

# PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED ABN 62 112 914 459

(SUBJECT TO DEED OF COMPANY ARRANGEMENT)

ANNUAL REPORT

For the year ended 30 June 2020

#### **Directors**

Peter Lewis Craig Smith (resigned 23 December 2019) Campbell McKenzie (resigned 23 December 2019)

#### Company Secretary

Melissa Chapman (RESIGNED 23 DECEMBER 2019) Catherine Grant-Edwards (RESIGNED 23 DECEMBER 2019)

#### **Registered Office**

Level 3, 33 Ord Street West Perth WA 6005 Phone: (08) 9481 4478 Fax: (08) 9486 4833

#### Head Office

Level 3, 33 Ord Street West Perth WA 6005

#### Country of Incorporation

Pacific Bauxite Limited is domiciled and incorporated in Australia

#### Stock Exchange Listing

Pacific Bauxite Limited is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX Code: PBX)

#### <u>Auditors</u>

Rothsay Auditing Level 1, Lincoln House 4 Ventnor Avenue West Perth WA 6005

#### Legal Advisors

Steinepreis Paganin Level 4 The Read Buildings 16 Milligan Street Perth WA 6000

#### Share Registry

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Level 11 172 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000

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#### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

Pacific Bauxite Limited (ASX: IRM) (**Pacific Bauxite** or **Company**) is pleased to present a review of its operations for the period ended 30 June 2020.

#### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

**PROJECT REVIEW** 

#### SOLOMON ISLANDS

#### Nendo Bauxite Project

The Nendo Bauxite Project (**Nendo**) located in the Solomon Islands (Figure 1) has demonstrated extensive areas of potentially high-grade DSO bauxite mineralisation (ASX announcement 27 September 2016). While much of the project area remains unexplored, the Company has delineated an initial priority target area of approximately 12 kilometres by 2 kilometres.



Figure 1 – Solomon Islands Project Locations

On 6 June 2018, the Company advised it had unexpectedly received a letter from the Solomon Islands' Minister of Mines, Energy and Rural Electrification (**Minister**), advising that prospecting license PL 01/16 (**Prospecting License**) held by its 50% owned subsidiary joint venture company, Eight South Investments Pty Ltd (**JVC**), in respect of the Nendo project was cancelled (**Minister's Letter**) (ASX announcement 6 June 2018).

In accordance with the requirements of the Minister's Letter, work at Nendo was immediately suspended.

Reasons provided in the Minister's Letter for the cancellation of the Prospecting License included unsatisfactory level of prospecting at Nendo and failure to establish amicable relations with the local communities.

To date, Pacific Bauxite's exploration programs at Nendo have confirmed the presence of extensive, highquality bauxitic soils. The Company has completed first phase reconnaissance prospecting at Nendo and identified significant areas of bauxite mineralisation (ASX announcements 19 May, 7 July and 25 August 2016). The work undertaken included drilling shallow hand auger holes on a wide spaced pattern, with negligible environmental impact. Prospecting has been carried out with the assistance and employment of local landowners, which provided transparency of the Company's activities and provided the opportunity to educate and inform the local communities of the resources existing on their land.

#### Court Proceedings

On 23 November 2018, the High Court of Solomon Islands (**Court**) heard an application for the determination of issues pursuant to r.12.11 of the Court Rules (ASX Announcement 26 November 2018). The JVC is the Claimant in those proceedings. The Court reserved its decision and was required to hand its decision down within three months.

The Court subsequently sought additional material regarding the application and heard further submissions from the parties regarding the effects of that additional information (ASX Announcement 18 March 2019).

On 5 April 2019, the Court delivered its ruling in relation to the proceedings commenced by the JVC (ASX Announcement 9 April 2019). The Court ordered that:

- 1. The Minister's decision to cancel PL 01/16 by letter dated 24 May 2018 was beyond power, quashed, and declared null and void.
- 2. PL 01/16 was valid as at 24 May 2018.
- 3. The Minerals Board is to decide on the cancellation of PL 01/16 and whether there was a breach of the Act, Regulation or license conditions.
- 4. Costs against the Defendants, being the Minister and the Director of Mines, including reserved costs, with certification for overseas Counsel, are to be assessed.

The parties were granted 30 days from 5 April 2019 within which to file any appeals.

On 10 May 2019, the Attorney General of the Solomon Islands (on behalf of the Minister, the Director of Mines and the Mines and Minerals Board) filed and served a Notice of Appeal with the Solomon Islands Court of Appeal (ASX Announcement 10 May 2019). The Notice of Appeal seeks to appeal both the interlocutory and final rulings (delivered respectively on the 19 October 2018 and 5 April 2019) by the High Court of the Solomon Islands (for further information on the final ruling, please refer to ASX Announcement 10 May 2019).

The Court of Appeal Rules provides that in the event of non-compliance with the timeframe for filing a Notice of Appeal, all proceedings in the appeal shall be stayed, unless the Court shall otherwise order and that the appeal shall be listed for the next sessions of the Court for a formal order of dismissal.

The Notice of Appeal was filed on 7 May 2019 - outside of the timeframe for filing a Notice of Appeal. No application to extend time or for leave to appeal the interlocutory ruling was served. No order was made varying the stay provided by the *Court of Appeal Rules*. As such, the timeframe for the JVC to file its notice of contentions had not commenced, and the JVC requested that the Registrar list the Attorney General's appeal for the next sessions of the Court for a formal order of dismissal.

On 5 September 2019, the Company was pleased to provide an update on the court proceedings. The JVC received a letter from the Registrar of the High Court and Court of Appeal of the Solomon Islands confirming that the Attorney General's Notice of Appeal was filed out of time. If the Attorney General wished to further pursue an appeal, he would be first required to bring an application to obtain the leave of the High Court to apply to extend the period for lodging a Notice of Appeal and only then if successful could he again apply to the High Court for leave to bring such an appeal.

On 13 September 2019, the Attorney General filed an application for leave to file an appeal out of time and on 29 October 2019, the Court of Appeal advised that the Attorney General's application for leave had been granted.

On 6 December 2019 (ASX Announcement dated 13 January 2021), the Court of Appeal ordered that the parties to the proceedings were to provide submissions to the Court.

Prior to the expiry of PL 01/16, the JVC took steps to extend or, alternatively, to renew the term of PL 01/16. Those matters were not determined, pending the outcome of the proceedings before the High Court and subsequent attempted appeal. Due to the Notice of Appeal being granted, the appeal remained on foot at 30 June 2020.

On 1 February 2021 (ASX Announcement dated 2 February 2021), the Company announced the judgement from the Court of Appeal in the Solomon Islands where "the Court of Appeal agreed with the

High Court's judgement that the Minister for Mines, Energy and Rural Electrification acted ultra vires his powers under Section 71(1) and (2) of the Mines and Minerals Act [CAP. 42] thereby quashing the Minister's decision of 24 May 2018 which cancelled the Respondent's Prospecting Licence (PL No. 01/16)." The Administrators are currently seeking options as to the possibility of reinstating the Prospecting Licence.

#### South West New Georgia Bauxite Project

To date, the Company's exploration at the South West New Georgia Bauxite Project (**SWNG**) in the Western Province of the Solomon Islands has resulted in the definition of large areas of high-tenor bauxitic soils, grading +40% alumina (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>). Based on these results, the Company believes there is good potential for the definition of large tonnage, direct shipping ore (**DSO**) bauxite mineralisation, which appears analogous with deposits in the Nendo and Rennell Islands, both within the Solomon Islands (Figure 1). This style of mineralisation provides the opportunity for quick, cost-effective resource definition and a simple, low cost, dig-load-ship style mining operation, suitable for the supply of sea-borne bauxite into China, greater Asia and the Middle East.

The SWNG prospecting license covers an area of 236 kilometres<sup>2</sup> and targets bauxitic clays on uplifted limestone reef (averaging more than 100 metres above sea level). Much of the tenure at SWNG appears unexplored, and represents a significant exploration opportunity. The area to be explored within the Prospecting Licence is three times the area being targeted at Nendo and represents a significant exploration opportunity for the Company.

SWNG is nearby to existing beneficial infrastructure offering significant infrastructure advantages for any future export mining operations, including a deep-water port and township.

Prior exploration by Australian companies in the early 1970's identified extensive areas of bauxite mineralisation and postulated the potential for economic deposits at SWNG. Historical work targeted the southern part of the application, north of the town of Munda, and included several hand-auger drilling programs and test pitting. The main drilling campaign focused on an area of approximately 3.5 kilometres by 1 kilometre and included 39 auger holes for 101 samples. This work identified substantial tonnages of material with grades of between 40% and 45% total Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and 5% to 10% total SiO<sub>2</sub>.

Results from the Company's past exploration activities have reinforced the Company's belief that SWNG is prospective for large tonnage, DSO bauxite mineralisation. This style of mineralisation provides the opportunity for quick, cost-effective resource definition and a simple, low cost, dig-load-ship style mining operation.

The Prospecting Licence was granted to Pacific Bauxite by the Solomon Islands Government's Ministry of Mines, Energy and Rural Electrification for an initial period of three years and can be extended for two years upon application. A further extension of two years may be applied for, totalling seven years.

The Company has received overwhelming, widespread local support for its proposed prospecting activities at SWNG. The Prospecting Licence was granted following the Company's extensive Awareness Program involving all stakeholders including traditional landowners, local communities, and both Provincial and National Government representatives.

On 20 June 2020, the Company was not in a position to maintain the required expenditure for the SWNG and the prospecting licence (PL-04/17) subsequently expired (ASX Announcement 13 January 2021).

#### Divestment

On 13 December 2019, the Company announced that following a number of unsolicited approaches, Pacific Bauxite had decided to divest its Solomon Islands bauxite projects.

The Board confirmed that this would allow them to focus on Australian assets which present lower sovereign risk hurdles, a better proposition for growth and most importantly of benefit.

#### AUSTRALIA

#### Sale of Residual Interests in Milestone and Royalty Payments

In August 2019, the Company entered into a binding agreement with Maincoast Pty Ltd (**Maincoast**) for the sale of its residual interests in milestone payments and royalties from the Mt Richardson, Rogetta and Golden Camel projects, for a consideration of A\$100,000 (ASX announcement 28 August 2019).

The milestone payments and royalties include the following:

Mt Richardson Project, Western Australia (the Mt Richardson Royalty)

A royalty of 2% on average/tonne FOB sales value of iron ore product that departs E29/571, as well as a one-off payment of AUD 0.50 per dry metric tonne on tonnages in excess of independently evaluated Indicated or Measured Resources of 10,000,000 tonnes.

Rogetta Project, Tasmania

The following milestone payments and royalties (together, the Rogetta Milestone Payments):

- A\$1,000,000 upon the first shipment of iron ore from the Rogetta Project tenements;
- A\$2,000,000 upon the first anniversary of the shipment of iron ore from the Rogetta Project tenements; and
- A\$2,000,000 upon the second anniversary of the shipment of iron ore from the Rogetta Project tenements.

Golden Camel Project, Victoria (the Golden Camel Royalty) A royalty of A\$2/tonne on all gold ore mined after the first 20,000oz has been produced from the project.

Key terms of the Sale:

- Consideration of A\$100,000 to be paid to the Company by Maincoast for the sale of milestone payments and royalties.
- Completion is contingent on the Company obtaining the required consent in relation to the Golden Camel Royalty within 5 days of signing the binding agreement (the Condition Precedent Date).
- Completion is to occur 7 days after the Condition Precedent Date (the Completion Date).
- Exclusivity is granted to Maincoast up until the Condition Precedent Date.

On 3 September 2019, the Company announced that all Conditions Precedent have been satisfied or waived and as such the transaction is now unconditional. Completion of the transaction occurred on 10 September 2019.

#### Darling Ranges Bauxite Project, Western Australia

The Darling Range Bauxite Project (**Darling Range**) is located in the Darling Ranges northeast of Perth, Western Australia. The Company's Acquisition of Darling Range is consistent with its strategy to build a portfolio of high quality bauxite assets in targeted jurisdictions, in order to position itself to help satisfy the forecasted near term growth in global bauxite demand.

Darling Range comprises two Exploration Licence Applications (ELA 70/5111) and one granted Exploration Licence (EL 70/5112) subject to an aboriginal heritage agreements), which cover a total area of 405 km<sup>2</sup> within the Darling Ranges, approximately 60 km northeast of Perth (Figure 2).

Pacific Bauxite previously held the tenements covering the Project when it was named Iron Mountain Mining (ASX:IRM). The Company sold the Darling Range tenements to Chinese-backed private mineral resources investment company Alpha Bauxite Pty Ltd (**Alpha**) in 2012 (IRM ASX announcements, 6 March 2012 and 24 August 2012), which subsequently surrendered its tenure in June 2017.

Given the Company's previous exposure and understanding of Darling Range, it viewed the opportunity to acquire the asset as a highly attractive, low-cost entry point to a potentially high quality, advanced bauxite project with significant upside, in a major, established bauxite region.

### PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



Figure 2: Darling Range Project Location

The Darling Ranges host extensive bauxite resources and have a long history of exploration and mining. Production commenced in the region in the 1960's and it currently hosts major bauxite mining operations including South 32's Worsley Alumina and Alcoa.

#### Proposed Strategy and Activity

Due to the appointment of Voluntary Administrators (ASX Announcement 23 December 2019), the Company has taken steps to seek expressions of interest for the sale of the exploration licence application and licence. It is noted that no interest was received for EL70/5112.

Given this, the Company was not in a position to meet the required expenditure for tenement E70/5112 and the exploration licence was forfeited on 17 February 2020. The Company continues negotiations with interested parties in relation to ELA 70/5111.

#### Ebagoola South Gold Project, Queensland

On 15 November 2019, the Company announced that it has executed a binding option agreement pursuant to which it has been granted a 6-month option to acquire a 50% interest in the Ebagoola South Gold Project (**Ebagoola Project**) from Australian gold explorer, Australian Metals Corporation Pty Ltd (AMC).

The Ebagoola Project is located in Ebagoola, Queensland and comprises EPM 26678 as shown in figure 3 below.

### PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



The acquisition of a 50% interest in the Ebagoola Project (Acquisition) would have resulted in the Company diversifying its project portfolio to include gold and expanding its Australian operations. PBX considered this to be an attractive investment opportunity in light of a rising gold price and increased investor interest in the sector. Further, PBX believed that the expansion of operations in Australia, with its stable political and regulatory environment, would have improved the Company's overall risk profile by offsetting the political and regulatory uncertainties inherent in conducting operations in the Solomon Islands.

For further detailed proposed terms and conditions of the Acquisition, refer to the ASX announcement 15 November 2019.

The Acquisition did not complete prior to the Company being placed into Voluntary Administration and further information is included in the June 2020 quarterly activities report (ASX Announcement dated 13 January 2021).

#### CORPORATE

#### **Board and Management Restructure**

On 23 December 2019, the Company advised the resignations of Mr Craig Smith and Mr Campbell McKenzie as Non-Executive Directors of the Company, effective immediately.

On the same day, Joint Company Secretaries Melissa Chapman and Catherine Grant-Edwards resigned effective 23 December 2019.

#### **Voluntary Administration**

On 24 December 2019 Pacific Bauxite announced that Messrs Richard Albarran and Cameron Shaw of Hall Chadwick Chartered Accountants were appointed as Joint and Several Voluntary Administrators of the Company pursuant to Section 436A of the Corporations Act 2001 (Voluntary Administration).

#### **Rights Issue**

On 11 September 2019, the Company announced a capital raising by way of a non-renounceable prorata rights issue to raise \$991,535 (before costs) (**Rights Issue**) (ASX announcement 11 September 2019).

Under the Rights Issue, eligible shareholders were able to subscribe for 1 new share for every existing 2 shares they hold at an issue price of \$0.005 per share.

The proposed use of funds raised under the Rights Issue (net of expenses) were to be used to cover the legal costs over tenure of the Nendo Bauxite Project, exploration work and resource definition work at both the Nendo Bauxite Project and Southwest New Georgia Bauxite Project, as well as for general working capital purposes.

The Entitlement Issue Prospectus dated 11 September 2019 (Entitlement Offer) was lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) on 11 September 2019. A copy of the prospectus, together with the Entitlement and Acceptance Form, was dispatched to all eligible shareholders on 26 September 2019.

During the Quarter, the Company announced that the Closing Date for the Rights Issue had been extended to 27 December 2019 (ASX announcement 10 December 2019).

The Rights Issue failed to attract meaningful support and as such, the Rights Issue did not complete prior to the Company being placed into Voluntary Administration. The Company has repaid subscription funds on 15 January 2020.

#### **Results of Annual General Meeting**

The Company held its Annual General Meeting of Shareholders on 29 November 2019 and all resolutions put to the meeting were passed unanimously.

The Directors of Pacific Bauxite Limited (**Pacific Bauxite**) (**Company**) submit their report, together with the consolidated financial statements comprising Pacific Bauxite and its controlled entities (**Group**) for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

#### DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise noted.

#### PETER LEWIS Non-Executive Chairman

Mr Lewis is a Queensland based businessman with a long and successful career predominantly in the property industry. He is a former director of Ray White, Richard Ellis Group, founder and Managing Director of Savills (QLD), founder and Managing Director of Unity Pacific (formerly Trinity Ltd), Director of Eumundi Brewing Group Ltd and CEC Ltd. Mr Lewis is the chairman of Aurum Pacific Group, a private mining company with diverse interest both in Australia and internationally that is associated with the vendors of Eight South Investment Pty Ltd. He has also previously served as Chairman of the Queensland Rugby Union.

Mr Lewis has not held any other directorships of listed companies in the last three years.

Effective 29 November 2018, Mr Lewis transitioned from the role of Non-Executive Director to Non-Executive Chairman.

Mr. Lewis indirectly holds 4,100,000 ordinary shares and 2,050,000 options in Pacific Bauxite.

#### CRAIG SMITH (Appointed 6 June 2019, Resigned 23 December 2019) Non-Executive Director

Mr Smith has over 40 years' experience in the areas of property and commercial law. Mr Smith holds a master's degree in law from the University of Queensland and is currently a partner at O'Shea & Partners Lawyers.

Mr Smith has not held any other directorships of listed companies in the last three years.

Mr Smith does not hold any shares or options in Pacific Bauxite.

#### CAMPBELL MCKENZIE (Appointed 6 June 2019, Resigned 23 December 2019) Non-Executive Director

Mr McKenzie is a consultant and Director with over 20 years' experience in the minerals sector in both technical and management roles in private and public companies and government. Mr McKenzie holds a BSc. (Hons) Geology and started his career as an exploration geologist in Australia and Latin America, followed by a role managing the Minerals Unit for the New Zealand Government. He is currently involved as Business Development Manager for RSC Mining & Mineral Exploration Ltd, a Director of Kenex Knowledge Systems and a Director of Aurum Pacific Bauxite (NZ) Ltd. Mr McKenzie also provides advisory services to TSX listed Chatham Rock Phosphate and the private Australian company Duke Exploration Ltd.

Mr McKenzie has not held any other directorships of listed companies in the last three years.

Mr McKenzie does not hold any shares or in Pacific Bauxite.

#### MELISSA CHAPMAN (Appointed 5 June 2019, Resigned 23 December 2019) Joint Company Secretary

Ms Chapman has over 15 years of experience in the accounting profession. She has worked in Australia and the United Kingdom for both listed and private companies and currently provides accounting and company secretarial services to several listed resource companies.

Ms Chapman holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the Murdoch University, and has qualified as a Certified Practising Accountant with CPA Australia; she has also completed a Graduate Diploma of Corporate Governance with the Governance Institute of Australia, and the company directors course with the Australian Institute of Company Directors

#### CATHERINE GRANT-EDWARDS (Appointed 5 June 2019, Resigned 23 December 2019) Joint Company Secretary

Ms Grant-Edwards has 15 years of experience in accounting and finance and currently provides accounting and company secretarial services to several listed resource companies.

Ms Grant-Edwards has a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Western Australia, majoring in Accounting and Finance, and is a qualified Accountant with the Institute of Chartered Accountants Australia (ICAA).

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Group during the course of the financial year was mineral exploration.

#### Dividends

No dividends were paid or declared during the financial year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

#### **Review of Operations**

Information on the operations of the Group and its corporate activities is set out in the Review of Operations.

#### **Financial Position**

The net loss of the entity for the year after tax was \$1,091,937 (2019: loss of \$2,104,132). Major costs were administration \$859,242 (2019: \$596,621) which includes administrators' fees of \$544,273 (2019: nil), employment costs of \$97,307 (2019: \$413,438) and the Group's share of the losses of its associate \$90,138 (2019: losses \$427,993).

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

The Company is currently taking the relevant steps to allow the effectuation of a DOCA subject to shareholder approval, and recapitalisation of the Company, and following this, subject to ASX approval, recommence trading on the exchange.

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group other than those disclosed in the Review of Operations.

#### Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

#### Nendo legal developments

As noted above, the Court of Appeal ordered that the Attorney General's Notice of Appeal be granted and provided directions for the filing of submissions. These directions were amended on 8 June 2020 and provided:

- 1. The Attorney General (the Appellant) file and serve written submissions and the Respondent (the JVC) file and serve its written submissions in support of the Cross-Appeal by 15 June 2020;
- 2. The Respondent and the Appellant file and serve any written submissions in responses to the submission in [1] by 17 July 2020;
- 3. Appellant and the Respondent file and serve any written submission in reply o the submission in [2] by 24 July 2020;
- 4. Appeal be listed for hearing in the next sitting of the Court.

The JVC has withdrawn the cross-appeal at the direction of its solicitor and sought an extension to file a submission which was approved by the Court. On 2 November 2020, the JVC filed a submission to the Court of Appeal.

Both parties have agreed for the proceedings to be decided on the papers. The Company announced the outcome of the proceedings on 2 February 2021.

On 2 February 2021, the Company announced the judgement from the Court of Appeal in the Solomon Islands where "The Court of Appeal agreed with the High Court's judgement that the Minister for Mines, Energy and Rural Electrification acted ultra vires his powers under Section 71(1) and (2) of the Mines and Minerals Act [CAP. 42] thereby quashing the Minister's decision of 24 May 2018 which cancelled the

Respondent's Prospecting Licence (PL No. 01/16)." The Administrators are currently seeking options as to the possibility of reinstating the Prospecting License.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in the future financial years.

#### Likely Developments and Expected Results of Operations

The Company is currently taking the relevant steps to allow the effectuation of a DOCA subject to shareholder approval, and recapitalisation of the Company, and following this, subject to ASX approval, recommence trading on the exchange.

Until the Company has recommenced trading on the ASX, likely developments, future prospects and business strategies of the operations and the expected operations have not been included in this report.

#### **Environmental Regulation**

The Directors believe the Group is not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

#### Greenhouse Gas and Energy data reporting requirements

The Group is subject to the reporting requirements of both the Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act 2006 and the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007.

The Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act 2006 requires the group to assess its energy usage, including the identification, investigation and evaluation of energy saving opportunities, and to report publicly on the assessments undertaken, including what action the Group intends to take as a result. The National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 require the Group to report its annual greenhouse gas emissions and energy use.

For the year ended 30 June 2020 the Group was below the reported threshold for both legislative reporting requirements therefore is not required to register or report. The Group will continue to monitor its registration and reporting requirements however it does not expect to have future reporting requirements.

#### **Directors' Meetings**

The following table sets out the number of meetings of the Company's Directors held while each Director was in office and the number of meetings attended by each Director:

	Board Meetings			
Director	Number of meetings held while in office	Number of meetings attended		
Peter Lewis	2	2		
Craig Smith Campbell McKenzie	2	2 2		

#### **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)**

The information contained in the remuneration report has been audited as required by Section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### Principles Used to Determine the Nature and Amount of Remuneration

The Group's policy for determining the nature and amount of emoluments of Board members and senior executives are as follows:

#### **Executive Remuneration**

The Group's remuneration policy for Executive Directors is designed to promote superior performance and long-term commitment to the Group. Executives receive a base salary which is market related. Overall remuneration policies are subject to the discretion of the Board and can be changed to reflect

competitive market and business conditions where it is in the best interests of the Group and its shareholders to do so. The Board's reward policy reflects its obligation to align executives' remuneration with shareholders' interests and retain appropriately qualified executive talent for the benefit of the Group. The main principles of the policy are:

- Reward reflects the competitive market in which the Group operates;
- Individual reward should be linked to performance criteria; and
- Executives should be rewarded for both financial and non-financial performance.

Refer below for details of Executive Directors' remuneration.

#### Non-Executive Remuneration

Shareholders approve the maximum aggregate remuneration for Non-Executive Directors. The Board recommends the actual payments to Directors. The maximum aggregate remuneration approved for Non-Executive Directors is currently \$350,000 (2019: \$250,000). The Group has agreed to pay an insurance premium for Directors and Officers Liability.

The Board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.

Refer below for details of Non-Executive Directors' remuneration.

Executives are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements. Refer to note 24(b) to the financial report for details of all Directors' share and option holdings.

The Executive Directors and Executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution (where applicable) required by the government, which, as at 30 June 2020 was 9.5%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits.

All remuneration paid to Directors and Executives is valued at the cost to the Group and expensed.

The Board policy is to remunerate Non-Executive Directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the Non-Executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required; during the year no advice was sought. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to Non-Executive Directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for Non-Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. However, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in Pacific Bauxite and are able to participate in an employee option plan (none adopted to date).

#### Performance Based Remuneration

The Board believes that as the Group is in its start-up phase of development it is not feasible to establish meaningful Key Performance Indicators from which to base Director and Executive remuneration packages. Once the Group is more fully established the Board will reconsider this policy.

