

# ALLIGATOR ENERGY LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

ACN 140 575 604

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Your directors present their report, together with the financial statements of the Group, being the Alligator Energy Limited ("the Company" or "Alligator") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

#### **Directors**

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

- Paul Dickson (Chairman)
- Andrew Vigar
- Peter McIntyre
- Gregory Hall

### Principal activities and significant changes in nature of activities

The principal activities of the Group are uranium and other energy mineral exploration and their potential future development. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's activities during the year.

#### **Dividends**

There were no dividends paid to members during the financial year.

### **Operating and Financial Review**

#### a) Operating Performance

Alligator's operating performance over the course of the financial year continued to be affected by the COVID-19 related access and travel restrictions introduced by Australian Federal and State Governments in early 2020. Notwithstanding the Company continued to meet its operating KPIs including:

- Operation of all exploration sites without any lost time injuries
- O There were no reportable environmental issues
- Compliance was maintained with obligations under the Exploration Agreements with the Northern Land Council and Traditional Owners (as amended for COVID related restrictions)
- O There was full compliance with all other applicable agreements, regulations and laws.

### b) Operations for the year

#### Overview

The principal focus of activity during the financial year was completion of the transaction to acquire the Samphire Uranium Project in South Australia (completed in October 2020), the completion of a desk-top study to determine the required steps for completing a scoping study and undertaking of on-ground geophysics.

Access to the Alligator Rivers Uranium Province in West Arnhem Land was largely restricted, due to COVID, during the financial year limiting the opportunity to conduct further fieldwork.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Nevertheless two short site inspections were undertaken to ensure continued tenement compliance and to oversee the annual back-burning around Myra Camp.

Discussions with interested strategic investors in relation to the Piedmont Project in Italy continued and the Company extended its JV agreement with Chris Reindler and partners. In addition, the Company joined the European Raw Materials Alliance (formed September 2020) which has an action plan to reduce Europe's raw materials' dependency on third countries, diversify supply from both primary and secondary sources and improve resource efficiency and circularity while promoting responsible sourcing worldwide.

Alligator continued to evaluate additional exploration and resource project opportunities within the uranium and energy metals space. The targeting considerations included being complimentary to the Company's skill set and strategy, preferably allowing year-round exploration work and adding to our previous small resource base. To this end a Share Purchase Agreement was executed for the Big Lake Uranium Project in South Australia and a binding Terms Sheet was executed followed by the acquisition of the Samphire Project.

### **Alligator Rivers Uranium Province**

# Tin Camp Creek Tenements (Alligator 98%), Beatrice Tenements (Alligator 100%) and Nabarlek North Tenements (Alligator 100%)

In early 2020, the NT Government and Northern Land Council (NLC) placed restrictions on access into Arnhem Land following the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, with access for essential services only. The restrictions remained in place to protect vulnerable indigenous communities in the region, an approach fully supported by Alligator.

Alligator received notice from the NT Mining and Energy Department in the first quarter of 2021 of grant of the Nabarlek North group of licenses which complements the Tin Camp Creek and Beatrice Projects. The granting of the Nabarlek North tenement package nearly doubles Alligator's granted tenement holdings within the ARUP, increasing the area by approximately 500km2 to a total granted footprint of around 1130km2. This extended tenement holding represents the second largest granted footprint within Australia's highest-grade uranium province. A field work program is now being planned for the second quarter of the 2021/22 financial year.

The Nabarlek North Project boundary is located around 11 kilometres from the historic Nabarlek mine which produced 24Mlbs @ 1.84% U308 (see Company ASX announcements for DevEx Resources Limited (ASX:DEV) on 4 October 2017). Limited historic work has been completed across the Project area with the majority of focus being proximal to the U40 prospect which is situated just 200m from the licence boundary.

### Samphire Uranium Project – South Australia (Alligator 100%)

In October 2020, Alligator concluded the purchase of the Samphire Uranium Project from unlisted public company Samphire Uranium Ltd by means of a scrip purchase which was then distributed

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

in-specie to their shareholders. Alligator now owns the following key uranium resource and exploration assets (Samphire Project):

- Blackbush Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate (JORC 2012) comprising 64.5 million tonnes at a grade of 230ppm eU308 containing 14,850 t (32.7Mlbs) U308 at a 100ppm cut-off grade1;
- Plumbush Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate (stated in compliance with JORC 2004) of 21.8 million tonnes at grade of 292ppm eU3O8, containing 6,300t (13.9Mlbs) of mineralisation at a 100ppm eU3O8 cut-off grade2; and
- Exploration Target Host geology and anomalism extend beyond the current known mineralisation envelope with uranium intercepts obtained in drill holes up to 3km distant.
- 1. See ASX:USA release 27 Sept 2013 for which the Competent Persons were Mr Russell Bluck and Mr Marco Scardigno.
- This information was prepared and first disclosed under the JORC Code 2004. It has not been updated since to comply with the
  JORC Code 2012 on the basis that the information has not materially changed since it was last reported. See ASX:USA release 27
  September 2013 and 1 October 2019 Samphire Annual Report for which the Competent Persons were Mr Russell Bluck and Mr
  Marco Scardigno. Refer also to Cautionary Statement on page 74.

In late 2020, Alligator released the results of a Desktop Study on the Processing and Opportunities of the Blackbush deposit conducted by Inception Consulting Engineers (ICE). A concurrent exploration and targeting review was conducted in-house by AGE during the period and released to market at the same time.

Key outcomes from the Processing and Opportunities Review were:

- The Samphire Project was identified as a resource best suited to uranium recovery by In Situ Recovery (ISR) methods for the bulk of the resource contained within the Kanaka bed lithologies;
- Development of the resource as an open pit operation is considered feasible but not economically attractive;
- The potential for intermediate products and downstream processing to a final uranium product was evaluated, with both being potentially feasible with the right uranium market metrics. Transport of a loaded uranium resin product was considered to be the most suitable intermediate product, with processing through to final uranium product also to be considered; and
- Flowsheet optimisation opportunities were identified at a concept level that can be further tested with collection of fresh samples, and through a detailed testing program in conjunction with ANSTO.

Following an extensive Exploration and Targeting review of the work completed by previous owners of the Project, Alligator identified several priority exploration and resource expansion targets across the Project area. These included opportunities for further higher grade mineralisation within the known deposit at Blackbush, as well as exploration targets within satellite occurrences of the styles of mineralisation already defined at Blackbush.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

The opportunity for higher grade within the Blackbush deposit was a concept first identified by UraniumSA, after investigating the relationship of mineralisation controls relating to basement structural architecture and the overlying sediments. This theory was proven in 2012 drilling after the initial resource work was completed and demonstrated in hole MRM881 which intercepted 15.9 metres at 0.3% eU308 including 4.5 metres at 1.02% eU308.

Utilising existing electromagnetic geophysical data in conjunction with the understanding of the geological framework of the system, a series of prospective palaeochannel continuations from the Blackbush deposit have been identified for immediate follow up drilling. Alligator trialled and then undertook a detailed on-ground magnetic survey to enable understanding of basement architecture and structures, and also trialled the passive seismic technique for paleochannel location. Both have highlighted prospective targets for future drilling.

The two key areas of work to be undertaken over the coming two years include:

- Progress the planned resource drilling program, ANSTO testwork on recovered core, and finalisation of a Scoping Study during 1H 2022; and
- Planning and establishment of a Samphire uranium extraction in-situ field leach trial during 2022 and into 2023, along with increased resource and exploration drilling, initial environmental studies, and early initiation of project approvals.

Alligator entered into a binding Heads of Agreement in the last quarter of the 2021 financial year with Stellar Resources (ASX: SRZ) to acquire licence EL6350 which adjoins the Samphire Project. EL6350 is a split tenement, with the main area of interest being directly adjacent to Alligator's existing tenure at the Samphire Project. The Project is deemed prospective for paleochannel hosted mineralisation, as seen at Blackbush and Plumbush and as shown in existing uranium intersections drilled by UraniumSA under a JV. Under the acquisition terms, Alligator through its wholly owned subsidiary S Uranium Pty Ltd, will acquire a 100% interest in EL 6350 from Stellar Resources for \$135,000 to be satisfied through the issue of AGE shares once all conditions precedent are met or waived. Shareholder approval for the issue of 7,105,263 fully paid ordinary shares (based on a volume weighted average price up to the date of executing the agreement of 1.9 cents) was obtained at an EGM held on 29 June 2021 and the shares issued in the current financial year.

### Big Lake Uranium Project- South Australia – Farm-in

Alligator finalised a farm-in and share sale agreement for the Big Lake Uranium (BLU) project in the Cooper Basin region of South Australia in late 2019. The Project is amenable to rapid and low-cost exploration targeting In Situ Recovery (ISR) style uranium within a favourable setting.

Evidence of uranium within the region occurs in gamma logging in oil and gas wells and was confirmed by initial exploration by others during 2009. Alligator is focussed on the locally untested model of down gradient channel deposition within this familiar mineralisation setting. The region has similarities with the Kazakhstan, Texas and Wyoming uranium fields.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Alligator submitted a stage 2 application to the South Australian Government's Accelerated Discovery Initiative (ADI) for the BLU project and was subsequently informed of a successful stage 2 application in June 2020 with the award of \$152,400 in co-funding of exploration expenses associated with geophysical surveys to delineate paleochannels, and the initial direct drilling costs to test the concept.

An airborne electromagnetic (AEM) survey over the Project was completed in May 2021, with the results being evaluated by Alligator's consultant geophysicist.

Due to COVID-19 related delays in undertaking the AEM survey, the agreement with the Big Lake Project owners for a decision to trigger the final share payment for the acquisition was extended to 31 December 2021. This amendment to the agreement and the terms of the underlying Performance Shares were approved by Shareholders at the 29 June 2021 EGM.

### Piedmont Project - Northern Italy - Farm-in + 100% owned tenements

Alligator is farming into, and has direct lease applications, in an historic Nickel-Cobalt-Copper mining area in the Piedmont region, northern Italy. The Company has access to multiple exploration permits over a 30km mineralised strike length, across which there has been minimal modern exploration.

Alligator has continued to note the increased strategic interest in sustainable sources of nickel and cobalt, in particular from battery manufacturing companies and trading groups within Europe. Most European based car manufacturers have indicated their desire to source sustainably mined strategic minerals, and Alligator believes the vastly under-explored Piedmont nickel-cobalt (copper gold) region has strong potential in this arena. The Company has re-started its engagement with European based investment interests and other previously identified strategic partners.

COVID-19 related international travel restrictions during the 2021 financial year impacted the ability of the Company to conduct further field-based activities. Consequently, the major focus for this Project during the year centred around discussions with interested strategic investors on participating in advancing this Project.

### Traxys deal and Partnership

In May 2021 the Company formed a strategic relationship with Traxys North America LLC (Traxys), the U.S. arm of the global commodities trading group Traxys. Under the Agency Agreement Traxys will provide uranium marketing services for future uranium production, long term offtake contracting, project development financing and assist in uranium project acquisition opportunities.

Traxys is a long-standing metals, minerals and alloys merchant, with a turnover exceeding US\$6 billion annually. Their uranium marketing and trading group covers the Americas, Europe, Australia and Asia and transacts up to 15 million lbs U3O8 annually, along with managing contract supply books in conversion, UF6, futures and options.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

During the term of the Agreement, Traxys will act as Alligator's exclusive agent for the marketing of produced uranium. Alligator expects this Agreement will provide substantial value to Shareholders through:

- Support to accelerate Alligator's development of the Samphire Project and contract sales book;
- Leveraging Traxys' market intelligence, financing strength and customer relationships with nuclear utility uranium buyers to maximise future product pricing and project revenues;
- Working with Alligator on continued evaluation of external uranium resource opportunities to develop a future supply pipeline;
- O Potential for U3O8 inventory finance and logistics support;
- Consideration of project development finance up to US\$15 million to support project start up; and
- Development of a strategic relationship which will accelerate Alligator's transition from a junior explorer and development company into a bona fide producer with a global supply profile and a matching market cap.

#### Capital raisings

Alligator completed a capital raising initiative in December 2020 and had a further raising post year end (August 2021).

The key elements of the December 2020 capital raising initiative were as follows:

- A capital raising of \$1.6M through a single tranche Placement of 226.7M fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.007, with a 1:2 18 month option attaching option exercisable at \$0.015 each;
- The Placement was conducted using the Company's existing capacity under ASX Listing Rule 7.1 (15% Capacity) and a portion of Listing Rule 7.1A (Additional 10% Capacity);
- The Placement was principally aimed at funding the next steps of the Samphire Uranium Project work program
- Alligator applied to the ASX for listing of the attaching options which was granted and these now trade under the ticker code ASX: AGEOB

See Matters Subsequent to the End of the Year in this Report for details of the August 2021 capital raising.

