 | 2020 |
| on issue | | Number | \$ | Number | \$ |
| | e at beginning of period f 100 ordinary shares at \$0.04 | 761,697,329 | 97,201,759 | 761,697,329 | 97,201,759 |
| | re under a cleansing prospectus | 100 | 4 | - | - |
| | 105,000,000 ordinary shares at | | | | |
| | ed value of \$0.049 per share for | | | | |
| - | ion of the Edleston Gold Project | 105 000 000 | E 44E 000 | | |
| | ociated tenements 55m shares @ \$0.035 for | 105,000,000 | 5,145,000 | - | - |
| | ration for acquisition of land | | | | |
| | it to Edleston project | 5,000,000 | 175,000 | - | _ |
| - | 000 10c options exercised for | =,===,=== | 2,230 | | |
| | 000 ordinary shares. | 62,500,000 | 6,250,000 | - | - |
| 20,000, | 000 15c options exercised for | | | | |
| | 000 ordinary shares | 20,000,000 | 3,000,000 | - | - |
| - | raising costs | - | (21,546) | - | |
| Balance | e at end of period | 954,197,429 | 111,750,217 | 761,697,329 | 97,201,759 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

13. Issued capital (continued)

(c) Terms and conditions of contributed equity

Ordinary shares have the right to receive dividends as declared and, in the event of winding up the Company, to participate in proceeds from the sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of and amounts paid up on shares held. Ordinary shares entitle their holder to one vote, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of the Company.

(d) Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Company's capital includes ordinary share capital and financial liabilities, supported by financial assets. There are no externally imposed capital requirements.

Due to the nature of the Company's activities, being mineral exploration, the Company does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of the Company's capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Company to meet exploration programmes and corporate overheads. The Company's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

The net working capital position of the Company at 30 June 2021 was \$12,542,297 (2020: \$9,382,451) and the net increase in cash and term deposits held during the year was \$3,955,509 (2020: decrease of \$1,922,452).

(e) Share Options

At 30 June 2021, the Company has the following share options on issue:

- 25,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.10 on or before 22 December 2023. These options were issued to director Dale Ginn on 22 December 2020 after shareholder approval on 30 November 2020.
- 25,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.15 on or before 22 December 2023. These options were issued to director Dale Ginn on 22 December 2020 after shareholder approval on 30 November 2020.
- 90,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.20 on or before 28 March 2025. 30,000,000 of these options were issued to each director on 18 June 2021 following shareholder approval on 9 June 2021.

These share options have been valued at total values of \$596,000, \$522,250, and \$13,531,500 respectively using the Black-Scholes formula, the below parameters, and nil expected dividend yield.

| Grant date | Expiry date | Exercise Price | Number of Options | Share price at grant date | Volatility | Interest rate | Value per Option |
|------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 30-Nov-20 | 22-Dec-23 | \$0.10 | 25,000,000 | \$0.042 | 120% | 0.12% | \$0.02384 |
| 30-Nov-20 | 22-Dec-23 | \$0.15 | 25,000,000 | \$0.042 | 120% | 0.12% | \$0.02089 |
| 9-Jun-21 | 28-Mar-25 | \$0.20 | 90,000,000 | \$0.190 | 130% | 0.40% | \$0.15035 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

13. Issued capital (continued)

These options had a weighted average remaining term at the end of the year of 3.29 years and a weighted average exercise price of \$0.173. Option valuations are particularly sensitive to exercise prices as a proportion of the share price at grant date and volatility. Volatilities for share options granted during 2021 were all based on the 12 month historic volatilities calculated from daily movements in share prices.

These volatilities were used, instead of longer-term historic volatilities, based on judgements about the changing volatility of the share price, particularly due to the suspension of trading from 20 September 2019 to 13 November 2019. Expected volatilities as high as 120% and 130% are considered reasonable because of the stage of the current focus of the Group's activities in conjunction with the nature of the exploration findings. Increasing or decreasing the volatility used for the valuation of the options granted 30 November 2020 by 10% to 130% or 110% increases or decreases the total value of these options from \$1,118,250 by \$130,500 or \$121,500 respectively to \$1,239,750 or \$987,750 respectively.