#### **Use of Remuneration Consultants**

For the year ended 30 June 2020, the Group did not employ any remuneration consultants to provide recommendations on employee remunerations matters.

#### **Remuneration Governance**

The Group has not established a remuneration committee due to the relatively small size and early stage of development of the Group. The Board as a whole monitors the activities normally reserved for a remuneration committee. The Corporate Governance Statement provides further information on the role of the Board in this context.

#### **Details of Remuneration**

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and key management personnel of the Group are set out below.

The Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Group include:

- Peter Lewis (Non-Executive Chairman) (Appointed 30 January 2018, appointed Chairman on 29 November 2018)
- Craig Smith (Non-Executive Director) (Appointed 6 June 2019, Resigned 23 December 2019)
- Campbell McKenzie (Non-Executive Director) (Appointed 6 June 2019, Resigned 23 December 2019)

#### Key Management Personnel Remuneration:

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| 2020              | Short Term              | Post-<br>employment | Share I<br>paym |        |         | Share Based<br>payments as a |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------|---------|------------------------------|
|                   | Cash salary<br>and fees | Superannuati<br>on  | Options         | Shares | Total   | % of total<br>remuneration   |
| Name              | \$                      | \$                  | \$              | \$     | \$      |                              |
| Peter Lewis       | 43,065 <sup>1</sup>     | -                   | -               | -      | 43,065  | -                            |
| Craig Smith       | 28,710 <sup>2</sup>     | -                   | -               | -      | 28,710  | -                            |
| Campbell McKenzie | 28,710 <sup>3</sup>     | -                   | -               | -      | 28,710  | -                            |
| Total             | 100,485                 | -                   | -               | -      | 100,485 | -                            |

<sup>1</sup> Cash salary and fees accrued to 24 December 2019 when the Company entered into voluntary administration

<sup>2</sup> Cash salary and fees to 23 December 2019 being the date of resignation

<sup>3</sup> Cash salary and fees to 23 December 2019 being the date of resignation

| 2019              | Short Term                   | Post-<br>employment     | Share I<br>paym |        |            | Share Based<br>payments as a |
|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------|------------|------------------------------|
| Name              | Cash salary<br>and fees<br>د | Superannuati<br>on<br>s | Options<br>S    | Shares | Total<br>s | % of total remuneration      |
| Peter Lewis       | 34,360                       | -                       | <b>.</b> -      |        | 34,360     |                              |
| Craig Smith       | 4,167                        | -                       | -               | -      | 4,167      | -                            |
| Campbell McKenzie | 12,619                       | -                       | -               | -      | 12,619     | -                            |
| John Ciganek      | 57,834                       | -                       | -               | -      | 57,834     | -                            |
| Suraj Sanghani    | 139,286                      | 13,232                  | -               | -      | 152,518    | -                            |
| Brett Smith       | 30,660                       | -                       | -               | -      | 30,660     | -                            |
| Pippa Coppin      | 30,660                       | -                       | -               | -      | 30,660     | -                            |
| Total             | 339,586                      | 13,232                  | -               | -      | 352,818    | -                            |

#### Share Based Compensation

There were no options granted as part of remuneration in the current or prior year.

#### Additional Information

The table below sets out the performance of the Group and the consequences on shareholders' wealth for the past five years:

|                                                       | 2020   | 2019   | 2018   | 2017   | 2016   |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Quoted price of ordinary shares at period end (cents) | 0.3*   | 0.7    | 1.6    | 1.7    | 3.7    |
| Earnings / (loss) per share (cents)                   | (0.28) | (0.53) | (1.49) | (1.11) | (0.95) |
| Dividends paid                                        | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |

\* Share price based on the last day of trading on the ASX before being suspended

#### Service Agreements and Remuneration Commitments

The following service agreements and remuneration arrangements were in place during the period:

 Peter Lewis – PB Lewis & Co Pty Ltd - On the 29 November 2018 Mr Peter Lewis's role changed from Non-Executive Director to Non-Executive Chairman. Mr Lewis's remuneration increased from \$52,560 per annum (incl. GST) to \$71,175 per annum (incl. GST) effective 1 December 2018. Effective 13 June 2019, Mr Lewis's remuneration increased to \$90,000 per annum (excl. GST) following a market review of Director remuneration. Mr Lewis has been deferring a part of his remuneration to prioritise cash flow to activates directly related to exploration. The amount owing to Mr Lewis at 30 June 2020 was \$66,775.

- Craig Smith Dugadan Holdings Pty Ltd Service agreement for no fixed term, remuneration of \$60,000 per annum and a two (2) month notice period. The amount owing to Mr Smith at 30 June 2020 was \$20,210.
- Campbell McKenzie Geo Advisory Limited Service agreement for no fixed term, remuneration
  of \$60,000 per annum and a two (2) month notice period. From time to time Campbell also
  provides consulting services to the Group and these are provided on a commercial basis. The
  amount owing to Mr McKenzie at 30 June 2020 was \$23,710.

#### Security Trading Policy

Pacific Bauxite's security trading policy provides guidance on acceptable transactions in dealing in the Company's various securities, including shares, debt notes and options. Pacific Bauxite's security trading policy defines dealing in Company securities to include:

- (a) subscribing for, purchasing or selling Company securities or entering into an agreement to do any of those things;
- (b) advising, procuring or encouraging another person (including a family member, friend, associate, colleague, family Company or family trust) to trade in Company Securities; and
- (c) entering into agreements or transactions which operate to limit the economic risk of a person's holdings in Company securities.

The securities trading policy details acceptable and unacceptable times for trading in Company securities including detailing potential civil and criminal penalties for misuse of "inside information". The Directors must not deal in Company securities without providing written notification to the Chairman. The Chairman must not deal in Company securities without the prior approval of the Board of Directors. The Directors are responsible for disclosure to the market of all transactions or contracts involving the Company's shares.

Pacific Bauxite's Employee Option Plan expired on 8 August 2017. There is no current plan in place.

#### Voting and Comments Made at the Group's 2018 Annual General Meeting.

Pacific Bauxite received more than 89% of "yes" votes on its remuneration report for the 2019 financial year.

#### END OF REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

#### Shares under Option

Unissued ordinary shares of Pacific Bauxite under option at the date of this report are as follows:

| Date options granted | Expiry Date  | Issue price of shares | Number under option |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 27 June 2018         | 25 June 2021 | 6 cents               | 68,310,044          |

During the year no options lapsed. During the prior year, a total of 8,500,000 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.08 and an expiry date of 1 December 2019 lapsed.

#### Performance Rights

There were no performance rights issued during the year (2019: Nil).

On 1 December 2019, a total of 10,500,000 performance rights lapsed.

There are no performance rights on issue at the date of this report.

#### Indemnifying Officers

During the financial year, the Group paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the directors and company secretary to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Group or any related body corporate against a liability incurred as such an officer.

#### Proceedings on Behalf of the Group

No person has applied for leave of Court, under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*, to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group or intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or part of these proceedings. The Group was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

#### Non-Audit Services

No non-audit services were provided to the Group by the Group's auditors during the year ended 30 June 2020. Non-audit services are only provided by the Group's auditors where the Board of Directors is satisfied that the provision of non-audit related services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### Auditor's Independence Declaration

The auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, for the year ended 30 June 2020 has been received and is set out on page 16.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors.

Peter Lewis Chairman 16 March 2021



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#### AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001

As lead auditor of the review of Pacific Bauxite Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

This declaration is in respect of Pacific Bauxite Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

**Rothsay Auditing** 

Daniel Dalla Partner

16 March 2021



This Corporate Governance Statement is current as of 16 March 2021 and approved by the Board of Directors on that date.

Pacific Bauxite Limited (**Pacific Bauxite** or the **Group**) has adopted comprehensive systems of control and accountability as the basis for the administration of corporate governance. The Group's Board is committed to administering the policies and procedures with openness and integrity, and pursuing the true spirit of corporate governance commensurate with the Group's needs. To the extent they are applicable, Pacific Bauxite has adopted the eight recommendations set by the Australian Securities Exchange Corporate Governance Council (**ASX**) in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition) (**Recommendations**). Where, after due consideration, the Group's corporate governance practices depart from the Recommendations, the Board has offered full disclosure of the nature of, and reason for, the adoption of its own practice.

As the Group's activities develop in size, nature and scope, the Board's implementation of additional corporate governance structures will be given further consideration.

Key corporate governance issues are outlined below, followed by explanations of areas where the Group's policy differs from recommended practice.

#### **Board Composition**

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of each Director who is in office at the date of the financial report and their term of office are detailed in the Directors' Report.

#### **Corporate Reporting**

The Directors have made the following certifications to the Board:

- that Pacific Bauxite's financial reports are complete and present a true and fair view, in all
  material respects, of the financial condition and operational results of the Group and are in
  accordance with relevant accounting standards; and
- that the above statement is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies adopted by the Board and that the Group's risk management and internal compliance and control is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

#### Code of Conduct

The Group has developed a Code of Conduct (**Code**), which has been fully endorsed by the Board and applies to all Directors and employees. The Code is regularly reviewed and updated as necessary to ensure it reflects the highest standards of behaviour and professionalism and the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Group's integrity.

In summary, the Code requires that at all times all Pacific Bauxite personnel act with the utmost integrity, objectivity, in the best interests of the Group and in compliance with the letter and the spirit of the law and the Group's policies.

Any breaches of the Code are reported to the Chairman in the first instance for notification to the Board.

The Directors are satisfied that the Group has complied with its policies on ethical standards, including trading in securities.

#### **Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communication**

Pacific Bauxite has a policy that information concerning the Group that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price of it's securities is continuously disclosed as required under the ASX Listing Rules.

The Group encourages communication with shareholders and the attendance and effective participation by shareholders at general meetings.

The Chairman and Company Secretary, in conjunction with the other Board members, have been nominated as the people responsible for communications with the ASX. This role includes responsibility for ensuring compliance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the ASX Listing Rules and

overseeing and coordinating information disclosure to the ASX, analysts, brokers, shareholders, the media and the public.

Annual and half yearly reports are made available on the ASX website and mailed to those shareholders who request a hard copy.

#### Independent Advice

There is no formal policy or procedure regarding the taking of professional advice by the independent Directors. However, no restrictions are placed on them taking advice on matters arising from their roles as independent Directors of Pacific Bauxite, or the reimbursement of the costs incurred by the Group.

#### Independence of Board Members

The determination by the Board as to whether individual Directors are independent is a matter of judgment. In making this determination, the Board has followed the guidance in Box 2.3 of the Recommendations. The Board considers that the relationships the independent Directors have with the Group do not materially impact on their independence. In determining the materiality of these relationships, the Board has considered both quantitative and qualitative factors. In determining the quantitative factors the Board considers that a relationship is immaterial where it is equal to or less than 5% of the base amount. In applying this level of materiality to the relationship of the independent Directors' interest is less than 5% of the base amount. In respect to the qualitative measures the Board has considered the factors affecting the independent Directors' relationship with the Group and considers these qualitative factors to be immaterial in the assessment of their independence.

Mr. Lewis, a Non-Executive Director, is considered by the Board to be an independent Director.

#### **Trading Policy**

The Group's policy regarding Directors and employees trading in its securities is set by the Board of Directors. The policy restricts Directors and employees from acting on material information until it has been released to the market and adequate time has been given for this to be reflected in the security's prices.

#### **Remuneration Policy**

The Group's remuneration policy was developed by and approved by the Board. All executives receive a salary and statutory superannuation where applicable.

The Group occasionally participates in share-based remuneration for its Directors and management and also employees and consultants. The terms of the shares and options issued to Directors, employees and consultants are based on what similar sized companies in the mining industry are offering. All shares and options to be issued to Directors require shareholder approval before being issued.