### **Performance Shares**

Performance Shares associated with the Big Lake Farm-in and Share Sale Agreement were allotted in December 2019 after obtaining an ASX Listing Rule 6.1 waiver. The waiver granted by the ASX included the following disclosure requirements in each Quarterly, Half Year and Annual Report:

- O Number of Performance Shares on issue at the end of the Year: 60,000,000
- Summary of the terms and conditions of the Performance Shares: See Note 12(d)
- Performance Shares converted or cancelled during the Year: Nil
- Performance Share milestones met during the Year: Nil

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

The value of the Performance Shares allotted will be measured when milestones have been met and conversion to Fully Paid Ordinary Shares has occurred.

#### **Director Fee Plan**

Shareholders at the annual general meeting on 24 November 2020 approved an extension to the Directors' Fee Plan for twelve months from that date (2021 Fee Plan). The 2021 Fee Plan allows Directors to apply for shares in lieu of receiving cash payments for non-executive fees. This arrangement assists the Group to conserve cash balances for its exploration and other work.

### c) Operating Loss

The operating loss before tax and impairment charges was \$991,316 which was similar to the 2020 operating loss of \$985,479.

Whilst cost savings were achieved through a premises relocation, temporary freezing of the employee option incentive scheme and reduced legal fees associated with the Nabarlek North Exploration Agreement and Big Lake transaction this was offset as a result of increased employment costs post the Samphire acquisition, increased ASX listing fees and share registry costs as a result of the significant increase in the shareholder base and costs associated with pursuing new business opportunities.

There were no additional expenses incurred as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic whilst the employee benefits expense for the six-month period was reduced due to the receipt of the Federal Government's Cash Boost totalling \$38,040 (2020: 28,626).

The Company expensed tenement holding costs incurred for the financial year at the ARUP Projects due to there being minimal on-ground activity. This expenditure related principally to salaries, rentals, royalties and compliance activities and totalled \$90,750 (2020: \$163,881).

### d) Financial Position

Net assets of the Group totalling \$13,345,834 increased by \$4,718,501 during the financial year principally as a result of the Samphire Project acquisition for circa \$4m and the proceeds from the Placement less operating expenditures. The cash balance at 30 June 2021 was \$1,631,104 compared to \$903,949 at the same time in 2020.

### e) Business strategies and prospects for future financial years

#### Strategy and Business Plan

Alligator's strategy is to advance its key resource and exploration targets, through direct and strategic partner investment, while evaluating and acquiring further uranium or energy minerals assets in target regions.

The Samphire Project is now the most advanced in the Company's portfolio and will therefore receive the greatest focus of attention in progressing towards firstly a scoping study and ultimately a feasibility study for a low cost ISR style development.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

The Company previously conducted a comprehensive re-evaluation of the regional and local geology for the ARUP region, which has enhanced the understanding of the stratigraphic and structural relationships that we believe are the proven key to mineralisation of large uranium deposits within the ARUP. This highlighted a broad prospective zone running from the western Beatrice project, through the eastern portion of the Tin Camp Creek Project and into the Nabarlek North Project area as high priority for further work. Along this trend, 8 areas for immediate assessment were highlighted combined with 6 addition target areas within the Alligator licences. The immediate focus will be on the lower cost for exploration, readily accessible and prospective Nabarlek Project. Specifically the potential for further mineralisation of DevEx Resources Limited (ASX: DEV) U40 Prospect into Alligator's newly granted tenements.

The Big Lake Uranium farm-in and acquisition is focussed on a new potential ISR area which contains uranium but has unproven potential. There is proven value in ISR uranium deposits located in the experienced regulatory regime of South Australia, which has one operating ISR mine and one on care and maintenance awaiting market improvement. In 2020, 55% of the world's uranium was produced from ISR mining.

Alligator has also identified a unique opportunity in the exploration and potential delineation of high-grade nickel—cobalt—copper deposits in the historic Piedmont province in northwest Italy, at a time of heightened interest within Europe for sustainable supply of strategic minerals for the EV, battery and future electronics industry. The Company has both farm-in and directly held leases and applications in the known Ni Co Cu region with access to multiple exploration permits over a 30km mineralised strike length, referred to as 'The Piedmont Project'.

Work on further opportunities and external project evaluation continues utilising existing experienced staff and key consultants. Alligator Energy still has one of the few Board, Management and advisory teams that have discovered uranium projects, taken uranium projects through resource definition and into development, and managed and operated uranium mines.

### Research & Development

The Group believes that exploration success can be maximized by ensuring multiple high-quality target areas are tested as efficiently as possible with a strong technical focus supported by Research and Development Program. R&D activities have focused on identifying and targeting covered and fully-preserved unconformity uranium deposits beneath the covering Kombolgie Sandstone in the ARUP. Investigation and experimentation are being undertaken on innovative applications of radiogenic isotope geochemical testing and Sub Audio Magnetics (SAM) geophysical techniques.

Alligator commenced the collection of water samples in 2013 for initial investigations into spring and water fed radiometric anomalies. The water samples were analysed through ANSTO for radionuclide concentrations with the aim of differentiating uranium and thorium sources. Several samples considered highly anomalous for uranium or Ra226 (Uranium decay chain) highlighted the potential passage of groundwater through a uranium rich source. With indications of ground water

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

passing through a Uranium bearing source Alligator is seeking to further research using isotope analysis to aid with the identification of water pathways below Kombolgie sandstone cover.

Alligator is also utilising existing publicly available seismic data from Cooper Basin oil and gas exploration to try and assist the location of potential buried channels in the upper-level sediments capable of containing uranium deposition traps.

#### **Risk Factors**

The Group is subject to the inherent risks which apply to some degree to all participants in the exploration and mining industries. These risks which could impact on the execution of the Company's strategy include the following:

#### Lack of discovery success

Mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk in relation to the probability of the discovery of a significant resource which can be commercially developed. Regardless of the application of experience, technical knowledge and careful evaluation, the discovery of commercial deposits of uranium or other minerals cannot be assured. Alligator strives to reduce exploration risk by ensuring a high level of experience and technical skill is applied to planning and execution of exploration programs.

There is also no assurance that if deposits of uranium or other minerals are discovered, commercial development of these resources will occur. The commercial viability of a particular resource is dependent on a number of factors including the quality and nature of the resource and future commodity price and exchange rate fluctuations, factors which are beyond the control of the Company.

### Capital requirements

Alligator relies on the issue of its equity shares or farm-out/joint venturing or optioning of Alligator's mineral properties to fund its business strategy. There can be no assurance that Alligator will be able to raise such capital or establish such agreements on favourable terms. If Alligator is unable to obtain additional capital, it may be required to reduce the scope of its future exploration programs, which could adversely affect its business, financial condition and results of operation. The ability to raise capital on favourable terms is dependent on a range of factors including the strength of equity and capital markets in Australia and throughout the world, changes in government policies, commodity prices and the prospectivity of the Group's tenement holdings and identified prospects.

### **Land Access Issues**

Aboriginal land issues and Aboriginal heritage issues in the ARUP and South Australia and designated conservation areas in northern Italy may affect the ability of Alligator to pursue exploration, development and mining on Alligator's properties. Alligator is committed to working with all stakeholders associated with land access for exploration and development in a complimentary and effective manner.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

### **Environmental and Compliance Issues**

The current or future operations of Alligator, including mineral exploration or development activities and commencement of production, require permits from governmental authorities and such operations are and will be governed by laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, mining, environmental protection, mine safety, land access and other matters. Such laws and regulations may vary in future. There can be no assurance, however, that all permits which Alligator may require for mineral exploration or construction of mining facilities and conduct of mining operations will be obtainable on reasonable terms or that such laws and regulations would not have an adverse effect on any mining project which Alligator might undertake.

In relation to current activities, the Group is in compliance with governing laws and regulations and manages these risks including those associated with COVID-19 through its existing operating procedures, Environmental Plans, internal audits and liaison with regulators and stakeholders.

### f) Significant changes in the state of affairs

Other than the items discussed in the review of operations above, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the year.

#### g) Environmental Issues

The Group's operations are subject to environmental regulations in relation to its exploration activities. The Group is compliant with all aspects of these requirements. The Directors are not aware of any environmental law that is not being complied with.

### h) New Accounting Standards Implemented

There were no new Accounting Standards adopted during the year.

### i) Matters subsequent to the end of the year

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and has become a significant matter around the globe. Management continues to monitor developments and any potential future impact on the financial position and performance of the Group. However, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation has become dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Federal and State Governments and other countries, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

The Company has been identifying and recruiting geological expertise for its Samphire Project within South Australia to reduce potential cross-border travel impacts on project advancement.

Subsequent to year end, on 10 August 2021 the Company completed a placement of A\$10.7M fully paid ordinary shares to institutional, sophisticated and professional investors (Placement). The Placement was principally undertaken with institutional funds in Australia, Hong Kong and the United States. Bell Potter Securities Limited and Taylor Collison Limited acted as Joint Lead Managers for the Placement. The Placement comprised of 395.5M fully paid ordinary shares at an

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

issue price of \$0.027. The Placement was conducted using the Company's existing capacity under ASX Listing Rule 7.1 (15% Capacity) and a portion of Listing Rule 7.1A (Additional 10% Capacity).

The funds raised will enable Alligator to:

- Progress an extended work program at the Samphire Uranium Project, including the current year's planned resource drilling program, ANSTO testing and finalisation of a Scoping Study 1H 2022;
- Planning and establishment of a Samphire uranium extraction in-situ field leach trial during 2022 and into 2023, along with increased resource and exploration drilling, initial environmental studies, and early initiation of project approvals;
- An initial on-ground geophysics survey at the Nabarlek North project (ARUP) with drill testing targeted to follow, adjacent the high grade U40 prospect; and
- The remaining funds to be applied to the Big Lake Uranium Project, Piedmont Project strategic partner establishment, working capital requirements and Alligator's continued evaluation of other advanced uranium opportunities.

After obtaining Shareholder approval at the EGM held on 29 June 2021, the Company issued 18,979,412 fully paid ordinary shares to Traxys North America as payment for the first two years of the Agency Agreement signed in May 2021 and 1,254,545 Zero Strike Priced Options to Non-Executive Directors in lieu of past remuneration sacrifices and the additional workload during the financial year.

On 16 September 2021, after approval by the Board, the Company issued 3,499,918 fully paid ordinary shares for the purposes of (i) recognising the performance of employees and contractors for the 2020/21 period (2,559,3980 shares); (ii) payment for services to be delivered for the 2022 financial year (483,871 shares); and (iii) on exercise of the 1.5 cent listed options (456,667 shares) by holders of these securities.

On 16 September 2021 the Company agreed a full-time employment services agreement with Greg Hall as CEO and Managing Director, effective 1 September 2021, on the basis of annual base pay of \$205,000 plus superannuation. The previous arrangements for short-term and long-term incentives were carried over to this contract.

On 22 September 2021 the Company confirmed that all conditions precedent to the purchase of EL 6350 (adjacent to the Samphire Project) from Stellar Resources had been met. The purchase consideration will be settled by issue of 7,105,263 fully paid ordinary shares (based on a volume weighted average price up to the date of executing the agreement of 1.9 cents) which was approved by Shareholders at an EGM held on 29 June 2021.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- a) The Group's operations in future financial years, or
- b) The results of those operations in future financial years, or
- c) The Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

#### **Information on Directors**

The following information on Directors is presented as at the date of signing this report.

### Paul Dickson - B.Ed. SF Fin Grad Dip TA - Independent Non-executive Chairman

Paul Dickson has over 30 years of experience in the finance services industry. He has worked with a number of stock broking firms including Ord Minett Ltd and Colonial Stock-broking Limited and more recently has been a director of a number of corporate advisory boutiques. Paul was a director of DDM Capital Pty Ltd, which provided a range of services including capital raising and general corporate advice for small-cap companies and Proserpine Capital Partners Pty Ltd, a Private Equity business based in Melbourne. Paul currently works within the equity markets area for Henslow Pty Ltd.

Other current directorships

Former directorships (last three years) Special responsibilities

Interests in shares / options

Length of service

Non-executive Director Cobold Metals Limited

(Public Unlisted)

Non-executive Chairman of Terrain Minerals Member of the Audit & Risk Management

Committee

17,672,210 ordinary shares (indirect) and 490,909

Zero Strike Priced Options 12 years and 7 months

### Andrew Vigar - BSc (App. Geo.), FAusIMM, MSEG - Independent Non-executive Director

Andrew is a Geologist with over 40 years of experience in the minerals industry covering exploration to mining, finance, corporate and education. After graduating from QUT in 1987 he held several company positions before commencing consulting in 1996. He worked with SRK for several years before founded Mining Associates in Brisbane, Australia in 2003 and Hong Kong in 2009. He has cofounded several Public companies including DGO Gold (ASX:DGO) 2007, Alligator Energy (ASX:AGE) 2010 and K92 Mining (TSX:KNT) 2014. He remains a Director of AGE and Chairman of Mining Associates and Vigar Investments.

He is a Fellow and long-term supporter of the AusIMM, AIG and SEG being a former local branch Treasurer, Chairman and Councillor of the AusIMM. He is the co-founder and Chairman of the highly successful Brisbane Mining Club, Partner in the Wollumbin Palms Rainforest Retreat Eco Resort in Northern NSW and continues a long association with the University of Queensland.