Increasing or decreasing the volatility used for the valuation of the options granted 9 June 2021 by 10% to 140% or 120% increases or decreases the total value of these options from \$13,531,500 by \$569,700 or \$644,400 respectively to \$14,101,200 or \$12,887,100 respectively.

Options carry no rights to dividends and have no voting rights.

The following options were exercised during 2021:

- 30,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.10 on or before 26 May 2021; and
- 20,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.15 on or before 26 May 2021.

These options had a weighted average exercise price of \$0.12.

The following options lapsed without being exercised during 2021:

10,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.15 on or before 26 May 2021.

These options had a weighted average exercise price of \$0.15.

| 14. Reserves | 2021 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Foreign currency translation | (84,308) | 46,241 |
| Share based payment reserve | 23,210,741 | 8,560,991 |
| | 23,126,433 | 8,607,232 |
| Share based payment reserve | | |
| Reserve at the beginning of the year | 8,560,991 | 8,560,991 |
| Granting of options to Dale Ginn on 30 November 2020 | 1,118,250 | - |
| Granting of options to Dale Ginn on 9 June 2021 | 4,510,500 | - |
| Granting of options to Robert Jewson on 9 June 2021 | 4,510,500 | - |
| Granting of options to Tolga Kumova on 9 June 2021 | 4,510,500 | - |
| Total amount recognised as an expense | 14,649,750 | - |
| Reserve at end of year | 23,210,741 | 8,560,991 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

14. Reserves (continued)

The share-based payment reserve arises on the grant of share options to directors as part of their remuneration and to consultants for services provided, as well as for funds raised for the issue of options and the fair value of performance shares issued as consideration for acquisitions. The total amount recognised for share-based payments to directors for 2021 of \$14,649,750 (2020: nil) has been recognised as an expense.

There were no share-based payments or equity instruments issued for share based payment during 2020, The total expense arising from share-based payments (ordinary shares, performance shares and options) during 2020 was nil.

The issue of 105,000,000 ordinary shares at a deemed value of \$0.049 per share for a total value of \$5,145,000 for the acquisition of the Edleston Gold Project, and the issue of 5,000,000 shares at a deemed value of \$0.035 per share for a total value of \$175,000 for the acquisition of land adjacent to Edleston project, both meet the definition of share-based payments. These are recognised as exploration expenses with credits to issued capital as disclosed in notes 4 and 13(b) respectively.

Performance shares issued in 2017

On 26 May 2017, the Company issued 73,333,334 performance shares which will each convert to one ordinary Share upon completion of the following milestones within 5 years:

- Performance Milestone 1: 36,666,667 fully paid ordinary shares upon the delineation of an Inferred Mineral Resource reported in accordance with the JORC Code of at least 500,000 metric tons at a minimum grade of 0.5% cobalt equivalence (reported in accordance with clause 50 of the JORC Code) or 50,000 metric tons of production from the Tenement of cobalt bearing an ore grading of at least 0.5% cobalt equivalence (reported in accordance with clause 50 of the JORC Code).
- Performance Milestone 2: 36,666,667 fully paid ordinary shares upon the delineation of an Inferred Mineral Resource reported in accordance with the JORC Code of at least 1,000,000 metric tons at a minimum grade of 0.5% cobalt equivalence (reported in accordance with clause 50 of the JORC Code) or 100,000 metric tons of production from the Tenement of cobalt bearing an ore grading of at least 0.5% cobalt equivalence (reported in accordance with clause 50 of the JORC Code).

The Performance Shares also convert on sale of a majority interest in the Company's tenements or on a change of control of the Company (subject to a cap of 10% of fully diluted issued capital).

No consideration will be payable upon the vesting of the Performance Shares.

Based on the above, the performance share valuations were calculated as follows:

| Class | No. of Shares | Grant Date | Lapse Date | Fair Value | Probability | Total Value |
|-------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Α | 36,666,667 | 22 May 2017 | 26 May 2022 | \$0.048 | 45% | \$792,000 |
| В | 36,666,667 | 22 May 2017 | 26 May 2022 | \$0.048 | 45% | \$792,000 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

14. Reserves (continued)

Fair value was determined with reference to the prevailing share price at the grant date. The directors assessed probabilities of achieving performance milestones and eventually converting as at the date of acquisition. This estimate has not been revised because of the nature of the acquisition transaction. These performance shares have not yet converted. No performance shares were exercised, issued, granted, vested, expensed over a vesting period, cancelled, expired or lapsed during the year or prior year.