The amount of remuneration paid to all Directors, including monetary and non-monetary components, is detailed in the Directors' Report under the "Key Management Personnel Remuneration" heading. All remuneration paid to executives is valued at the cost to the Group and expensed. Shares given to executives are valued as the difference in the market value of those shares and the amount paid by the executive. Options given to executives are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

#### **Corporate Governance Summary**

This Corporate Governance summary discloses the extent to which the Group will follow the Recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council. While the Recommendations are not mandatory, the Recommendations not followed by the Group have been identified below and reasons have been provided for not following them.

|              | ASX Principle                                                                                                                                                                            | Complied | Reference/Comment                                                                                                          |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Principle 1: | Lay solid foundations for management and<br>oversight                                                                                                                                    |          |                                                                                                                            |
| 1.1          | A listed entity should disclose the respective<br>roles and responsibilities of its board and<br>management, and those matters expressly<br>reserved to the board and those delegated to |          | The Group has adopted a Board<br>charter, which sets out the roles and<br>responsibilities of the Board and<br>management. |

| (D) |
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|     | management.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1.2 | Undertake appropriate checks before<br>appointing a person or putting forward to<br>security holders a candidate for election as a<br>director and provide security holders with all<br>material information in its possession relevant<br>to a decision to whether or not elect or re-<br>elect a director.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | YES | The Group undertakes appropriate<br>checks before appointing a person<br>or putting forward to security holders<br>a candidate for election as a<br>Director. All material relevant to a<br>decision to elect/re-elect a Director<br>is provided to security holders in a<br>Notice of Meeting in which a<br>resolution to elect/re-elect is voted<br>on.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1.3 | A listed entity should have a written<br>agreement with each director and senior<br>executive setting out the terms of their<br>appointment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | YES | Each Director has a written agreement outlining the terms of their appointment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 1.4 | The Company Secretary of a listed entity<br>should be accountable directly to the board,<br>through the chair on all matters to do with the<br>proper functioning of the board.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | YES | The Board Charter outlines the roles<br>and responsibilities of the Company<br>Secretary. The Company Secretary is<br>accountable directly to the Board<br>through the Chair on all governance<br>matters. The Company does not<br>currently have an appointed<br>Company Secretary but will resolve<br>to appoint a Secretary/(ies) following<br>an outcome of the DOCA being<br>known.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 1.5 | <ul> <li>A listed entity should have a diversity policy, including requirements for the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entities progress in achieving them.</li> <li>The entity should disclose this policy or a summary of it.</li> <li>Disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them including: <ul> <li>The prospective proportions of men and women on the board and senior executive positions and across the whole organisation.</li> <li>If the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the Entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under the Act.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | YES | <ul> <li>The Group has adopted a Diversity<br/>Policy. The Group's commitments<br/>are as follows:</li> <li>The Company attract, develop and<br/>retain employees from the widest<br/>possible pool of talent.</li> <li>Embrace diversity and inclusion<br/>within our teams.</li> <li>Respect the diversity of everyone<br/>involved in our domestic and<br/>international activities, including all<br/>employees and stakeholders.</li> <li>Foster a culture that maximises the<br/>benefits of diverse experiences and<br/>perspectives.</li> <li>Our employment decisions will be<br/>transparent and fair, based on role<br/>requirements. We expect all<br/>contractors working on our sites to<br/>have policies and procedures in<br/>place that will ensure their<br/>employees are treated no less fairly<br/>than our own.</li> <li>The Company does not presently<br/>believe that setting mandatory<br/>measurable objectives regarding<br/>gender diversity adds additional<br/>value to the Company at this stage.<br/>Our employment decisions are made<br/>transparently, fairly, and purely<br/>based on role requirements.</li> </ul> |

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |    | As at 30 June 2020 there were no<br>females in senior executive positions.<br>The Group is not a "relevant                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |    | employer" under the Workplace<br>Gender Equality Act.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 1.6          | A listed entity should have and disclose a<br>process for periodically evaluating<br>performance of the board and individual<br>directors.<br>Disclose, in relation to each reporting period,<br>whether a performance evaluation was<br>undertaken in the reporting period in<br>accordance with that process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | NO | The Group does not currently have a<br>formal performance evaluation<br>process. Performance evaluation is<br>considered informally from time to<br>time in Board meetings. No specific<br>performance evaluation was<br>undertaken during the reporting<br>period, and the Board does not at<br>this stage consider any benefits<br>would be gained by introducing a<br>formal evaluation process.                                                              |
| 1.7          | A listed entity should have and disclose a<br>process for periodically evaluating<br>performance of its senior executives.<br>Disclose, in relation to each reporting period,<br>whether a performance evaluation was<br>undertaken in the reporting period in<br>accordance with that process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | NO | The Group does not currently have a<br>formal performance evaluation<br>process. Performance evaluation is<br>considered informally from time to<br>time in Board meetings. No specific<br>performance evaluation was<br>undertaken during the reporting<br>period, and the Board does not at<br>this stage consider any benefits<br>would be gained by introducing a<br>formal evaluation process.                                                              |
| Principle 2: | Structure the board to add value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 2.1          | The board of a listed entity should have a<br>nomination committee which has at least<br>three members a majority of whom are<br>independent and is chaired by an<br>independent director. The entity should<br>disclose the charter of the committee, the<br>members for the committee and as at the end<br>of the reporting period the number of times<br>the committee met during the period and the<br>in the individual attendances of the members<br>of the committee, or<br>If no nomination committee exists, disclose<br>that fact the processes it employs to address<br>board succession issues and to ensure the | NO | No separate nomination committee<br>has been established however this<br>function is carried out by the full<br>Board.<br>The Company is currently taking the<br>relevant steps to allow the<br>effectuation of a DOCA subject to<br>shareholder approval, and<br>recapitalisation of the Company<br>and will reassess its corporate<br>governance practices following an<br>outcome being known.                                                                |
|              | board has the appropriate balance of skills,<br>knowledge and experience, independence<br>and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties<br>and responsibilities effectively.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 2.2          | A listed entity should have and disclose a<br>board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills<br>and diversity that the board currently has or is<br>looking to achieve.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | NO | Although no formal skills matrix has<br>been prepared, the Board has been<br>structured such that its composition<br>and size will enable it to effectively<br>discharge its responsibilities and<br>duties. Each Director has relevant<br>industry experience and specific<br>expertise relevant to the Group's<br>business and level of operations. The<br>Board does not consider a skills<br>matrix would provide any benefits to<br>the Group at this time. |

| 2.3          | A listed entity should disclose the names of the<br>directors considered by the board to be<br>independent directors;<br>If a director has an interest, position,<br>association or relationship of a type described<br>in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance                                             | YES | The Board currently comprises one<br>Director who is considered<br>independent. None of these Board<br>member's independence is<br>compromised by virtue of the factors<br>contained in Box 2.3.<br>The Company is currently taking the                           |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|              | Principles and Recommendation (3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition),<br>but the Board is of the opinion that it does not<br>compromise the independence of the<br>director, the nature of the interest, position,<br>association or relationship in question and an<br>explanation of why the board is of that<br>opinion; |     | relevant steps to allow the<br>effectuation of a DOCA subject to<br>shareholder approval, and<br>recapitalisation of the Company<br>and will reassess its corporate<br>governance practices following an<br>outcome being known.                                  |
|              | and disclose the length of service of each director.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 2.4          | The majority of the board should be<br>independent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | YES |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 2.5          | The chair should be an independent director and should not also hold the position of CEO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | YES | The position of Independent<br>Chairman is not currently the CEO.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2.6          | The listed entity should have a program for<br>inducting new directors and provide<br>appropriate professional development for<br>directors to develop and maintain the skills<br>and knowledge needed to perform their role<br>as directors effectively.                                                      | NO  | Although no formal program exists,<br>the Board actively encourages<br>continuing professional<br>development of all key staff.                                                                                                                                   |
| Principle 3: | Promote ethical and responsible<br>decision-making                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 3.1          | A listed entity should have a code of conduct<br>for its Directors senior executives and<br>employees and should disclose that code or a<br>summary of it.                                                                                                                                                     | YES | The Group has formulated a Code<br>of Conduct a summary is detailed<br>above.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Principle 4: | Safeguard integrity in financial reporting                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 4.1          | The board should have an audit committee<br>which has at least three members all of whom<br>are non-executive directors and a majority of<br>whom are independent directors. The<br>committee should be chaired by an<br>independent Director.                                                                 | NO  | The Board does not currently have a<br>separate audit committee. The<br>Group's financial statements are<br>prepared externally by qualified<br>accountants and reviewed in detail<br>by the Board. The Board also relies<br>on the functions and capabilities of |
|              | The board should disclose the charter of the<br>committee, the relevant qualifications and<br>experience of its members and in relation to<br>each reporting period the number of times the<br>committee met and the individual<br>attendances of each member.                                                 | YES | the external auditors to ensure the<br>proper audit of the financial<br>statements.<br>The Company is currently taking the<br>relevant steps to allow the                                                                                                         |
|              | If the board does not have an audit<br>committee disclose that fact and the<br>processes it employs that independently verify<br>and safeguard the integrity of its corporate<br>reporting, including the process for the<br>appointment and removal of the external<br>auditor and the rotation of the audit  |     | effectuation of a DOCA subject to<br>shareholder approval, and<br>recapitalisation of the Company<br>and will reassess its corporate<br>governance practices following an<br>outcome being known.                                                                 |
| 4.2          | engagement partner.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | NO  | The Company surrently only has and                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 4.2          | The board should, before it approves the financial statements for the financial period                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | NO  | The Company currently only has one Director. The Company is currently                                                                                                                                                                                             |

| 4.3<br>Principle 5: | received from its CFO and CEO a declaration<br>that the financial records of the entity have<br>been properly maintained and that the<br>financial statements comply with appropriate<br>accounting standards and give a true and fair<br>view of the financial position and performance<br>and that the opinion has been formed on the<br>basis of a sound system of risk management<br>and internal control which is operating<br>effectively.<br>A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure<br>that its external auditor attends its AGM and is<br>available to answer questions from security<br>holders relevant to the audit.<br><b>Make timely and balanced disclosure</b> | YES | taking the relevant steps to allow the<br>effectuation of a DOCA subject to<br>shareholder approval, and<br>recapitalisation of the Company<br>and will reassess its corporate<br>governance practices following an<br>outcome being known.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5.1                 | Companies should have a written policy for<br>complying with its continuous disclosure<br>obligations under the Listing Rules and disclose<br>that policy or a summary of it.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | YES | The Company has a Continuous<br>Disclosure Policy a summary is<br>detailed above.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Principle 6:<br>6.1 | Respect the rights of shareholders<br>A listed entity should provide information<br>about itself and its governance to investors via<br>its website.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | NO  | In line with adherence to continuous<br>disclosure requirements of ASX, all<br>shareholders are kept informed of<br>major developments affecting the<br>Group. This disclosure is through<br>regular shareholder communications<br>including the Annual Reports, Half<br>Yearly Reports, Quarterly Reports<br>and the ASX website covering major<br>transactions and events or other<br>price sensitive information.<br>The Company is currently taking the<br>relevant steps to allow the<br>effectuation of a DOCA subject to<br>shareholder approval, and<br>recapitalisation of the Company<br>and will reassess its corporate<br>governance practices following<br>which a dedicated website will likely<br>be reinstated. |
| 6.2                 | A listed entity should design and implement an<br>investor relations program to facilitate<br>effective two-way communication with<br>investors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | YES | The Group has formulated a<br>Shareholder Communication Policy<br>a summary is detailed above.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 6.3                 | A listed entity should disclose the policies and<br>processes it has in place to facilitate and<br>encourage participation at meetings of<br>security holders.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | YES | The Group has formulated a<br>Shareholder Communication Policy<br>a summary is detailed above.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 6.4                 | A listed entity should give security holders the<br>option to receive communications from, and<br>send communications to, the entity and its<br>security registry electronically.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | YES |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Principle 7:        | Recognise and manage risk                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 7.1                 | <ul> <li>The board of a listed entity should have a committee to oversee risk, each of which:</li> <li>a) Has at least three members, the majority of which are independent,</li> <li>b) Is chaired by an independent Director;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | NO  | Given the current size and nature of<br>the business, the risk management of<br>the business is carried out by the<br>Board, no separate committee exists.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

|     | <ul> <li>and disclose:</li> <li>c) The charter of the committee</li> <li>d) The members of the committee</li> <li>and</li> <li>e) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met during the period and the individual attendances of the members of those meetings.</li> <li>If it does not have a committee, disclose that</li> </ul> | YES |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     | fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 7.2 | The board should review the entity's risk<br>management framework at least annually to<br>satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and<br>disclose whether such a review has taken<br>place.                                                                                                                                                                      | NO  | The Company is currently taking the<br>relevant steps to allow the<br>effectuation of a DOCA subject to<br>shareholder approval, and<br>recapitalisation of the Company<br>and will reassess its corporate<br>governance practices following an<br>outcome being known.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 7.3 | The listed entity should disclose whether it has an internal audit function, or                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | NO  | The Board is aware of the various<br>risks that affect the Group and its<br>particular business and has                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|     | If it doesn't the processes it employs for<br>evaluating and continually improving the<br>effectiveness of its risk management and<br>internal control process.                                                                                                                                                                                                       | YES | implemented a number of controls<br>to mitigate or limit the effects of<br>these risks.<br>The Company is currently taking the<br>relevant steps to allow the<br>effectuation of a DOCA subject to<br>shareholder approval, and<br>recapitalisation of the Company<br>and will reassess its corporate<br>governance practices following<br>which it will develop formal policies<br>to deal with risk oversight<br>management and internal<br>compliance. |
| 7.4 | The listed entity should disclose whether it has<br>any material exposure to economic,<br>environmental and social sustainability risks<br>and if it does how it manages or intends to<br>manage those risks.                                                                                                                                                         | YES | The Group does not believe it has<br>any material exposure to economic,<br>environmental or social sustainability<br>risks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