### **DIRECTORS REPORT** (continued)

### Information on Directors (continued)

Other current directorships Nil Former directorships (last three years) Nil

Special responsibilities Chair of the Audit & Risk Management Committee Interests in shares / options

18,418,510 ordinary shares (direct and indirect)

and 381,818 Zero Strike Priced Options

Length of service 11 years and 10 months

### Peter McIntyre - BSc. Eng; MSc. Mgmt - Non-executive Director

Peter has over 30 years of experience in the resources sector, including 15 years with WMC Ltd. He has been involved with the development of a number of major mining projects, and at a corporate level he has established and steered various companies through their early stages into significant businesses. Prior to its takeover, Peter established and was Managing Director of Extract Resources Limited during the critical discovery and pre-feasibility stage of the Husab Uranium Project, in Namibia.

Other current directorships Non-executive director of Macallum Group Ltd

Zamanco Minerals Ltd, Copper Search Ltd and

Coronet Resources Pty Ltd

Former directorships (last three years) Nil

Special responsibilities Nil

Interests in shares / options 68,337,904 ordinary shares (indirect) and 381,818

Zero Strike Priced Options

8 years and 11 months Length of service

### **Gregory Hall** – BE in Mining Engineering - **CEO and Managing Director**

Greg, a Mining Engineer, has over 35 years' experience as an executive in the resources sector, particularly in uranium resource projects. He has held operational management roles at Olympic Dam (WMC) and Ranger Uranium Mine (North / Rio Tinto), and was founding Managing Director of Toro Energy Ltd (achieving WA's first fully approved uranium project). He has previously held operational roles in copper companies as CEO of Hillgrove Resources Ltd, and Project Director of Rex Minerals. Greg has a deep understanding of the international uranium and nuclear sector and is acquainted with commodity markets having been a Marketing Manager for Rio Tinto Uranium and Director Sales (Bauxite & Alumina) at Rio Tinto Aluminium.

Greg is immediate Past President of the South Australian Chamber of Mines and Energy Council and remains an ex Officio on Council.

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

### Information on Directors (continued)

Other current directorships

Former directorships (last three years)
Special responsibilities
Interests in shares / options

Length of service

Non-executive director of Copperstone Resources Ltd (Nordic Nasdaq listed), Copper Search Ltd and Torch Energy Pty Ltd

Nil

22,215,392 ordinary shares and 11,650,000 unlisted Long Term Incentive Performance

Options

6 years and 2 months

# CFO & Company Secretary Mike Meintjes - BCom (Hons), ACA, F Fin

Mike is a Chartered Accountant with over 30 years professional services experience principally with a Big Four accounting firm and more recently in part-time contracting and consulting roles. During this time, he gained extensive exposure to the mining and oil and gas sectors, including having advised a number of junior mineral explorers in both Western Australia and Queensland. Mike also holds the Company Secretarial role with Geopacific Resources Limited (ASX: GPR).

### **Meetings of directors**

The number of meetings of the Company's board of directors held during the year ended 30 June 2021, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Director's	Meetings	Audit & Risk Mgmt Committee Meetings			
	No. eligible to attend	No. attended	No. eligible to attend	No. attended		
Paul Dickson	12	12	2	2		
Andrew Vigar	12	12	2	2		
Peter McIntyre	12	12 12		-		
Greg Hall	12	12	2	2		

### **Indemnification of Directors and Officers**

Insurance premiums have been paid, during or since the end of the financial period, in respect of a contract of insurance indemnifying the insured against liability, of which payment does not contravene the Corporations Act (Cth) 2001 as amended. The contract of insurance prohibits the disclosure of the nature of the liabilities and the amount of the premium. The Directors have also executed Deeds of Access and Indemnity with the Company.

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

### **Shares under Option**

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of Alligator Energy Limited under option are as follows:

Grant/Issue date	No. under option	Expiry date	Issue price of shares
19 July 2019	13,750,000	19 July 2022	Zero Strike Priced
26 Nov 2020	5,400,000	1 April 2023	Zero Strike Priced
24 Dec 2020	119,955,177	24 June 2022	\$0.015

The Company has also issued 60,000,000 Performance Shares which convert into one (1) fully paid ordinary share, subject to satisfaction of the milestone set out below applicable to the relevant tranche of Performance Shares on the date specified in the Milestone applicable to the relevant Performance Share:

- 30,000,000 Acquisition Performance Shares: on completion of the farm-in work program, expending at least \$220,000, and Alligator electing to acquire all of the shares in Big Lake Uranium Pty Ltd (BLU) before 31 December 2021 (previously 21 July 2021); and
- 30,000,000 Contingent Consideration/Discovery Performance Shares: on discovery and definition of a JORC compliant Inferred Resource of 25 million lbs U3O8 at 1,000ppm uranium or greater on the Big Lake Uranium Project within five (5) years.

On 1 April 2021, the Board approved renewal of the CEO's employment contract which, subject to obtaining approval from Shareholders at the 2021 AGM, includes the grant of short term zero strike priced options and long term zero strike priced options which are linked to KPIs or other performance hurdles and a value of up to 50% of the base pay for short-term and 50% of the base pay for long-term.

Holders of Options and Performance Shares do not have any rights to participate in any issues of shares or other interests in the Company or any other entity. For details of Options issued to Directors and Executives as remuneration, refer to the Remuneration Report. No person entitled to exercise the option had or has any right by virtue of the Option to participate in any share issue of any other body corporate.

During the year ended 30 June 2021 10,800,000 (2020: 9,437,500) ordinary shares were issued on vesting of performance options granted to the CEO under a short and long-term incentive scheme.

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

### **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)**

This report provides information regarding the remuneration disclosures required under S300A of the Corporations Act 2001 and has been audited.

#### a) Principles used to determine nature and amount of remuneration

The Board of Alligator Energy Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the consolidated group, as well as create goal congruence between directors, executives and shareholders. The Board reviews key management personnel packages annually by reference to the consolidated group's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors. The remuneration policy has been designed to align key management personnel objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific short and long-term incentives. Compensation arrangements are determined after considering competitive rates in the market place for similar sized exploration companies with similar risk profiles and comprise:

### **Fixed Compensation**

Key management personnel receive a fixed amount of base compensation which is based on factors such as length of service and experience. Any applicable statutory superannuation amounts will be paid based on this fixed compensation. Part-time key management personnel are paid an hourly or daily rate based on market factors for the skills and experience required.

#### Performance Related Compensation (short term)

The Company has a formal performance related remuneration policy which is linked to short-term incentives under the Employee Share Option Plan. This policy applies to senior management with the performance KPIs linked to the area of responsibility for each individual. The proportion attributed to each KPI is based on a range of 10-50% of the total available performance incentive. Assessment of the performance by the Board must occur in the quarter following the performance year. Cash performance incentives paid to senior management are only based on exceptional circumstances.

#### **Long Term Incentives**

The Employee Share Option Plan was renewed and approved at a Shareholder general meeting on 29 June 2021 on the same terms under which it has previously operated. Incentives are offered in the form of options or rights and are intended to align the interests of the Group with those of the Shareholders. The long-term incentive applicable to senior management only vests when resource definition drilling commences upon a uranium deposit with the potential to contain 50 million pounds of uranium, or resource drilling commences upon a nickel/cobalt deposit with a potential to contain no less than 150,000t of nickel equivalent or there is a change of shareholding control ( > 50%) of Alligator Energy Limited. The long-term incentive vesting conditions for the grant to the CEO which is subject to shareholder approval at the 2021 AGM will also include a vesting condition linked to completing the Samphire Project feasibility and obtaining the required environmental approvals. The long-term incentives granted as options or rights have a three-year life.

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

### **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)**

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

The Group's policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines the level of individual fees payable to non-executive directors which is then reviewed annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The total fees for all non-executive directors, as approved at the 2010 Annual General Meeting, must not exceed \$250,000 per annum.

Non-executive directors agreed that with effect from 1 October 2019 there would be a temporary reduction in fees from \$42,000 to \$33,000 per annum plus statutory superannuation due initially to market conditions for the uranium sector and then in early 2020 the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. The non-executive Chairman agreed to a temporary reduction from \$54,000 to \$45,000 per annum plus statutory superannuation on the same basis. In view of the improved market conditions in April 2021 the Board agreed to reinstate fees at the previous level. In addition, approval was obtained at an EGM held on 29 June 2021 to issue Zero Strike Priced Options (ZSPO) to non-executive directors in lieu of the previous sacrifices and together with the increased workload from mid-2020 associated with the Samphire Project and other corporate initiatives. Determination of the number of ZSPO was based on 25% of the Existing Annual Fee.

There are no termination or retirement benefits other than statutory superannuation.

The Directors have adopted a Directors' Fee Plan (Fee Plan) for non-executive directors with effect from the 2014 financial year. This Fee Plan has been updated and approved each year by Shareholders in general meeting. The Fee Plan applies for a twelve-month period from approval and enables a director to elect, on a quarterly basis, to take all or a portion of their quarterly remuneration in shares based on the volume weighted average price of the company's shares for the thirty business days before the end of each quarter.

The Fee Plan enables the Company to conserve cash for exploration activities and for the year ended 30 June 2021, directors elected to accept fee payments totalling \$73,287 (2020: \$53,000) in shares for remuneration that had accrued during the financial year.

### **Engagement of Remuneration Consultants**

During the year the Group did not engage remuneration consultants.

### Relationship between Remuneration Policy and Company Performance

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase congruence between shareholders, directors and executives. The methods applied to achieve this objective include performance-based incentives and the adoption of the Fee Plan. The Company believes this policy is important

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

# **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)**

in contributing to shareholder value in the current difficult market conditions for junior explorers. The following table shows the share price performance over the last two financial years:

30 June 2021 30 June 2020

Closing share price \$0.036 \$0.004

### b) Directors and executive officers' remuneration (KMP)

The following table of benefits and payments details, in respect to the financial year:

		Short- term Benefits	Post- employ Benefits	Share-based Payments		Termin- ation Benefits	Total	Value of options as % of Remuneration
		Salary and Fees	Super- annuation	Shares	Options			
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors								
A Vigar	2021	18,750	3,349	16,500	-	-	38,599	-
	2020	27,000	3,349	8,250	-	-	38,599	-
P Dickson	2021	32,213	4,489	15,037	-	-	51,739	-
Chairman	2020	47,250	4,489	-	-	-	51,739	-
P McIntyre	2021	-	3,349	35,250	-	-	38,599	-
	2020	-	3,349	35,250	-	-	38,599	-
G Hall	2021	114,857	11,529	6,500	18,900	-	151,786	12.5%
CEO	2020	74,750	8,003	9,500	18,566	-	110,819	16.7%
Key Management Po	ersonnel							
M Meintjes	2021	103,375	-	-	1,400	-	104,775	1.3%
CFO & Co Sec	2020	81,525	-	-	9,055	-	90,580	10.0%
A P Moorhouse	2021	80,150	-	-	1,697	-	81,847	2.1%
Exploration Mgr	2020	55,990	-	-	9,887	-	65,877	15.0%
Total	2021	349,345	22,716	73,287	21,997	-	467,345	4.7%
	2020	286,515	19,190	53,000	37,508	-	396,213	9.5%

### c) Employment Details of Members of Key Management Personnel (KMP)

The following table provides employment details of persons who were, during the financial year, members of KMP of the Group and the proportion that was performance based.

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

# **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)**

КМР	Position held as at 30 June 2021	Contract details	Proportions of elements of remuneration related to performance			Proportion of remuneration to perfor	not related
			Cash	Shares	Options	Fixed salary/fee	Total
Greg Hall	CEO	Part-time to 31 March 2022*	-	-	12.5%	87.5%	100%
Andrew Peter Moorhouse	Exploration Manager	Four weeks	-	-	2.1%	97.9%	100%
Mike Meintjes	CFO & Co Sec	Four weeks	-	1.3%		98.7%	100%

<sup>\*-</sup> subsequent to year end Greg Hall agreed to a full-time CEO contract effective 1 September 2021

### d) Share based compensation

Details of options over ordinary shares in the Company that were granted as compensation to directors or key management personnel during the reporting periods and options that vested or were cancelled are as follows:

		Options Granted for year	Value of Options \$	Note	Total Options vested for year	Options cancelled for year	Options available for vesting in future periods
Directors							
A Vigar	2021 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-
P Dickson	2021 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-
P McIntyre	2021 2020	- -	- -	-	-	-	-
G Hall CEO	2021 2020	10,800,000 12,500,000	24,300 22,500	(iii) (i)	4,860,000 4,312,500	540,000 1,937,500	11,650,000 6,250,000
Key Management Persor	nel		,		, ,	, ,	
M Meintjes CFO & Co Sec	2021 2020	- 5,000,000	- 9,000	- (ii)	- 1,725,000	- 775,000	2,500,000 2,500,000
A P Moorhouse  Exploration Mgr	2021 2020	- 5,000,000	- 9,000	- (ii)	- 1,500,000	1,000,000	2,500,000 2,500,000
Total	2021 2020	10,800,000 22,500,000	24,300 40,500		4,860,000 7,537,500	540,000 3,712,500	16,650,000 11,250,000

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

### **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)**

### d) Share based compensation (continued)

Details of options in above table

Note	Number issued/to be issued	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise Price	Vesting	Fair value
(i)	6,250,000	10 Dec 19	30 April 20	-	* see note	\$0.003
	6,250,000	10 Dec 19	19 July 22	-	* see note	\$0.001
(ii)	5,000,000	19 July 19	28 Feb 20	-	** see note	\$0.003
	5,000,000	19 July 19	19 July 22	-	** see note	\$0.001
(iii)	5,400,000	26 Nov 20	30 April 21	-	*** see note	\$0.004
	5,400,000	26 Nov 20	1 April 23	-	*** see note	\$0.001

- \* Shareholders approved the grant of short-term and long-term performance options to the CEO at the 2019 AGM. The grant related to the employment contract period ended 31 March 2020 and are reflected above.
- \*\* The Board approved the grant of 2019 field season options to P Moorhouse and M Meintjes on 19 July 2019 being 2,500,000 each under the short term incentive scheme and 2,500,000 each under the long term incentive scheme. The Board deferred the grant of performance options to these individuals for the 2020/21 due to an expectation of a constrained level of field activities under COVID restrictions.
- \*\*\* Shareholders approved the grant of short-term and long-term performance options to the CEO at the 2020 AGM. The grant related to the employment contract period ended 31 March 2021 and are reflected above. The Board has also approved the grant of short term and long term options for the 12 month employment period ended 31 March 2022 and these will be tabled for Shareholder approval at the 2021 AGM.