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-----------|----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | | |
| Reserve at the beginning of the year | 46,241 | 95,668 |
| Exchange differences arising on translating foreign operations | (130,549) | (49,427) |
| Reserve at end of year | (84,308) | 46,241 |

Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and net assets of the Company's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the Company's presentation currency (i.e. Australian dollars) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. Exchange differences previously accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve are reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the foreign operation.

15. Auditor's remuneration

Amounts, received or due and receivable by the auditor for:

- an audit or review services 25,932 29,489

16. Key Management Personnel (KMP) and Related Party Transactions

(a) Key Management Personnel

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the directors' report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Company's KMP for the financial year ended 30 June 2020. The totals of remuneration paid to KMP of the Company during the year are as follows:

| Short term | 390,479 | 374,000 |
|----------------------|------------|---------|
| Post-employment | 15,515 | 20,710 |
| Share based payments | 14,649,750 | - |
| | 15,055,744 | 394,710 |

(b) Other transactions

The Company did not enter into any other transactions with related parties during the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

17. Cash Flow Information

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------------------|-------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| (a) Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Lo | ss after Income Tax | |
| Loss after income tax | (25,902,234) | (1,615,073) |
| Non cash flows in loss: | (23,302,234) | (1,013,073) |
| Depreciation | 23,091 | 26,645 |
| Share based payments | 14,649,750 | 20,043 |
| • • | • • | - |
| Shares issued for acquisition of mineral exploration interests | 5,320,000 | <u>-</u> |
| Exchange differences | (124,838) | (55,725) |
| Loss on disposal of plant and equipment | - | 8,795 |
| Option fee received for disposal of tenements | (39,210) | (31,147) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| - decrease in trade and other receivables | (3,109) | 45,430 |
| - (increase)/ decrease in current financial assets | (647,953) | - |
| - (increase)/ decrease in other assets | (7,950) | (6,802) |
| - (decrease) in trade and other payables | 1,653,651 | (356,099) |
| - increase in provisions | 11,624 | 2,190 |
| | (5,067,178) | (1,981,786) |
| | | |

2021

2020

(b) Non Cash Investing & Financing Activities

There were no non-cash investing or financing activities during the year.

18. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Company is required to pay certain vendors a 2% net smelter royalty on the proceeds of any minerals sold from the Dobsina tenement. In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has no other contingent liabilities or assets as at 30 June 2021.

19. Financial reporting by segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are used by the Board (the chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. The Board as a whole regularly review the identified segments in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess their performance.

The Group operates predominately in one industry, being mineral exploration. The main geographic areas that the entity operates in are Australia, Indonesia, Europe, and Canada. The parent entity is registered in Australia. The Group's exploration assets to 30 June 2021 are held in Australia, Canada and Europe.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

19. Financial reporting by segments (continued)

The following tables present revenue, expenditure and certain asset and liability information regarding geographical segments for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020. These reports are based on the locations of entities in the Group that prepare reports for management. Although the Australian parent entity had other income related to European operations and expenditures related to both European and Canadian operations during 2020, these expenditures were all born by the parent entity and included with the parent entity's accounting records and reports prepared for management. All liabilities of the Canadian segment are included with the Australian segment because these liabilities were all recognised, paid and processed by the parent entity to 30 June 2021. The Indonesian segment is disclosed separately, despite being effectively dormant, because it involves separate entities with separate accounting systems.

| Geographical information | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | Australia \$ | Canada \$ | Indonesia \$ | Europe \$ | Total |
| Year ended 30 June 2021 | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | |
| Interest income | 36,392 | - | - | - | 36,392 |
| Other income | 726,336 | - | - | - | 726,336 |
| Segment income | 762,728 | - | - | - | 762,726 |
| Other information Share-based payments Exploration expenditure and | (14,649,750) | - | - | - | (14,649,750) |
| acquisition costs | (44,442) | (10,620,519) | (35) | (365,987) | (11,030,983) |
| Result Loss before tax Income tax expense | (14,898,730) - | (10,636,482) | (35) | (366,987) | (25,902,234) - |
| Loss for the year | (14,898,730) | (10,636,482) | (35) | (366,987) | (25,902,234) |
| Asset and liabilities | | | | | |
| Segment assets | 14,264,408 | - | 367 | 144,492 | 14,409,267 |
| Segment liabilities | (1,788,856) | - | (7) | (29,821) | (1,818,684) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