| Principle 8: | Remunerate fairly and responsibly                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 8.1          | The board should establish a remuneration<br>committee, which has at least three members,<br>the majority that are independent, chaired by<br>an independent director and disclose the<br>charter of the committee, the members of the<br>committee and at the end of each reporting<br>the number of times the committee met<br>throughout the period and the individual<br>attendances of the members at those<br>meeting, or<br>If it does not have a remuneration committee,<br>disclose that fact and the processes it employs<br>for setting the level and composition of<br>remuneration for directors and senior<br>executives and ensuring that such<br>remuneration is appropriate and not<br>excessive. | NO  | Due to the small size of the Group, a<br>remuneration committee was not<br>considered to add any efficiency to<br>the process of determining the levels<br>of remuneration for the Directors<br>and key executives. This procedure is<br>currently conducted by the Board.<br>The Company is currently taking the<br>relevant steps to allow the<br>effectuation of a DOCA subject to<br>shareholder approval, and<br>recapitalisation of the Company<br>and will reassess its corporate<br>governance practices following an<br>outcome being known. |
| 8.2          | A listed entity should separately disclose its<br>policies and practices regarding the<br>remuneration of non-executive directors,<br>executive directors and senior executives.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | YES | Refer to the Remuneration Report.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 8.3          | A listed entity which has an equity-based<br>remuneration scheme should have a policy on<br>whether participants are permitted to enter<br>into transactions (whether through use of<br>derivatives or otherwise) which limit the<br>economic risk of participating in the scheme,<br>and disclose that policy or a summary of it.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | NO  | The Group does not have a formal equity-based remuneration scheme.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 30 June 2020

|                                                                      | Note | 2020<br>\$  | 2019<br>\$  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| Revenue from continuing operations                                   | 4    | 2,954       | 14,216      |
| Other Income                                                         | 4    | 152,216     | 18,853      |
| Gain from assets held for sale                                       |      | 12,386      | -           |
| Administration                                                       |      | (859,242)   | (596,621)   |
| Exploration costs                                                    |      | (16,452)    | (238,168)   |
| Depreciation                                                         | 11   | (12,934)    | (32,988)    |
| Employment costs                                                     |      | (97,307)    | (413,438)   |
| Impairment of fixed assets                                           | 11   | (93,281)    | -           |
| Impairment of loan to associate                                      | 22   | (180,277)   | (855,986)   |
| Impairment of investment in associate                                | 22   | 90,138      | 427,993     |
| Share of net loss of associate                                       | 22   | (90,138)    | (427,993)   |
| (Loss) before Income Tax                                             |      | (1,091,937) | (2,104,132) |
| Income tax (expense) / benefit                                       | 5    | -           | -           |
| (Loss) for the Year                                                  |      | (1,091,937) | (2,104,132) |
| Profit is attributable to                                            |      |             |             |
| Owners of Pacific Bauxite Limited                                    |      | (1,091,937) | (2,104,132) |
| Other comprehensive income                                           |      | -           |             |
| Total comprehensive (loss) for the year                              |      | (1,091,937) | (2,104,132) |
| (Loss) per share attributed to the Owners of Pacific Bauxite Limited |      |             |             |
| Basic loss per share (cents)                                         | 17   | (0.28)      | (0.53)      |

### PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June 2020

|                                                  | Note | 2020<br>\$   | 2019<br>\$   |
|--------------------------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|
| CURRENT ASSETS                                   |      |              |              |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents                        | 7    | 40,242       | 233,893      |
| Restricted Cash                                  | 9    | 61,500       | 71,500       |
| Trade and Other Receivables                      | 10   | 37,040       | 35,526       |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS                             | -    | 138,782      | 340,919      |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS                               |      |              |              |
| Property, Plant and Equipment                    | 11   | -            | 118,416      |
| Investment accounted for using the equity method | 22   | -            |              |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS                         | -    | -            | 118,416      |
| TOTAL ASSETS                                     | -    | 138,782      | 459,335      |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES                              |      |              |              |
| Trade and Other Payables                         | 12   | 936,246      | 183,689      |
| Provisions                                       | 13   | 1,742        | 75,194       |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES                        | -    | 937,988      | 258,883      |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES                          |      |              |              |
| Trade and Other Payables                         | 12   | -            | 7,721        |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES                    | -    | -            | 7,721        |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES                                | -    | 937,988      | 266,604      |
| NET ASSETS                                       | =    | (799,206)    | 192,731      |
| EQUITY                                           |      |              |              |
| Issued Capital                                   | 14   | 20,281,348   | 20,181,348   |
| Reserves                                         | 15   | 1,624,540    | 1,624,540    |
| Accumulated Losses                               | -    | (22,705,094) | (21,613,157) |
| TOTAL EQUITY                                     | _    | (799,206)    | 192,731      |

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

### PACIFIC BAUIXITE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 June 2020

| 2020                                                                                                                             | lssued<br>Capital<br>\$ | Accumulated<br>Losses<br>\$                                | Unissued<br>Capital<br>Reserve<br>\$ | Option<br>Reserve<br>Ş  | Total<br>\$                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Balance as at 1 July 2019                                                                                                        | 20,181,348              | (21,613,157)                                               | -                                    | 1,624,540               | 192,731                        |
| Total comprehensive income for the year                                                                                          |                         |                                                            |                                      |                         |                                |
| Loss for the year                                                                                                                |                         | (1,091,937)                                                | -                                    | -                       | (1,091,937)                    |
| Total comprehensive loss for the                                                                                                 |                         | (1.001.007)                                                |                                      |                         | (1 001 007)                    |
| year                                                                                                                             |                         | (1,091,937)                                                | -                                    | -                       | (1,091,937)                    |
| DOCA contribution                                                                                                                | 100,000                 | -                                                          | -                                    | -                       | 100,000                        |
| Balance as at 30 June 2020                                                                                                       | 20,281,348              | (22,705,094)                                               | -                                    | 1,624,540               | (799,206)                      |
|                                                                                                                                  |                         |                                                            |                                      |                         |                                |
| 2019                                                                                                                             | lssued<br>Capital<br>Ş  | Accumulated<br>Losses<br>\$                                | Unissued<br>Capital<br>Reserve<br>\$ | Option<br>Reserve<br>\$ | Total<br>\$                    |
| Balance as at 1 July 2018                                                                                                        | Capital                 | Losses<br>Ş                                                | Capital<br>Reserve                   | Reserve                 |                                |
| Balance as at 1 July 2018<br>Total comprehensive income for<br>the year                                                          | Capital<br>\$           | Losses<br>\$<br>(19,509,025)                               | Capital<br>Reserve<br>\$             | Reserve<br>\$           | \$<br>2,296,863                |
| Balance as at 1 July 2018<br>Total comprehensive income for<br>the year<br>Loss for the year                                     | Capital<br>\$           | Losses<br>Ş                                                | Capital<br>Reserve<br>\$             | Reserve<br>\$           | Ş                              |
| Balance as at 1 July 2018<br>Total comprehensive income for<br>the year                                                          | Capital<br>\$           | Losses<br>\$<br>(19,509,025)                               | Capital<br>Reserve<br>\$             | Reserve<br>\$           | \$<br>2,296,863                |
| Balance as at 1 July 2018<br>Total comprehensive income for<br>the year<br>Loss for the year<br>Total comprehensive loss for the | Capital<br>\$           | Losses<br>\$<br>(19,509,025)<br>(2,104,132)<br>(2,104,132) | Capital<br>Reserve<br>\$             | Reserve<br>\$           | \$<br>2,296,863<br>(2,104,132) |

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

### PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 30 June 2020

|                                                                  | Note | 2020<br>\$ | 2019<br>\$ |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------|------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                             |      |            |            |
| Interest received                                                |      | 380        | 12,71      |
| Receipts from customers                                          |      | 4,054      | 12,04      |
| Payment for exploration and evaluation                           |      | (74,920)   | (1,316,44  |
| Movement in cash from non-restricted to restricted               |      | 10,000     | (71,50     |
| Payments to suppliers and employees                              |      | (360,836)  | (707,95    |
| Refund of costs                                                  |      | 50,000     | ( ,        |
| Due diligence costs                                              |      | (10,000)   |            |
|                                                                  |      |            |            |
| NET CASH (OUTFLOWS) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                    | 8 _  | (381,322)  | (2,071,13  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                             |      |            |            |
| Proceeds from DOCA                                               |      | 100,000    |            |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment              |      | 12,386     |            |
| Payments for property, plant and equipment                       |      | (175)      | (6,14      |
| Proceeds from sale of available for sale financial assets        |      | 100,000    | 5,00       |
| Costs from sale of available for sale financial assets           |      | (10,000)   |            |
| NET CASH INFLOW / (OUTFLOWS) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           | -    | 202,211    | (1,14      |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                             |      |            |            |
| Proceeds from issue of capital                                   |      | -          | 335,19     |
| Payments for share issue costs                                   |      | -          | (74,25     |
| Payments for finance lease                                       |      | (8,790)    | (16,87     |
| NET CASH (OUTFLOWS) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                    | _    | (8,790)    | 244,06     |
| NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH<br>EQUIVALENTS          | _    | (187,901)  | (1,828,21  |
| Cash and each equivalents at the beginning of the                | _    |            |            |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year |      | 233,893    | 204210     |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations                             |      |            | 2,062,10   |
| בוופכו טו פאכוומווטפ ומופ ווטכוטמווטווג                          |      | (5,750)    |            |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE                      | _    |            |            |
| FINANCIAL YEAR                                                   | 7    | 40,242     | 233,89     |

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be used in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (**AABS**), Australian Accounting Interpretations and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### Compliance with IFRS

The financial statements of the Group also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Pacific Bauxite Limited is a for profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

#### Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Company has incurred net losses after tax of \$1,091,937 (30 June 2019: \$2,104,132) and net cash outflows from operating activities of \$381,322 (30 June 2019: \$2,071,136). The cash balance as at 30 June 2020 was \$40,242 (30 June 2019: \$233,893).

First Guardian Synergy Capital Limited and the Joint and Several Deed Administrators are satisfied that the going concern basis of preparation of the financial report is appropriate on the basis of the effectuation of the DOCA and subsequent capital raisings post effectuation.

Should effectuation of the DOCA not eventuate, there is a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern and therefore, whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability or classification of recorded amounts that might be necessary should Pacific Bauxite Ltd not be able to continue as a going concern.

#### Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

In the Current period, the Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to its operations and effective or reporting periods beginning on 1 July 2019 including:

#### Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

The Group has adopted Interpretation 23 with the date of initial application being 1 July 2019.

The Interpretation clarifies the application of the recognition and measurement criteria in AASB 112 Income Taxes when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The Interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances

At 1 July 2019 it was determined that the adoption of Interpretation 23 had no impact on the Group.

# AASB 2018-1 Australian Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2015-2017 Cycle

The Group has adopted AASB 2018-1 with the date of initial application being 1 January 2019.

The amendments clarify certain requirements in:

- AASB 3 Business Combinations and AASB 11 Joint Arrangements previously held interest in a joint operation
- AASB 112 Income Taxes income tax consequences of payments on financial instruments classified as equity
- AASB 123 Borrowing Costs borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

At 1 July 2019 it was determined that the adoption of AASB 2018-1 had no impact on the Group.

#### AASB 16 Leases

The Group has adopted AASB 16 with the date of initial application being 1 July 2019. AASB 16, which supersedes AASB 117 Leases (AASB 117) and related interpretations, sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for most leases under a single on-balance sheet model.

At 1 July 2019 it was determined that the adoption of AASB 16 had no material impact on the Group.

#### New accounting standards and interpretations not yet effective

The Group has not elected to early adopt any new standards or amendments.

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were in issue but not yet effective. The Group does not anticipate that there will be a material effect on the financial statements from the adoption of these standards.

| Standard/Interpretation                               | Effective for<br>annual reporting<br>periods beginning<br>on or after | Expected to be<br>initially applied<br>in the financial<br>year ending |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Not yet issued by the AASB - Conceptual Framework for | 1 January 2020                                                        | 30 June 2021                                                           |
| Financial Reporting and relevant amending standards   |                                                                       |                                                                        |
| AASB 2018-7 - Definition of Material (Amendments to   | 1 January 2020                                                        | 30 June 2021                                                           |
| AASB 101 and AASB 108)                                |                                                                       |                                                                        |

#### **Historical Cost Convention**

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets and certain classes of property, plant and equipment.

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates and Significant Judgements**

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

#### (b) Principles of Consolidation

#### Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Pacific Bauxite as at 30 June 2020 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Pacific Bauxite and its subsidiaries together are referred to in this financial report as either the **Consolidated Entity** or **Group**.

### PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2020

Subsidiaries are all those entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group.

The Group applies a policy of treating transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with parties external to the Group. Disposals to non-controlling interests result in gains and losses for the Group that are recorded in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Purchases from non-controlling interests result in goodwill, being the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of identifiable net assets of the subsidiary.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity respectively.

#### Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Group.