During the year 4,860,000 (2020:7,537,500) options vested as a result of the CEO meeting the majority of the short term KPIs for his contract year. These options were zero strike priced and automatically converted into ordinary shares.

The CEO employment contract for the twelve month period ended 31 March 2022 includes a performance component being short term incentive options linked to defined KPIs and comprising an amount of up to 50% of the twelve month base pay and long-term incentive options of 50% of the twelve month base pay. The grant of these zero strike priced options to the CEO is subject to Shareholder approval which will be sought at the 2021 AGM.

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

### **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)**

### e) Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel

### (i) Share holdings

The number of ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by directors and key management personnel and their personally related entities is set out below:

	Balance at the start of	Director Fee Plan	Rights Issue/On	Vesting of Perf.	Other changes	Balance at the end of
Name	the year	issues	Market Purchase	Options		the year
2021						
A Vigar	15,871,771	2,546,739	-	-	-	18,418,510
P Dickson	16,458,991	1,043,988	-	-	-	17,502,979
P Mcintyre*	51,281,693	4,509,732	-	-	-	55,791,425
G Hall	16,810,555	544,837	-	4,860,000	-	22,215,392
M Meintjes	7,260,300	-	-	-	-	7,260,300
A Moorhouse	2,339,533	-	-	-	(1,000,000)	1,339,533
Total	110,022,843	8,645,296	-	4,860,000	(1,000,000)	122,528,139

<sup>\*</sup> In addition to the above, 98,314,286 (2020: 98,314,286) ordinary shares are held beneficially by a related party to the Director at 30 June 2021.

### (ii) Options

The numbers of options over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial period by each director of Alligator Energy and other key management personnel of the company, including their personally related parties, are set out as follows:

Name	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Forfeited/ Lapsed	Other Changes *	Balance at the end of the year	Vested and exercis- able	Unvested
2021							
A Vigar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P Dickson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P Mcintyre	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
G Hall	6,250,000	10,800,000	(540,000)	(4,860,000)	11,650,000	-	11,650,000
M Meintjes	3,693,182	-	(1,193,182)	-	2,500,000	-	2,500,000
Α	4,175,000	-	(1,675,000)	-	2,500,000	-	2,500,000
Moorhouse							
Total	14,118,182	10,800,000	(3,408,182)	(4,860,000)	16,650,000	-	16,650,000

<sup>\*-</sup> includes the reduction in balance for options that vested on achievement of performance hurdles and converted into ordinary shares for G Hall.

# DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

### **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)**

### (ii) Options (continued)

At an EGM held on 29 June 2021 Shareholders approved a resolution to issue 1,254,545 Zero Strike Priced Options to Non-Executive Directors in lieu of past remuneration sacrifices and the additional workload during the financial year. The options were issued subsequent to year end, have a zero-strike price, vest on 2 July 2022 and expire on 2 January 2023.

### **End of the Remuneration Report**

### **Proceedings on Behalf of Company**

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

#### **Non-audit Services**

The Board of Directors, in accordance with advice from the Audit Committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. During the year, the Group's auditors have not performed any non-audit services in addition to their assurance duties.

#### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 24.

This Directors' Report, incorporating the remuneration report, is signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors.

Paul Dickson

Chairman

Brisbane, 24 September 2021



# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF ALLIGATOR ENERGY LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2021, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Alligator Energy Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

**PKF BRISBANE AUDIT** 

TIM FOLLETT PARTNER

BRISBANE 24 SEPTEMBER 2021

PKF Brisbane Audit ABN 33 873 151 348

Level 6, 10 Eagle Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000 | GPO Box 1568, Brisbane, QLD 4001 | T: +61 7 3839 9733 Brisbane | Rockhampton www.pkf.com.au

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	\$	\$
Other income		3,146	5,783
Accounting and audit fees		(45,225)	(47,256)
Consultants and professional fees		-	(20,842)
Depreciation		(5,676)	(5,473)
Directors' fees		(167,535)	(167,535)
Employee benefits expense		(278,076)	(203,165)
Training		-	(220)
Legal fees		(15,304)	(115,676)
Occupancy expenses		(28,282)	(57,490)
Share-based payments		(26,793)	(47,105)
Stock exchange and share registry fees		(115,788)	(48,879)
Investor relations		(12,765)	(1,843)
Travel and accommodation expenses		(3,909)	(17,492)
Insurance		(66,120)	(63,353)
Interest		-	(129)
Business development		(119,096)	(9,445)
Foreign exchange (loss)/gain		-	162
Exploration and evaluation expenditure		(67,248)	(163,881)
Impairment charge	9	(23,502)	-
Other expenses		(19,142)	(21,640)
Loss before income tax		(991,316)	(985,479)
Income tax benefit / (expense)	20	-	
Loss for the year		(991,316)	(985,479)
			_
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(991,316)	(985,479)
Loss attributable to members of the parent entity		(991,316)	(985,479)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to members of			
the parent entity		(991,316)	(985,479)
•	:	<u> </u>	
		Cents	Cents
Loss per share from continuing operations attributable to			
the ordinary equity holders of the Company			
Basic loss per share	5	(0.05)	(0.07)
Diluted loss per share	5	(0.05)	(0.07)
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The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
ASSETS		*	*
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,631,104	903,949
Trade and other receivables	7	50,721	35,900
Total Current Assets		1,681,825	939,849
Non-Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	259,403	224,891
Property, plant and equipment	8	28,265	17,210
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	9	11,845,947	7,917,262
Total Non-Current Assets		12,133,615	8,159,363
Total Assets		13,815,440	9,099,212
			_
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	191,199	243,472
Total Current Liabilities		191,199	243,472
Non-Current Liabilities	4.4	270 406	220 407
Provisions	11	278,406	228,407
Total Non-Current Liabilities		278,406	228,407
Total Liabilities		469,605	471,879
Net Assets		13,345,835	8,627,333
Net Assets		13,343,833	8,027,333
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	12	39,534,274	33,834,239
Reserves		8,247	9,704
Accumulated losses		(26,196,686)	(25,216,610)
. totallia atea 1000co		(20,130,000)	(23,210,010)
Total Equity		13,345,835	8,627,333

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	Contributed	Options	Accumulated	Total
		Equity \$	Reserve \$	Losses \$	\$
		<del></del>	Ą	Ą	<del>,</del>
Balance as at 1 July 2019		32,826,000	12,169	(24,257,513)	(8,580,656)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(985,479)	(985,479)
Transactions with owners in					
their capacity as owners					
Equity contributions (net)		985,051	-	-	985,051
Share options – expired		-	(26,382)	26,382	-
Share options – exercised		23,188	(23,188)	-	-
Share options – value of expense			47,105	-	47,105
Balance as at 30 June 2020		33,834,239	9,704	(25,216,610)	8,627,333
Total comprehensive loss for the		-	-	(991,316)	(991,316)
year					
Transactions with owners in					
their capacity as owners					
Equity contributions (net)		5,683,025	-	-	5,683,025
Share options – expired			(11,240)	11,240	-
Share options – exercised		17,010	(17,010)	-	-
Share options – value of expense			26,793	-	26,793
Balance at 30 June 2021		39,534,274	8,247	(26,196,686)	13,345,835

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 \$ Inflows / (Outflows)	2020 \$ Inflows / (Outflows)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		3,146	5,784
Payments to suppliers		(792,931)	(719,239)
Net cash inflow(outflow) from operating activities	17	(789,785)	(713,455)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for exploration expenditure		(635,412)	(327,763)
R&D offset grants received		-	232,736
(Payments for)/receipts from security deposits		-	47,512
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment		-	(2,900)
Samphire Project acquisition costs		(63,562)	-
Cash acquired as part of the Samphire Project transaction		642,948	
Net cash inflow(outflow) from investing activities		(56,026)	(50,415)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from capital raising		1,695,208	950,000
Payment of capital raising costs	12	(122,242)	(57,198)
Net cash inflow(outflow) from financing activities		1,572,966	892,802
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		727,155	128,932
Cash at beginning of financial year		903,949	775,017
,		·	·
Cash at end of financial year	6	1,631,104	903,949

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

These consolidated financial statements and notes represent those of Alligator Energy Limited (the "Company") and its Controlled Entities (the "Group"). The separate financial statements of the parent entity, Alligator Energy Limited, have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements were authorised for issue on 24 September 2021 by the Directors of the Company. The Company is publicly listed and incorporated in Australia.

# Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The Group is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

Except for cash flow information, the financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has had, or may have, on the consolidated entity have been assessed based on known information and adjustments to carrying values recorded, if any, or note disclosures made as applicable.

### Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis that presumes the realisation of assets and the discharge of liabilities in the normal course of operations for the foreseeable future.

During the year the Group made a loss before tax of \$991,316 (2020: \$985,479), and recorded net cash outflows from operating and investing activities of \$845,811 (2020: \$763,870). The cash balance at 30 June 2021 was \$1,631,104 (2020: \$903,949).

In concluding that the going concern basis is appropriate, a cashflow forecast for the forthcoming twelve months has been prepared. This forecast of approximately \$6m indicates that the ability of the Group to continue exploration and evaluation activities on a going concern basis and after the placement in August 2021 is not dependent upon raising additional capital through existing shareholders, placements or new strategic investors. The Directors are therefore confident that the Group is a going concern and is therefore able to pay its debts as and when they fall due and payable.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### a. Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate all of the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by Alligator Energy Limited at the end of the reporting period. The parent controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. A list of subsidiaries is provided in Note 16.

The assets, liabilities and results of all subsidiaries are fully consolidated into the financial statements of the Group from the date on which control is obtained by the Group. The consolidation of a subsidiary is discontinued from the date that control ceases. All inter-group balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group have been eliminated in full on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed and adjustments made where necessary to ensure uniformity of the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Equity interests in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Group are presented as "non-controlling interests". The Group initially recognises non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests in subsidiaries and are entitled to a proportionate share of the subsidiary's net assets on liquidation at either fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, non-controlling interests are attributed their share of profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income. Non-controlling interests are shown separately within the equity section of the statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income.

#### b. Income Tax

The income tax expense (income) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited outside profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are recognised outside profit or loss.

Except for business combinations, no deferred income tax is recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### b. Income Tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised, or the liability is settled, and their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates, and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where: (a) a legally enforceable right of set-off exists; and (b) the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

### c. Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present (refer to Note 1(g) for details of impairment).

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### c. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the consolidated group includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

#### **Depreciation**

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the consolidated group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

Class of Fixed Asset
Plant and equipment

Depreciation Rate 20 – 33%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

### d. Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Expenditure is accumulated separately for each area of interest until such time as the area is abandoned or sold. These costs are only capitalised to the extent that they are expected to be recovered through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

If an area of interest is abandoned or is considered to be of no further commercial interest the accumulated exploration costs relating to the area are written off against profit or loss in the year of

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### d. Exploration and Development Expenditure (continued)

abandonment. Some exploration expenditure may also be written off where areas of interest are partly relinquished. In cases where uncertainty exists as to the value, provisions for possible diminution in value are established.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to capitalise costs in relation to that area.

### e. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on the right to use or control an identified asset for a period of time, in exchange for a consideration. At the commencement of the lease the Group recognises a lease liability and a corresponding right of use asset. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of non-cancellable lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if this cannot be readily determined the incremental borrowing rate for the Group. The right of use asset is initially measured at the cost which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus initial direct costs incurred.

The right of use asset is depreciated to the earlier of the asset's useful life or the lease term using the straight line method and is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in depreciation and amortisation. Where the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term, the right of use asset is depreciated from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset. The unwinding of the financial charge on the lease liability is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in financial expenses.