19. Financial reporting by segments (continued)

| Year ended 30 June 2020 | Australia \$ | Canada \$ | Indonesia \$ | Europe \$ | Total |
|--|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Revenue | | | | | |
| Interest income | 151,320 | _ | _ | - | 151,320 |
| Other income | 61,480 | _ | _ | - | 61,480 |
| Segment income | 212,800 | - | - | - | 212,800 |
| Other information Employee benefits and consulting expense Exploration expenditure and | (458,473) | - | - | - | (458,473) |
| acquisition costs | (471,324) | - | (80) | (131,474) | (602,878) |
| Result Loss before tax Income tax expense | (1,474,458) - | - - | (80) | (140,535) - | (1,615,073) |
| Loss for the year | (1,474,458) | - | (80) | (140,535) | (1,615,073) |
| Asset and liabilities Segment assets Segment liabilities | 9,500,607 (118,410) | - | 449 (8) | 77,511 (34,991) | 9,578,567 (153,409) |
| 20 Controlled Entities | | | | | |

20. Controlled Entities

| | | Equity Holding | Equity Holding |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Country of Incorporation | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | % | % |
| Subsidiaries of Aston Minerals Limited: | | | |
| NiCo Minerals Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 |
| CE Metals s.r.o | Slovakia | 100 | 100 |
| PT. WMN Indonesia ¹ | Indonesia | 99.8 | 99.8 |
| PT. Persada Bumi Rawas ¹ | Indonesia | 75 | 75 |
| EUC Finland Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 |
| EUC Sweden Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 |
| EUC Austria Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 |
| Suomen Koboltti Oy | Finland | 100 | 100 |
| Euco Resources Sweden AB | Sweden | 100 | 100 |
| Canada Gold Pty Ltd ² | Australia | 100 | 100 |
| 2771906 Ontario Inc ³ | Canada | 100 | - |

¹Dormant subsidiaries

² This company was incorporated in June 2020 with all issued capital held by Aston Minerals Limited.

³ This company was incorporated in August 2020 with all issued capital held by Canada Gold Pty Ltd.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

21. Financial risk management

Overview

The Company has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through regular reviews of the risks.

The totals of each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

| | | Consolidated | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| | Note | 2021 | 2020 | |
| | | \$ | \$ | |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 7 | 13,430,346 | 9,474,837 | |
| Trade and other receivables | 8 | 29,768 | - | |
| Current financial assets | 9 | 858,553 | - | |
| Non-current financial assets | 9 | 29,863 | 26,659 | |
| Total Financial Assets | - | 14,348,530 | 9,501,496 | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 12 | 1,761,070 | 107,419 | |
| Total Financial Liabilities | | 1,761,070 | 107,419 | |

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investment securities.

Trade and other receivables

As the Company is in the exploration and development phase, it does not have trade receivables and therefore is not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of the Company's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

21. Financial risk management (continued)

| Financial assets | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|--|------------|------------|
| | Ψ | т |
| Cash and cash equivalents – held with major banks | 9,430,346 | 2,374,837 |
| Term deposits – held with major banks | 4,000,000 | 7,100,000 |
| Receivables – main counterparties are taxing authorities | 29,768 | 26,659 |
| Shares in listed company – no direct credit risk | 858,553 | - |
| Tenement security bond – held with Swedish government | 29,863 | |
| | 14,348,530 | 9,501,496 |

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows. Typically the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 60 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is exposed to risks of foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices moving.