When the Group ceases to have control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, jointly controlled entity or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in a jointly-controlled entity or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

#### Associates

Associates are all entities over which the group has significant influence but not control or joint control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost. The group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Dividends receivable from associates are recognised as reduction in the carrying amount of the investment. When the group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

#### (c) Business Combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, including business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the subsidiary acquired and the measurement of all amounts has been reviewed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase. Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

#### (d) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Exploration, evaluation expenditure is expensed in respect of each identifiable area of interest held in the name of the entity. Acquisition costs are capitalised and recognised on the statement of financial position only to the extent that there exists evidence of the capitalised expenditure to be recouped through the successful development or sale of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage which permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves. Accumulated acquisition costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated exploration, acquisition and development costs for the relevant area of interest will be amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves. Any costs of site restoration are provided for during the relevant production stages (where the liabilities exist) and included in the costs of that stage. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

#### (e) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the assets carrying value. Any excess of the assets carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### (f) Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at their transaction price and other receivables at fair value. Receivables that are held to collect contractual cash flows and are expected to give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest are classified and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Receivables that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The Group recognises the lifetime expected credit loss for trade receivables carried at amortised cost. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated based on the Group's historic credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as forecast conditions at the reporting date.

For all other receivables measured at amortised cost, the Group recognises lifetime expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to expected credit losses within the next 12 months.

The Group considers an event of default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 120 days past due or external sources indicate that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group. A financial asset is credit impaired when there is evidence that the counterparty is in significant financial difficulty or a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event has occurred. The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

#### (g) Property, Plant & Equipment

Each asset of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost, less where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Items of plant and equipment are depreciated using the diminishing value method over their estimated useful lives to the consolidated entity. Depreciation on other classes of assets is done using the straight-line method. The depreciation rates used for each class of asset for the current period are as follows:

| • | Buildings             | 2.5%         |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|
| • | Property Improvements | 2.5%         |
| • | Plant and Equipment   | 10% - 66.67% |

### PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2020

Assets are depreciated from the date the asset is ready for use. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets continual use or subsequent disposal. The expected cash flows have been discounted to their present value in determining the recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. When re-valued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

#### (h) Income Tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax is accounted for using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, the deferred income tax from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, in a transaction other than a business combination is not accounted for if it arises that at the time of the transaction it affects neither accounting or taxable profit nor loss.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the profit or loss except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### (i) Employee Benefits

#### (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave and accumulating sick leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave which is not expected to be settled within 12
months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the statement of financial position if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

# (j) Share-Based Payments

The Consolidated entity provides benefits to employees (including Directors) of the Consolidated Entity in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'). The cost of these equitysettled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an internal valuation using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ('vesting date').

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the number of awards that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Group, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at reporting date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition. Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award.

Refer to note 16 for further information.

## (k) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks, and money market investments readily convertible to cash within three months, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (I) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

#### Interest Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

#### Other income

Sale of assets is calculated with reference to the carrying value of the asset less the consideration received to arrive at the profit on sale.

# (m) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

# (n) Contributed Equity

Ordinary issued share capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Group. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction in share proceeds received.

# (o) Trade and Other Payables

Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the consolidated entity. Payables to related parties are carried at the principal amount. Interest, when charged by the lender, is recognised as an expense on an accrual basis.

# (p) Joint Ventures

#### Jointly Controlled Assets

Interest in the joint venture operation is brought to account by including in the respective classifications, the share of individual assets employed and share of liabilities and expenses incurred.

## (q) Provisions

Provisions for legal claims and make good obligations are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

# (s) Earnings Per Share

#### Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of service equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

## Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figure used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financial costs associated

with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

# (t) Investments and Other Financial Assets

## Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition.

#### Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Details on how the fair-value of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in note 2.

If there is evidence of impairment for any of the Group's financial assets carried at amortised cost, the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred. The cash flows are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined are disclosed in note 2.

#### (u) Comparatives

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

## (v) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors.

# 2. Financial Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk in these areas is not significant enough to warrant a formalised specific risk management program.

Risk management is carried out by the Board in their day-to-day function as the overseers of the business. Where necessary the Board provides principles for overall risk areas, as well as defined policies for specific risks such as foreign exchange and credit risk.

The Consolidated Entity holds the following financial instruments:

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                         | Fair                       | value                                           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| 2020                                                                                                                                                                                                           | At amortised<br>cost                                                    | Through profit<br>and loss | Through other<br>comprehensive<br>income        |
| 2020                                                                                                                                                                                                           | \$                                                                      | s                          | s s                                             |
| Financial assets                                                                                                                                                                                               | ¥                                                                       | Ý                          | Ŷ.                                              |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                                                                                                                                      | 40,242                                                                  | -                          | -                                               |
| Restricted cash                                                                                                                                                                                                | 61,500                                                                  |                            |                                                 |
| Trade and other receivables                                                                                                                                                                                    | 37,040                                                                  |                            |                                                 |
| Total current                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 138,782                                                                 | -                          | -                                               |
| Total assets                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 138,782                                                                 | -                          | -                                               |
| Financial liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                         |                            |                                                 |
| Trade and other payables                                                                                                                                                                                       | 936,246                                                                 | -                          | -                                               |
| Total current                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 936,246                                                                 | -                          | -                                               |
| Total liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                              | 936,246                                                                 | _                          | -                                               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                         |                            |                                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                         |                            | value                                           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                | At amortised<br>cost                                                    | Through profit             | Through other<br>comprehensive                  |
| 2019                                                                                                                                                                                                           | COST                                                                    | ana loss                   | income                                          |
| 2017                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                         | \$                         | income                                          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                | S                                                                       |                            | S                                               |
| Financial assets                                                                                                                                                                                               | \$                                                                      | \$                         | \$                                              |
| Financial assets<br>Cash and cash eauivalents                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                         | <b>&gt;</b>                | <u> </u>                                        |
| Financial assets<br>Cash and cash equivalents<br>Restricted cash                                                                                                                                               | <u>\$</u><br>233,893<br>71,500                                          | -                          | \$                                              |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                                                                                                                                      | 233,893                                                                 | -                          | <u> </u>                                        |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Restricted cash                                                                                                                                                                   | 233,893<br>71,500                                                       | -                          | \$                                              |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Restricted cash<br>Trade and other receivables                                                                                                                                    | 233,893<br>71,500<br>35,526                                             | -                          |                                                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Restricted cash<br>Trade and other receivables<br>Total current<br>Total assets                                                                                                   | 233,893<br>71,500<br><u>35,526</u><br>340,919                           | -                          | <u></u> -<br>-<br>-                             |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Restricted cash<br>Trade and other receivables<br>Total current<br>Total assets<br>Financial liabilities                                                                          | 233,893<br>71,500<br>35,526<br>340,919<br>340,919                       | -                          | \$<br>-<br>-<br>-                               |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Restricted cash<br>Trade and other receivables<br>Total current<br>Total assets                                                                                                   | 233,893<br>71,500<br><u>35,526</u><br>340,919                           | -                          | \$<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-                     |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Restricted cash<br>Trade and other receivables<br>Total current<br>Total assets<br>Financial liabilities<br>Trade and other payables<br>Total current<br>Trade and other payables | 233,893<br>71,500<br>35,526<br>340,919<br>340,919<br>183,689            | -                          | \$<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-                |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Restricted cash<br>Trade and other receivables<br>Total current<br>Total assets<br><b>Financial liabilities</b><br>Trade and other payables<br>Total current                      | 233,893<br>71,500<br>35,526<br>340,919<br>340,919<br>183,689<br>183,689 | -                          | \$<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- |

#### (a) Market Risk

(i) Foreign Exchange Risk

The entity's operations are limited to activities within Australia and Solomon Islands.

#### Sensitivity

The Group's profit would not be materially different due to changes in exchange rates.

## (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's main interest rate risk arises from funds on interest bearing deposits. Funds on interest bearing deposits at variable rates expose the Entity to cash flow interest rate risk. During 2020 and 2019, the Entity's funds on deposit at variable rate were denominated in Australian Dollars only.

As at the reporting date, the Entity had the following variable rate funds on deposit:

|                  | 30 June 2020                      | 0       | 30 June 2019                      | 9       |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|
|                  | Weighted average<br>interest rate | Balance | Weighted average<br>interest rate | Balance |
|                  | %                                 | \$      | %                                 | \$      |
| Funds on deposit | 1.90                              | 61,500  | 1.90                              | 71,500  |

The Entity has assessed that the impact of movements in interest rates does not have a material impact on the net profit after tax. Accordingly, the Entity's funds on deposit are managed according to the cash flow requirements of the Entity rather than impact of interest rate risk.

#### Entity sensitivity

At 30 June 2020, if interest rates had changed by -100/+ 70 basis points (2019 by -100/+ 70 basis points) from the year-end rates with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been \$615 lower / \$431 higher (2019 – change of 100/70 bps: \$715 lower / \$501 higher), mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income from funds held on deposit. Equity would have been \$615 lower / \$431 higher (2019: \$715 lower / \$501 higher) mainly as a result of an increase/decrease in the interest income from funds held on deposit.

# (b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is managed on a Group basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions and receivables from Joint Venture and Farm-In operations. The Entity's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

|                             | 2020<br>\$ | 2019<br>S |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Financial Assets            | ·          |           |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | 40,242     | 233,893   |
| Trade and other receivables | 37,040     | 35,526    |
| Restricted cash             | 61,500     | 71,500    |
|                             | 138,782    | 340,919   |

The Directors believe that there is negligible credit risk with the cash and cash equivalents, as funds are held at call with a reputable Australian Banking Institution which has a long term S&P credit rating of AA-.

Other receivables relate to amounts due from the Australian Taxation Office and prepaid expenses and accordingly the Directors believe there to be negligible credit risk with these receivables.

The Group did not have any trade receivables as at 30 June 2020 and no security interests are taken to cover the recoverability of financial assets.

## (c) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The Entity manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Surplus funds are generally only invested in at call interest bearing deposits or in bank bills that are highly liquid and with maturities of less than six months.

Financing arrangements

The Entity does not have any financing arrangements.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The Entity does not have any debt except for trade payables which will be extinguished upon effectuation of the DOCA.

#### (d) Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid prices at the end of the financial year. These instruments are included in Level 1.

The carrying value of trade receivables and trade payables are assumed to approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature.

Set out below is a comparison of the carrying amount and fair values of financial instruments:

| 2020                        | Carrying amount<br>\$ | Fair value<br>\$ |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Financial assets            | i                     |                  |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | 40,242                | 40,242           |
| Restricted cash             | 61,500                | 61,500           |
| Trade and other receivables | 37,040                | 37,040           |
| Total current               | 138,782               | 138,782          |
| Total assets                | 138,782               | 138,782          |
| Financial liabilities       |                       |                  |
| Trade and other payables    | 936,246               | 936,246          |
| Total current               | 936,246               | 936,246          |
| Total liabilities           | 936,246               | 936,246          |
| 2019                        | Carrying amount<br>\$ | Fair value<br>\$ |
| Financial assets            |                       | Ŷ_               |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | 233,893               | 233,893          |
| Restricted cash             | 71,500                | 71,500           |
| Trade and other receivables | 35,526                | 35,526           |
| Total current               | 340,919               | 340,919          |
| Total assets                | 340,919               | 340,919          |
| Financial liabilities       |                       |                  |
| Trade and other payables    | 183,689               | 183,689          |
| Total current               | 183,689               | 183,689          |
| Trade and other payables    | 7,721                 | 7,721            |
| Total non-current           | 7,721                 | 7,721            |
| Total liabilities           | 191,410               | 191,410          |

# 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

#### Key estimates

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

# (i) Impairment

The Entity assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

## (ii) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

The Entity's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure results in expenditure being expensed with acquisition costs being capitalised for an area of interest where it is considered likely to be recovered by future exploitation or sale or where the activities have reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves. This policy requires management to make certain assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular whether an economically viable extraction operation can be established. Any such estimates and assumptions may change as new information becomes available. If, after having capitalised the acquisition costs under the policy, a judgement is made that recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, the relevant capitalised amount will be written off to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

## (iv) Share based payments

The Entity's accounting policy for share based payments results in the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees being measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an internal valuation using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. In undertaking this valuation, the Entity makes certain judgments regarding the model inputs. In determining the model inputs consideration is made of publicly available information of transactions of a similar nature.

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the number of awards that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Group, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at reporting date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

Refer to note 16 for further information.

## (v) Recognition of deferred taxes

The Entity's accounting policy for recognising deferred tax assets states that a deferred tax asset may only be recognised where if it is probable that there will be future taxable amounts available to utilise those deferred tax assets.

After reviewing the Entity's current contracts and future revenue and expense estimates, the Group's management have made a judgement that whilst there is an expectation that there will be sufficient future taxable amounts available to utilise the Future Tax Assets, there is insufficient evidence available to recognise the Future Tax Assets at 30 June 2020 as required under AASB 112 Income Taxes.