The Group does not recognise leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less, or are of low value, as a right of use asset or lease liability. Lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in operating expenses on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### f. Financial Instruments

# Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments (except for trade receivables) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### f. Financial Instruments (continued)

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component or if the practical expedient was applied as specified in AASB 15.63.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

### Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost; or
- fair value through profit or loss.

financial liability is measured at fair value through profit and loss if the financial liability is:

- a contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination to which AASB 3:
   Business Combinations applies;
- held for trading; or
- initially designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

All other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest expense in profit or loss over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the internal rate of return of the financial asset or liability. That is, it is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the instrument to the net carrying amount at initial recognition.

A financial liability is held for trading if:

- it is incurred for the purpose of repurchasing or repaying in the near term;
- part of a portfolio where there is an actual pattern of short-term profit taking; or
- a derivative financial instrument (except for a derivative that is in a financial guarantee contract or a derivative that is in an effective hedging relationships).

Any gains or losses arising on changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss to the extent that they are not part of a designated hedging relationship are recognised in profit or loss.

The change in fair value of the financial liability attributable to changes in the issuer's credit risk is taken to other comprehensive income and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Instead, they are transferred to retained earnings upon derecognition of the financial liability. If

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### f. Financial Instruments (continued)

taking the change in credit risk in other comprehensive income enlarges or creates an accounting mismatch, then these gains or losses should be taken to profit or loss rather than other comprehensive income.

A financial liability cannot be reclassified.

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost;
- fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- fair value through profit or loss.

Measurement is on the basis of two primary criteria:

- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset; and
- the business model for managing the financial assets.

A financial asset that meets the following conditions is subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is managed solely to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely
  payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates.

A financial asset that meets the following conditions is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates;
- the business model for managing the financial assets comprises both contractual cash flows collection and the selling of the financial asset.

By default, all other financial assets that do not meet the measurement conditions of amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group initially designates a financial instrument as measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (often referred to as "accounting mismatch") that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases;
- it is in accordance with the documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the groupings was documented appropriately, so that the performance

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### f. Financial Instruments (continued)

of the financial liability that was part of a group of financial liabilities or financial assets can be managed and evaluated consistently on a fair value basis;

• it is a hybrid contract that contains an embedded derivative that significantly modifies the cash flows otherwise required by the contract.

The initial designation of the financial instruments to measure at fair value through profit or loss is a one-time option on initial classification and is irrevocable until the financial asset is derecognised.

### Derecognition

Derecognition refers to the removal of a previously recognised financial asset or financial liability from the statement of financial position.

### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A liability is derecognised when it is extinguished (ie when the obligation in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires). An exchange of an existing financial liability for a new one with substantially modified terms, or a substantial modification to the terms of a financial liability is treated as an extinguishment of the existing liability and recognition of a new financial liability.

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

### **Derecognition of financial assets**

A financial asset is derecognised when the holder's contractual rights to its cash flows expires, or the asset is transferred in such a way that all the risks and rewards of ownership are substantially transferred.

All of the following criteria need to be satisfied for derecognition of financial asset:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired or been transferred;
- all risk and rewards of ownership of the asset have been substantially transferred; and
- the Group no longer controls the asset (ie the Group has no practical ability to make a unilateral decision to sell the asset to a third party).

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### f. Financial Instruments (continued)

On derecognition of a debt instrument classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity which was elected to be classified under fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

### **Impairment**

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on:

- financial assets that are measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income;
- lease receivables;
- contract assets (eg amounts due from customers under construction contracts);
- loan commitments that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- financial guarantee contracts that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Loss allowance is not recognised for:

- financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss; or
- equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Expected credit losses are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received, all discounted at the original effective interest rate of the financial instrument.

Recognition of expected credit losses in financial statements

At each reporting date, the Group recognises the movement in the loss allowance as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

### g. Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information including dividends received from subsidiaries, associates or jointly controlled entities deemed to be out of pre-acquisition profits. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value, less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### g. Impairment of Assets (continued)

immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. in accordance with the revaluation model in AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

## h. Employee Benefits

## Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Group's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Group's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

The Group's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised in trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

## Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on corporate bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any re-measurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Group's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## h. Employee Benefits (continued)

### Retirement benefit obligations

Defined contribution superannuation benefits

All employees of the Group receive defined contribution superannuation entitlements, for which the Group pays the fixed superannuation guarantee contribution (currently 9.5% of the employee's average ordinary salary) to the employee's superannuation fund of choice. All contributions in respect of employees' defined contribution entitlements are recognised as an expense when they become payable. The Group's obligation with respect to employees' defined contribution entitlements is limited to its obligation for any unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions at the end of the reporting period. All obligations for unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled and are presented as current liabilities in the Group's statement of financial position.

## **Equity-settled compensation**

The Group operates an employee share ownership plan. Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortised over the vesting periods. The corresponding amount is recorded to the option reserve. The fair value of options is determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model or the prevailing market price for zero-priced options. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

#### i. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at end of the reporting period.

## j. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits available on demand with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### k. Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and recognised at the time where there is a change of control in the mineable product to the customer.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### I. Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services received by the Group that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

### m. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

### n. Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### o. Foreign Currency Translation

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Alligator Energy Limited's functional and presentation currency.

#### Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates at the reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the average exchange rates, which approximate the rates at the dates of the transactions, for the period. All resulting foreign exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income through the foreign currency reserve in equity.

The foreign currency reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the foreign operation or net investment is disposed of.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## p. Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and noncurrent classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Group's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the consolidated entity's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

## q. Site Rehabilitation

Costs of site restoration are provided for over the life of the project from when exploration commences and are included in the costs of that stage. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of building structures and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with local laws and regulations and clauses of the permits. Such costs have been determined using estimates of future costs, current legal requirements and technology on an undiscounted basis.

Costs associated with rehabilitating drilling activity during the field season are generally incurred during the financial year in which the drilling occurred.

Any changes in the estimates for the costs are accounted for on a prospective basis. In determining the costs of site restoration, there is uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of the restoration due to community expectations and future legislation. Accordingly, the costs have been determined on the basis that the restoration will be completed within one year of abandoning the site.

#### r. Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

## s. Government Grants, Incentives, and R&D tax offsets

The Company has adopted the capital approach to accounting for research and development tax offsets under the revised regime, pursuant to AASB 120 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance. Under this approach the grant or incentive is recorded directly in the statement of financial position against the underlying asset to which the offset, grant or incentive relate.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## t. New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

In the current year, there were no new or revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that were relevant to the Group's operations and effective for the current year.

### u. New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Group for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2021. The consolidated entity's assessment of the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations most relevant to the Group is set out below:

## Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (Conceptual Framework)

The revised Conceptual Framework is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2021 and early adoption is permitted. The Conceptual Framework contains new definition and recognition criteria as well as new guidance on measurement that affects several Accounting Standards. Where the consolidated entity has relied on the existing framework in determining its accounting policies for transactions, events or conditions that are not otherwise dealt with under the Australian Accounting Standards, the consolidated entity may need to review such policies under the revised framework. At this time, the application of the Conceptual Framework is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated entity's financial statements.

## Note 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

#### **Exploration and evaluation**

The Group has capitalised exploration expenditure of \$11,845,947 (30 June 2020: \$7,917,262). This amount includes costs directly associated with exploration and the purchase of exploration properties. These costs are capitalised as an intangible asset until assessment and/or drilling of the permit is complete and the results have been evaluated. These direct costs include employee remuneration, materials, permit rentals and payments to contractors. The expenditure is carried forward until such a time as the area moves into the development phase, is abandoned or sold. Given exploration activities have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of recoverable resources and the difficulty in forecasting cash flows to assess the fair value of exploration expenditure there is uncertainty as to the carrying value of exploration expenditure. The ultimate recovery of the carrying value of exploration expenditure is dependent upon the successful development and commercial exploitation or, alternatively, sale of

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (cont)

the interest in the tenements. The Directors are of the opinion that the exploration expenditure is recoverable for the amount stated in the financial statements.

## **Provision for site restoration**

The Group estimates the cost of rehabilitating disturbances as a result of exploration activity. These estimates are based on the requirements of current legislation, comprise an estimate of the external costs to rehabilitate and are consistent with the amounts reported to the Department of Industry, Tourism and Trade in the Northern Territory and the Department of Energy and Mines.

## Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic

Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has had, or may have, on the Group based on known information. This consideration extends to the supply chain, staffing and geographic regions in which the consolidated entity operates. Other than as addressed in specific notes, there does not currently appear to be either any significant impact upon the financial statements or any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the consolidated entity unfavourably as at the reporting date or subsequently as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

### **Note 3 Segment Information**

Operating segments are identified, and segment information disclosed, on the basis of internal reports that are regularly provided to, or reviewed by, the Group's chief operating decision maker which, for the Group, is the Board of Directors. In this regard, the Board of Directors confirms that the Group continues to operate in one operating segment, being mining and exploration. The geographical segments (for potential revenue on successful development) include segments in both Australia and Italy.

The geographical location of assets is disclosed below:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Australia		
-Current assets	1,674,742	929,495
-Property, plant & equipment	28,265	17,210
-Other non-current assets	259,403	224,891
-Capitalised exploration expenditure	11,295,896	7,405,028
	13,258,306	8,576,624

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 3 Segment Information (continued)

	2021	2020
Italy	\$	\$
-Current assets	7,083	10,354
-Property, plant & equipment	-	-
-Other non-current assets	-	-
-Capitalised exploration expenditure	550,051	512,234
	557,134	522,588
Total		
-Current assets	1,681,825	939,849
-Property, plant & equipment	28,265	17,210
-Other non-current assets	259,403	224,891
-Capitalised exploration expenditure	11,845,947	7,917,262
	13,815,440	9,099,212

The basis of accounting adopted by both geographic segments is consistent with Group policies.

The only geographic segment revenue during the period related to interest and other income and was generated solely by the Australian segment. The interest free intercompany loan between Australia and Italy totalling \$562,524 (2020: \$473,251) which is denominated in AUD has been eliminated in the above disclosure. At 30 June 2021 the liabilities of the Italian entity excluding the intercompany loan totalled \$2,690 (2020: \$46,564). There was no interest income derived from the Italian segment during the financial year and there were no employees in the Italian segment at the end of the financial year.

#### Note 4 Dividend

No dividend has been paid during the year ended 30 June 2021 (2020: nil) and none is proposed.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 5	Earnings	Per Share
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Note 5 Earnings Per Share		
	2021	2020
	Cents	Cents
a. Basic earnings per share		
Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	(0.05)	(0.07)
2000 attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	(0.03)	(0.07)
b. Diluted earnings per share		
Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	(0.05)	(0.07)
, , ,	· · ·	, ,
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
c. Reconciliations of earnings used in calculation earnings per	*	7
share		
Basic earnings per share		
Profit (loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the		
Company used in calculating basic earnings per share	(991,316)	(985,479)
Diluted earnings per share		
Profit (loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the		
Company used in calculating basic earnings per share	(991,316)	(985,479)
	2021	2020
	Number	Number
d. Weighted average number of shares used as the		
denominator		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the		
denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	2,061,154,866	1,327,623,757
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:		
Options	-	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential		
ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted		
earnings per share	2,061,154,866	1,327,623,757
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## Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share - Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Alligator Energy Limited, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share - Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 6 Current Assets – Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	731,104	453,949
Term deposits	900,000	450,000
	1,631,104	903,949

The effective interest rate on term deposits was 0.16% (2020: 0.4%)

#### Reconciliation of cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	1,631,104	903,949
Note 7 Trade and other receivables Current		
GST receivable	36,263	14,162
Other receivables	14,458	21,738
	50,721	35,900
Non-Current		
Security deposits	259,403	224,891

### **Expected credit loss**

The Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by AASB 9 which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision. To measure the expected credit losses, receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due. No loss allowance provision was determined as at 30 June 2021.

## Note 8 Non-current assets – Property, Plant & Equipment

Plant & Equipment – at cost	665,980	640,980
Accumulated depreciation	(637,715)	(623,769)
	28,265	17,210
		_
Carrying value at beginning of financial year	17,210	27,938
Additions (2021: Samphire fair value attribution)	25,000	2,899
Disposals / written off		-
Depreciation expensed	(5,676)	(5,473)
Depreciation capitalised to exploration expenditure	(8,269)	(8,154)
Carrying value at end of financial year	28,265	17,210

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 9 Non-current assets – Exploration Expenditure

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Exploration & Evaluation phase costs		
Geological, geophysical, drilling and other expenditure – at cost	11,845,947	7,917,262

The capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure carried forward above has been determined as follows:

Opening balance	7,917,262	7,895,687
Expenditure incurred or tenements acquired during the period	510,941	220,062
R&D Offset (Note 1(s))	-	(198,487)
Acquisition of the Samphire Project (*)	3,441,246	-
Impairment write-off – Piedmont project	(23,502)	
	11,845,947	7,917,262

A six-monthly assessment of the carrying value of the capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure for all project areas of interest is conducted. No impairment adjustment was required when performing the carrying value review for the year ended 30 June 2021.