Interest rate risk exposure and sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rate for each class of financial assets and financial liabilities comprises:

Fived

Waightad

| 2021 | Interest Rate | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| 2021 | Floating Interest Rate \$ | 1 Year or Less \$ | Non-Interest Bearing \$ | Total \$ | Interest Rate |
| Financial Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 9,348,577 | 4,000,000 | 81,769 | 13,430,346 | 0.13% |
| Trade and other receivables | - | - | 29,768 | 29,768 | - |
| Current financial assets | - | - | 858,553 | 858,553 | - |
| Non-current financial assets | - | - | 29,863 | 29,863 | - |
| Total Financial Assets | 9,348,577 | 4,000,000 | 999,953 | 14,348,530 | 0.12% |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

21. Financial risk management (continued)

| Floating Interest Rate | Fixed Interest Rate | Non-Interest Bearing | Total | Weighted Effective Interest Rate |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---|
| | | (4.764.070) | (4.764.070) | |
| - | | | | |
| - | - | (1,/61,0/0) | (1,/61,0/0) | - |
| 9,348,577 | 4,000,000 | (761,117) | 12,587,460 | 0.14% |
| Floating Interest Rate \$ | Fixed Interest Rate 1 Year or Less \$ | Non-Interest Bearing \$ | Total \$ | Weighted Effective Interest Rate |
| | | | | |
| 2,349,568 | 7,100,000 | 25,269 | 9,474,837 | 0.6% |
| - | - | 26,659 | 26,659 | - |
| 2,349,568 | 7,100,000 | 51,928 | 9,501,496 | 0.6% |
| <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | (107,419) | (107,419) | <u>-</u> |
| | Interest Rate | Interest Rate | Interest Rate | Interest Rate Interest Rate Bearing Iotal |

As at 30 June 2021, if interest rates on interest bearing instruments had changed by -/+100 basis points from the weighted average rate at year end with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the Group would have been \$133,486 lower/higher (2020 - \$94,496 lower/higher) as a result of lower/higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents.

7,100,000

(55,491)

9,394,077

0.6%

Foreign exchange rate risk exposure and sensitivity analysis

2,349,568

Net Financial

Instruments

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk in relation to the acquisition of goods and services in Indonesian Rupiah (IDR), Canadian Dollar (CDR), Swedish Krona (SEK), and Euro (Euro). The Group does not hedge this exposure by using financial instruments. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, expressed in Australian dollar, was as follows:

| | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Financial Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Euro) | 17,247 | 19,476 |
| Cash and cash equivalents (SEK) | 64,522 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents (IDR) | - | 39 |
| Trade and other receivables (IDR) | 366 | 409 |
| Trade and other receivables (Euro) | 1,991 | 101,469 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

21. Financial risk management (continued)

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Trade and other receivables (SEK) | 5,014 | - |
| Current financial assets (CAD) | 858,553 | - |
| Non-current financial assets (SEK) | 29,863 | - |
| Financial Liabilities | | |
| Trade and other payables (CAD) | (1,333,536) | - |
| Trade and other payables (Euro) | (38,150) | (34,991) |
| Trade and other payables (IDR) | (7) | (8) |

The following tables show the foreign currency risk on the financial assets and liabilities of the Group's operations denominated in currencies other than the presentation currency.

Net Financial Assets/(Liabilities) in \$AUD

| | CAD | Euro | IDR | SEK | Total |
|------|-----------|----------|-----|--------|-----------|
| 2021 | (474,983) | (18,912) | 359 | 99,398 | (394,138) |
| 2020 | - | (15,082) | 440 | - | (14,642) |

In respect of the above CAD, Euro, IDR and SEK foreign currency risk exposure in existence at the reporting date a sensitivity of 10% lower and 10% higher has been applied. With all other variables held constant, post tax loss and equity would have been affected as follows:

CAD: AUD \$47,498 loss; AUD \$47,498 gain (2020: nil)

Euro: AUD \$1,891 loss; AUD \$1,891 gain (2020: AUD \$1,508 loss; AUD \$1,508 gain)

IDR: AUD \$36 gain; AUD \$36 loss (20120: AUD \$44 gain; AUD \$44 loss)

SEK: AUD \$9,940 gain; AUD \$9,940 loss (2020: nil)

Fair value of financial instruments

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements approximates their fair value. There are no financial assets or liabilities which are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

22. Parent entity disclosures

| Financial position | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|---|--|--|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets | 14,264,408 | 9,500,608 |
| Non-current assets | - | |
| Total assets | 14,264,409 | 9,500,608 |
| Liabilities Current liabilities Non-Current liabilities | 1,788,856 | 118,410 |
| Total liabilities | 1,788,856 | 118,480 |
| Equity Issued capital Accumulated losses Reserves Total equity | 111,750,217 (122,485,405) 23,210,741 12,475,553 | 97,201,759 (96,380,552) 8,560,991 9,382,198 |
| Financial performance Profit/(loss) for the year Total comprehensive income | (26,104,853) (26,104,853) | (1,472,110) (1,472,110) |

Refer to Note 23 for commitments of the parent which are the same as the Group.