#### 4. Revenue

| 2020<br>\$ | 2019<br>\$                                            |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
|            |                                                       |
| 2,954      | 14,216                                                |
|            |                                                       |
| 380        | 12,387                                                |
| 50,000     | -                                                     |
| 100,000    | 5,000                                                 |
| -          | 1,466                                                 |
| 1,836      | -                                                     |
| 152,216    | 18,853                                                |
|            | \$<br>2,954<br>380<br>50,000<br>100,000<br>-<br>1,836 |

| 5.  | Income Tax                                                                                                                                                                                              | 2020                                              | 2019                                                  |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| (a) | Numerical reconciliation of income tax to prima facie tax payable                                                                                                                                       | \$                                                | \$                                                    |
|     | Net (Loss) before tax                                                                                                                                                                                   | (1,091,937)                                       | (2,104,134)                                           |
|     | Tax expense / (benefit) at the Australian tax rate of 27.5%<br>(2019: 27.5%)<br>Tax effect of amounts that are not deductible / taxable in<br>calculating taxable income                                | (300,283)                                         | (578,637)                                             |
|     | Share of net loss of associate<br>Impairment of loan to associate<br>Impairment of investment in associate<br>Sundry items<br>Future tax assets not brought to account<br>Income tax expense /(benefit) | 24,788<br>49,576<br>(24,788)<br>14,508<br>236,199 | 117,698<br>235,396<br>(117,698)<br>(6,573)<br>349,814 |
|     | <b>Tax Losses</b><br>Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has<br>been recognised<br>Potential tax benefit @ 27.5%                                                                          | 16,652,184<br>4,579,351                           | <u>15,793,278</u><br>4,343,151                        |

Included in the Future Tax Assets not brought to account are tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised, but where a Future Tax Asset had been recognised in a prior year. After reviewing the Group's current contracts and future revenue and expense estimates, the Group's management have made a judgement that whilst there is an expectation that there will be sufficient future taxable amounts available to utilise the deferred tax assets, there is insufficient evidence available to recognise the Future Tax Assets at 30 June 2020 as required under AASB 112 Income Taxes. Accordingly, the tax losses available as at 30 June 2020 have not been recognised as Future Tax Assets.

## 6. Segment information

Management treats the Australian operations and the Solomon Island operations as a separate operating segment and are reported on as such.

| 30 June 2020                                | Solomon Islands<br>\$ | Australia          | Total<br>Ş         |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Revenue<br>Total Segment Revenue            |                       | 167,555<br>167,555 | 167,555<br>167,555 |
| Segment net operating profit/loss after tax | (182,834)             | (909,104)          | (1,091,938)        |

7.

| Depreciation - (12,934) (12,934)   Segment Assets - 138,782 138           | 380<br>9,602<br>934)<br>9,782<br>988) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 8                                                                         |                                       |
|                                                                           |                                       |
| 30 June 2019 Solomon Islands Australia Total<br>\$ \$                     |                                       |
| Revenue - 33,069 33                                                       | ,069                                  |
|                                                                           | 6,069                                 |
| Segment net operating profit/loss<br>after tax(858,374)(1,245,760)(2,104) | 134)                                  |
| Interest revenue - 12,387 12                                              | ,387                                  |
| Other revenue - 20,682 20                                                 | ,682                                  |
| Depreciation - (32,988) (32,                                              | 988)                                  |
| Segment Assets - 459,335 459                                              | .335                                  |
| Segment Liabilities - (266,604) (266,                                     | 604)                                  |
|                                                                           |                                       |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents2020201\$\$\$                                    | ?                                     |
| Cash at bank and in hand 40,242 23                                        | 3,893                                 |

# 8. Reconciliation of the Operating Loss After Tax to the Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities

| Cash Flow Information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 2020<br>\$                                            | 2019<br>\$                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| (Loss)/Profit after income tax                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | (1,091,937)                                           | (2,104,134)                                             |
| Adjustments to reconcile profit after tax to net cash flow<br>Depreciation<br>Impairment of fixed assets<br>Sale of royalty (net expenses, classified as investing activities)<br>Impairment of investment in associates<br>Share of net loss of associate                              | 12,934<br>93,281<br>(90,000)<br>(90,138)<br>90,138    | 32,988<br>-<br>(5,000)<br>(427,993)<br>427,993          |
| Changes in assets and liabilities<br>Movement in cash from non-restricted to restricted<br>Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables<br>Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables<br>Increase / (decrease) in provisions<br>Net cash (outflow) from operating activities | 10,000<br>759,363<br>(1,514)<br>(73,449)<br>(381,322) | (71,500)<br>(12,667)<br>67,950<br>21,227<br>(2.071,136) |

#### Financing facilities available

As at 30 June 2020 the Group had no financing facilities available.

#### Non Cash Financing and Investing Activities

During the year ended 30 June 2020, the Company received funds of \$90,000 (net of expenses) for the sale of a royalty.

In June 2020, the Company received funding of \$100,000 from First Guardian in respect to the DOCA (refer note 14).

2020

\$

2019

\$

|     |                             | Ŧ          | Ŧ         |
|-----|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|
|     | Restricted cash             | 61,500     | 71,500    |
|     |                             | 61,500     | 71,500    |
| 10. | Trade and Other Receivables | 2020<br>\$ | 2019<br>Ş |
|     | Prepayments                 | -          | 20,070    |
|     | GST receivable              | 35,958     | 13,273    |
|     | Other receivables           | 1,082      | 2,183     |
|     |                             | 37.040     | 35.526    |

# 11. Plant and Equipment

| 2020<br>\$                       | 2019<br>\$                                                                     |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 227,367<br>(134,086)<br>(93,281) | 324,907<br>(206,491)<br>-                                                      |
| -                                | 118,416                                                                        |
| 118,416<br>-<br>(12,201)         | 145,258<br>6,146                                                               |
| (12,231)<br>(12,934)<br>(93,281) | (32,988)                                                                       |
|                                  | \$<br>227,367<br>(134,086)<br>(93,281)<br>-<br>118,416<br>(12,201)<br>(12,934) |

| 12. | Trade and Other Payables  | 2020<br>\$ | 2019<br>\$ |
|-----|---------------------------|------------|------------|
|     | Current                   |            |            |
|     | Trade payables (a)        | 360,054    | 100,427    |
|     | Accruals & other payables | 576,192    | 65,438     |
|     | Finance lease liability   | -          | 17,824     |
|     |                           | 936,246    | 183,689    |
|     | Non-Current               |            |            |

Finance lease liability

(a) The fair value of trade payables approximates the carrying value as presented above due to their short-term nature.

<sup>- 7,721</sup> 

#### 13. Provisions

14.

| 1101  |                                                  |                       |                       | 2020<br>\$       | 2019<br>\$       |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
|       | ual leave provision<br>g service leave provision |                       |                       | 1,742            | 52,328<br>22,866 |
| 20112 |                                                  |                       | _                     | 1,742            | 75,194           |
| lssue | ed Capital                                       | 30-Jun-2020<br>Shares | 30-Jun-2019<br>Shares | 30-Jun-2020<br>Ş | 30-Jun-2019<br>Ş |
| (a)   | Issued Capital                                   |                       |                       |                  |                  |
|       | Fully paid ordinary shares                       | 396,614,034           | 396,614,034           | 20,281,348       | 20,181,348       |

## (b) Movements in issued capital

|                        | Date         | Number of shares | lssued<br>Capital<br>Ş |
|------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Opening balance        | 1 July 2019  | 396,614,034      | 20,181,348             |
| DOCA contributions (i) | 24 June 2020 | -                | 85,000                 |
| DOCA contributions (i) | 25 June 2020 | -                | 15,000                 |
| Closing Balance        | 30 June 2020 | 396,614,034      | 20,281,348             |

(i) On 24 December 2019, Pacific Bauxite announced that Messrs Richard Albarran and Cameron Shaw of Hall Chadwick Chartered Accountants were appointed as Joint and Several Voluntary Administrators of the Company pursuant to Section 436A of the Corporations Act 2001 on 23 December 2019 (Voluntary Administration).

On 18 June 2020, the Administrators convened a second meeting of creditors of the Company pursuant to Section 439A of the Corporations Act 2001 (Second Creditors Meeting). The purpose of the Second Creditors Meeting was to determine the future of the Company.

At the Second Creditor Meeting, the creditors resolved that the Deed of Company Arrangement (**DOCA**) proposal presented by First Guardian Synergy Capital Limited (**First Guardian**) be accepted by the Company. In June 2020, First Guardian contributed funds of \$100k to the Company in respect to the DOCA.

# (c) Terms and Conditions of Issued Capital

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Group in proportion to the number of shares held. At shareholders' meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has a vote on a show of hands. Ordinary shares have no par value.

## (d) Capital Risk Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that the Group can provide returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders whilst maintaining an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group considers capital to consist of cash reserves on hand and available-for-sale financial assets.

The Group monitors its working capital position against expenditure requirements to undertake its planned exploration program and maintain its ongoing operations. Where required the Group

will sell assets, issue new securities, raise debt or modify its exploration program to ensure the Group's working capital requirements are met.

#### 15. Reserves

|                                                      | 2020<br>\$             | 2019<br>\$ |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Option reserve (a)<br>Balance at the end of the year | 1,624,540<br>1,624,540 | 1,624,540  |

## (a) Option reserve

Movements in option reserve:

|                                      | 2020<br>\$ | 2019<br>\$ |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 1,624,540  | 1,624,540  |
| Balance at the end of the year       | 1,624,540  | 1,624,540  |

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The nature and purpose of the option reserve is to recognise the fair value of options issued to directors, employees and consultants.

# 16. Share-based Payments

#### Expenses arising from ordinary share payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share-based payment transactions recognised as an expense during the year:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Options issued as Director, Employee and Contractor compensation		
	-	-

# (a) Unlisted Options

Movements in unlisted options is summarised as follows:

	2020		2019	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (cents)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (cents)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	76,810,044	6.22	64,903,450	6.26
Granted – free attaching options (i)	-	-	11,906,594	6.00
Expired	8,500,000	8.00	-	-
Outstanding at year end	68,310,044	6.00	76,810,044	6.22
Exercisable at year end	68,310,044	6.00	76,810,044	6.22

(i) Participants of the Second Placement were entitled to receive 1 unlisted option for every 2 shares (**Placement Options**). A total of 41,403,450 Placement Options were issued on 5 July 2018

and a total of 11,906,594 Placement Options were issued on 22 August 2018. The Placement Options have an exercise price of \$0.06 each, expiring 25 June 2021.

## (b) Performance Rights

There were no performance rights issued to Directors, employees or consultants during the year.

On 1 December 2019, a total of 10,500,000 performance rights lapsed.

There are no performance rights on issue at the date of this report.

#### 17. Earnings Per Share

	2020	2019
(a) Basic loss per share (cents)	(0.28)	(0.53)
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the Den	ominator	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	396,614,034	396,487,367
(c) Earnings used in calculating earnings per share		
Basic earnings per share	(1,091,937)	(2,104,132)

# 18. Commitments

The Company had no commitments at 30 June 2020.

#### 20. Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1(b):

Name of Entity	Country of	Class of	Equity Holding	
	incorporation	shares	2020 %	2019 %
Iron Mountain Bauxite Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
PBX Aus Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100

# 21. Parent Entity Information

The following details information related to the parent entity, Pacific Bauxite, at 30 June 2020. The information presented here has been prepared using consistent accounting policies as presented in note 1.

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Current assets	138,470	340,606
Non-current assets	5,055,921	4,985,683
Total assets	5,194,391	5,326,289
Current liabilities	937,991	266,606
Total liabilities	937,991	266,606
Contributed equity	20,181,348	20,181,348
Accumulated losses	(17,649,486)	(16,746,203)
Reserves	1,624,538	1,624,538
Total equity	4,256,400	5,059,683
Profit / (Loss) for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	(908,282)	(1,241,379)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(908,282)	(1,241,379)

The parent company, Pacific Bauxite has lent an amount of \$4,918,736 (2019: \$4,737,958) to 100% owned subsidiary Iron Mountain Bauxite Pty Ltd (**IMB**) which represents the investment in Eight South, all expenditure incurred by that entity since acquisition (including its subsidiary Australian Pacific Bauxite Pty Ltd (**APB**)) and other administration costs incurred by IMB.

Other than those disclosed in note 20, the Directors are not aware of any contractual commitments or contingent liabilities or assets as at 30 June 2020.

Pacific Bauxite does not have any financial guarantees over bank overdrafts and loans of subsidiaries as at 30 June 2020.

# 22. Investments in Associates

The investment in Eight South Investments Pty Ltd (previously named AU Capital Mining Pty Ltd) (**Eight South**) is held in Pacific Bauxite's wholly owned subsidiary. A summary of the carrying value of the Group's investment in Eight South is below.