On 4 October 2020, Alligator issued 679,561,608 fully paid ordinary shares to acquire 100% of S Uranium Pty Ltd (SUPL) the holder of EL 5926 (\*Samphire Project). At the date of acquisition SUPL also held a cash balance of \$642,949.

Expenditures incurred on maintaining the Group's ARUP tenements in good standing including rentals, royalties, weed management and compliance reporting costs totalling \$67,248 for the year ended 30 June 2021 (2020: \$163,881) have been expensed to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss during the period.

### Note 10 Current Liabilities – Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables	75,189	126,130
Accrued expenses	66,859	112,147
Employee entitlements	49,151	5,195
	191,199	243,473

The average credit period on purchases is 30 days. No interest is charged on trade payables.

## Note 11 Non-Current Liabilities - Provisions

Site restoration	278,406	228,406
	278,406	228,406

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## **Note 12 Contributed Equity and Reserves**

## a. Ordinary Shares

	2021	2021	2020	2020
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$
Ordinary shares fully paid	2,368,079,299	39,534,274	1,438,429,342	33,834,239

Movement of ordinary share capital are as follows:

Date	Details	Number of	<b>Issue Price</b>	\$
		shares	\$	
30 June 2019	Balance	1,015,023,894		32,826,000
23 Jul 2019	Directors' Fee Plan	8,666,667	0.003	26,000
24 Oct 2019	Placement	124,000,000	0.0025	310,000
	Capital raising costs			(21,675)
4 Dec 2019	Placement	136,000,000	0.0025	340,000
	Capital raising costs			(20,400)
4 Dec 2019	Share purchase plan	120,000,000	0.0025	300,000
	Capital raising costs			(15,124)
4 Dec 2019	Directors' Fee Plan	5,333,333	0.003	16,000
4 Dec 2019	BLU introduction shares	3,000,000	0.003	9,000
5 Mar 2020	Performance option vesting	5,125,000	0.002	10,250
12 Mar 2020	Directors' Fee Plan	6,833,333	0.003	20,500
18 May 2020	CRP sunk cost payment	6,009,615	0.002	12,500
18 May 2020	Directors' Fee Plan	4,125,000	0.002	8,250
18 May 2020	Performance option vesting	4,312,500	0.003	12,938
30 Jun 2020	Balance	1,438,429,342		33,834,239
7 Oct 2020	Samphire Transaction	679,561,608	0.006	4,045,620
7 Oct 2020	Directors' Fee Plan	5,309,868	0.005	27,563
4 Dec 2020	Unlisted Option conversion	4,000,000	0.005	20,000
21 Dec 2020	Placement	226,692,142	0.007	1,586,845
	Capital raising costs			(122,242)
14 Jan 2021	Directors' Fee Plan	2,425,272	0.009	22,313
23 April 2021	Directors' Fee Plan	910,156	0.016	14,562
23 April 2021	Performance option vesting	4,860,000	0.004	17,010
17 May 2021	Listed AGEOB Option conv	2,125,000	0.015	31,875
4 June 2021	Listed AGEOB Option conv	3,765,911	0.015	56,489
30 June 2021	Balance	2,368,079,299		39,534,274

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# Note 12 Contributed Equity and Reserves (continued)

### a. Ordinary Shares (continued)

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting, in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

Ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

## b. Share Options

	2021		2021		2020	
	Number	Weighted	Number	Weighted		
		Average		Average		
		Exercise		Exercise		
		Price		Price		
On issue at beginning of year	148,000,000	\$0.004	317,556,777	\$0.021		
Options issued during year – listed	125,846,088	\$0.015	-	-		
Options issued during year – unlisted	10,800,000	\$0.00	157,500,000	\$0.004		
Options cancelled during year	(130,790,000)	\$0.005	(317,619,227)	\$0.021		
Options exercised during yr - listed	(5,890,911)	\$0.015	-	-		
Options exercised during yr - unlisted	(8,860,000)	\$0.002	(9,437,500)	\$0.00		
On issue at end of financial year	139,105,177	\$0.013	148,000,000	\$0.004		

As at 30 June 2021 the Company had 119,955,177 (2020: nil) listed 1.5 cent options on issue which expire on 24 June 2022 (ASX code: AGEOB).

At 30 June 2021 the Company had 19,150,000 (2020: 148,000,000) unlisted options on issue under the following terms and conditions:

Number	Expiry Date	Exercise Price
Under Option		
13,750,000	19 July 22	(i)
5,400,000	1 April 23	(ii)
Options exercisable as at 30 June 20	21	119,955,177
Options exercisable as at 30 June 20	20	130,000,000

At 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020, none of the unlisted employee incentive options had met the performance conditions and vested and were consequently not exercisable.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 12 Contributed Equity and Reserves (continued)

The weighted average fair value of unlisted options granted during the year was nil (2020: nil).

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options (listed and unlisted) outstanding at year-end was years 1.02 years (2020: 0.59 years).

#### Issues during the year:

On 24 November 2020, Shareholders approved the grant of short and long-term incentives under the Company's performance incentive plan under the extension of the CEO employment contract. The grant of the performance incentives comprised a total of 5,400,000 short-term and 5,400,000 long-term performance options on a zero-strike priced basis.

On 24 December 2020 the Company completed a share placement to sophisticated and professional investors announced to the ASX on 21 December 2020. The terms of the placement included 1 attaching listed share option for every 2 new fully paid ordinary shares issued. The listed share options trade under the ASX Code AGEOB and are subject to an exercise price of \$0.015 and expire on 24 June 2022. During the year, holders of 5,890,911 AGEOB listed options lodged exercise notices and paid the exercise price raising \$88,364.

On 1 April 2021 the Board approved a 12 month extension to the employment contract for Greg Hall as CEO. This contract extension includes a short-term incentive and long-term incentive each based on a maximum of 50% of the expected 12 month base pay. The short-term performance incentive is linked to KPIs set for the CEO role over the 12 month period. The incentives are based upon granting of Zero Strike Priced Options which are subject to Shareholder approval under the ASX Listing Rules and Corporations Act. This approval will be sought at the 2021 AGM.

Short-term grants only vest on achievement of key performance indicators which were assessed by the Board in April 2021 for the CEO. Based on this performance assessments 4,860,000 short-term performance options issued to the CEO vested and were converted into fully paid ordinary shares. The remaining short-term performance options totalling 540,000 lapsed. The long-term grant only vests in certain mineral discovery or change of control situations.

### The following option tranches outstanding at 30 June 2021 have vesting conditions as follows:

(i)-13,750,000 zero strike priced options expiring on 19 July 2022 issued under the amended Employee Share Option Plan approved by shareholders on 21 November 2014 in relation to the long-term incentive for the 2019 field season. These options were issued to key personnel and only vest based on criteria linked to the commencement of resource drilling on a significant discovery or a change of shareholding control. The number of options granted was based on approx. 30% for the CEO and 10% for employees and contractors of the estimated annual cost for these personnel.

(ii)-5,400,000 zero strike priced options expiring on 1 April 2023 issued under the amended Employee Share Option Plan approved by shareholders on 21 November 2014 in relation to the long-

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 12 Contributed Equity and Reserves (continued)

term incentive under the CEO Employment Contract. These options were approved by Shareholders at the 2020 AGM and only vest based on criteria linked to the commencement of resource drilling on a significant discovery or a change of shareholding control.

### c. Option Reserve

The option reserve records items recognised as expenses on valuation and issue of share options and reversals for options that expired without being exercised.

#### d. Performance Shares

The Company issued 60,000,000 Performance Shares on 5 December 2019. The Performance Shares convert into one (1) fully paid ordinary share, subject to satisfaction of each milestone applicable to the relevant tranche of Performance Shares on the date specified in the Milestone applicable to the relevant Performance Share:

- 30,000,000 Acquisition Performance Shares: on completion of the farm-in work program, expending at least \$220,000, and Alligator electing to acquire all of the shares in Big Lake Uranium Pty Ltd (BLU) before 31 December 2021 (extended from 21 July 2021 on approval of Shareholders at an EGM held on 29 June 2021); and
- 30,000,000 Contingent Consideration/Discovery Performance Shares: on discovery and definition of a JORC compliant Inferred Resource of 25 million lbs U3O8 at 1,000ppm uranium or greater on the Big Lake Uranium Project within five (5) years.

Summary of the key terms and conditions of the Performance Shares:

The Performance Shares are not quoted, are not transferable and do not confer any right to vote, except as otherwise required by law.

The Performance Shares do not permit the holder to participate in new issues of capital such as bonus issues and entitlement issues.

The Performance Shares do not carry an entitlement to a dividend, do not permit the holder to participate in a return of capital, whether in a winding up, upon a reduction of capital or otherwise and do not carry an entitlement to participate in the surplus profit or assets of the Company upon winding up of the Company.

If the milestones for a class of Performance Share are not achieved by the relevant expiry date, then each Performance Share will be consolidated into one share only (Automatic Conversion). The Milestones may only be amended with approval of Shareholders in General Meeting and a voting exclusion statement applies in relation to any holder of Performance Shares.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 12 Contributed Equity and Reserves (continued)

#### d. Performance Shares (continued)

The Performance Shares were issued for no consideration and reflect an option that the Company holds, on completion of the farm-in expenditure of \$220,000 with encouraging exploration results, to acquire all of the shares in Big Lake Uranium Pty Ltd. The allottees of the Performance Shares are the Big Lake Uranium Pty Ltd shareholders.

The value of the Performance Shares allotted will be measured when milestones have been met and conversion to Fully Paid Ordinary Shares has occurred.

#### e. Directors' Fee Plan

The Directors have adopted a Director's Fee Plan (Fee Plan) in lieu of taking remuneration payments in cash. The objective of this Plan is to conserve cash-flow for exploration related activities. The Fee Plan has been in operation since December 2013 on the basis of an annual approval by Shareholders. The Fee Plan operates on a quarterly election basis where all or part of the remuneration entitlements for that quarter can be converted into shares at the weighted average share price for the last thirty business days leading up to the end of the quarter.

Shareholders in general meeting on 24 November 2020 approved the 2021 Fee Plan for the period of 12 months. In relation to the financial year ended 30 June 2021, 8,645,296 (2020: 16,291,667) fully paid ordinary shares were issued in lieu of directors' remuneration payments totalling \$64,438 (2020: \$44,750). At 30 June 2021 applications for 438,462 (2020: 1,447,368) fully paid ordinary shares for the respective June quarters in relation to the director remuneration set out above were yet to be issued.

### f. Capital risk management

The Group's strategy to capital risk management is unchanged from prior years. The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide value for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The capital structure of the Group includes equity attributable to equity holders, comprising of contributed equity, reserves and accumulated losses. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, sell assets or adjust the level of activities undertaken by the Group.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of cash flow requirements for operational, and exploration and evaluation expenditure. The Group's exposure to borrowings as at 30 June 2021 totals \$nil (2020: \$nil). The Group will continue to use capital market raisings to satisfy anticipated funding requirements.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 13 Financial Risk Management

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable, and loans to and from subsidiaries.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9: Financial Instruments as detailed in the accounting policies, are as follows:

	Note	Consolidated Group	
		2021	2020
		\$	\$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,631,104	903,949
Trade and other receivables	7	310,125	260,791
Total financial assets		1,941,229	1,164,740
Financial Liabilities			_
Trade and other payables	10	191,199	243,473
Total financial liabilities		191,199	243,473

### **Financial Risk Management Policies**

The Audit & Risk Committee has been delegated responsibility by the Board of Directors for, among other issues, monitoring and managing financial risk exposures of the Group. The Group's overall risk management strategy seeks to meet its financial requirements, while minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance. It includes the review of the use of credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

The main risks the Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. There have been no substantive changes in the types of risks the Group is exposed to, how these risks arise or the Board's objectives, policies and processes for managing the risks from the previous period.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 13 Financial Risk Management (continued)

#### a. Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss to the Group.

Credit risk is managed through ensuring, to the extent possible, that counterparties to transactions are of sound credit worthiness. Such monitoring is used in assessing receivables for impairment.

Risk is also minimised through investing surplus funds in financial institutions that maintain a high credit rating, or in entities that the Group has otherwise cleared as being financially sound.

### Credit risk exposures

The maximum exposure to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of any provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are considered to be of high credit quality.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Company in accordance with the policy of only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions. The following table provides information regarding the credit risk relating to cash and money market securities based on Standard & Poor's counterparty credit ratings.