23. Commitments

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to tenements, the Group is required to perform minimum exploration requirements specified by various government authorities of \$86,499 (2020: \$30,000).

The Group now has a six month minimum period for terminating the Managing Director without cause and a six month minimum period for terminating the Corporate Director without cause. This creates an executive services commitment of \$219,000 (30 June 2020: \$45,990).

The Group has no other material commitments.

24. Events Subsequent to Period End

After Balance Date Events

On 1 July 2021, the Company:

- Issued 4,500,000 performance rights expiring 1 July 2024, unless the performance rights lapse under the terms of the Employee Securities Incentive Plan. These performance shares covert into one share each, at the participant's election, on achievement of the following vesting conditions:
 - o 1,500,000 vest on a 5 day VWAP of \$0.20 and 12 months service.
 - o 1,500,000 vest on a 5 day VWAP of \$0.25 and 18 months service.
 - o 1,500,000 vest on a 5 day VWAP of \$0.30 and 24 months service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

24. Events Subsequent to Period End (continued)

Issued 2,000,000 share options expiring 28 March 2025 with an exercise price of \$0.20 per option
These options were issued to an external consultant, with no enforceable commitment for the
issue of these options effective at 30 June 2021. These options were no issued in respect of any
services performed before 1 July 2021.

On 12 July 2021, the Company announced the acquisition of a further 140km² of land contiguous with the Edleston Project, extending the total land area of the project to 263km².

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b) give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - c) are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as stated in note 1 to the financial statements; and
- 2. the Managing Director and Company Secretary have each declared that:
 - a) the financial records of the Company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;
 - the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards;
 and
 - c) the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view;
- 3. in the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Tolga Kumova Chairman

30 September 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASTON MINERALS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Aston Minerals Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Consolidated Entity"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion:

- a. the accompanying financial report of the Consolidated Entity is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- b. the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Accounting Firms



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter

Exploration Expenditure

As disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements during the year the Consolidated Entity incurred exploration expenses of \$11,030,983. Exploration expenditure is a key audit matter due to:

- The significance to the Consolidated Entity's statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income; and
- The level of judgement required in evaluating management's application of the requirements of AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources. AASB 6 is an industry specific accounting standard requiring the application of significant judgements, estimates and industry knowledge.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Assessing management's determination of its areas of interest for consistency with the definition in AASB 6. This involved analysing the tenements in which the Consolidated Entity holds an interest and the exploration programs planned for those tenements.
- For a sample of tenements, we assessed the Consolidated Entity's rights to tenure by corroborating to government registries; and
- We tested exploration expenditure for the year by evaluating a sample of recorded expenditure for consistency to underlying records, the requirements of the Consolidated Entity's accounting policy and the requirements of AASB 6.

Share-Based Payments

As disclosed in note 14 to the financial statements during the year the company issued options to directors resulting in share-based payment expense of \$14,649,750.

Share-based payments are considered to be a key audit matter due to:

- The significance of the transactions to the Consolidated Entity's financial position and performance;
- The level of judgement required in evaluating management's application of the requirements of AASB 2 Sharebased Payment ("AASB 2");

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Analysed contractual agreement to identify key terms and conditions of the share-based payments issued and relevant vesting conditions in accordance with AASB 2;
- Evaluated management's valuation methods and assess the assumptions and inputs used;
- Assessed the amount recognised during the period against relevant vesting conditions; and
- Assessed the appropriateness of the disclosures included in the relevant notes



 Use of the Black-Scholes valuation model to determine the fair value of the options granted requires significant judgement in assessing the inputs utilised. to the financial statements.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Consolidated Entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Consolidated Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Consolidated Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Consolidated Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Entity to express an opinion on the financial report.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Consolidated Entity audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2021. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with s 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of the Company, for the year ended 30 June 2021, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD

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Partner

Dated this 30th day of September 2021