## a) Movement in Carrying Amount

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	-	-
Share of losses of associate	90,138	427,993
Impairment of associate	(90,138)	(427,993)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	-	-

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# b) Summarised Financial Information of the Associate

The group's share of the results of its principal associates and its aggregated assets and liabilities are as follows:

		Group's share of:			
	Ownership Interest %	Loss \$			
<b>2020</b> Eight South Investments Pty Ltd	50%	-	. <u> </u>	-	-
2019	-	-	_	-	
Eight South Investments Pty Ltd	50%	-	_	-	
		-	-	-	-

Under the terms of the agreement reached Pacific Bauxite is responsible for all costs in maintaining the project and the company itself. All amounts are to be carried as a loan payable to Pacific Bauxite.

# c) Contingent Liabilities of the Associate

Eight South does not have any contingent liabilities.

# d) Loan to the Associate

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Carrying amount of loan at the beginning of the year	-	-
Expenditure incurred and carried as a loan to the associate	180,277	855,986
Impairment of loan to associate	(180,277)	(855,986)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	-	-

As at 30 June 2020 the Group impaired the balance of this loan as it has not reached a stage where it can accurately ascertain the recoverability of this amount.

## e) Impairment

The carrying amount of the investment in associate was assessed for impairment at 30 June 2020 resulting in an impairment expense of \$90,138 (2019: \$427,993). The impairment of the Company's investment in associate is considered prudent given the uncertainty at reporting date regarding the status of the Solomon Islands Nendo Bauxite Project (refer to note 26).

## 24. Key Management Personnel Disclosures

## (a) Key Management Personnel Compensation:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	100,484	339,586
Post employment benefits	-	13,232
Share-based payment		-
	100,484	352,818

The detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the Remuneration Report.

#### (b) Equity Instruments Disclosure Relating to Key Management Personnel

At reporting date, the relevant interest of each Director in ordinary fully paid shares and options of the Group were:

2020		Fully Paid Ordinary Shares				
	Balance at the beginning of the year	Shares Issued as compensation	Exercise of options	Net change other	Balance at the end of the year	
Peter Lewis	4,100,000	-	-	-	4,100,000	
Craig Smith	-	-	-	-	-	
Campbell McKenzie		-	-	-	-	
Total	4,100,000	-	-	-	4,100,000	

2019		Fully Paid Ordinary Shares				
	Balance at the beginning of the year	Shares Issued as compensation	Exercise of options	Net change other	Balance at the end of the year	
Peter Lewis	4,100,000	-	-	-	4,100,000	
Craig Smith	-	-	-	-	-	
Campbell McKenzie	-	-	-	-	-	
John Ciganek	1,720,000	-	-	(1,720,000) <sup>3</sup>	-	
Suraj Sanghani	642,000	-	-	(642,000)²	-	
Brett Smith	1,351,713	-	-	(1,351,713) <sup>1</sup>	-	
Pippa Coppin	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	7,813,713	-	-	(3,713,713)	4,100,000	

<sup>1</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Smith held 1,351,713 shares. <sup>2</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Sanghani held 642,000 shares. <sup>3</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Ciganek held 1,720,000 shares.

2020	Options					
	Balance at the beginning of the	lssued as Compen -sation	Exercised	Lapsed	Net change other	Balance at the end of the
	year	-sation	Exercised	Lapsea	omer	year
Peter Lewis	2,050,000	-	-	-	-	2,050,000
Craig Smith	-	-	-	-	-	-
Campbell McKenzie	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,050,000	-	-	-	-	2,050,000

2019	Balance at the beginning of the year	lssued as Compen -sation	as Net change			
Peter Lewis	2,050,000	-	-	-	-	2,050,000
Craig Smith	-	-	-	-	-	-
Campbell McKenzie	-	-	-	-	-	-
John Ciganek	1,860,000	-	-	-	(1,860,000)⁴	-
Suraj Sanghani	1,000,000	-	-	-	(1,000,000) <sup>3</sup>	-
Brett Smith	2,500,000	-	-	-	(2,500,000)1	-
Pippa Coppin	1,000,000	-	-	-	(1,000,000) <sup>2</sup>	-
Total	8,410,000	-	-	-	(6,360,000)	2,050,000

<sup>1</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Smith held 2,500,000 options. <sup>2</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Ms Coppin held 1,000,000 option <sup>3</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Sanghani held 1,000,000 options. <sup>4</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Ciganek held 1,860,000 options.

In addition to the above, performance rights were issued to KMP's as follows:

#### 2020

#### **Performance Rights**

	Balance at the beginning of the year	lssued as Compensation	Net change other	Balance at the end of the year
Peter Lewis	-	-	-	-
Craig Smith	-	-	-	-
Campbell McKenzie	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

#### 2019

#### Performance Rights

	Balance at the beginning of the year	lssued as Compensation	Net change other	Balance at the end of the year
Peter Lewis	-	-	-	-
Craig Smith	-	-	-	-
Campbell McKenzie	-	-	-	-
John Ciganek	1,500,000	-	(1,500,000)	-
Suraj Sanghani	1,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	-
Brett Smith	3,000,000	-	(3,000,000)	-
Pippa Coppin	1,500,000	-	(1,500,000)	-
Total	7,000,000	-	(7,000,000)	-

<sup>1</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Smith held 3,000,000 performance rights. <sup>2</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Ms Coppin held 1,500,000 performance rights <sup>3</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Sanghani held 1,000,000 performance rights. <sup>4</sup>At the date of resignation as a Director, Mr Ciganek held 1,500,000 performance rights.

Refer to the Directors' Report for further details of the options and performance rights.

# 25. Related Party Transactions

The Company paid Geo Advisory Services, a Director-related entity of Mr Campbell McKenzie, consulting fees of \$Nil (2019: \$8,619). As at 30 June 2020 no amounts billed remained outstanding for payment (2019: nil).

# 26. Remuneration of Auditor

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Amounts paid or payable to Rothsay Auditing for: - an audit or review of the financial statements of the entity		
	17,000	27,500
	17,000	27,500

# 27. Events Occurring After the Reporting Period

#### Nendo legal developments

The Court of Appeal ordered that the Attorney General's Notice of Appeal be granted and provided directions for the filing of submissions. These directions were amended on 8 June 2020 and provided:

- 1. The Attorney General (the Appellant) file and serve written submissions and the Respondent (the JVC) file and serve its written submissions in support of the Cross-Appeal by 15 June 2020;
- 2. The Respondent and the Appellant file and serve any written submissions in responses to the submission in [1] by 17 July 2020;
- 3. Appellant and the Respondent file and serve any written submission in reply to the submission in [2] by 24 July 2020;
- 4. Appeal be listed for hearing in the next sitting of the Court.

The JVC has withdrawn the cross-appeal at the direction of its solicitor and sought an extension to file a submission which was approved by the Court. On 2 November 2020, the JVC filed a submission to the Court of Appeal.

Both parties have agreed for the proceedings to be decided on the papers. The Company announced the outcome of the proceedings on 2 February 2021.

On 2 February 2021, the Company announced the judgement from the Court of Appeal in the Solomon Islands where "The Court of Appeal agreed with the High Court's judgement that the Minister for Mines, Energy and Rural Electrification acted ultra vires his powers under Section 71(1) and (2) of the Mines and Minerals Act [CAP. 42] thereby quashing the Minister's decision of 24 May 2018 which cancelled the Respondent's Prospecting Licence (PL No. 01/16)." The Administrators are currently seeking options as to the possibility of reinstating the Prospecting License.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in the future financial years.

In the Directors' opinion:

- 1. The financial statements and notes set out on pages 25 to 52 of Pacific Bauxite Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - a. Complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - b. Giving a true and fair view of the entity's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - c. Complying with IFRS and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.
- 2. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and signed for and on behalf of the Board by:

Peter Lewis Non-Executive Chairman

16 March 2021



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

# PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

# Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Pacific Bauxite Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group") which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended on that date and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of this report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Emphasis of Matter - Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 of the annual financial report, which indicates that the going concern basis is appropriate on the basis of the effectuation of the Deed of Company Arrangement and subsequent capital raisings. These conditions along with other matters that are set forth in Note 1, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore the Group maybe unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

# PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED (continued)

# Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Except for the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section of our report, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

# Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed we conclude there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

# PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED (continued)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <a href="http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx">www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx</a>.

We communicate with the directors regarding, amongst other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe those matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communications.

# Report on the Remuneration Report

# **Opinion on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

In our opinion the remuneration report of Pacific Bauxite Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

# Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Rothson

Rothsay Auditing Dated 16 March 2021

Daniel Dalla Partner

# **ASX Information**

Pacific Bauxite Limited is a listed public company incorporated in Australia and with a registered and principal place of business is Level 1, 2A / 300 Fitzgerald Street, North Perth WA 607.

The substantial shareholders as at 12 February 2021 were:		
Substantial Shareholder	Number Held	Percentage
Mr Scott James Dodd <scott a="" c="" dodd="" family=""></scott>	30,800,000	7.77%
Distribution of shareholders as at 12 February 2021		
Range of Holding	Holders	Shares
1 - 1,000	39	11,644
1,001 - 5,000	217	641,448
5,001 - 10,000	217	2,001,810
10,001 - 100,000	641	25,148,288
Greater than 100,000	396	368,810,844
	1,510	396.614.034

Shareholders with less than a marketable parcel - minimum \$ 500 parcel at \$ 0.003 per unit Minimum parcel size of 166,667 made up of 1,211 holders and 37,38,015 units.

# TWENTY LARGEST HOLDERS OF QUOTED ORDINARY SHARES AS AT 21 FEBRUARY 2021

	Ordinary Shares	
	Number Held	Percentage of issued shares
MR SCOTT JAMES DODD <scott a="" c="" dodd="" family=""></scott>	30,800,000	7.77%
MR JOHN ROGER DARVALL <inaminka a="" c=""></inaminka>	12,200,000	3.08%
MR KWOK KWONG LAU	11,200,000	2.82%
L NARRAMORE NOMINEES PTY LTD <l a="" c="" fund="" narramore="" super=""></l>	9,056,234	2.28%
MR BRIAN HENRY MCCUBBING & MRS ADRIANA MARIA MCCUBBING <b a="" c="" fund="" mccubbing="" super=""> MR NICHOLAS MICHAEL WIXON WILLIS</b>	9,000,000	2.27%
	7,200,000	1.82%
DAEM NOMINEES PTY LTD <daem a="" c="" fund="" super=""></daem>	6,155,250	1.55%
SAN ANCONA NO 1 PTY LTD <san a="" ancona="" c="" f="" ltd="" pty="" s=""></san>	5,000,000	1.26%
BRUCE BAADE & ASSOCIATES PTY LTD <bruce &="" assoc="" baade="" sup<br="">A/C&gt;</bruce>	4,855,099	1.22%
STARLET COURT PTY LTD < MUSGRAVE SUPER FUND A/C>	4,000,000	1.01%
MR PAUL WINSTON ASKINS	3,865,633	0.97%
MRS HAU YING NGAI	3,800,000	0.96%
MR JON RUTHERFORD CHOMLEY & MRS PAMELA CHOMLEY <coldchom a="" c="" fund="" super=""> DR BERND ANDREAS PRUMM &amp; MRS KATE TAHLIA WICKHAM &amp; MR</coldchom>	3,799,352	0.96%
MATTHEW HORST PRUMM <prumm a="" c="" sf=""></prumm>	3,713,336	0.94%
MISS UEN SHAN LAU	3,500,000	0.88%
MR NOEL GEORGE SMITH	3,395,228	0.86%
LAWRENCE CROWE CONSULTING PTY LTD <l a="" c="" fund="" super=""></l>	3,384,092	0.85%
MR BRUCE G BAADE	3,372,333	0.85%
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	3,203,938	0.81%
AUSTGROWTH INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	3,183,001	0.80%
	134,683,496	33.96%

# PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

# Voting Rights

In accordance with the Company's constitution, on show of hands every member present in person or by proxy or attorney or duly authorised representative had one vote. On a poll every member present in person or by proxy or attorney or duly authorised representative has one vote for every fully paid ordinary share held. Options do not carry a right to vote.

# **Unquoted Securities**

Unquoted securities on issue at 10 February 2021 include:

1. 68,310,044 unquoted options at \$0.06 each, expiring 25 June 2021. None of these options or performance rights have any voting rights attached to them.

# Shares and Options escrowed

No shares or options are under escrow as at 10 February 2021.

# On Market Buy-Back

There is currently no on market buy back being conducted by the Company.

# PACIFIC BAUXITE LIMITED INTEREST IN MINING TENEMENTS

# Schedule of Mineral Tenements held as at 30 June 2020

Location	Tenement	Holder	Area	Group's beneficial interest (%)
Western Australia	ELA 70/5111	PBX Aus Pty Ltd	405 km <sup>2</sup>	100%

<sup>1</sup> The Company advises that during the June 2018 quarter, the Minister of Miness, Energy and Rural Electrification, advised that prospecting license PL 01/16, held by the Company's subsidiary Eight South Investments Pty Ltd, in respect to the Nendo Bauxite Project was cancelled, refer to commentary above in the annual report.