	Note	Consolidated Group	
		2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash and cash equivalents: - AA rated	6	1,631,104	903,949

## b. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Group might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. The Group considers liquidity risk as significant as the Company is currently seeking further cash injections in order to progress exploration and R&D activities and in this regard to ensure that it has sufficient cash funding to meet its obligations as they fall due. This risk is managed by regular review of future period cash flows and operational activity budgets and maintaining sound relationships with shareholders and potential investors.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# Note 13 Financial Risk Management (continued)

### c. Market risk

### Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is summarised in the table below:

		Fixed Interest	maturing in			
	Floating	1 year or	Over 1	Non-	Total	Weighted
	Interest	less	year, less	interest		Average
	Rate		than 5	bearing		Interest
						Rate
2021						
Financial assets						
Cash at bank	-	-	-	96,935	96,935	-
Cash at bank	633,699	-	-	-	633,699	0.014%
Term deposits	-	900,000	-	-	900,000	0.16%
Receivables	-	-	-	310,124	-	-
Financial Liabilities						
Trade creditors and	-	-	-	(191,199)	-	-
accruals						
2020						
Financial assets						
Cash at bank	-	-	-	42,320	42,320	-
Cash at bank	411,526	-	-	-	411,526	0.1%
Term deposits	-	450,000	-	-	450,000	0.65%
Receivables	-	-	-	260,791	260,791	-
Financial Liabilities						
Trade creditors and	-	-	-	(243,473)	(243,473)	-
accruals						

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 13 Financial Risk Management (continued)

### c. Market risk (continued)

### Sensitivity analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Group's exposures to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact on how the Company's (loss) /profit reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by interest rate movements that management considers to be reasonably possible. These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Carrying Value	+1% interest rate	-1% interest rate
	\$	\$	\$
2021			
Interest bearing cash	1,533,699	15,337	15,337
2020			
Interest bearing cash	861,526	8,615	8,615

### d. Foreign currency risk

Exposure to foreign currency risk may result in the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuating due to movement in foreign exchange rates of currencies in which the Group holds financial instruments which are other than the AUD functional currency of the Group.

With instruments being held by overseas operations, fluctuations in the Euro may impact on the Group's financial results. The foreign currency risk in the books of the Parent Entity is considered immaterial at 30 June 2021 and is therefore not shown.

### Net Fair Values of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of all financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their net fair values.

### Note 14 Auditor's Remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

	Consolidated Group	
	2021	
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity for:		
<ul> <li>Auditing or reviewing the financial statements</li> </ul>	35,500	32,500

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 15 Contingencies

To the best knowledge of the board the Group had no material contingent liabilities at year end (2020: nil).

### Note 16 Controlled Entities

## a. Subsidiaries of Alligator Energy Limited

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy disclosed in note 1 (a). Unless otherwise stated, they have issued share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares held directly by the Group, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business.

Name of entity	Country of Incorporation	Percentage O	wned (%) *
		2021	2020
TCC Project Pty Ltd	Australia	98%	98%
Northern Prospector Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
AGE EV Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
AGE EV Minerale S.r.l (**)	Italy	100%	100%
S Uranium Pty Ltd (***)	Australia	100%	-

<sup>\*</sup> Percentage of voting power is in proportion to ownership

## b. Acquisition of Controlled Entities

The only acquisition during the year ended 30 June 2021 was S Uranium Pty Ltd for a total consideration of \$4,045,619.58. The Company held a cash balance of \$642,948, a security deposit of \$35,001, plant and equipment with a fair value of \$25,000 and a \$35,000 rehabilitation liability for past exploration disturbances.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Incorporation registered on 12 June 2018 as a wholly owned subsidiary of AGE EV Minerals Pty Ltd

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Acquired under the Samphire Uranium Project acquisition completed in October 2020

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 17 Cash Flow Information

	С	Consolidated
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Loss		
after Income Tax		
Loss after income tax	(991,316)	(985,479)
Profit on sale of fixed assets	-	-
Non-cash flows in loss:		
- depreciation	5,676	5,473
- Share based payment expenses	26,793	47,105
- impairment write off/provision		-
- exploration and evaluation	90,750	163,644
- other – Director fees issued in shares	64,438	70,750
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of		
purchase and disposal of subsidiaries:		
- (increase)/decrease in trade and term receivables	(7,147)	32,804
- increase/(decrease) in trade payables and accruals	(22,935)	(47,452)
- increase/(decrease) in provisions	43,956	
Cash flow from operations	(789,785)	(713,455)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 18 Key Management Personnel disclosures

#### Key management personnel compensation

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the directors' report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each of member of the Group's key management personnel (KMP) for the year ended 30 June 2021.

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	349,345	286,515
Post-employment benefits	22,716	19,190
Share-based payments	95,285	90,508
	467,345	396,213

## Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include fees and benefits paid to the non-executive Chair and non-executive directors as well as all salary, paid leave benefits, fringe benefits and cash bonuses awarded to executive directors and other KMP.

## **Post-employment benefits**

These amounts are the current-year's estimated cost of providing for the Group's superannuation contributions made during the year.

### **Other long-term benefits**

These amounts represent long service leave benefits accruing during the year, long-term disability benefits and deferred bonus payments.

### Share-based payments

These amounts represent the expense related to the participation of KMP in equity-settled benefit schemes (including the Director Fee Plan) as measured by the fair value of the options, rights and shares granted on grant date or applied for under the Fee Plan.

Further information in relation to KMP remuneration can be found in the Directors' Report.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 19 Share Based Payments

#### **Grants under the performance incentive scheme**

Shareholder approval in accordance with Chapter 2E of the Corporations Act and Listing Rule 10.11, was obtained at the 2020 AGM for the grant of 5,400,000 short-term and 5,400,000 long-term zero strike priced performance options to Greg Hall in his capacity as CEO for the 12 months commencing 1 April 2020.

Greg Hall's CEO employment contract for the twelve month period ended 31 March 2022 includes a performance component being short term incentive options linked to defined KPIs and comprising an amount of up to 50% of the twelve month base pay and long-term incentive options of 50% of the twelve month base pay. The grant of these zero strike priced options to the CEO is subject to Shareholder approval which will be sought at the 2021 AGM.

The Board did not grant employee and contractor performance options for the 2020 field season (1 January to 31 December 2020) due to the constrained level of field activities under the current COVID restrictions. See Note 22 for employee and contractor performance award after the end of the financial year covering the 2020 calendar year and the first six months of 2021.

### Options granted to key management personnel during the last two financial years are as follows:

	Grant/Issue Date	Number
2021	26 Nov 2020	10,800,000
2020	19 July 2019	27,500,000

The options issued will only vest if certain performance criteria are met. The options hold no voting or dividend rights, have not been listed and are not transferable.

A summary of the movements of all options is shown in Note 12(b).

#### <u>Share issues in lieu of Non-Executive Director Fees</u>

Shares granted or issued to key management personnel as share-based payments (in lieu of cash payments for directors' fees under the Director's Fee Plan) are set out for both 2021 and 2020 in Note 12 (a). Included under Directors' Fees expense of \$167,535 (2020: \$167,535 in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income) is \$64,438 which relates to equity settled share-based payments transactions (2020: \$53,000). At 30 June 2021 Fee Plan applications totalling a further \$17,100 (2020: \$8,250) had been received for the June 2021 quarter where the shares were only issued subsequent to the end of the financial year.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note	20	Income Tax
INDIE	20	IIICUIIIE I ax

Note 20 Income Tax		
		Consolidated
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
a. Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense /		
(income) to prima facie tax payable:		
Total profit/(loss) before income tax	(991,316)	(985,479)
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 26% (2020: 27.5%)  Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:	(257,742)	(271,007)
Share-based payments	23,720	27,529
Other	7,247	30,209
	(226,775)	(213,269)
Net adjustment to deferred tax assets and liabilities for tax		
losses and temporary differences not recognised	226,775	213,269
Income tax (benefit) expense		_
b. The components of income tax expense		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods		
c. Deferred Tax Liabilities		
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		
Exploration expenditure Other	1,798,174 -	1,761,383
Total	1,798,174	1,761,383
Set-off of deferred tax liabilities pursuant to set-off	2,733,171	2,7 02,300
provisions	(1,798,174)	(1,761,383)
Net deferred tax liabilities	(±,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(1,701,303)
Het deferred tax habilities	. <u></u>	<u></u>

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 20 Income Tax (continued)

	Consolidated	
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
d. Deferred tax assets:		
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable		
to:		
Tax losses	5,873,394	6,121,272
Accruals and provisions	18,287	30,999
Business capital costs	67,785	57,745
Total deferred tax assets	5,959,466	6,210,016
Set-off of deferred tax assets pursuant to set-off provisions	(1,798,174)	(1,761,383)
Net adjustment to deferred tax assets for tax losses not		
recognised	(4,161,292)	(4,448,633)
Net deferred tax assets	-	-
e. Tax losses:		
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been		
recognised	16,004,969	16,176,847
	16,004,969	16,176,847
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·
Potential tax effect at 26% (2020 : 27.5%)	4,161,292	4,448,633

Unused losses which have not been recognised as an asset, will only be obtained if:

- (i) the economic entity derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the losses to be realised;
- (ii) the economic entity continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by the law; and
- (iii) no changes in tax legislation adversely affect the economic entity in realising the losses.

The unused tax losses will be reduced by any amounts that are included in the Group's research and development offset claim for the 2021 tax year.

The Company did not receive any Junior Miner Exploration Incentive (JMEI) Scheme credits for distribution to providers of fresh equity in the 2020-21 tax year (2019-20 tax year: \$336,958 in JMEI credits at 27.5%).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 20 Income Tax (continued)

## f. Tax consolidation legislation

Alligator Energy Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have implemented the income tax consolidation legislation from 1 July 2010. Alligator Energy Limited is the head entity of the tax consolidated group for the year ended 30 June 2021. The Australian Taxation Office has been notified of the formation of the Alligator Energy Limited tax consolidated group.

Each entity in the Group recognises its own current and deferred tax assets and liabilities, except for any amounts resulting from unused tax losses and tax credits, which are immediately assumed by the parent entity. The current tax liability of each Group entity is then assumed by the parent entity.

The tax consolidated group has entered into tax sharing and funding arrangements. Under the terms of these agreements, the wholly-owned entities reimburse the head company for any current income tax payable by the head company arising in respect of their activities. The reimbursements are payable at the same time as the associated income tax liability falls due and therefore amounts receivable or payable under an accounting tax sharing agreement with the tax consolidated entities are recognised separately as tax-related amounts receivable or payable. In the opinion of the Directors, the tax sharing agreement is also a valid arrangement under the tax consolidated legislation and limits the joint and several liability of the wholly-owned entities in the case of a default by Alligator Energy Limited. Expenses and revenues arising under the tax sharing agreement are recorded as a component of income tax expense.

#### Note 21 Commitments

### **Exploration commitments**

So as to maintain current rights to tenure of various exploration and mining tenements, the Company will be required to outlay amounts in respect of tenement rent to the relevant governing authorities and to meet certain annual exploration expenditure commitments. These outlays (exploration expenditure and rent), which arise in relation to granted tenements, inclusive of tenement applications granted subsequent to 30 June 2021, are as follows:

	2021	2020
Exploration expenditure commitments payable:	\$	\$
- within one year	282,964	366,603
- later than one year but not later than five years	144,500	-
- later than five years	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>
	427,464	366,603
Royalties	67,900	17,900
Farm-in expenditure (Piedmont Project)	238,319*	290,473
Farm-in expenditure (Big Lake Uranium)	_**	160,000

<sup>\* -</sup> relates to amount still to be expended before 6 April 2023 to complete the Phase 2 commitment and to form the joint venture.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> relates to amount still to be expended before 31 December 2021 to complete the earn-in and right to acquire all the shares in Big Lake Uranium Pty Ltd.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 21 Commitments (continued)

## **Exploration commitments (continued)**

Minimum expenditure covenants under the Department of Primary Industries and Resources Guidelines (Northern territory) must be based on realistic and practical work programs and proposed expenditure levels. These covenants may be varied from time to time, subject to approval of the relevant government departments, and may be relieved if a tenement is relinquished or on agreement with the Department including certain relaxation during the COVID 19 pandemic. The exploration expenditure commitments set out above include expenditure covenants submitted for the 2020/2021 financial year totalling \$100,500 (2019/20: \$50,000).

The Department of Mines in Energy Limited (South Australia) currently has a formula driven minimum exploration expenditure based on a two year expenditure covenant. Where the covenant is not met the explorer is required to relinquish a portion of the tenement. The exploration covenants for the Big Lake tenement for a two year period from July 2021 is \$160,000 and the covenant for the Samphire Project licence will determined during the renewal in November 2021.

Cash security bonds totalling \$257,743 (2020: \$223,253) were held by the relevant governing authorities at 30 June 2021 to ensure compliance with granted tenement conditions.

The Group has lodged a cash backed bank guarantee of \$40,000 (as a security bond) (2020: \$40,000) with the Northern Land Council in relation to its interest in the Beatrice Project.

## Piedmont Project - CRP Farm-in and Joint Venture

On 28 November 2018, the Company signed a Farm-in Agreement with Chris Reindler and Partners (CRP) to earn up to a 70% interest in four mineral titles in northern Italy.

The principal remaining commitment under the agreement after completing Phase 1 in November 2018 is to solely fund and manage a further \$400,000 program of work (Phase 2) which will include a geophysics program (previously drill testing of the best target(s)). Due to travel restrictions associated with COVID 19 the parties agreed to extend the timeframe for completing the Phase 2 work program to 7 April 2023. Alligator also agreed to fund all tenement related costs on a 100% basis.

Alligator can withdraw from the Phase 2 work program at any time at its sole election. If Alligator does not complete the Phase 2 work program, it will have earned no interest and will have no further rights in the mineral titles.

Upon Alligator completing the Phase 2 work program and earning a 51% interest in the titles, a joint venture will be formed and Alligator has the right to earn a further 19% interest (70% total) by solely funding, managing and completing a further \$1.25M program of work.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 21 Commitments (continued)

### Big Lake Uranium Project - Farm-in and Share Sale

Alligator finalised a farm-in and share sale agreement for the Big Lake Uranium (BLU) project in the Cooper Basin region of South Australia in late 2019. The Company is required to expend \$220,000 before 21 July 2021 at which time it has the right to elect to acquire Big Lake Uranium Pty Ltd, the tenement holder, by electing to convert the 30,000,000 Acquisition Performance Shares into fully paid ordinary shares on a one for one basis (see Note 12 (d)). At 30 June 2021 the Company had completed the minimum expenditure commitment having incurred \$271,570 in Project related expenditures. On 6 May 2021, the Company agreed a variation to the share sale agreement to extend the Earning Period to 31 December 2021 to allow for completion of a geophysics program and analysis of the results.

The Company also issued 30,000,000 Contingent Consideration/Discovery Performance Shares which convert to fully paid ordinary shares on discovery and definition of a JORC compliant Inferred Resource of 25 million lbs U3O8 at 1,000ppm uranium or greater on the Big Lake Uranium Project within five (5) years (see note 12 (d)).

### **Cameco Option**

In a prior financial year the Company acquired Cameco Australia Pty Ltd's remaining interest in the Beatrice Project for a nominal consideration and the granting of a 15-year option to Cameco (Cameco Option) which enables the buy-back into the Project on discovery and definition by AGE of a JORC complaint resource (inferred, indicated and measured) of 100m pounds or more of U3O8.

The Cameco Option involves the right, to be exercised within a six-month period of receiving a formal notice, to acquire a 40% interest in a JORC compliant resource with the buyback consideration being dependent on the size of the discovery and referenced to the spot price at the time. The spot price used in the formula is capped at what is assessed as a reasonable long-term sustainable uranium price. Upon the option being exercised by Cameco a mining joint venture would be formed. The Cameco Option arises upon each separate discovery of a JORC compliant resource of 100 million pounds of U3O8 or greater discovered and defined by Alligator on the Tenements at any time up to 15 years from the date of executing the sale agreement.

#### Lease commitments

Non-cancellable lease rentals are as follows:

	\$	\$
- within one year	16,600	16,600
- later than one year but not later than five years		-
	16,600	16,600

In May 2021 the Company entered into a one-year lease on an office in Spring Hill, Brisbane with no option to renew. The Group elect to apply the short-term lease exemption under AASB 16: Leases.

2020

2021

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 22 Events occurring after the balance sheet date

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and has become a significant matter around the globe. Management is monitoring these developments and any potential future impact on the financial position and performance of the Group. However, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is rapidly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government and other countries, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

Subsequent to year end, on 10 August 2021 the Company completed a placement of A\$10.7M fully paid ordinary shares to institutional, sophisticated and professional investors (Placement). The Placement was principally undertaken with institutional funds in Australia, Hong Kong and the United States. Bell Potter Securities Limited and Taylor Collison Limited acted as Joint Lead Managers for the Placement. The Placement comprised of 395.5M fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.027. The Placement was conducted using the Company's existing capacity under ASX Listing Rule 7.1 (15% Capacity) and a portion of Listing Rule 7.1A (Additional 10% Capacity).

The funds raised will enable Alligator to:

- Progress an extended work program at the Samphire Uranium Project, including the current year's planned resource drilling program, ANSTO testing and finalisation of a Scoping Study 1H 2022;
- Planning and establishment of a Samphire uranium extraction in-situ field leach trial during 2022 and into 2023, along with increased resource and exploration drilling, initial environmental studies, and early initiation of project approvals;
- An initial on-ground geophysics survey at the Nabarlek North project (ARUP) with drill testing targeted to follow, adjacent the high grade U40 prospect; and
- The remaining funds to be applied to the Big Lake Uranium Project, Piedmont Project strategic partner establishment, working capital requirements and Alligator's continued evaluation of other advanced uranium opportunities.

After obtaining Shareholder approval at the EGM held on 29 June 2021, the Company issued 18,979,412 fully paid ordinary shares to Traxys North America as payment for the first two years of the Agency Agreement signed in May 2021 and 1,254,545 Zero Strike Priced Options to Non-Executive Directors in lieu of past remuneration sacrifices and the additional workload during the financial year.

On 16 September 2021, after approval by the Board, the Company issued 3,499,918 fully paid ordinary shares for the purposes of (i) recognising the performance of employees and contractors for the 2020/21 period (2,559,3980 shares); (ii) payment for services to be delivered for the 2022 financial year (483,871 shares) and on exercise of the 1.5 cent listed options (456,667 shares).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 22 Events occurring after the balance sheet date (continued)

On 16 September 2021 the Company agreed a full-time employment services agreement with Greg Hall as CEO and Managing Director, effective 1 September 2021, on the basis of annual base pay of \$205,000 plus superannuation. The previous arrangements for short-term and long-term incentives were carried over to this contract.

On 22 September 2021 the Company confirmed that all conditions precedent to the purchase of EL 6350 (adjacent to the Samphire Project) from Stellar Resources had been met. The purchase consideration will be settled by issue of 7,105,263 fully paid ordinary shares (based on a volume weighted average price up to the date of executing the agreement of 1.9 cents) which was approved by Shareholders at an EGM held on 29 June 2021.

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- a) The Group's operations in future financial years, or
- b) The results of those operations in future financial years, or
- c) The Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

## Note 23 Related Party Transactions

## a. The Group's main related parties are as follows:

- i) Parent entity
   The parent entity within the Group is Alligator Energy Limited.
- ii) Key management personnel Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity, are considered key management personnel. For details of disclosures relating to key management personnel, refer to Note 18: Key Management Personnel.

#### b. Transactions with related parties:

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

There were no other transactions with related parties during the financial year.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

## Note 24 Parent Entity Financial Information

### a. Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Balance Sheet		
Current assets	1,630,634	929,495
Total assets	13,849,189	9,182,429
Current liabilities	188,509	232,132
Total liabilities	416,915	460,538
Issued capital	39,534,274	33,834,239
Option reserve	8,247	9,704
Accumulated losses	(26,110,247)	(25,122,053)
Total equity	13,432,274	8,721,890
Loss for year	(999,434)	(969,520)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(999,434)	(969,520)

## Note 24 Parent Entity Financial Information (continued)

## b. Guarantees entered into by the parent entity

The Parent Entity has provided no financial guarantees.

## c. Contingent liabilities of the parent entity

The Parent Entity did not have any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: Nil)

## d. Contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant or equipment

The Parent Entity had contractual commitments as at 30 June 2021 to acquire field related equipment totalling \$nil (2020: \$nil).

### Note 25 Company Details

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company as at 30 June 2021 was: Suite 2, 128 Bowen St, Spring Hill Brisbane QLD 4000 Phone (07) 3839 3904

## **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Alligator Energy Limited, in the opinion of the directors of the Company:

- 1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 25 to 69 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - complying with Australian Accounting Standards, which, as stated in accounting policy
     Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes compliance with International Financial
     Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
  - b. giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- 2. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Paul Dickson

Chairman

Brisbane, 24 September 2021



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## TO THE MEMBERS OF ALLIGATOR ENERGY LIMITED

## Report on the Financial Report

## **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Alligator Energy Limited (the "Company"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Directors' Declaration of the Company and the consolidated entity comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Alligator Energy Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i) Giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Independence

We are independent of the consolidated entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

### Kev Audit Matter

A key audit matter is a matter that, in our professional judgement, was of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter. For the matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

PKF Brisbane Audit ABN 33 873 151 348

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## Carrying value of capitalised exploration expenditure

## Why significant

As at 30 June 2021 the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets was \$11.85m (2020: \$7.92m), as disclosed in Note 9. This represents 86% of total assets of the consolidated entity.

The consolidated entity's accounting policy in respect of exploration and evaluation expenditure is outlined in Note 1(d).

Significant judgement is required:

- in determining whether facts and circumstances indicate that the exploration and evaluation assets should be tested for impairment in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources ("AASB 6"); and
- in determining the treatment of exploration and evaluation expenditure in accordance with AASB 6, and the consolidated entity's accounting policy. In particular:
  - whether the particular areas of interest meet the recognition conditions for an asset; and
  - which elements of exploration and evaluation expenditures qualify for capitalisation for each area of interest.

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our work included, but was not limited to, the following procedures:

- Conducting a detailed review of management's assessment of impairment trigger events prepared in accordance with AASB 6 including:
  - assessing whether the rights to tenure of the areas of interest remained current at reporting date as well as confirming that rights to tenure are expected to be renewed for tenements that will expire in the near future;
  - holding discussions with the Directors and management as to the status of ongoing exploration programmes for the areas of interest, as well as assessing if there was evidence that a decision had been made to discontinue activities in any specific areas of interest; and
  - obtaining and assessing evidence of the consolidated entity's future intention for the areas of interest, including reviewing future budgeted expenditure and related work programme.
- considering whether exploration activities for the areas of interest had reached a stage where a reasonable assessment of economically recoverable reserves existed;
- testing, on a sample basis, exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred during the year for compliance with AASB 6 and the consolidated entity's accounting policy; and
- assessing the appropriateness of the related disclosures in Notes 1(d) and 9.

#### Other Information

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the consolidated entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report.



In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

## Responsibilities of Directors' for the Financial Report

The Directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the consolidated entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the consolidated entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the consolidated entity to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  activities within the consolidated entity to express an opinion on the group financial report. We are responsible
  for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit
  opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2021. The Directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Alligator Energy Limited for the year ended 30 June 2021 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

**PKF BRISBANE AUDIT** 

TIM FOLLETT PARTNER

**BRISBANE** 

24 September 2021

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition) Statement for the 30 June 2021 financial year will be lodged on the Company's website at www.alligatorenergy.com.au at the time of issuing the Annual Report.

### **COMPETENT PERSON'S STATEMENT**

#### **Uranium**

Information in the Directors' Report included in this Financial Report is based on current and historic Exploration Results compiled by Mr Andrew Peter Moorhouse who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Moorhouse is contracted by the Company as the Exploration Manager, and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Moorhouse consents to the inclusion in this release of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

#### **Nickel-cobalt**

Information in the Directors' Report included in this Financial Report is based on current and historic Exploration Results compiled by Mr Andrew Vigar who is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Vigar is a non-executive director of Alligator Energy Limited and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Vigar consents to the inclusion in this release of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

### PLUMBUSH INFERRED MINERAL RESOURCE - CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

In relation to the Plumbush Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate (stated in compliance with JORC 2004) of 21.8 million tonnes at grade of 292ppm eU3O8, containing 6,300t (13.9Mlbs) of mineralisation at a 100ppm eU3O8 cut-off grade the following cautionary statement is made:

- the Exploration Results have not been reported in accordance with the JORC Code 2012;
- a Competent Person has not done sufficient work to disclose the Exploration Results in accordance with the JORC Code 2012;
- it is possible that following further evaluation and/or exploration work that the confidence in the prior reported Exploration Results may be reduced when reported under the JORC Code 2012;
- nothing has come to the attention of the acquirer that causes it to question the accuracy or reliability of the former owner's Exploration Results; but
- the acquirer has not independently validated the former owner's Exploration Results and therefore is not to be regarded as reporting, adopting or endorsing those results.

#### PLUMBUSH INFERRED MINERAL RESOURCE - CAUTIONARY STATEMENT (CONT)

The Plumbush Inferred Mineral Resource is JORC 2004 compliant and therefore may not conform to the requirements in the JORC Code 2012. The Inferred Mineral Resource was previously announced by Uranium SA (ASX:USA) on the 8th April, 2011. All work to establish this Inferred Mineral Resource was completed by the vendor of the Samphire Project. It is the acquirer's view that the reliability of the Exploration Results is of a good standard. The drilling methods, drilling density, sampling, and downhole geophysical surveys are documented and appear to be of reasonable quality. Additionally, the geological setting and mineralisation style correlate with what is reported at the neighbouring Blackbush deposit (JORC 2012 compliant).

The Inferred Mineral Resource was based on drilling data from 43 rotary mud holes, on roughly 200metre centres. All holes were gamma probed using a suitably calibrated tool. No studies were completed on mineralogy or bulk density, with assumptions being made from the geologically similar neighbouring JORC 2012 compliant Blackbush resource.

No further recent Exploration Results or data has been identified that would be relevant to understanding the Exploration Results.

An initial assessment suggests that to restate the Plumbush Inferred Mineral Resource as 2012 JORC compliant, landholder access agreements would need to be established, a small core drill hole program would likely be required which would include some geochemical, mineralogical and density sampling. The acquirer has not established a timeframe or budget for further work at Plumbush and it should be noted that this is expected to have a lower priority than the Blackbush deposit. Any short term funding requirements will occur using internal financial resources.

The Competent Person's Statement in this Financial Report covers this Cautionary Statement.